

PERSHING NOW MAY STAY IN SIX MONTHS

Guards Strengthened on Border and Troop Movements Go On.

MASS. MEN ARE FIRED ON

In Skirmish With Mexicans at Border—"Villa Headed Southward."

EL PASO, Tex., July 15.—Despite reports today from Mexico city that the United States has notified Gen. Carranza of its intention to withdraw the forces of Gen. Pershing gradually from Mexico, every preparation is going on along the border as though hostilities were soon to start.

Army officers explain the troop activities, which continue daily, night and on Sundays unabated by saying the original order from the War Department for concentration and supplying the troops along the line has not been revoked and that a new order is issued the army can only proceed on the assumption that its services are soon to be required. It is also pointed out that Mexico is in a state of anarchy, lightning changes of government, and that peace this week may be war next week.

At the present rate of withdrawal from Mexico Gen. Pershing's forces will be south of the international boundary six months from now, though troops may soon begin returning to Columbus in larger numbers than heretofore.

Fire on Mass. Troopers.
A party of mounted Mexicans exchanged fire with L Company of the Ninth Massachusetts Infantry near here today according to reports the guardsmen were doing outpost duty when the Mexicans rode up on the opposite bank of the Rio Grande and opened fire. The Americans suffered no casualties, but reported they believed they had killed one Mexican.

Capt. Hickey of Dorchester, Mass., commanding the company, estimated the number of Mexicans at fifteen. Approximately fifty shots were fired on each side, it was said.

The shooting occurred in an isolated district about three miles down river from El Paso, known locally as the "Island" section. The Massachusetts company was doing border patrol duty in this district, one-third of the sixty men being on patrol and the remainder held in reserve in the camp about half a mile to the rear.

Capt. Hickey said that throughout the day small parties of Mexicans appeared from time to time on the Mexican bank of the river, which is about 200 yards wide at this point. Then, he said, a mounted detachment appeared, most of the men wearing red scarves.

The Mexicans rode up to the river bank, dismounted and deployed as skirmishers, creeping through the undergrowth which dotted the river's edge. One of the Mexicans fired his rifle, the bullet crossing the river, and according to private Charles Prescott of Natick, Mass., dropping at his feet.

Seeing themselves as much as possible by little clumps of mesquite, the Americans returned the fire, and by the time the reserves reached the river to reinforce them they had driven the Mexicans back to their horses. Before leaving the picnic line, however, the militiamen asserted that the Mexicans had shot and fell into a clump of greasewood and did not arise.

The exchange of fire continued less than ten minutes, and when about fifty shots had been fired on each side, according to the company officers, the Mexicans, riding south, disappeared behind a hillock.

Troops Humiliated.
All reports brought from the Pershing base at Colonia Dublan state that the American troops are disgusted with what they consider the humiliating position in which they have been placed through the action of the President and the State Department in dealing with Mexico, and that it is hardly safe to mention "Carranza," the name of the Villa who were believed headed for the Big Bend district of Texas have turned southward, and that all rebel bands are moving south into central Mexico.

WASHINGTON HITCH IN MEXICO STATUS

Wilson and Polk in Night Conference on the Border Situation.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Unexpected difficulties concerning the preliminary details of the Mexican negotiations necessitated a late conference at the White House to-night between President Wilson and Acting Secretary of State Polk. The nature of the hitch was not disclosed.

The President is understood to be particularly anxious to avoid unnecessary delay in beginning negotiations, and Mr. Polk therefore discussed with him the representations made to-day by Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador-Designate.

Mr. Arredondo is understood to have heard from Carranza on matters pertaining to the arbitration of the border controversy by joint commissions. The scope of the work of this commission and other matters must be decided in advance and despite the willingness of both governments to come to terms, there seems to be an inability to agree on minor details.

After his conference with Arredondo Mr. Polk said that matters were progressing favorably. Henry Lane Fletcher, American Ambassador-Designate to Mexico, was present at the conference. It is said that Mr. Fletcher will be the three American commissioners if the commission plan is not abandoned because of difficulties over the preliminary matters pertaining to it. Gen. Funston then asked the War Department for \$500,000 to construct temporary shelters for army horses and mules along the border because of the excessive heat in some sections and the heavy rains in others.

Hervey Names Duggan Secretary.
Former Alderman William Duggan was appointed yesterday private secretary to the Public Service Commission. Charles S. Hervey at a salary of \$3,000. Mr. Duggan, a Republican, represented the old Thirty-second Aldermanic district until the last election. He was an investigator for the Attorney-General's office in 1909 and 1910.

\$20,000 Offer for Mexican Firm Here.
The Cunarders Saxonia, in last night from Liverpool, brought \$20,000,000 in specie and securities consigned to J. P. Morgan & Co. from the Bank of England, in charge of Capt. Alfred Moss.

MATHEWS FOR PLATTSBURG.

Captain of Coast Artillery Detailed as Physical Instructor.
The Plattsburg recruits are to have two physical instructors. Capt. Herman Koehler, master of the sword and physical instructor of West Point, has found that the brigade of citizen soldiers in the training camp is too big a job for one man to handle alone, so yesterday he applied to Major-Gen. Wood for an assistant.

Capt. Philip Mathews, Coast Artillery Corps, has been detailed to assist him. Capt. Mathews will leave for Plattsburg with Capt. Koehler to-day. He probably will divide his time between Plattsburg and his home station at Fort Totten, but after Capt. Koehler returns to the academy at the opening of the classes he may be assigned as physical instructor for the September encampment.

47TH NOW AT WAR STRENGTH.

Extra Recruits Being Transferred to an Artillery Battery.

The Forty-seventh New York Infantry, now at Peekskill, has so many recruits that the newer ones gathered in the barracks on Marcy avenue, Brooklyn, are being transferred into a field artillery battery. It was said at the army yesterday.

Gov. Col. Baldwin, in charge of the depot battery and the recruits, has 500 men in his charge. As the regiment is practically at war strength at Peekskill it can be found for the newcomers in the ranks.

\$13,000,000 AERIAL FUND IS IN DANGER

Alan R. Hawley Leads Campaign to Keep Senate Grant Intact.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Alan R. Hawley, president of the Aero Club of America, is leading an active campaign here to prevent the sidetracking of the Senate's \$13,000,000 appropriation for aeroplanes. Mr. Hawley, secretary of the Aero Club and Henry Woodhouse, called on Chairman Hay of the House military committee and urged him strongly to abandon his opposition to the Senate provision. Later he conferred with Secretary of War Baker and asked him to do everything possible in support of the measure. Secretary Baker is sympathetic.

Letters are pouring into the War Department from all the States indorsing the Government's plan to establish the aerial reserve and promising support. Glenn Curtiss will be here to-morrow for a conference at the War Department regarding new aeroplanes. The aeronautical branch of the War Department is in touch with various manufacturers relative to the development of an efficient high power motor.

Mr. Kahn introduced in the House to-day an aerial coast patrol bill similar to one offered in the Senate a few days ago by Senator Johnson. The measure would establish a coast patrol to establish aerial coast patrols in the naval militia.

NEGRO MEN RALLY.

Hayward Expects 15th Regiment at Full Strength Soon.

In the less than twenty days that Public Service Commissioner William Hayward has been enrolling members of the Fifteenth (colored) Infantry of New York, of which Mr. Hayward was commander, a colored regiment has been recruited. By the middle of next month Col. Hayward expects to have his regiment at full war strength. One hundred additional men have passed the physical examinations and many of these will shortly be added to the three companies, A, B and C, which have been mustered into the State service.

Surgeons who have been examining applicants say that physically the new regiment will be one of the best in the national guard of the country. About 20 per cent. of the applicants have been rejected and few of those were denied membership because of poor teeth or eyesight. Lafayette Hall, seventh avenue and 1324 street, is headquarters for the recruiting.

Assisting Col. Hayward in the work of enrolling are Lieut. George H. Hinton, Major Monson Morris and Capt. Lorillard Spencer, military secretary to the Governor.

JANNICKY STAYS, IS REPORT.

Gen. Appleton Says He Knows Nothing of Change.
National Guard headquarters yesterday denied emphatically the persistent rumor that Col. Ernest E. Jannicky of the Forty-seventh Regiment is to resign or be mustered out of the guard. Major-Gen. Daniel Appleton, in command of the home division, declared that he had heard nothing of the report, and that any such movement, if it were an officer would have to come through him. The report that a number of officers in the Brooklyn regiment are to be mustered out for inefficiency also was denied. It is doubtful if the Forty-seventh Regiment or any of the others now at Camp Whitman or their armories will be sent to the border within the near future. At Governors Island it was stated unofficially that the remainder of the New York division is to be kept within the State until it is completely equipped and trained. All the men needed for the present emergency are now on the border and to send more men without uniforms or instruction would be absurd.

Capt. William J. Donavau of Troop I, First Cavalry, from Buffalo, reported to headquarters yesterday afternoon that he had just received word from the border to joining his command at the border. He was in central Europe when the mobilization call came and hurried back on the first ship.

Col. George Bartlett of Fort Worden, Washington, reported at Governors Island yesterday to succeed Col. E. F. Glenn as Gren. Wood's chief of staff. He will begin his duties to-day. Col. Glenn has been transferred to Douglas, Ariz., and will start there early next week.

GUARDSMEN NEED LUXURIES.

Red Cross Asks Contributions of Sweets and Toilet Accessories.
Major F. L. Hoppin yesterday arranged with Mrs. W. Kinneid Draper, secretary of the New York Chapter of the American Red Cross, to have the guardsmen now on duty along the Mexican border supplied with a number of "necessary luxuries" not furnished by the Government.

Major Hoppin, who has just returned from Texas, told the Red Cross members that the soldiers are sadly in need of tobacco, candy, jam, handkerchiefs, towels, toothbrushes and the like. Mrs. Draper invites those anxious to aid to send parcels to her at 180 East Twenty-second street, or to bulky to the headquarters in Brooklyn. Express companies have made a special rate for prepaid shipment.

5,000 Boy Scouts Parade To-day.
Five thousand members of the United States Boy Scouts will parade at Coney Island to-day. Business men have contributed \$1,000 for prizes. The parade will form at 1 o'clock at Seventy-third street and Mermaid avenue and will proceed along Surf avenue to Ocean Parkway. O. C. Jurney, manager of Lane Park, will be the grand marshal.

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"Young man," shouted the President to Joe O'Toole, who was passing the President's room, "will you please ask Senator Kern to step here?"

Mr. O'Toole went not foot for the Indiana statesman. Other Senators summoned in quick succession were Williams, Mississippi; Hoke Smith, Georgia; James, Kentucky; Walsh, Montana, and Hughes, New Jersey.

It soon became known that the President desired to impress upon the Democratic side the necessity of passing the child labor bill at this session. This is a Progressive measure. The Democratic leaders had planned to put the bill over to the next session. The measure was opposed by certain Southern Senators.

A few days ago Senator Gallinger, noting a tendency on the part of Democrats to sidestep the bill, chided the majority on the matter and offered to pass the measure if the Democrats would put it forward in their legislative program.

Democrats Restless.
Ever since that speech the Democratic leaders have been restless. The fact that the principal opposition to the child labor bill centered in the South among the cotton mill owners was an unpleasant feeling for the Democrats, who are bidding for Progressive support. The President, seeing the political possibilities in the situation, finally decided to counteract the effect of the Gallinger speech and publicly put upon his own party the burden of passing the bill.

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Some Senators who favor early action on the bill said they believed there should be another caucus. Others betrayed resentment at the President's request, pointing out that the Senate already had compromised with the White House on the legislative programme, the caucus last week agreeing to delay action on the immigration bill, which Mr. Wilson opposed, but which has the support of a majority of the Democratic Senators.

The President also is anxious that the House bill providing a system of workmen's compensation for Federal employees be put through at this session, and it is understood that was discussed at the conference to-day. Senate leaders are said to have assured him that it was one of the measures they expected to reach before adjournment.

69TH HOPEFUL OF CONLEY'S VICTORY

Colonel, However, Does Not Share It and May Start for Home To-day.

REGULAR UNIT FORECAST

Belief That Majority of the Irish Command Will Enlist as Such.

HEADQUARTERS, NEW YORK DIVISION, McALLISTER, July 15.—The chief interest in the Sixty-ninth Regiment, extending to that of arriving and pitching camp at Mission to-day, is as to whether the order from the Department of the East directing Col. Louis D. Conley to report back to headquarters at Governors Island will be countermanded. There is hope in the Sixty-ninth, but not much confidence, unless an examination by heart specialists proves the findings of the department surgeons to have been in error.

Major Cornelius Vanderbilt delivered to Col. Conley to-day confirmation of the order he received from Governors Island. Col. Conley expects to start back to-morrow.

The impression is gaining ground among the officers that the Sixty-ninth is to be "regularized" as nearly as possible, with a colonel and lieutenant-colonel and possibly one from the regular service. Inasmuch as the regiment closely resembles that of a regular army regiment, it is believed that officers had planned to put the bill over to the next session. The measure was opposed by certain Southern Senators.

The fact that Col. Edwin F. Glenn has been relieved as Chief of Staff of Major-Gen. Wood and sent to command the Eighteenth Infantry at Douglas, Ariz., was learned with interest by the officers of the Sixty-ninth, inasmuch as it followed the order for the investigation into the mustering out of Col. Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan. It was through the hands of the Chief of Staff that the recommendation of the Department Surgeon has to pass.

Major Robert P. Wadhams, who was to-day appointed by Major-Gen. O'Ryan as chief medical officer of the auxiliary troops of the division, noted from the disability in Col. Conley's case, but decided that it was compensated for in other respects. The department surgeon passed upon the situation, finally decided to counteract the effect of the Gallinger speech and publicly put upon his own party the burden of passing the bill.

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HEARINGS ON WEBB BILL ARE STARTED

House Committee Listens to Arguments for Foreign Trade Combines.

MANUFACTURERS UPHELD

Chairman Hurley of Federal Commission Advocates New Measure.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Contending that it is industrial folly to refuse American manufacturers the right to combine for foreign trade, Chairman Hurley of the Federal Trade Commission opened the hearings before the House Judiciary Committee to-day on the Webb bill to legalize such combinations.

Commissioner Rublee of the commission also spoke in favor of the bill, which was introduced at the suggestion of the Department of Commerce and the Federal Trade Commission.

The Webb measure provides that nothing in the anti-trust laws shall be construed as declaring illegal an association entered into for the sole purpose of engaging in export trade and actually engaging solely in such trade or an agreement made in the course of export trade by such association, provided such agreement is not in restraint of trade within the United States.

It is stipulated, however, that "unfair methods of competition" as defined in the anti-trust laws shall not be employed by such associations. "America may as well equip its battalions with woodchips as to deny to manufacturers the right to combine for foreign trade," said Hurley. "We all want foreign trade, but we can't get it unless we are willing to give our manufacturers the right to combine by the establishment of cooperative selling agencies for competition with the foreign cartels."

These combines, he said, go into foreign markets, especially South America, and because of low selling costs, due to cooperation, outbid American products. Representative Carlin, expressed fear that the large American companies if permitted to combine in foreign trade would swallow up combines of smaller companies in the same line formed under the proposed law.

Carlton Heads Relief Committee.
Newcomb Carlton was elected chairman of the military relief committee yesterday at a meeting held in the First National Bank Building, 2 Wall street. Lewis Aronstein was elected vice-chairman and John Bassett Moore, secretary. New members elected were Henry P. Davidson, Robert Bacon, Cornelius Bliss, F. W. Walcott, George Blumenthal, Mrs. I. H. Harriman, Mrs. Leonard Wood, Henry L. Stimson, Charles D. Norton and Henry Morgenthau.

Also to inquire as to the causes of the recent marked increase in the prices of pulp and of print and other paper and whether the present prices are controlled in whole or in part by any combination of persons or corporations engaged in interstate or foreign commerce; or in the production of such articles in foreign countries, and if so, to inquire into the organization, conduct, methods and practices of such persons or corporations.

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INQUIRY ASKED INTO RISE OF PRINT PAPER

Congressman Mann Urges Investigation of Alleged Combination.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Representative Mann, minority floor leader, offered a resolution in the House to-day for a Congressional investigation of the present high prices of print paper, as well as general conditions now prevailing in the wood pulp and print paper industry. Mr. Mann said he would urge early action on the resolution by the Committee on Rules, to which it was referred. The resolution reads in part: "Resolved, That a select committee of five members be appointed by the Speaker to inquire into the supply and production of pulp wood, wood pulp and print paper and other articles entering into the production of paper of any kind, and especially in so far as the same are or may be claimed to be affected by any combination or conspiracy to control, regulate, monopolize or restrain interstate or foreign commerce or trade in the production, manufacture, supply, distribution or sale of pulp wood, wood pulp or paper pulp or paper of any kind or any of the articles entering into the same, or any of the products of paper.

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FROM HIM AND BUMPED HIM OUT ON THE SIDEWALK.

McCoy is also engaged in supervising the building of a twenty-four foot boxing ring at McAllister. A ring already been set up for the Second, Fourteenth and Sixty-ninth, and another will be constructed at Pharr. There will be matches in each regiment, then the inter-regimental fights, and a final go for the division championship. Receipt of a challenge to-day from Kid Jones of Brownsville, "champion of Montgomery," found McCoy himself sparring for at least one more fight, and he accepted by wire. The formal order for brigading the division troops was issued to-day. As previously announced, the Second, Fourteenth and Sixty-ninth will form the First Brigade, under Gen. James W. Lester, at Mission; the Seventh, Twelfth and Seventy-first, the Second Brigade, at McAllen, under Gen. George R. Dyer, and the Third, Twenty-third and Forty-seventh, the Third Brigade, at Pharr, under Gen. William S. Wilson; the First and Second Field Artilleries will be brigaded under Gen. Williams McNair, and all the cavalry attached to the division will report to the senior cavalry commander, Col. C. I. Debevoise. By this order Squadron A loses a measure of its independence. Heretofore Major Wright has reported to division headquarters.

The following were designated to-day as the chief medical officers of the brigades: Major Walter C. Montgomery, for the First; Major Karl Connell, for the Second; Major H. P. Lips, for the Third, and Major Robert P. Wadhams for the auxiliary troops.

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The utmost in Cigarettes Plain end or Court tip People of culture, refinement and education invariably prefer Deities to any other cigarette. 25¢

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CIVIC ORCHESTRAL CONCERT.
Gulomar Novace, Brazilian Pianist, Is Soloist at Garden.
The third concert of the Civic Orchestral Society took place last night at Madison Square Garden. Gulomar Novace, the Brazilian pianist, was the soloist, playing Grieg's A minor concerto. Walter Henry Rothwell conducted the orchestra. The programme included Weber's "Oberon" overture and "Invitation to the Dance," Grieg's Peer Gynt Suite, Liszt's Symphonie Fesno No. 3 and the March Slav of Tschalkowsky.

JAMAICA SUGAR APPEAL.
Planters Urge British to Grant Them Preference.
Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
KINGSTON, Jamaica, July 15.—Representatives of the Jamaican sugar interests held a meeting here to-day under the presidency of Governor Sir Gen. Sir William H. Manning and urged the British Government to grant a preference to Jamaica sugar. The colony's sugar output is estimated at 200,000 tons yearly.

TIFFANY & Co.
PEARLS DIAMONDS
JEWELRY SILVER BRONZES
CLOCKS WATCHES CHINA
STATIONERY
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue
CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY

Men's Furnishing Shop
16 West 38th St.—Store Floor
Separate Shop, a Step from Fifth Avenue
TO-DAY at Special Prices

Men's Silk Shirts
Of Summer Weight Tub Silk with novelty satin stripes on light grounds. Special 2.85

Men's Japanese Crepe Shirts
Of fine quality Japanese cotton crepe, the newest and most desirable fabric for summer wear, in novelty stripes. Special 1.75

Regulation Army Shirts
Of khaki colored flannel, made according to the specifications of the United States Government. Special 2.25

Just Received New Importation of Regimental Silk Ties
Made in London for Franklin Simon & Co.
Bat-wings Four-in-hands
Special .75 Special 1.00

Golf and Tennis Shirts
FRANKLIN Shirts of white oxford, shrunk; collar attached, shrunk and lined; an ideal shirt for all outdoor wear; guaranteed not to shrink; regular or detachable sleeves; sizes, 13½ to 17. Special 1.75

Men's Pure Silk Sox
Men's pure thread Silk Sox, in black, white and colors; spliced heel, sole and toe. 3 pair for \$1.00 Special .35

Men's Bathing Suits
Professional model with belt loops on trunks, in solid navy blue or black. Special 3.50

Will Close Out TO-DAY
Men's Field Club Shirts
"STYLE REGISTERED" Made by Franklin Simon & Co.
A convertible collar shirt, ideal for golf, tennis and outdoor wear. Regular or elbow sleeves. Sizes 13½ to 18.
1.00 Heretofore \$1.75

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue
CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY
Men's Shoe Shop
4 West 38th St. Separate Shop, Store Floor
Clearance Sale
TO-DAY
Men's "Banister" Low Shoes
Black, tan or mahogany Russia calf, black patent kid, also in combinations of brown or taupe buckskin. White Buckskin Sport Low Shoes, also with combination of tan or black calf. 5.50 Heretofore \$7.00 to \$9.00
Men's FRANKLIN Shoes
(It's applied for)
Low Shoes
Made exclusively for Franklin Simon & Co.
Black Gun Metal Calf, tan or mahogany Russia Calf, patent leather, and Tan Calf Rubber Sole Low Shoes. 4.00 Heretofore \$5.00 and \$6.00
Men's Silk Lined Suits
Coats Half Silk Lined
For Men and Young Men—33 to 46 Chest
Two, three or four button semi-form fitting or conservative models in many new fabrics, coat half lined with silk, including sleeves and vest back. 21.50 Heretofore \$28.00 and \$30.00

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue
CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY
Men's Clothing Shop
8 West 38th St.—Store Floor
Separate Shop, a Step from Fifth Avenue
Will Continue TO-DAY
Annual Sale Men's Clothing
At Greatly Reduced Prices
Men's Sack Suits
33 to 46 Chest
Unlined, half or full lined
Our Standard \$22.00 and \$25.00 Suits 17.50
A reduced price that does not represent a reduction in quality.
NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS
Our entire regular stock of standard \$22.00 and \$25.00 suits at reduced prices. Eleven different models for men or young men. Thirty different fabrics.
Men's "Cool Cloth" Suits
For Men and Young Men—33 to 46 Chest
Sack or stitched belted back models; coat and trousers. 8.50
White Flannel Trousers
27 to 44 Waist; All Lengths
Of white tennis flannel, also striped white serge. 3.75