NO NOVELIST CAN CALL A SPY HIS OWN

Judge Mayer Decides Dashing Villains Are in Every Well Regulated Book.

REFUSES AN INJUNCTION

Court Decides "Arms and the Girl" Is Not a Plagiarism.

Among the many awful things for which the European war may be held responsible Judge Julius M Mayer of the Federal District Court includes the injection into modern fiction and the drama of the new character known as the international spy. Judge Mayer describes this new character in all its villainous phases in an opinion in the copyright injunction suit begun by Burton E. Stevenson, an author, against William Harris, Jr., and other persons connected with the production of the play "Arms and the Girl," which finished a run recently in this city and is now on the road.

Stevenson asked for a temporary injunction restraining the production of the play, which, he says, is built up from material taken from his war novel "Little Comrade," which was published complete in Munsey's Magazine in the issue of January, 1915. Judge Mayer refuses to enjoin the play. He rules that certain situations and characters are common to all literary efforts inspired by the war and cannot therefore be regarded as evidences of plagiarism.

A Writing Education.

The Judge's opinion is a liberal education in the art of writing war dramas or war novels and contains all the cardinal rules to be followed in that art. To begin with there must always be the spy, who "gums" things up, and a dashing American hero, who "ungums" them. Then there must be a quick witted American girl or a charming foreign one. Add a little touch of love, the Judge advises, and the story or play is complete, provided the writer has not given the hero some such ordinary name as James or John, which would be fatal to the success of the story or play.

"He must have the kind of name which annoys him through life," says the Judge, "while fortunately for the readers or the audience the heroine must have a simple name of Biblical or historic origin.

"But every well regulated novel and war play must have a spy," says the Judge. "Having acquired a spy the novel and the play require that the spy must get somebody into trouble. Stage and story made spies are always very villainous persons. When they are humble men they usually have heavy eyebrows, a stoop or a slouch and a sinister look. When they are higher up in spydom they are well groomed and have an erect bearing, but they must also have a sinister look.

Ha! The Handsome Spy.

"Female spies usually must be handsome, or at least attractive. Sometimes they have flashing jewels, although occasionally a minor female spy who, say, is the landlady of an inn, is permitted to be afflicted with embonpoint rather than jewels.

"Thus this war added a new class of spies to fiction, and some say to real life. Persons supposed to have been kindly and inoffensive, it seems, are spies, and most of these are in some way connected with inns. It is a sad revelation. Can it be that the kindly Teuton at the Hof in Berlin who sees that your trunks reach America safely was a French spy? Is it possible that the solicitous and delightful host at the Dijon, who recommended the juicy chateaubriand was a German spy?

"Is it true that the genial head of that charming half villa, half inn with the little garden covered with vines at Rudesheim was in reality a Russian spy, and finally must we believe that the accomplished proprietor of that homelike abode in Biarritz, where you are told that you will be more comfortable than at the Palais, because with him you are a name and there you are a number, was not in fact a loyal Frenchman, but a member of the German secret service?"

Don't Forget the Passport.

Lost or stolen passports, Judge Mayer says, are good complicating factors in war novels and plays. It is also a good idea, he says, to add to the dramatis personae a gruff old general whose deep bass voice exercised chiefly in swearing at waiters conceals a kindly disposition. But this character is not absolutely indispensable so long as the love affair between the manly American "who courts danger for the sake of chivalry," and the quick witted American girl who "never fails to extricate everybody from complications after having herself created them," turns out happily.

The substitution of a charming foreign woman for the quick witted American heroine is not only permissible, Judge Mayer thinks, but likely to make a hit with the reading or theatre going public, if the exotic substitute has a deep, patriotic conviction which makes her insensible to danger.

LAWYER AWARDED $400,000.

Justice Van Siclen Rules on Russian Cartridge Contract.

Justice James Van Siclen of the Supreme Court decided yesterday that Charles Fuller, a lawyer of 115 Broadway, is entitled to receive $400,000 as commission for getting a Russian contract for 1,000,000,000 cartridges for the Bradley Contracting Company, even though his principals were unable to carry out the contract after it had been entered into.

A part of the agreement was that the Bradley company should purchase control of the Savage Arms Company, but negotiations to this end failed. Mr. Fuller, however, claimed his commission of 40 cents a thousand cartridges on the ground that he had fulfilled his part of the deal.

The case came up before a jury last November, but ended when Col. Henry M. Bennett of Oyster Bay was arrested, charged with trying to bribe a juror. It was then agreed to try the case before a Justice of the Supreme Court. The Bradley company will take an appeal.

FEDERAL MEDIATOR HERE.

G. W. Hanger Will Try to Adjust New Haven Strike.

George W. Hanger, assistant Commissioner of the Federal Board of Mediation and Conciliation, reached here yesterday to try to patch up the differences between the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and the switchmen and telegraphers.

In the afternoon Mr. Hanger had conferences with representatives of the Railroad Telegraphers Union. He announced that he will try to adjust the differences singlehanded and informally; if he fails he will cause the differences to be arbitrated.

NURSE DIES IN FIRE IN HER PATIENT'S BED

Her Dress Ablaze From Alcohol Stove—She Fails to Smother Blaze.

In full view of the sick and helpless girl she had been attending, Mrs. Helen Duntley, a nurse, was burned to death yesterday when alcohol she was heating became ignited and set fire to her dress.

Since Saturday she had been nursing the daughter of James Tobin of 3692 Broadway. Following the instructions of the physician, she was preparing to give her patient an alcohol bath yesterday. She had moved Miss Tobin out of her bed to a couch in the dining room.

Somehow the alcohol in a pan on the stove became ignited and the flames caught Mrs. Duntley's dress. She ran screaming through the rooms, while Miss Tobin added her screams to the noise. Mrs. Duntley then leaped into the bed which Miss Tobin had occupied and attempted to smother the flames in the bedding. But the bedclothes caught fire and the alcohol fumes and the smoke soon overcame her.

John O'Connor, superintendent of the apartment house, heard the screams and broke down the door. He carried Miss Tobin to another apartment. The fumes nearly overcame him, but he opened a window and soon revived. When an ambulance physician got there Mrs. Duntley was dead.

She was 50 years old and lived at 53 West 130th street. She leaves two sons; one, Walter, who lives at 1319 Washington avenue; the address of the other, Chester, could not be learned.

HELD FOR MILITIA SWINDLE.

Two Accused of Using the Mails to Defraud.

James F. Mendels and Vincent C. King, both of 601 West 138th street, were arraigned before United States Commissioner Clarence S. Houghton yesterday on a charge of using the mails to swindle persons who were made to believe that they were contributing toward a Christmas fund for the families of members of the Fourteenth Regiment of Brooklyn. Mendels was held in $5,000 bail and King in $1,000.

Post Office Inspector Howard B. Mayhew, who made out the complaint, is looking for a third man who is said to have posed as Col. John H. Foote of the Fourteenth.

Among those who responded to the appeal on behalf of the families of the guardsmen were T. Oakley Rhinelander, 31 Nassau street; A. A. Fowler of the firm of Rogers & Brown, coal and iron dealers, 30 Church street, and Benjamin Lawrence, a mining engineer at 60 Wall street.

NEW TRINITY MANAGER.

Vestry Takes Its First Step Toward Business Efficiency.

Trinity Church's plans for putting the business affairs of the parish on a sound financial basis were started on their way yesterday afternoon. The vestry, it was announced, adopted all the plans which the younger element in its membership has urged during the long fight for greater efficiency in handling the corporation's $16,000,000 of property holdings.

William H. Wheelock, vice-president of the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Real Estate Company, and one of the most prominent men in his business in the city, was appointed to take complete control, with the title of manager, of Trinity's real estate. At the same time H. H. Cammann, who for twenty years has been controller of the parish, with full charge of the church's business affairs, asked to be relieved from the duties of his office. Mr. Cammann will continue as a member of the vestry.

Although nothing definite concerning the plans for reorganization was divulged it was intimated by the vestry that there will be radical changes not only in the system of management in future, but in the character and identity of Trinity's holdings.

Gen. Carroll Leaves All to Widow.

Under the will of Gen. Howard Carroll, soldier, author, financier and contractor, which was filed for probate yesterday, the entire estate, believed to be worth several hundred thousand dollars, is bequeathed to his widow, Mrs. Caroline S. Carroll. The General, who died on December 30, asks that his widow assure their daughter, Miss Caramai Carroll, an income of $1,000 a month for life.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Waldorf-Astoria—Miss M. Jamison, Lakewood; Edward F. Geltra, Kansas City; F. C. Ball, E. A. Ball and E. B. Ball, Muncie, Ind.

Biltmore—Robert J. and Mrs. Dodds, Charles J. Fox, J. J. Campbell, Pittsburg.

Claridge—W. A. Riddell, Albany; Benjamin and Frank Brosco, Jackson, Mich.; R. W. Bowen, Elkhart, Ind.; I. M. Schellinger, Royersford, Pa.

Belmont—William A. Paton, Princeton; Edward Milligan, Hartford; H. Jennings, Washington; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Burt, San Francisco; A. C. Higgins, Worcester; Henry D. Tudor, Boston.

Vanderbilt—Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Fletcher, Providence; W. W. Sunderland, Dayton.

Manhattan—G. W. W. Hanger, Washington; S. Parker Bremer, Boston; B. Bevier, Philadelphia; H. S. White, Pittsburg.

McAlpin—T. S. Montgomery, Cement, Cal.; Dr. Ernst Kunwald, Cincinnati; C. W. Harrington, Mobile; C. L. Newcomb, Jr., Wilmington; J. Reuben Clark, Jr., Washington.

Plaza—Everett L. Woodward, Le Roy, N. Y.; Samuel Weil, Rochester; G. A. Gam, Montreal; E. R. Kemp, Tulsa, Okla.

Netherland—James A. and Mrs. Benedict, Katonah, N. Y.; Howard and Nathan Schloss, Baltimore; F. M. White, L. B. Sanders, Boston; Raymond G. Sloan, Philadelphia.

Ritz-Carlton—Clay A. Pierce, James H. Brookmire, St. Louis; F. E. and Mrs. Wadsworth, Detroit; Atkinson Allen and wife, Rochester; J. N. Mitchell, Philadelphia; Albert, Mrs. and the Misses Hallstead, Vienna; Charles J. Glidden, Boston.

Murray Hill—F. J. Bailey, New Haven; Dr. and Mrs. D. C. Trott, Miss Anna Outerbridge, Bermuda; H. B. Pendleton, Waterbury; A. E. Bard, Hartford; P. B. Wheeler, Holyoke; W. F. Kimball, Brookline; Morgan Day, St. Louis.

Park Avenue—W. N. Lancaster, Springfield; I. C. Pueston and wife, York, Pa.; Charles A. Warren, Kingston, N. Y.; Charles E. Westervelt, Oneonta; J. H. Rose and wife, New Haven.

Herald Square—J. C. Schulte, Lancaster; David T. and Mrs. Bond, Ware, Mass.; Homer Nicholson, Scranton; W. A. and Mrs. Ward, Wheeling; C. E. Howell and wife, Elmira; Kirk Adams, St. Louis.

Marie Antoinette—F. M. Kimball, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Kanter, Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Payne, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Stearns, Cleveland.

Grand—Charles C. Cozzens, Allentown; Mr. and Mrs. George E. Towle, Waterbury; F. H. Watson and wife, Providence; C. C. Hungerford, Washington; George W. Golden, Baltimore.

Imperial—A. B. King, Minneapolis; J. B. Bush, Albany; G. B. Tuthill, Rochester; Y. Kano, Washington; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Baker, London; George L. Nelson, Binghamton.

SYNDICATE GETS MERCHANTS' BANK

New Directors Chosen and Ex-Senator Burton Is Elected President.

OTHER BOARD CHANGES

Annual Meetings of All National Banks Held in Accordance With Law.

Control of the Merchants National Bank passed into the hands of the syndicate formed last year by George Coffing Warner, a lawyer of 42 Broadway, at the annual meeting yesterday, the day set for the annual meetings of all national banks. The entire board of directors and R. M. Gallaway, president, and Joseph Byrne, vice-president, resigned. A new board and officers were immediately elected by the new interests, said to be closely associated with Joseph W. Harriman, nephew of the late E. H. Harriman.

The syndicate, which has been fighting for control of the bank since last summer, voted approximately 21,500 shares out of a total of 40,000. It is understood the undertaking cost the syndicate more than $2,500,000. Associated with Mr. Warner were George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., president of the Metropolitan Trust Company and former State Superintendent of Banks, and Louis G. Kaufman, president of the Chatham and Phenix National Bank.

The new president of the bank is Theodore N. Burton, former United States Senator from Ohio. Owen E. Paynter, who has been with the bank twenty years, was elected cashier; Frank L. Hilton assistant cashier; George E. Talbot assistant cashier, and Irving S. Gregory, assistant cashier.

Advisory Council Chosen.

The new board of directors consists of President Burton, Walter S. Eddy of C. K. Eddy & Sons, Eberhard Faber, manufacturer; Raymond E. Jones, New York agent of the Royal Bank of Canada; Arthur G. Meyer of Arthur G. Meyer & Co.; William F. Neu, treasurer of the Steel Rail Supply Company; Charles E. Potts, president and treasurer of J. B. Locke & Potts; W. Rose Proctor, Robert Hamilton Rucker, Carl F. Sturham, William F. Wall, president of the Wall Rope Works, and F. S. Whitten of Delaware.

A feature of the new management is the creation of an advisory council. This is composed of George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., chairman; Joseph W. Harriman, Dean Sage, counsel for the bank; Anthony R. Kuser, Frank G. Crowell and Waldo Newcomer. Robert M. Gallaway, former president of the bank, and Edward Holbrook, former director, were elected directors of the Hanover National Bank immediately following their resignation from the Merchants Bank. Joseph Byrne, formerly vice-president and cashier, was elected a cashier of the Hanover.

There were only a few changes in the boards of other large banks.

At the meeting of the Chase National Henry B. Endicott of Boston and Edward T. Nichols, vice-president of the Great Northern Railway, were added to the board. Charles E. Dunlap of the Berwind-White Coal Company was elected a director of the National Bank of Commerce, and Earle D. Babst, president of the American Sugar Refining Company, became a director of the National City Bank. The directors of the latter bank appointed John H. Fulton, formerly president of the Commercial National Bank of New Orleans, a vice-president; George E. Gregory, formerly cashier, vice-president; Thomas A. Reynolds, formerly assistant cashier, cashier; Andrew Mills, Jr., manager of the bond department, an assistant cashier, and E. P. Currier, formerly secretary to the president, assistant to the president.

Retiring directors of the Sherman National Bank were reelected, and James M. Bixon of the Tobacco Products Corporation was added to the board to fill a vacancy. At a subsequent meeting W. Ettingon was elected a vice-president. At the meeting of the Second National Thomas A. Howell and F. Coit Johnson were elected directors to succeed Frank A. Munsey and J. J. Sinclair, resigned. Other directors were reelected.

There were no changes at the meetings of the Seaboard National, Chatham and Phenix, Citizens Central, American Exchange, Atlantic National, National City of Brooklyn, Importers and Traders and Nassau National. R. H. Dunham and Charles D. Hilles were elected directors of the Liberty National to fill the vacancies caused by the resignations of Thomas Cochran and Newcomb Carlton. The old board of the New York County National Bank was reelected with the exception of Frank R. Leland, whose place was filled by George L. Sherer. All retiring directors of the Garfield National were reelected, and Joseph H. Emery and William N. McIlravy were added to the board.

H. C. Phipps Retires.

At the meeting of the First National Bank of Brooklyn retiring directors were reelected and Herman A. Metz, John T. Barry and William S. Irish, vice-president and cashier of the bank, were added to the board. Henry C. Phipps retired at the meeting of the Lincoln National Bank, and Edward W. Brown and William S. Hawk were elected. Louis J. Robertson was elected a director of the Union Exchange National to succeed Albert H. Wiggins, resigned. John J. Pierpont and Lewis Cass Ledyard, Jr., were added to the board of the National Park Company, which otherwise remains the same.

William B. Franklin and Frank C. Jennings were added to the board of the Market and Fulton National Bank. Charles E. Dunlap was elected a director of the National Bank of Commerce. J. R. Morron, president of the Atlas Portland Cement Company, was made a director of the First National Bank. The other directors were reelected. William E. S. Griswold was elected a director of the Mechanics and Metals National. The Fifth Avenue Bank's directors were reelected.

John F. Bermingham, William M. Hager and Stanley F. Judwin were added to the board of the Coal and Iron National. The Chemical National Bank's board was reelected. Added to the board of the Harriman National were Francis G. Lloyd, president of Brooks Brothers; William Bayne, Jr., and Charles Thorley. The directors voted to increase the capital from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

1% Per MONTH ON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

Applications for loans of large amounts will be considered at the office at Fourth Avenue and 25th Street.

MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.

BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN
Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

WAX IS IDENTIFIED AS OLIVER OSBORNE

William J. Kitchen Says He's Man Who Registered at Plainfield Hotel.

ANOTHER IS NOT SURE

Court Uncertain on Point Raised for Dismissal of Safford Indictment.

Charles H. Wax, who insists he is Oliver Osborne, made his legal debut yesterday before Judge Learned Hand in the United States criminal court, where Frank D. Safford is on trial for perjury. He was taken into court by deputy United States marshals and stood before the jurors while William J. Kitchen, former proprietor of the Kensington Hotel, Plainfield, N. J., identified him as the real Oliver who had registered at the hotel in October, 1914, with a young woman alleged to be Rae Tanzer.

Just before the entrance of Wax, Kitchen had scrutinized James W. Osborne closely and had said emphatically that Mr. Osborne was not Oliver. Thereupon William Rand, Jr., who assisted by Samuel Hershenstein, is prosecuting the Government's case, called for "Mr. Wax." Within a few seconds in strode Wax, dolled up in his flossiest clothes.

Identified by Kitchen.

He wore a neat blue sack suit with a blue handkerchief showing from a side pocket. A dainty tie, fastened with a striking scarf pin, struck the eyes of the jurors. Wax, with shoulders thrown back and heels together in military fashion, gazed toward Kitchen, who bent forward in his chair and crisply said in answer to Rand's question as to whether Wax was the man:

"It certainly is."

"Are you quite sure?"

"I am quite positive."

"That's all," said Rand to Wax, and as the latter turned to leave the room Benjamin Slade, attorney for Safford, who has testified before a United States Commissioner that James W. Osborne is Oliver, stepped forward and directed Safford to rise. Safford, tall and lean, got to his feet, and he and Wax faced each one. There was no sign of recognition on the part of either. Safford shook his head and sat down. Wax turned and walked from the court room.

Other Witnesses Called.

That was the chief event of interest at yesterday's session of the Safford trial. Another was the announcement by Judge Hand that he had investigated the point raised by Mr. Slade in his motion for the dismissal of the indictment, namely, that a charge of perjury cannot be predicated on an oath taken before a United States Commissioner. He referred to one decision which upheld Mr. Slade in that contention and then said: "I am surprised that there is nothing I can find to offset that decision." He announced he would go further into the authorities and meantime would reserve decision on the point.

The Government continued the presentation of its case by calling Post Office Inspector Swain and Joseph A. Baker, assistant superintendent of the local division of Federal agents. Another Government witness was Frank G. Lapp, who was working in the hotel at the time Oliver Osborne and the woman registered there. Lapp insisted that Mr. Osborne was not Oliver, but he could not say whether Wax was Oliver.

Slade Rebuked.

Slade questioned Lapp until finally Judge Hand bent forward and said:

"It seems to me, Mr. Slade, that you are abusing your privileges of cross-examination. You must ask him more pertinent questions." Slade tried to protest, but the Judge said:

"I don't care for any argument."

Rae Tanzer will be called by the Government this morning to identify certain papers and letters, but she will not be questioned as to the identity of Oliver. James W. Osborne also will be a witness for the Government.

CHICAGO GRAFT CONFESSIONS.

Police "Fixer" and a Lieutenant Inform on Chief Healey.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Two confessions have been obtained in connection with State's Attorney Maclay Hoyne's crusade to "clean up" the Police Department. Mr. Hoyne said to-night they came from men arrested in the last twenty-four hours, and one of them, he said, bears directly on his charge of extortion, bribery and conspiracy against Charles C. Healey, Chief of Police.

Eleven persons so far have been taken into custody. Besides Chief Healey and his confidential secretary, they include Thomas Costello, alleged "fixer," and Lieut. White. The two latter are the ones said to have confessed.

NEW JERSEY DELIVERS ELECTORAL VOTE FIRST

Col. Salter Stayed Up All Night in Washington to Register Result.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The electoral vote of New Jersey was the first to be delivered here to-day. Col. Salter of Trenton, who carried the returns, arrived in Washington at 10 o'clock last night, but could not locate Vice-President Marshall, who is in Arizona, or his secretary, Mark Thistlewaite, who was at the theatre.

So the Colonel placed the hotel rotunda until 1:30 this morning, when he succeeded in getting the Vice-President's secretary out of bed. He was told the vote would have to be delivered to the Vice-President's office at the Capitol, so he had a taxicab at the apartment house in which Thistlewaite lived at 8 A. M. and conveyed him and the ballots to the Senate, where the New Jersey returns were formally acknowledged and placed under lock and key.

A few minutes later the Maryland messenger from Rockville, only a few miles out of Washington, came hurrying in, believing he had "put one over" because of his proximity to Washington. But his ballots were found to be irregular for some reason and the Maryland returns dropped into fourth place, while Rhode Island came under the wire second with Virginia third. Connecticut came later in the day. Thereafter interest in the returns subsided. The messengers will be dropping in from now on and little interest will be taken in their arrival. There is always an interest in the first few arrivals.

Col. Salter, who made the record for New Jersey to-day, simply repeated his performance of 1913, when he was the State's messenger and outdistanced all others.

The returns as they arrive will be placed in the Vice-President's custody until turned over for the official canvass in the presence of both houses, which will come in February.

FOREIGN MISSIONS AT RECORD LEVEL

Contributions by American Protestant Churches for 1916 Total $19,294,000.

Protestants of the United States gave last year for foreign missions $19,294,000. This is $2,100,000 more than in 1915, and is more than any country has ever given for such purposes. In addition Canada gave $1,135,000. The figures were made public yesterday at the Foreign Missions Conference, now being held in Garden City, L. I.

Ten years ago the Protestant denominations of the United States gave about $8,000,000, so the increase in ten years has been 150 per cent. In spite of strengthened support there were 40,000 fewer new members last year than in 1915. Never before have contributions to foreign missions been so large.

The Methodists led all the rest, giving to their missions $2,764,000. But the women of the Methodist Church maintain a separate society, which had an income during 1916 of $1,024,000.

The Presbyterians were second, with $2,328,000; the Baptists gave $1,700,000; Congregationalists, $1,265,000; Episcopalians, $985,000, while the Y. M. C. A. gave to foreign work $814,000. Baptist women gave $680,000, and those of the Southern Baptist Church an additional $761,000.

The people among whom the missions are working gave to the support of the same religious institutions that the foreign missions societies here are supporting $1,750,000, or about 25 cents for every dollar contributed here.

MRS. STOPPANI SEEKS $12,000.

Sues Her Husband Under a Separation Agreement.

Joseph H. Stoppani was sued yesterday in the Supreme Court for $12,000 which Mrs. Ida M. Stoppani alleges is due her as unpaid allowance under a separation agreement. According to Jerome, Rand & Kresel, attorneys for Mrs. Stoppani, her husband was the former member of the bankrupt brokerage house of Stoppani & Hotchkin, who was convicted of grand larceny on May 5 last and released on bail pending an appeal.

Mrs. Stoppani denoses in her affidavit that her suit for separation in 1910 and her husband's counter claim were settled by a separation pact, whereby he was to pay her $1,000 in cash and $4,500 a year in monthly payments. She said that he ceased his payments after July, 1914.

Pennsylvania Leaves Port.

The battleship Pennsylvania, Capt. Henry B. Wilson, flagship of Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commander in chief of the Atlantic Fleet, sailed yesterday morning for Guantanamo, Cuba, for the winter manoeuvres. In the several weeks she has been in port she has increased her complement by 300. She is accompanied by the battleships Wyoming, New York, Texas and Arkansas.

New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation

48, 50, 52 Great Jones Street, New York City

Announces that it will offer the following merchandise for sale at Public Auction without reserve at its sale to be held at Masonic Hall, 46 West 24th Street, New York, beginning January 22nd, at 10 o'clock, and extending up to and including January 25th.

Buyers will be allowed four months from the Prompt Day, Feb. 15th, during which to clear their purchases.

MONDAY, Jan. 22nd

300 Fisher	500 Cross Fox
80 Wolverine	270 Silver Fox
550 Otter	450 White Fox
100 Blue Fox	225 Kitt Fox
5400 Red Fox	825 Australian Fox
450 Grey Fox	

TUESDAY, Jan. 23rd

61000 Australian Opossum	800 Bear
6000 Ringtail Opossum	2300 Badger
15700 Mink	600000 Muskrat
1125 Marten	
23000 Kolinsky	
19000 Nutria	

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24th

4000 Lynx	9000 Civet Cat
6400 Wild Cat	80000 Mole
3000 House Cat	70000 Opossum
29000 Ermine	8000 Wolf
3800 Beaver	
115 Russian Sable	

THURSDAY, Jan. 25th

260 Leopard	21000 Siberian Squirrel
7000 Marmot	36500 Raccoon
11000 Chinese Weasel	85000 Skunk

Also sundries consisting of Wombat (54), Turkish Fox (600), Australian Rabbit (70 lbs.), Chinchilla (400), Leopard Cat (800), Viscacha (1100), Guanaco (400).

Goods on show and Catalogs ready Jan. 17th.

ANGLERS AT DINNER SWAP MANY YARNS

Edward R. Hewitt Takes Reins as President, Succeeding Dr. F. C. Raynor.

If the Lord made fishin'
Then a fellow ought to fish.
—Dan Beard's ballads.

Dr. F. C. Raynor, who has carried the Anglers Club of New York through 1916 without striking a snag, turned the organization over at the Hotel Navarre last night to its 1917 president, Edward R. Hewitt, the best all around angler of the club and distinguished also for being the son of former Mayor Hewitt and a grandson of Peter Cooper. To do this properly it was necessary to have a spread and after dinner talks and moving pictures to add a touch of truth to the stories told.

Bankers, brokers, lawyers, doctors, engineers, authors, lecturers and explorers relaxed from their ordinary pursuits. They said quite frankly they spend their time in fool professions; the true occupation of them all, as they admitted, is living in the open and fishing.

As the toastmaster, Dan C. Beard, put it, a clam is, always has and always will be a clam, and the only thing that separates man from a clam is imagination and ambition, which only little children and fishermen possess to their fullest.

And for one night at least the fishermen and hunters who comprise the Anglers Club got away from asphalt streets, the canyons of Wall Street and Broadway and other things that recall the day's occupation and followed Mr. Hewitt along trout brooks, Robert Frothingham through outdoor trails that led to record sheep in Alberta and monster moose in New Brunswick, followed the trail of W. N. Beach in Quebec and cast for tarpon, snook, jack and cavally with David T. Abercrombie in Central America.

Between courses Mr. Beach told yarns about the wonderful Quebec fishing and hunting country, where in the preserve of the Caughnawanna Club a moose with a 72 inch spread and a 35 pound lake trout are records.

At another table George M. La Branche, who introduced dry fly fishing to to Americans with his "Dry Fly in Fast Waters," lived over again his taking of his ten sea trout weighing twenty-six pounds in one hour on a dry fly in the waters of the Upsalsquitch River, the last tributary to the Restigouche before it enters the Bay of Chaleurs. Then he quit. He absolutely refused to take any more.

Charles Zibeon Southard, who wrote "Trout Fly Fishing in America," told of strange lures that the trout will take. Every one stopped long enough, however, to drink a toast to the recovery of one of the oldest members of the club and one of its best story tellers, Oscar T. Mackey, who is ill. The club nominated him a director and elected him unanimously.

Explains Work for Mary Pickford.

Samuel M. Field, lawyer, who began suit recently against Mary Pickford, the movie actress, for $5,000 alleged to be due him for legal services, stated in a bill of particulars filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday that his good offices helped her to withdraw from a disadvantageous contract and obtain another by which she receives $10,000 a week and a percentage of the receipts. The film star has denied retaining Field.

SCHOOL OPENS TO PAVE WAY FOR BILLY SUNDAY

Personal Workers' Institute Holds First Session in West End Church.

The Personal Workers' Institute—827 delegates in all—of the Billy Sunday organization met last night in the West End Presbyterian Church, 105th street and Amsterdam avenue. The Rev. Howard Agnew Johnston, D. D., began his instruction along the lines of his book, "Studies for Personal Workers," the subject matter of which is to be explained during institute sessions to be held on five consecutive Tuesdays.

The delegates enrolled in the personal work are made up of six members chosen from each of 200 churches throughout the city. Dr. Johnston at the first session last night outlined the first part of his book. He dwelt upon man's personal needs, the necessity of persuading new members to join Billy Sunday's ranks, the crime of unconcern. During the first part of his talk he emphasized two main points—the realization of Christ and the vitalization of man.

Each delegate purchased small paper covered copies of Dr. Johnston's book, which were on sale inside the church at 25 cents each. The book, containing twenty studies, is a survey of the subject of personal work on the part of the Christian believer. It seeks to answer questions arising in experiences most common in the attempt to win people to Christ.

Each delegate has received tags, the presentation of which designates his attendance at the sessions. Boy Scouts collected the tags at the door of the church last night.

BAR ASSOCIATION ELECTS.

George L. Ingraham Succeeds G. W. Wickersham as President.

The Association of the Bar of the City of New York held its annual meeting last night at the association building, 42 West Forty-fourth street.

The retiring president, George W. Wickersham, opened the meeting, giving up the chair later to George L. Ingraham, who was elected president. John Parker Karlin, Arthur H. Masten, De Lancey Nicoll and John C. Secor were elected vice-presidents. Charles Howard Strong was elected recording secretary in the place of Silas B. Brown, who has held that position since 1878. The corresponding secretary elected was Perry Davis Trafford and the treasurer, S. Sidney Smith.

ARNOLD DALY UNDER KNIFE.

Actor Gravely Ill With Peritonitis at Roosevelt Hospital.

Arnold Daly, the actor, who has been appearing in "The Master" at the Fulton and the Bandbox Theatres, was suddenly taken ill last night and was operated on for peritonitis at the Roosevelt Hospital shortly before midnight. His condition at an early hour this morning was reported as quite serious.

Mr. Daly is best known as an interpreter and producer of George Bernard Shaw's plays. He first played "Candida," at the Princess Theatre in 1903, and since that time has produced and played in a number of other Shaw pieces, including "Arms and the Man" which he also played in London under the personal supervision of the author in 1911.

JACOB H. SCHIFF, 70, DECLINES BANQUET

Financier Will Celebrate His Birthday To-day in Seclusion of His Family.

Jacob H. Schiff celebrates the seventieth anniversary of his birth to-day. That he might have plenty of time to enjoy the birthday with his family, at his Fifth avenue home, Mr. Schiff worked with great rapidity at his office at Kuhn, Loeb & Co. yesterday, and cleaned up a lot of business details.

His desk, piled with work in the morning, had been cleared by noon, and in the afternoon he attended a meeting of the board of directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company, of which he is a member.

"Mr. Schiff is one of the youngest men around this bank," said a member of his firm yesterday, "and the amount of work that he can master and clean up in a short time is tremendous."

At his own request the proposal of a large number of his friends to tender him a public banquet in honor of his seventieth birthday and his great services, public and private, was not carried out.

"I desire to spend the day," he replied to these proposals, "as a day of joy for American Jewry in the seclusion of my own family."

The current issue of the *American Hebrew* contains comments on the life and activities of Mr. Schiff by Secretary William G. McAdoo, Mayor Mitchel of New York, Dr. John H. Finley, New York State Commissioner of Education; Dr. Charles W. Eliot, Hamilton Holt and others. Secretary McAdoo, in a tribute, points to Mr. Schiff as "a rare combination of the financier and the altruist, a man who has preserved throughout a long and successful career a genuine sympathy with the masses."

AMERICAN ICE REORGANIZED.

Securities Co. Will Be Dissolved and Large Sum Saved.

Plans for the reorganization of the American Ice Company have been completed and call for the dissolution of the American Ice Securities Company, which will be succeeded by the American Ice Company, the stock of which will be traded under that name. The Securities company owns 99½ per cent. of the outstanding preferred stock of the American Ice Company, together with $2,972,650 of debentures and other indebtedness. It is proposed to pay this off by selling 57,150 shares of the preferred stock from the treasury after stripping it of its cumulative features.

This stock will be offered to Securities company shareholders on a basis proportionate to their holdings. Besides holders will receive a bonus of 40 per cent. in common stock. A syndicate has been formed to take all stock not taken up by the stockholders. The syndicate managers are Harris, Winthrop & Co. and C. D. Barney & Co.

The remaining assets of the Securities company will be distributed among stockholders on a pro rata basis. The latter will receive 48 per cent. of their present holdings in preferred stock and 25 per cent. of common stock of the American Ice Company. The net result, it is figured, will be the elimination of the holding company and a saving of $193,000 a year in the interest charges on debentures, taxes and administrative expenses.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Lawyers Mortgage Company

RICHARD M. HURD, President

JANUARY 1, 1917

The Gross Sales of Guaranteed Mortgages, including extensions, for the past year amount to $41,781,187, the net increase in Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages amounts to $3,651,261, and the total Guaranteed Mortgages outstanding amount to $148,015,794.

The aim of the Company during the past year has been directed towards maintaining its strong position by carrying large amounts of cash in Bank, lending more conservatively than before, requiring reductions on account of the principal of maturing mortgages and forcing the sale of foreclosed real estate. The Company has collected during the past five years $6,171,806 of instalments in reduction of outstanding mortgages, and borrowers are obligated to make further payments of $1,737,622 during the life of their present loans.

For the past three years the Company has loaned money direct to owners of real estate through its own Mortgage Loan Department. This added service to borrowers as well as lenders has facilitated the conduct of the Company's business and increased its earnings.

The sales of mortgages for recent years are as follows:

	Mortgages Sold	Net Gain in Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages	Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages December 31st.
1913	31,955,577	6,558,300	137,726,913
1914	39,460,086	3,139,008	140,865,921
1915	45,844,367	3,498,612	144,364,533
1916	41,781,187	3,651,261	148,015,794

EARNINGS

	1916	1915	1914	1913	1912
Premiums for Guarantees	$684,030	$672,919	$690,817	$667,137	$614,564
Interest on Mortgages	254,893	257,405	358,169	338,188	355,480
Fees, etc	89,194	122,587	161,591	16,125	21,343
Gross Earnings	$1,028,117	$1,052,912	$1,210,577	$1,021,445	$991,387

EXPENSES

Salaries	$202,071	$194,065	$188,798	$134,879	$125,120
Rent	23,800	24,550	25,000	17,333	18,000
Advertising and Stationery	28,415	25,683	24,155	21,572	19,485
Taxes and General Expenses	51,437	41,823	49,339	37,189	38,171
Expenses	$305,723	$286,122	$287,290	$210,973	$200,776
Net Earnings	$722,394	$766,790	$923,287	$810,475	$790,611

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
New York City Mortgages	$5,281,960.14	Capital	$6,000,000.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	299,254.69	Surplus	2,750,000.00
Company's Brooklyn Building—cost	175,000.00	Undivided Profits	301,470.91
Real Estate	1,429,659.63	Mortgages Sold, not delivered	283,283.05
Real Estate under contract of sale	399,056.50	Reserved for Premiums, etc	27,656.57
Cash	1,777,479.57		
Total	$9,362,410.53	Total	$9,362,410.53

The Assets and Liabilities of the Company have been verified and the Company's accounts certified as of December 31, 1916, by The Audit Company of New York.

The Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages of the Company are divided among the customers of the Company as follows:

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