SEVENTH IS PLACED IN A DANGER ZONE

New York Regiment Likely to Have a Brush With Mexicans Any Time.

MEN REVEL IN A BATH

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH DIVISION, U. S. A., McALLEN, Tex., July 3.—The Seventh Regiment of the New York division is camped at a spot where brushes with Mexicans are expected any hour.

Trouble is looked for because Mexican troops are being massed along the National Railway between Camargo and Brownsville. While the Mexicans have manifested no sign of fight the boys of the Seventh are on the alert.

Sentries posted by Capt. Ned M. Green, Company H, Twenty-eighth Infantry, U. S. A., at Hidalgo, eight miles due south of the mobilization camp here, reported this morning the passing of a train of nine cars filled with Kuchiteco Indian troops and two motor transport wagons.

These troops were bound westward and evidently destined for Camargo. Camargo is directly opposite Rio Grande, where Fort Ringgold now has a garrison of two battalions of the Twenty-eighth Infantry, a detachment of the Third Cavalry and two companies of the Second Regiment, Texas militia. The massing of the Mexicans seems to be continuing as a result of the concentration of American troops at Fort Ringgold.

Rio Grande City and Hidalgo are the two most feasible points of crossing the Rio Grande between Brownsville and Laredo. The commandant at Reynosa, the Mexican port across the one hundred yard stretch of the river at Hidalgo, is Gen. Epippemce Topez, aged 23, whom Villa took from a milk wagon to become one of his officers.

Your correspondent this afternoon made a tour of the river front on either side of Hidalgo, to which it is believed the New York troops will at once advance in the event of a crisis. From the tower of the old Hidalgo county court house, on which American sentries are always posted, a Mexican sentry could be seen crouching beneath the tarpaulin on the ferryboat that plies between the two countries.

To Hold the Ablebodied.

His orders, according to the American customs and immigration authorities at Hidalgo, are to prevent the departure to the United States of any able bodied Mexican who might essay this crossing. These orders have been in effect since the mobilization of State troops along the border was begun.

At the custom house in Hidalgo this afternoon a company of thirty Mexican women and children awaited the completion of the formalities that would permit their return to Mexico. The expenses of these journeys is borne by the Mexican Government, and along the roads leading from Pharr McAllen and Mission to Hidalgo there were at least as many more similarly bound.

It is said in McAllen that one-third of the Mexican population of 1,500 has departed since it became known ten days ago that troops would be sent here. These three towns have been populous with Villa supporters, and until the Columbus raid great quantities of supplies went to him from here.

Raids of bands of Mexican soldiers have been made on the farms along the American side of the river and in one case an attack was made on a cavalry patrol. The American residents at Hidalgo sleep nightly in the old court house, whose rooms have been made over into dormitories for them.

The first casualty of the mobilization camp was reported to-day. Corporal Edward Luce, Company M, Seventh Infantry, while policing his company street, turned the corner of a tent just as another soldier swung a pitch fork full of refuse. A prong of the fork penetrated Luce's left eye and he was started at once for the base hospital at San Antonio, where it is believed it will be possible to save the sight.

Day of Great Activity.

This accident was the only one to mar a day of tremendous activity in completing the camp site of the division. A gang of 125 Mexican laborers and practically the entire strength of the Seventy-first Regiment hacked at the mesquite and cactus with hoes, mattocks, axes, bayonets and even the bolos carried by the men of the hospital corps.

Great bonfires destroyed the mesquite, but the cactus, which will not burn, had to be carted away, and any animal larger than a burro is exceedingly difficult to obtain in this country. The sanitary troops were kept busy all day dressing cuts and scratches of the men at work in the brush.

At 10:30 o'clock the men of the Seventy-first were marched a mile to the main canal of the Shary Land Improvement Company, which has been placed at the disposal of all the troops for swimming.

This afternoon another drenching rain came out of the southeast and into it naked men of the Seventh, Fourteenth and Seventy-first plunged, soap in hand, and scoured themselves in the shower bath.

Capt. Clinton E. Fisk, Company D, Seventh Regiment, set the example and officers as well as men took advantage of the opportunity. The Seventy-first's baggage train got in at noon to-day, and the Fourteenth arrived also in Mission. The men of both regiments will be able to sleep to-night in their pyramidals.

Capt. Alfred Aloe, chief quartermaster at Fort Brown, took up to-day with Brig.-Gen. George R. Dyer and Lieut.-Col. Franklin W. Ward, acting chief of staff of the Sixth Division, the question of outfitting. As a result Capt. Aloe took back to Fort Brown with him this afternoon a requisition for 12,000 cots, 12,300 pairs of summer weight trousers and 9,300 olive drab shirts. The amount of rations was not decided upon, as a constant supply will have to be provided.

Major W. A. Delamater reported this afternoon that the men of the Seventy-first will be allowed liberty between the hours of 10:30 in the morning and 4 in the afternoon.

The intense heat of southern Texas forced the regimental staff to recognize the principle of the siesta. The men are in good condition, but the officers are taking no chances by working them in the middle of the day.

71ST MEN PASS SAN ANTONIO.

One Car Attached to Train of the First Illinois Cavalry.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., July 3.—The First Illinois Cavalry passed at 5 o'clock this afternoon on its way to Brownsville. The troopers were met by a committee of San Antonio women who served lemonade and sandwiches. The first train had ten passenger cars and four cars of horses. Attached to the Illinois train was a car of the Seventy-first New York Mounted Scouts—eighteen men, sixty horses, twenty mules—picked up at Waco at 4 A. M., where they had stopped to rest the horses which are in bad shape. Capt. Fearn is in command of the New Yorkers.

When the first train pulled out the troops began to yell:

"What's the matter with San Antonio? It's all right!"

"What's the matter with the girls? They're all right!"

The First Illinois Cavalry is commanded by Col. Milton G. Foreman and Lieut.-Col. Whigan. The second train carried twelve boxcars with supplies for the troops, the coaches bearing these inscriptions:

"Regular troops are always ready." "Roaring Troop D." "Come to Chicago." "To border to quiet Mexico."

One of the trains did not stop and as the soldiers went by they seized sandwiches from the hands of pretty girls. The troopers are not suffering with the heat. All the men are in fine spirits.

DR. D. S. JORDAN STYLES INTERVENTION A CRIME

Says U. S. Has Less Excuse in Mexico Than Austria Had in Serbia.

David Starr Jordan, chancellor emeritus of Leland Stanford University, who went to El Paso to attend an unofficial conference looking toward avoidance of hostilities with Mexico, came to New York yesterday impressed with the idea that intervention in Mexico at this time would be a crime that would tend to destroy all this country's moral prestige. The United States, he said, has far less excuse to intervene in Mexico than Austria had in Serbia. Furthermore, he believes that intervention would destroy the efforts to regenerate Mexico.

Dr. Jordan is hopeful of peaceful mediation. There is a treaty, he said, providing that all differences like the present ones, shall be referred to arbitration, and to "make a scrap heap of this treaty" and proceed to the conquest of Mexico would be intolerable to the American people. Dr. Jordan blames the United States as well as Mexico for the border troubles. El Paso, he said, is filled with agents who "represent plundering interests ready for the word to pounce on Mexico."

Dr. Jordan goes to Washington to-day.

TWENTY BOY CAMPERS DRENCHED IN NIGHT

Thunderstorm Blows Down Tents, but Youngsters Make Fun of Incident.

Twenty boys at the military training camp at Fort Hamilton had a touch of real hardship early yesterday morning when the thunderstorm blew over the tents in which they were sleeping and all were drenched. They bore the hardship without a whimper. In fact, they made so much fun out of the incident that their shouts and laughter awakened the rest of the 500 boys.

The boys were up and had their drill according to schedule in the morning. The camp was visited later by the New York Military Commission appointed recently by Gov. Whitman under the Welsh bill. Another visitor yesterday was James E. West, chief executive of the Boy Scout movement.

The hospital tent yesterday afternoon had a few cases of "collywobbles"—youngsters who had eaten too much dinner or drunk too much soda pop.

$42,886,085 in "PORK" BILL.

Conferees Compromise Between Senate and House Amounts.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—Conferees on the river and harbor appropriation bill agreed to-day on a measure carrying $42,886,085. The bill as it passed the House carried $39,000,000, and as it passed the Senate, $44,000,000.

The conferees struck out the Senate amendment limiting the amount of water to be diverted from Lake Michigan for the Illinois River improvement and otherwise regulating the Illinois River improvement.

An item of $1,080,000 for a diverting dam in Los Angeles harbor was reduced to $500,000. Other Senate amendments agreed to were: $170,000 for New London, Conn., harbor and $1,000,000, instead of $600,000, for improvement of passes at the mouth of the Mississippi River.

A provision inserted by the Senate authorizing an investigation by the Secretary of War of the character of vessels which Welland Canal, when enlarged, would accommodate, was retained.

The conferees struck out the Senate amendment adding $437,000 for improving the narrows of Lake Champlain.

HER BOND GONE; ARRESTS MAN.

Business Woman Says He Failed in His Mission for Her.

Bernard Lewis, 36, of 605 West 111th street, was arrested last night, accused of withholding from Miss Lillian W. Schrode of 530 West 112th street an Anglo-French bond for $1,000 that is her property.

Miss Schrode owns a cigarette manufacturing business. According to Detective Smith, who arrested Lewis on a warrant issued by Magistrate Conway, she gave Lewis the bond to cover the expense of incorporating the business. This, she says, Lewis has not done, and she cannot get back her bond.

RELIEF PLEA SHOCKS.

"Enlist for War" Cards Startle Church of Christ Members.

WORCESTER, Mass., July 3.—The congregation of the Central Church of Christ got a shock yesterday when cards were handed to each inscribed "I hereby enlist for the war," with a dotted line for a signature.

Closer scrutiny, however, revealed that the cards were pledges for any amount from a cent to five dollars as a weekly contribution to war relief funds. This was the Central Church's response to the appeal of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America to stimulate war relief giving.

Friction is at its worst on a hill. Plain oils or greases squeeze out and leave bare metal-to-metal.

DIXON'S GRAPHITE Automobile LUBRICANTS stay put under all conditions.

Ask your dealer for the Dixon Lubricating Chart

JOSEPH DIXON CRUCIBLE CO. Jersey City, N. J. Established 1827

COLLEGE MEN POUR INTO PLATTSBURG

Total of 3,600 Expected to Be Under Canvas by To-morrow.

OFFICERS ARE CHOSEN

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., July 3.—With the departure of the last remnant of the third training regiment from the camp of military instruction here to-day came the advance guard of the Fourth and Fifth regiments, composed of college students. The great influx of the 3,600 young men who are enrolled for these regiments will not take place until Wednesday. The Boston contingent, 800 strong, will cross the lake from Burlington. They will be met by Archie Roosevelt, provisional second lieutenant and assistant quartermaster, who with the assistance of bank clerks will receive their deposits and issue their assignment cards. The Bostonians will be in charge of Frederick Lund, a brother of Charles Lund, the Harvard stroke oar in the last boat race, who joined the camp several days ago.

It is probable that the Roosevelt family will be represented by five members during the July camps, those expected being Theodore, Jr., Kermit, Quentin, Archie and their cousin Nicholas.

A large delegation of the students who were enrolled for the Fort Oglethorpe (Ga.) camp, which has been abandoned, is expected to reach here on Wednesday.

West Pointers Assist.

Nine Second Lieutenants who have just been graduated from West Point have reported at the camp as instructors, having surrendered their leaves of absence in order to assist in the work of preparedness. They are Lieuts. Dempsey, Bermingham, Grant, Tully, Ramsay, Houghton, Miley, Selfridge and Bennett.

Preparations are being made for the accommodation of more than 8,000 men for the two July camps, and it is expected there will be more than five regiments, at full war strength here during the month. The senior division, with 5,000 enrolments, opens July 12, or one week later than the junior division. Major Peter Murray, the camp commander, to-day announced that there would be two companies of coast artillery assigned to each regiment for instruction purposes.

Company Commanders.

The following assignments of company commanders for the junior camp were to-day announced by Major Murray:

FOURTH REGIMENT, FIRST BATTALION—Capt. M. B. S. Stewart, acting Major; Company A, First Lieut. J. Ware; Company B, First Lieut. Joseph H. ——; Company C, First Lieut. A. B. Kempter; Company D, First Lieut. George T. Everett.

SECOND BATTALION—Capt. Edgar T. Collins, acting Major; Company E, First Lieut. Charles F. Thompson; Company F, First Lieut. Walter C. Roswell; Company G, First Lieut. R. M. Parker; Company H, First Lieut. Samuel J. Sutherland.

THIRD BATTALION—Capt. Niles K. Taubee, acting Major; Company J, First Lieut. Joseph W. Stilwell; Company K, First Lieut. George C. Bower; Company L, First Lieut. Shelden W. Auding; Company M, First Lieut. Thomas H. Hayes.

FIFTH REGIMENT FIRST BATTALION, Capt. D. D. Burns, Acting Major—Company A, First Lieut. Shelby C. Lewis; Company B, First Lieut. Ralph A. Jones; Company C, Second Lieut. Carl D. Duck; Company D, First Lieut. Allen M. Pope.

SECOND BATTALION, Capt. George E. Ballzell, Acting Major—Company E, First Lieut. R. A. Hill; Company F, First Lieut. Stewart A. Howard; Company G, Second Lieut. Carl A. Roehl; Company H, Second Lieut. Parker C. Kalloch.

THIRD BATTALION, Capt. H. C. Suplee, Acting Major—Company I, First Lieut. Martin C. Wise; Company K, First Lieut. William E. Morrison; Company L, Second Lieut. Karl K. Bradford; Company M, Second Lieut. Gregory Holstington.

PLATTSBURG MEN BACK.

Returning Citizen Soldiers Enthusiastic Over Their Training.

Two special trains and about every other train from Plattsburg yesterday brought back to this city several hundred tanned and erect citizens who on Monday ceased to be soldiers of the Third Training Regiment, which has just completed its month of voluntary service.

The two special trains arrived at the Grand Central Terminal at 9:14 and 9:48 A. M., and every Plattsburg graduate was a Plattsburg enthusiast. There was nothing but praise for the conduct of the camp by the army officers, for the training and discipline, for the military knowledge gained and for the kind of men who were in camp.

"The camps are a splendid thing. They should certainly go on," said Charles E. Hughes, Jr., who was a corporal in Company G at the camp when he heard of his father's nomination for the Presidency. Mr. Hughes went to his summer home at Red Bank, N. J. He said he did not know when he would see his father, whom he has not seen since the nomination.

John D. Crimmins, Jr., was one of many who came back a day early, and was not on the special train. He went to his father's country place at Noroton, Conn. John Corbin, the theatrical producer, coming back enthusiastic, went to visit August Belmont at his Long Island home.

Others who came back were John King, actor; Claxton Hamilton, dramatist; P. C. Fleming of the National City Bank; Joseph H. Seligman, Everett L. Thompson, Jr., and David A. l'Esperance. Some of the Wall Street men were J. S. Judge, H. S. Brown and R. M. Montgomery.

It is expected that fully as many New York business and professional men as were at the first camp will attend the second, which starts soon.

SENATE AGAINST FREE SEEDS.

Strikes Provision Out of Agricultural Bill by 33 to 21 Vote.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—Following its annual custom the Senate went on record to-day in favor of abolishing the free distribution of seeds by the Government. The matter came up on the agricultural appropriation bill. The vote by which the appropriation for free seeds was struck out was 33 to 21. It is expected that the conference committee of the two Houses of Congress will restore the provision.

Senator Kenyon in attacking the provision declared the cost to the Government of the free seed distribution was not to be measured by the cost of the seeds alone, which for the last four years had reached $1,110,933, but to this should be added the cost of postage, which would amount to nearly $500,000 for the four years.

Mrs. Sarah Thompson Gardiner.

Mrs. Sarah Thompson Gardiner, widow of Col. David L. Gardiner, died yesterday at her home, 3 East Eighty-second street. She was the daughter of David Thompson, president of the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, and of Sarah Diodati Gardiner Thompson, daughter of John Lion Gardiner, seventh proprietor of Gardiner's Island. Mrs. Gardiner was born on the island. Her husband died in 1892.

WHITMAN IN CAMP ON WIDE BRASS BED

Governor Has All the Luxuries and None of the Discomfort of Tent Life.

REVIEWS TROOPS TO-DAY

CAMP WHITMAN, Green Haven, N. Y., July 3.—Gov. Whitman is a guest at Camp Whitman to-night and will remain over Independence Day, inspecting and reviewing the New York National Guard, of which he is commander in chief. To-morrow, for the first time, the entire force of troops will be turned out for a division parade and review in his honor.

The Governor arrived at 7 o'clock this evening with Adj.-Gen. Stotesbury and Capt. Lorillard Spencer, his military aid. It had been planned to have batteries A and C of the First Field Artillery fire the Governor's salute of eighteen guns, but a guard of honor was turned out for him instead, and the band of the Twenty-second Engineers blared forth "Hail to the Chief."

The mustering tent had been fixed up for the Governor, and the officers saw to it that he had to bear none of the discomforts of camp life. One of his luxuries was a heavy brass bed, which was lugged up the steep hill that he might be spared the unyielding surface of an army cot.

Gov. Whitman messed with the officers at 8 o'clock and when the meal was over held a reception for the staff and line officers. Brig.-Gen. John C. Eddy, commander of the Second Battalion and of the camp as well, introduced them to him, beginning with Major Walter E. Barnes, battalion adjutant.

Why Sixty-ninth Remains.

Naturally enough the first question that the newspaper men had to ask when there came an opportunity was: "How about the Sixty-ninth?"

The Governor had been apprised of the dissatisfaction among Col. Conley's men because they were being held in camp while other regiments are one their way to the border, and although he made no comment on the withholding of the Irish soldier boys he replied through Major Walter J. Carlin, Inspector-General, who was appointed this morning to be camp intelligence officer:

"Four regiments have already been sent from New York city, only one from Brooklyn, the Fourteenth. Hence the sending of the Twenty-third was arranged in order that Brooklyn might have an equal representation with Manhattan. No discrimination will be made against any regiment. In my opinion eventually all of the New York troops will be sent to the border."

New Colors for Engineers.

There is to be a celebration of the Fourth to-morrow, of course, and an elaborate one. The review of the troops at noon, with the booming of the national salute of forty-eight guns, the marching ranks of dun khaki and glistening bayonets, with the regimental bands sounding martial airs, will be enough in itself, but other events are being arranged. The Governor will visit every outfit in the camp some time during the afternoon, and at the Twenty-second Engineers he will hold another review and present to Col. Lucas the new colors.

In the evening there will be a concert, with amateur, vaudeville and boxing bouts between men of the different regiments. There is intense rivalry over this last item and many experts in the fistic art have been discovered in the ranks.

Batteries A and C, First Artillery, will be mustered in to-morrow also.

Stormville, scene of the first battle of the war and of Capt. Fogarty's alcohol raids, is under the strictest kind of guard. A score of men from the Tenth Infantry were posted outside the Stormville House in front of every door and on the road, with orders to let no man in uniform, enlisted or commissioned, enter to drink. No one was allowed to bring bottles outside the place. Raymond Aldrich, District Attorney of Dutchess county, and Sheriff Elmer J. Conklin spent the entire day about the place, watching for violations of the excise law.

Twenty-third May Go To-day.

According to Major Carlin, intelligence officer, no movement of troops from or to Camp Whitman is planned for to-morrow or Wednesday. The Twenty-third Infantry, however, will leave its Brooklyn armory to-morrow or Wednesday, for Brownsville direct. Gen. Eddy returned to-day from New York, where he visited the regiment and also the Forty-seventh Infantry at Peekskill.

Major A. E. Trude, U. S. A., medical officer on Major-Gen. Wood's staff, arrived to-day with Capt. Davis of the Medical Corps at West Point. Both will assist in the work of camp sanitation. Capt. Koehler, physical instructor at the Military Academy, who has been working with the recruits in the various New York armories, made his headquarters here to-day and will supervise the physical instruction at the camp. Inspectors from the State Department of Health are also at Camp Whitman looking after the water supply and the milk sold the guardsmen at the various concession stands.

Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden and a committee of five women and Louis Sherry came to camp to-day and asked to look over the commissary department and the food supply of the men, with a view to helping in any way that civilians might. They left with the conviction that whatever faults they might have found were such that no layman could remedy.

Dr. E. E. Smith of New York, head of the National Civic Federation, and a well known bacteriologist, was another who asked to help by analyzing the water of the camp and inspecting its sanitation. He was given full rein with the assurance that his suggestions would be appreciated.

SOLDIERS' FOOD RUNS SHORT.

Pennsylvania Regiment Appeals to Kansas City Mayor.

KANSAS CITY, July 3.—Lieut.-Col. Charles P. Hunt, commanding the 1,614 men of the First Infantry Regiment, Pennsylvania National Guard, who reached Kansas City to-day, appealed to Mayor George H. Edwards to supply his men with food.

Lieut.-Col. Hunt declared they had been practically on half rations since leaving the home station Friday, and since yesterday had been almost without food.

Mayor Edwards, Brig.-Gen. Cusil Lechtman of the Missouri National Guard and other citizens arranged to supply the troops with sufficient rations for their trip to El Paso.

800 REFUGEES ON THE SUMNER.

They Say 25 Americans Were Left in Mexico City.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

VERA CRUZ, via Galveston, July 3.—Five American refugees, who arrived here too late to board the transport Sumner went on the transport Hancock. The Sumner sailed for Tampa with 800 persons aboard.

Twenty-five Americans were left in Mexico City, the refugees say.

FOUR U. S. MARINES SHOT BY DOMINICANS

One Killed, Three Wounded in Two Fights — American Withdrawal Demanded.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—American marines have again clashed with revolutionists in Santo Domingo, according to a report received by the Navy Department to-day from Rear Admiral Caperton. One American was killed and three were wounded.

The casualties are Private Mills of Denver, killed; Second Lieut. Douglas B. Robeh of Grand Rapids, Mich., slightly wounded; First Sergeant Fernando L. Birror of 242 West 148th street, New York, badly wounded in right leg; Trumpeter Julius Goldsmith of 138 Hawthorne avenue, Yonkers, N. Y., slightly wounded.

According to Rear Admiral Caperton's reports there were two fights in which the American marines were involved. The first occurred when the marines met revolutionary forces about twenty-five miles from Puerto Plata while the Americans were advancing from Puerto Plata to Santiago. Details are not given of the fighting or of the casualties inflicted on the revolutionists.

The second clash occurred when the marines were advancing on Santiago from Monte Christi. They encountered 100 revolutionists. The hostility of the natives to the presence of the American marines on Dominican soil is apparently increasing and there is now a demand among the populace that the American forces withdraw from the island.

Rear Admiral Caperton, acting under orders from Washington, has issued a proclamation to the people that the Americans will not be withdrawn until law and order have been established and a stable government is installed. Santo Domingo is still without a President. The Senate has nominated Senator Castro for President, but the Deputies have not concurred in this selection. The difficulty is over the question of Castro's friendliness or hostility to the United States. If he declares himself friendly to the American Government the people, through the Deputies, are ready to denounce him, and if he declares his hostility the United States Government will not sanction his instalment as President.

LIGHTNING WRECKS HOUSE.

Roof Torn Off and Front Caves In Family of Six Escapes.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., July 3.—Although lightning demolished the home of Joseph Macherowski at Brookside avenue and Fenimore street, South River, early to-day, Macherowski, his wife and their four children, who were sleeping on the second floor, escaped with only slight injuries. The roof was torn off the house and the entire front thrown down. The family was hurled to the ground when the floor caved in but received only a few cuts and bruises.

A water tank of the Du Pont Powder works near South River also was destroyed by lightning and the company's fire signal system put out of order. A forty foot tin sign on the Bayuk Bros. cigar factory was cut in two by a bolt and much other damage was done in the vicinity.

FATALLY BEATEN IN SALOON.

Brewery Collector Robbed of $700 in Notorious Place.

Three men beat Simpson D. Trompetty, a collector for the Franklin Brewing Company, who lives in Richmond Hill, L. I., so severely last night that he is not expected to live. The men also robbed Trompetty of $700 and his watch and escaped in an automobile.

The attack took place in a saloon at Tenth avenue and Twenty-sixth street. A murder occurred there two years ago. Last night the State Excise Department confiscated the license, closed the saloon and placed two men on guard. William Green, the new proprietor, could not be found.

STREET CAR CRASH KILLS MAN.

Passengers Thrown to Floors; Both Motormen Arrested.

An eastbound Eighth street car was thrown from the track when it was rammed by a northbound Second avenue car at St. Mark's place and Second avenue last night. Each car was crowded and the passengers were thrown in heaps to the floors.

Nathan Ebenholtz of 234 East 102d street, who was taken to Bellevue Hospital unconscious with a fracture of the skull, died later. Frank Faloma, 66, of 542 East Fourteenth street went to the hospital with two ribs broken. The motormen were arrested.

VAN RAN AWAY WITH FAMILY.

Were Penned In With Furniture When Car Hit Wall.

HASTINGS-ON-HUDSON, N. Y., July 3.—Michael J. Lawrey probably will never again try to move his large family in the same van that carries the family furniture. When he started to move to Manhattan this afternoon there was just room enough in the van, after the furniture had been stacked and roped, to squeeze the wife and five children on top of the household effects.

Going down the Villard avenue hill the brakes of the motor van gave way, shooting down hill the van nearly hit a brewery wagon and crashed against a stone wall. The only one injured was Mrs. Lawrey, whose collarbone was broken, but it took Lawrey and the driver several minutes to excavate children from the upheaval.

BOY PLAYS WAR; KILLS BABY.

Ten-Year-Old Fires Shotgun—Girl Narrowly Missed.

VINELAND, N. J., July 3.—Arthur Faracela, 10 years old, a visitor to the home of Pasquale Faracella at Landsville, found a loaded shotgun on the porch this afternoon. Furabello's six-months-old baby was being bounced up and down on the knees of his sister a few feet from Arthur. Arthur lifted the gun to his shoulder and aimed at the baby.

"I'm ready to go to Mexico," shouted the youngster. "Bang!"

The charge of shot struck the baby's heart, killed him instantly and narrowly missed the girl, who held him in her lap. When the police investigated they they learned that the gun was kept loaded for crows and the authorities decided the shooting was accidental.

WINNIPEG SEEKS LOAN HERE.

Mayor and City Treasurer Start on the Mission.

WINNIPEG, Man., July 3.—Mayor Waugh and City Treasurer Thompson left to-night for New York, where they will meet brokers and arrange for a large new civic loan.

Some surprising developments are expected, as Edward Brown, Treasurer for Manitoba, is again in New York arranging a big loan.

ANOTHER BATTERY STARTS FOR TEXAS

Last of First Artillery Departs and Second Hopes to Move To-day.

SQUADRON A GOES NEXT

Battery B of the First Field Artillery, 171 men and five officers, with four guns, swung out of camp at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday afternoon and entrained at Yonkers for the Mexican border.

With the battery were regimental headquarters, Lieut.-Col. Merritt H. Smith and staff, the band and the sanitary detachment. Except for two up-State batteries at Camp Whitman, all units of the First Artillery are now on their way to Texas.

The band was playing "Nancy Lee" as the artillerymen rode out amid cheers from the soldiers still in camp. Yet there were many tearful scenes. At the freight yard in Yonkers "the girl I left behind me" clung to her particular soldier boy until the last moment.

The Yonkers branch of the Red Cross had a refreshment stand in a shed borrowed from the Yonkers Hay & Grain Company. They served sandwiches, coffee, milk, ice cream, cigarettes, post cards and stamps. Mrs. J. S. Carroll, assisted by Mrs. Herbert Rose, Mrs. Walter Gilbert, Mrs. Milton McGuire, Miss Janette Scotland, Miss Dorothy Lockwood, Miss Marian Davenport, Miss Marguerite Johnston and Miss Frances Hibbard had charge of this work.

Lieut.-Col. Smith was formerly Police Commissioner of Yonkers. He was met by some of his friends, headed by Public Works Commissioner John A. Brady, and given an informal reception.

The Second Field Artillery expects marching orders to-day, when one battalion will entrain. The second battalion probably will follow to-morrow. Thursday Squadron A expects to go. The remaining squadron of the First Cavalry may leave Thursday or Friday. This will strip Van Cortlandt of guardsmen.

THE FOURTH IN MEXICO.

Americans and U. S. Army to Celebrate; No National Salute.

HEADQUARTERS PUNITIVE EXPEDITION IN MEXICO (by wireless to Columbus, N. M.), July 3.—The national holiday will be celebrated with appropriate ceremonies by the army in the field, though for obvious reasons the firing of a national salute will be omitted. This is the first time in many years that the Fourth has been celebrated in Mexico with so many Americans present. The first time in nearly seventy years with an American army of appreciable size on Mexican soil.

Prior to the revolutionary outbreak of 1911 it was the general custom of Americans throughout the republic, more especially in the larger cities, to celebrate the day with elaborate ceremonies. When the international trouble began the custom waned.

Americans in Colonia Dublan are taking heart from the presence of the American army and are prepared to hold an old fashioned celebration with a barbecue, speeches, flag raising, fireworks and fire crackers for the children.

THIRD HOSPITAL UNIT READY.

Brooklyn Company Gets Orders to Prepare to Move To-day.

The Third Field Hospital Company, organized in the Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, Brooklyn, received orders yesterday through Lieut.-Col. Harry H. Baldwin, who was left behind in the armory after the departure of the regiment last Friday, to look after the depot battalion, to be ready to leave to-morrow for either Camp Whitman or Brownsville, Tex.

There was hasty mobilization of the company, and last night everything was in readiness to be moved at a moment's notice. There will be about seventy men in the company under the command of Major Arthur W. Slee, with Lieuts. Robert J. Reynolds, Read B. Harding, Sherwood Whitlock and Thomas Smith.

NEGRO REGIMENT NAMED.

New Guard Command to Be the Fifteenth New York Infantry.

The New York National Guard regiment of negroes is to be called the Fifteenth Infantry. Company A was mustered in last night under command of Col. William A. Hayward, Public Service Commissioner.

At the suggestion of Gov. Whitman recruiting offices were opened last week at 131st street and Seventh avenue, 135th street and Lenox avenue and at 72 West Ninety-ninth street. Capt. Lorillard Spencer, the Governor's military secretary, is acting as recruiting officer.

Capt. Spencer said last night that within a month he expected to enlist a full regiment.

Sergt. Garrett of Fourteenth Dies of Heart Disease.

MISSION, Tex., July 3.—Nathaniel Garrett, quartermaster sergeant of the Fourteenth Regiment, New York National Guard, stationed here, died suddenly of heart disease at 6:30 o'clock to-night. His body is being prepared for shipment to his former home in Brooklyn. Garrett's son is a bugler in the same regiment.

69th Now at War Strength.

Capt. John W. Elmes, recruiting officer of the Sixty-ninth Infantry, announced at the armory last night that thirty-five men were enlisted yesterday and the regiment is now recruited up to full war strength. The new men will join the others at Camp Whitman in a few days.

O'Ryan and Staff Reach Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 3.—A train carrying New York national guardsmen stopped here for a few minutes to-night en route to the Mexican border. Major-Gen. John F. O'Ryan, in command of the troops, and his staff took luncheon with Adjt.-Gen. Dickson, commander of the Illinois militia, and members of his staff.

Troops Rushed to Elephant Dam.

COLUMBUS, N. M., July 3.—Troops of the New Mexico National Guard have been ordered rushed to the Elephant Butte Dam, 135 miles northeast of here. The dam is the second largest artificial body of water in the world, and irrigates a valley for 150 miles to the south.

ROCKAWAY TRAFFIC BLOCKED.

Fire on Broad Channel Bridge Holds Up Train Two Hours.

A short circuit caused by a defective shoe on a Long Island train set fire to the bridge over Broad Channel, Jamaica Bay, at 5:30 yesterday afternoon and delayed traffic for almost two hours.

Many commuters had to use motor or row boats to get across the channel to Hollands dock. There was anxiety in Rockaway when husbands and fathers expected on the evening trains failed to arrive. The trains were crowded with visitors coming to spend the holiday.

LABOR MEN APPEAL FOR MEXICAN PEACE

Want Joint Commission to Bring About a Better Understanding.

MASSES NOT CONSULTED

WASHINGTON, July 3.—An appeal to the Government and the people of the United States and Mexico to do everything possible to avoid war was issued to-night by a joint committee of officials of organized labor in the two countries, which has been in session here at headquarters of the American Federation of Labor. It is suggested that a commission of Mexicans and Americans be appointed to adjust existing differences, which are declared due to "misunderstandings growing out of inadequate or incorrect information."

The appeal, signed by President Samuel Gompers, Secretary Frank Morrison, Treasurer John B. Lennon and the eight vice-presidents of the American Federation and by C. Loveira, Baltazar Pages, L. N. Morones, S. Gonzalo Garcia and Edmundo E. Martinez "for the organized workers of Mexico," says:

"We hold this to be fundamental—no relations between our countries can be permanent that are not based upon the will of the masses of the people and in accord with their concepts of justice. We deem it an essential step toward democracy and justice that there shall be established for the masses who have hitherto been without regular agencies for expressing their views and desires, opportunities that will enable them to have a voice in helping to determine international affairs.

Sees Labor as the Medium.

"The labor movements of the various countries constitute the instrumentalities that can best accomplish this purpose and give expression to national ideas and convictions that have been too long inarticulate and impotent. We direct that the President of the American Federation of Labor and the official representatives of organized labor of Mexico should keep in touch through correspondence and that they be authorized to carry out the purposes specified in this declaration.

"In joint conference as the representatives of the workers, the masses of our respective countries, we urge upon our Government to adjust existing differences without war and to establish conditions conducive to permanent peace with justice.

"We appeal to the workers and all of the people of the United States and of Mexico to do everything within their power to promote correct understanding of purposes and actions, to prevent friction, to encourage good will and to promote an intelligent national opinion that ultimately shall direct relations between our countries and shall be a potent humanitarian force in promoting world progress.

"It is an unavoidable conclusion that present differences between our countries are the result of misunderstanding growing out of inadequate or incorrect information; that the unfortunate consequences of past relations between the United States and Mexico have formulated a national attitude that questions the good faith of our Governments.

Existing Agencies Unsuitable.

"That existing agencies and methods of reaching an adjustment of these differences are unsuitable for dealing with these problems, which are fundamentally human problems, and that the relations between our countries ought not to be directed in accord with abstract standards of justice, but ought to be keenly sensitive and responsive to the human interests and moral forces.

"Therefore, we, the representatives of the organized workers, having the right to speak for all of the workers and in the interests of all of the people, urge upon our Governments the appointment of a commission to be composed of high minded citizens, fully representative of our nations, to consider differences that have brought our nations to the verge of war and to make such recommendations for adjustment as shall fitly express the highest ideals of the great rank and file of the citizenship of our two countries."

MUNITIONS TAX CALLED UNFAIR.

"Outrageous and Confiscatory" Are Terms Used in Wall Street.

In the financial district yesterday the terms of the revenue bill touching on the taxation of munitions companies and copper were called "confiscatory and outrageous," but in spite of the fact that such terms were freely used there appeared to be no indication of a movement to protest formally against the taxes.

The proposed tax of from 5 to 8 per cent. on the gross earnings of munitions companies after allowing for a 10 per cent. profit was scored heavily, most of the manufacturers characterizing it as unfair.

NEW JERSEY NOTES.

The town authorities of Montclair gave permission yesterday for a bus line to operate on Montclair avenue.

Montclair's Sons of the American Revolution will use the funds usually devoted to celebrating the Fourth to purchasing necessities for the town's soldiers on the border.

Mrs. William H. Wolfe, whose husband used to be postmaster at Chatham, fell from the second story window of her home yesterday while hanging out clothes, and died a few minutes later.

Andrew J. Steelman of Jersey City was sworn in as second assistant United States District Attorney for the Trenton district yesterday before Federal Judge Bellstab. He succeeds Joseph L. Bodine, who recently became first assistant.

Another youth, Albert Walpole, is missing. Miss Jennie Ann McLaughlin, who was graduated with honors from the Lady of the Valley parochial school at Orange last month, died of typhoid fever yesterday.

Rufus and Arnold Weber, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Weber of Orange, who joined Battery C, Field Artillery, with their brother, Garfield, was drowned on May 8, 1915, while serving Uncle Sam on the cruiser Chattanooga.

Chief of Police Frank Monahan of Jersey City warned his officers last night to enforce the ordinance against the sale and use of fireworks and firearms. Patriotic exercises will be held in many of the city parks.

Mayor Frederick R. Cook of Caldwell intends to christen a boy waif "James Caldwell" in honor of the "fighting parson" of Revolutionary fame. The baby is at Mountainside Hospital and is probably become a ward of the borough.

The police in the vicinity of Alpha have instituted a search for John Hodick, a Hungarian, 40, who last night killed his wife, from whom he was separated, and fatally wounded Joseph Bodg with whom she was living. Coroner Haggerty shot at Bodick while the latter was fleeing, but the bullet missed its mark.

John Southard, station agent at Netherwood, who said he was robbed of $600 of the railroad's money last Friday night, and Gabriel Grolotte, 12 years old, were held in $1,000 bail yesterday for the Grand Jury. Another youth, Arthur Walpole, is missing. Only $145 of the stolen money has been recovered.

A burglar robbed the apartment of Henry Stutz in East Orange last night. He apologized to the owner as they passed on the stairway, the burglar saying he was looking for a friend and later asked Policeman William Mattle to act as a shield while he lighted a cigarette. The robber escaped.

ALEXANDER

"More fields to conquer," sighed the Macedonian conqueror. "More miles conquered," s