

NEW MEN IN CAMP; 50 FELLE BY HEAT

Seventh, Seventy-first and Twelfth Regiments at McAllen.

PLAN TO PUBLISH PAPER

Rangers Capture and Kill Mexican Leader Who Set Fire in Pharm.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH DIVISION, McAllen, Tex., July 5.—The leader of the Mexican charge with the burning of the business center of Pharr early Sunday was captured by Texas Rangers before daybreak to-day and carried off into the mesquite thickets. He did not return. The exhibition of a revolver was the only report made and no questions were asked.

It became known, however, that the Mexican was a clerk in the Pharr Mercantile Co. store, and that he had been repeatedly threatened by Jose Garcia, the Mexican deputy sheriff of Pharr. It is believed that the fire, like similar burning operations in the past, was set by Garcia into a trap where he could be killed.

This was an active day at McAllen, as one troop train after another drew into the town. At daybreak three sections of the Twelfth, with its own and the Seventh stock cars, came in, followed at 7 o'clock by the Seventy-first and the Field Artillery. Then Battery F arrived, and later a section of the First Cavalry of Brooklyn. The Twelfth pitched camp in the morning and the Seventy-first and the other units were placed in the cleared part of the site to the east.

Fifty Men Overcome. The thermometer stood at 110 under canvas to-day and as many as fifty men of the Twelfth, newly arrived, succumbed temporarily to the heat. Only one had to be taken to the hospital, and where they were quickly revived. The Seventh continued to get acclimated and the day was occupied in putting the camp further to rights. The men were gratified in their tents during the most torrid hours, where some stir of air from the Gulf found its way into the shelter.

To-night there was a meeting of the editors of the Seventh Regiment Gazette. They were called by Sergt. King of Company H, business manager, to plan for the publication of the paper during border service. It is probable that the copy will be prepared here and sent to New York to be printed, especially since the editor, Ferdinand O'Brien, commissioner of Jurors in New York, and a private in the Seventh for thirty-two years, failed to pass the physical examination and has to be left in camp. Sergt. King when at home, the publisher of Kings' Views of New York.

Corporal Durham Dies.

Another non-commissioned officer who was applying his professional knowledge to-day was Corporal Harry Durham of Company I, corporal Durham with a long record of service in the Mexican Revolution, and who was formerly resident engineer of the city of Panama and worked on the difficult problems of water supply in that city. He was chief engineer of the baron of highways, New York, and also worked on the Cape Cod Canal.

With Church, also of Company I, is wearing a brass button which has been enlisted for his fourth war. The button is from the uniform of his great-grandfather, an officer in the Mexican Revolution, and was worn by his great-grandfather, commander of the 11th Regiment in the War of 1812. It was also worn by his grandfather, a Colonel in the Mexican war, and a row on more on the line of march it last took under Zachary Taylor.

Company I has introduced both rife into the camp. A large size was chosen and they have been kept continuously occupied. It has a reputation as a "stiff shooting" company. A large number appeared in the tented streets to-day in sky blue silk pajamas, with corporals chevrons sewed on the arm. It has been found advisable to assign the rife men when sleep in camp, for when K's detail crept out into action this morning they found a huge rattlesnake coiled around the side. At the same time, M. A. Prentiss of Company H woke up. Waking up at Camp Scorpion consists in giving your blankets a tremendous shake to smother the all too common tarantula, which could have manifested a crab, was flung on to the person of Corp. William G. Johnson. A lightning bolt of trenching tools finished the scorpion.

THE TWELFTH ARRIVES.

With Batteries D and G it joins other N. Y. Commands. Mc ALLEN, Tex., July 5.—This little border town to-day staged the most spectacular and colorful pageant of its short history. With the arrival of the Twelfth Infantry battery, B, F and G of the first regiment of cavalry, all from New York city, the narrow roads along the railroad tracks swarmed with uniformed men, mules and horses. Dusty little autos taken over by the officers cantered up the embankment, over the tracks and through the uncharted mud lakes that have sprung up since Sunday. They had been here for pictures of the officers had used moustache, but McAllen has run short of moustache, and, anyway, the automobiles are as sure footed as any mule or donkey.

The first to arrive this morning were the 1,162 men of the Twelfth, commanded by Lieut. Col. C. S. Wadsworth. You might call the Twelfth the lost tribe, for it had been on the road for a week and its whereabouts had been something of a mystery to division headquarters here.

Soon after their three trains had halted the men of the Twelfth threw their field stoves out of the cars and set about preparing breakfast. In ten minutes enough beans, tomatoes and hardtack had been dished up to feed the regiment. Although the men's tents had been tramped around the edges by the seven day trip from New York and the officers were a bit on edge, the regiment managed to collect its implements and get in camp by 10 o'clock. Capt. Daniel W. Hand of the Fifth Field Artillery, U. S. A., left for Camp Whitman last night to take charge of the Twelfth Infantry battery, B, F and G, the colonel of which he has accepted. Both Capt. Johnston and Capt. Hand distinguished themselves in Philippine service.

LAST OF CAVALRY ENTRAINS TO-DAY

Second and Forty-seventh Infantry and 22d Engineers Leave To-morrow.

SIGNAL CORPS DEPARTS

74th Also Leaves, With Two Pennsylvania and Maryland Regiments.

Major-Gen. Wood, commanding the Department of the East, announced last night that about 5,000 National Guardsmen started for the border yesterday from New York, Pennsylvania, the District of Columbia and Maryland.

YALE BATTERIES MAY BE DISBANDED

Won't Be Sent to Toboyanna Unless They Acquire Minimum Peace Strength.

CAMP HOLCOMB, NIANTIC, Conn., July 5.—The attitude of the Yale batteries continued here to-day to be the chief topic of discussion among regular army and State officers, and it is possible that batteries A, B, C and D of the Fifth Field Artillery, may never go to Camp Toboyanna, Pa. They may even be disbanded if the undersecretary and adjutant present in objections to enlisting the batteries up to the peace strength of 132 men each, regardless of whether they are sent to the border or to the States.

It is known that Major Edward S. Shuttleworth of this camp will not send any of the batteries unless they acquire a minimum strength of 100 men, with a maximum war strength would be 175 men, with officers. The Yale batteries need additional surgeons, but the Adjutant General is not prepared to supply them. He is also not prepared to be adverse to accepting as assistants two highly recommended doctors because they are Yale men.

Battery F of Stamford has gone to Toboyanna with about the minimum strength and Battery E of Branford, which was to have been sent to-night, has been ordered to-day to pass the physical tests the battery was required to pass on the minimum.

Recruits Sought Here.

Yale officers will ring out for preparedness to-night at the Yale Club. Recruits are sought for the Yale batteries, which are 100 men short of war strength. Hitherto only Yale undergraduates have been taken into the four batteries, but now they will be open to graduates and undergraduates of all American colleges. To-night will be "battery night." There will be speeches and college songs.

TROOPS POUR INTO NOGALES.

More Than 8,000 Men Are Expected to Be There To-day.

NOGALES, ARIZ., July 5.—With the scheduled arrival to-night and early to-morrow of the Fifth and Seventh California regiments, the Twelfth Infantry, including infantry, cavalry, field artillery and field ambulance corps, under command of Col. W. H. Sage of the Twelfth Infantry, States Infantry, will be on station here.

FEW SICK AT EAGLE PASS.

Three Regiments Get First Typhoid Prevention Treatment.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., July 5.—Less than 1 per cent of the American troops at Eagle Pass are on sick report, according to reports received by Gen. Wood. Special care has been taken in sanitary arrangements and plans are under way for a base hospital capable of caring for all the men stationed on this section of the border.

SLACKERS CAN'T ESCAPE.

Gen. Mills Rules They Can Be Held for Term of Enlistment.

BOSTON, July 5.—All Massachusetts militiamen who refused to take the new Federal oath, with a six year term of enlistment, probably will be called back to camp at Framingham, where they may be sent as far as the Texas border or be made to serve out the remainder of the period for which they enlisted under the original oath.

CAPT. JOHNSTON GOES TO-DAY.

Leaves for McAllen to Take Command of the Twelfth.

Capt. Gordon Johnston, U. S. A., who has been acting in Gen. Wood's absence, will leave to-day for McAllen, Tex., to take command of the Twelfth New York regiment, Gen. Wood announced yesterday. Capt. Daniel W. Hand of the Fifth Field Artillery, U. S. A., left for Camp Whitman last night to take charge of the Twelfth Infantry battery, B, F and G, the colonel of which he has accepted. Both Capt. Johnston and Capt. Hand distinguished themselves in Philippine service.

3,000 COLLEGE MEN NOW AT PLATTSBURG

To-day's Arrivals Will Bring Number to Strength of Two Regiments.

FEW RECRUITS REJECTED

Archie Roosevelt a First Sergeant in the 4th—Quentin in Same Command.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., July 5.—With the late arrivals this evening the number of college students at the camp of military instruction here has passed the three thousand mark, and the camp commander has information that the arrivals of to-morrow will bring the number to more than 3,400, or two regiments of full war strength.

Four special trains and a special boat brought the greater part of the crowd to the camp. The first of the special trains arrived about 6 A. M. from New York, bringing 320 young men. This was followed half an hour later by a second New York special carrying 237. About 9 o'clock a special reached here carrying the Buffalo, Rochester and Providence delegation, the latter of whom joined the western New Yorkers at Albany. There were 310 in this party, and the Philadelphia contingent arriving at noon brought 334. The Boston men arrived on the steamer Chautauque from Burlington, which made a special trip for the purpose. There were 710 in this party, which included a large representation of the Harvard training regiment. Brown, Tufts and Dartmouth were also represented.

The entire day was consumed in the registration of the arrivals at camp headquarters and the issuing to them of olive drab uniforms and the army equipment. After each man had been registered and had made his deposit with the paymaster for his subsistence and equipment the reported to Major De Witt, the army surgeon.

Nearly all of the men who reported at the camp to-day underwent this examination before evening, and of the total examined only twelve were rejected because of heart trouble and one because he was crippled.

Archie Roosevelt to-day resigned his position as second lieutenant of the Second Infantry and has accepted an appointment as first sergeant of Company H, Fourth Regiment of the New Jersey National Guard. This evening Major Peter Murray, camp commander, at the first conference addressed the students relative to the duties which they will be called upon to perform while members of the camp, and Captain Halstead Dorey, aid to General Wood and chief executive officer of the camp, spoke on the objects and aims of the camp of military instruction.

Gen. Wood instructed mustering of recruits throughout the Department of the East, and the physical examination of recruits must be of the most rigid character. He also notified national guard authorities that the Judge Advocate General is now considering the status of militiamen who refused to subscribe to the Federal oath.

TO GUARD MEN'S HEALTH.

Dr. Darlington Will Go to Border for Civic Federation.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Samuel Gompers and Ralph M. Easley, respectively vice president and chairman of the executive council of the National Civic Federation, announced today after a conference with Secretary Baker that Dr. Thomas Darlington would be sent by the federation to the Mexican border to report on the health of the enlisted men of the army and the state militia.

"Darlington is going under the auspices of the soldiers' welfare committee," said Mr. Gompers, "and will inspect the parents whose sons have gone to the defence of our country—and who have been disturbed over sensational references to the campaign of 1916 by the changes, improvements and general progress made by the War Department since that time. Especial attention will be given to the causes of disease, camp sanitation and food supplies."

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ARMED MEN GUARD THE JERSEY TRAINS

Fear Mexican Snipers—Fourth Regiment Is Making Slow Time.

LOHAS, N. J., July 5.—With armed guards on the locomotives and soldiers guarding all the bridges between here and the border, the Fourth Regiment of New Jersey, with Brigadier-General Edwin W. Hine and staff, are making slow time toward the border.

The fact that the First Infantry Regiment of Newark, which left Sea Girt on Monday of last week, was sent right on to Douglas, Ariz., upon their arrival at El Paso, suggests to Gen. Hine that the New Jersey troops probably will all be sent to that point. It is not thought they will make some trouble. The railroad officials say that the carrying of large forces of troops over the Rock Island lines has made the Mexican employees restless.

A Connecticut regiment arriving at Nogales, Ariz., a few days ago, reported snipers at work along the route and that the train crew had been ordered to run no faster than twenty-five miles an hour.

The heat was felt somewhat to-day by the troops. The temperature in a number of the tents the train passed through went above the 100 mark, and one man fainted in the kitchen car connected with the division in which Gen. Hine is a passenger.

PEACE CONFERENCE HOPEFUL.

David Starr Jordan Optimistic Because of Carranza Note.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—A conference called by the American Union Against Militarism to find a solution of difficulties between the United States and Mexico was begun here today by three American and three Mexican delegates. After today's session the conference, through Dr. David Starr Jordan, issued this statement:

The general tone of Carranza's note relieves the immediate situation a good deal and enables us to take a longer view of the situation than we otherwise could.

The delegates met behind closed doors. Besides Dr. Jordan, there were present Moorfield Storey, Boston; Amos Pinchet, New York; Dr. Atli and Luis Manuel Rojas of Mexico city, and Modesto C. Rolland of Yucatan.

TAMPICO REFUGEE ATTACKS PRESIDENT

Shovelled Coal on the Dixie and Cleaned Pans, Says Chicagoan.

CHICAGO, July 5.—How American refugees from Tampico shoveled coal, cleaned pots and pans and did other menial tasks aboard the United States steamship Dixie because the ship was inadequately manned was told to-day by Frank S. Engle, of Chicago, secretary of the Frisco Salvador Ranching properties, who was the first of the refugees to arrive.

Mr. Engle declared the ship carried 750 refugees out of Tampico, with a crew of only 160, when 400 was the number required. Incidentally Mr. Engle described the chagrin of the Americans from Tampico, who found on their arrival at Galveston that war had not been declared. Their hurried departure at an hour's notice led them to believe that hostilities had already begun.

MEL SHEPPARD WILLING

24 Others Who Refused to Take Federal Oath Return to Camp Whitman.

CAMP WHITMAN, GREEN HAVEN, N. Y., July 5.—Some time next week the population of the little town of Beekman will shrink once more to a negligible quantity, for there will be very few khaki clad guardsmen hereabout. The Second Infantry was instructed to-day that transportation has been ordered for its men to start for the Texas border on Friday. On Sunday Battery A of Syracuse and C of Birmingham, First Field Artillery, will leave. The Third Infantry is to go within a few days and the Sixty-ninth within a week if the needed equipment arrives. Also the pioneer battalion of the Twenty-second Engineers is preparing for an early start, as well as the third regiment of cavalry.

The Third Infantry was mustered to-day, but the Sixty-ninth was not. A conference was held between the officers of the Sixty-ninth and the mustering officers relative to the details of the muster rolls. The actual work of mustering in the Sixty-ninth probably will begin to-morrow.

Callisthenes Introduced.

Capt. Herman Koehler, physical instructor at West Point, began this morning his instruction in callisthenes for the guardsmen. He had a commissioned officer from each company at his headquarters and outlined his system to-day. The men from now on will have a certain time for such work every day.

CHASE DESERTER IN MEXICO.

Soldiers Capture Guardsman—Mining Men Plan to Go Back.

DOUGLAS, ARIZ., July 5.—United States soldiers of the Arizona National Guard returned to Mexico territory late to-day, but returned in a few minutes. They crossed in pursuit of Private Edward Stone, a deserter from the Arizona National Guard. Stone ran toward Actia Prieta, opposite here, and as he crossed the international line soldiers on patrol joined in the chase. A number of shots were fired and Stone was captured after he had penetrated approximately 600 yards into Sonora.

American mining men who came to the border from the interior of Sonora several weeks ago, began planning to-day to return to their mines. A number expect to go back into Sonora within a few days. Officials here of several Sonora mining companies say they probably will resume operations shortly, but said their chief handicap would be the difficulty of obtaining blasting powder. Efforts likely will be made, it is added, to obtain permission from the United States Government to export a limited amount of dynamite into Sonora for this use.

HOSPITAL CORPS AT McALLEN.

Major Dunneith and His Men Arrive in Camp.

McALLEN, Tex., July 5.—The first field hospital of New York arrived here this evening in command of Major J. F. Dunneith. He has with him five officers, sixty-four men, eight wagons and forty-eight horses.

THIRD IS SWORN IN; 69TH NEARER TO IT

Muster Rolls for Col. Conley's Command Ready for Action To-day.

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WARNING

If you want Socoy Motor Gasoline, look for the red, white and blue sign on service stations and garages.

Gasoline advertised as "Standard" or "High-grade Standard" is not the product of the Standard Oil Company of New York, unless the Socoy sign is displayed.

Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.

MOTOR CAR INJURES THREE

Knocks Down Woman, Hits Man When It Runs on Sidewalk.

Three persons were injured at East Avenue and Fourteenth street last night when an automobile owned and driven by Benjamin M. Spitzer of Glen Ridge, N. J., ran up on a crowded sidewalk attempting to avoid collision with a taxicab.

Mrs. Mary Brennan of 283 West Twenty-fourth street was knocked down by West Forty-fourth street when she was against the front of a building. Mrs. Brennan and Shapiro were taken to Polyclinic Hospital.

COURT LENIENT TO SLAYER

Judge Pavvett Suspends Sentence in Joseph Gianno's Case.

County Judge Pavvett in Brooklyn yesterday suspended sentence on Joseph Gianno, 33 years old, who in a quarrel stabbed and killed Charles K. Boring on October 10, 1909. Gianno pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the second degree.

On his first trial the jury disagreed and he was convicted on the second. Judge Diko set aside the verdict. The excellent reputation Gianno had was the main reason for Judge Pavvett's action.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK NEW YORK Statement of Condition of the IRVING NATIONAL BANK NEW YORK At the close of business, June 30, 1916, as rendered to the Comptroller of the Currency RESOURCES LIABILITIES Loans and discounts \$62,227,454.37 Capital stock paid in \$4,000,000.00 Acceptances of other banks discounted 1,041,278.80 Surplus fund 3,000,000.00 Overdrafts secured and unsecured 2,708.48 Undivided profits \$85,042.91 U. S. bonds to secure circulation 640,000.00 Reserved for taxes 37,546.32 U. S. bonds 70,000.00 Reserved for expense 5,663.23 898,252.16 Bonds, securities, etc 8,299,185.59 Circulating notes 640,000.00 Stock of Federal Reserve Bank 210,000.00 Due to banks and bankers \$43,300,354.58 All other stocks 36,300.00 Individual deposits subject to check 40,322,402.29 Due from banks and bankers 2,939,042.81 Checks and other cash items 285,562.52 Exchanges for Clearing House 4,510,709.83 Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days 389,863.85 Notes of other national banks 11,500.00 Certificates of deposit due on or after 30 days 173,543.07 Federal Reserve notes 8,000.00 Certified checks 855,081.54 Due from Federal Reserve Bank \$6,852,977.59 Cashier's checks outstanding 1,916,323.37 Specie in vault 7,512,572.50 87,038,952.70 Legal-tender notes in vault 1,772,010.00 Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer 462,000.00 Cash Letters of Credit & Traveler's Checks outstanding 19,045.36 Customers' liability under Letters of Credit 827,755.00 Acceptances based on (Own 2,255,857.86 Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" 2,236,086.86 (Foreign Correspondents) 1,092,035.97 Total \$98,944,144.35 Total \$98,944,144.35 Documentary Letters of Credit issued but not used or drawn against, \$7,913,281.40. State of New York, County of New York, I, J. F. Bouker, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Subscribed and sworn to before me this fifth day of July, 1916. Correct—Attest G. H. Milliken S. Z. Mitchell Theo. F. Whitmarsh Directors FRED J. GRIESMER, Notary Public.

Has Germany Found a Way Out? Hemmed in by the Allies' dreadnoughts, she has still the submarine. An expert tells of the possibilities of such a craft for transatlantic voyages and pictures the undersea cargo boat of the future. IN NEXT SUNDAY'S SUN Russia Our Market of the Future ALEXANDER A. JURIEWITCH, Chamberlain to the Emperor, bears a message from him to the United States telling of golden opportunities for our merchants after the war. America and England as World Policemen PHILIP KERR, leader of the British Empire Concord of Thought movement, says English speaking peoples must work together if the onward march of peace and progress is to be assured. Our War With Mexico, a Pictorial History Remarkable and very rare collection of paintings of famous battles of the Mexican war of 1846-48, reproduced in photogravure. Stirring scenes from Buena Vista to the entry into Mexico city. IN THE SUN NEXT SUNDAY Tell Your Newsdealer To-day