

WILLIONS USED HERE FOR SEDITION PLOTS

Vast Sums Paid by Von Papen and Von Igel to Hindus in New York.

GUPTA FREED ON BAIL

Federal Grand Jury Investigating His Connection With German Attaches.

Ever since the beginning of the war, it was learned yesterday, Capt. Franz von Papen, when military attaché of Germany in this country, and Wolf von Igel, after Von Papen's dismissal, have been feeding large amounts of money to the heads of Hindu organizations. The \$25,000 which Von Papen gave to Haramba L. Gupta, Bengali, arrested on Sunday and formally arraigned before United States Commissioner Hitchcock, and the \$65,000 which Von Igel paid to Dr. Chandra Chakraborty, comprise only a small part of the money expended by the two men in the sympathy and support of Hindus.

Had a Bomb Making School.

The extent to which some of the Hindus have gone, presumably out of the nationalist movement in India, is revealed by the fact that the Hindu had a place in the State of Washington where they were taught the art of bomb making.

Ordered to Leave Japan.

From other sources the nature of Gupta's confession was learned. It seems that Gupta and another Hindu left this country in August, 1915, to go to Japan. Arrangements had been made by which two Bengalese were to meet ten other Hindus in Tokyo, who were to travel there from India.

Hidden Between False Walls.

The Japanese, according to Gupta's story, promised them protection. "We were taken to one of the many houses this man owned," explained Gupta, "and were hidden between two false walls. We stayed there all the time except when we would come out for our meals. There was a secret entrance to the place by means of a panel and we never were discovered, although a score of secret agents, searching every house owned by the politician, looked for us."

Sekunna Promises Aid.

The police and the Federal authorities are reported to have received distinct aid from the confession or the statements made to them by Sekunna. The German is reported to have promised his aid to the authorities in the carrying out of the mystery still existing in connection with the activities of Germans and Hindus in this country.

Another Seized As Spy.

A man describing himself as Jean Humbert, a German, of 182 West street, and a shoemaker, was arrested at Broad street yesterday afternoon by two detectives from Hudson county, New Jersey. He is charged in an indictment with Fritz Kolb and Hans Schwartz with having explosives in Kolb's room in the Commercial Hotel, Hoboken, and with the murder of the Hoboken police Humbert is said to be the "Carl" from whom Humbert was taken to Police Headquarters, where he was detained pending arrangements to have him removed to New Jersey.

Count Zepelin's Funeral.

BOSTON, March 12.—The funeral of Count Zepelin was held this afternoon at St. Mark's. Many years ago the late inventor erected his own vault in the Park Cemetery at Stuttgart and therefore Count Zepelin declined the honor which was made to her by the King of Württemberg to give the state a tomb in the Royal Cemetery. King William II. was present at the ceremony, which was very brief, owing to the illness of the Countess.

MUTINY IN MILITIA DENIED.

Lieut. Hammond Asserts Revolvers Were Not Drawn Against Men. A report that forty men of Company G, Tenth Regiment of the New York National Guard, mutinied when ordered from the army at Yonkers Sunday night to relieve the guard on the Catskill Aqueduct, and obeyed the order only when the army guard threatened them with fixed bayonets, was vigorously denied last night by Lieut. W. B. Hammond. According to the report the forty men were ordered to draw their revolvers on the aqueduct. "Nothing of the sort happened at all," said Lieut. Hammond. "There was no mutiny or anything resembling one. Nobody drew revolvers on the men and nobody threatened them with bayonets. Some of the men have been worrying because their bayonets were not fixed and a few of them have complained, but the report that there has been a mutiny in Company G is absolutely without foundation."

YARROWDALE MEN ARRIVE IN ZURICH

Swiss Welcome German Raider Captives With Gifts of Food and Tobacco.

ZURICH, Switzerland, Sunday, via Paris, March 12.—Laden with cigars, cigarettes and food showered upon them by the hospitable Swiss, fifty-nine of the Yarrowdale prisoners arrived in Zurich today. They had arrived at the German frontier at Lindau yesterday after a continuous trip of fifty-two hours from the prison camp at Brandenburg. The sailors, although emaciated from their imprisonment and serious lack of food since their arrival in Germany on December 31, are in fair condition and confident that with a normal amount of food they will soon be themselves again. The men were distributed among several hotels until instructions shall have arrived from Washington. Their personal effects were lost when their ships were sunk and their wardrobes have been only partially replaced by makeshifts which render them for the present a decidedly motley crew. Nevertheless their stories were told not in a tone of complaint but in a philosophical way.

Between Yarrowdale men and the men of the severe treatment to which they had been subjected in the German prison camps at Neustrelitz, Pulinitz and Brandenburg, where they had been successively interned after having been brought into Swinemunde on the Yarrowdale and where they, as Americans, were treated as prisoners of war, there was apparently no ill-will. During their stay in Germany, they reported, they had subsisted on one allowance of soup daily and had made their long journey to the border on one such "meal." They hardly one of them who at one time or another, they declared, had not felt the fet of a German camp guard, and the squad of five soldiers which brought them to the border had exercised the privilege of abusing them and curbing them up to the last possible moment.

The men tell of the terrible sufferings they underwent during a period of severe cold weather in Germany, due partly to lack of fuel but more to the absence of the shoes and clothing which they had lost. Since their entrance into Switzerland, at Rorschach, they say, they have been royally treated by the Swiss.

The party includes all the Americans detained except one seaman named Bullock, a French Canadian family, claiming to have been born in Massachusetts, who at the last moment was allowed to return to his home, accompanied by one Brazilian and one Spaniard.

The sailors said that they were convinced that the raider which sank their vessel was the Ritz of Bremen. They describe her as a brand new vessel of about 3,000 tons, capable of eighteen knots, equipped with one funnel, two masts, one false funnel, four torpedo tubes and seven rapid firing guns. The impression that the boat was new and built for raiding purposes was heightened by the fact that the vessel was equipped with steel cells below and, although looking like an old tramp, was really an armored cruiser.

FRENCH ADVICE ASKED.

Effort to Expedite Return of Yarrowdale Men is Made.

Bonn, via Paris, March 12.—The American Legation to-day applied to the French diplomatic officials to determine whether the Yarrowdale sailors now at Zurich will need passports to travel through France on their way to Barcelona or some other Spanish port where they can embark for the United States. The Yarrowdale men arrived in Switzerland without identification papers, none of them having passports when they left the United States.

Government Wins Spanish Election

Madrid, March 12.—Interdepartmental elections for members of local governing boards were held yesterday, and in the great majority of cases Liberalism friendly to the Government were chosen. Republican candidates, whom the Socialists abandoned, were defeated everywhere.

MEXICANS TO GET AMNESTY.

Caranza Will Except Only Villa and Assassins of Madero. EL PASO, Tex., March 12.—Amnesty will be offered to all Mexican refugees by Gen. Carranza after he is inaugurated President on May 1, according to information received here to-day. The only exceptions will be Francisco Villa, his immediate followers and those implicated in the murder of President Madero and Vice-President Pino Suarez.

U. S. AND FRANCE ONE

BERGSON DECLARES

French Philosopher Says Two Countries Have Common Ideal of Justice.

WORLD SAVED ON MARNE

Academicien Says Germany's Aim Was Hidden Until War Was Begun.

France and the United States were linked in toasts to their common idealism at a luncheon in honor of Henri Bergson, French philosopher and Academician, given by the France-American Society at the Bankers Club yesterday. Prof. Bergson received "three great big American cheers" when he said that the two countries shared the same ideals of liberty and justice, and the cheers were repeated when he prophesied that the German would soon be driven out of their trenches and expelled from France. Joseph H. Choate, who presided, proposed "the only toast for patriotic Americans to drink on this occasion—the President of France." Mr. Choate said that in preparing to arm merchant ships the country had come to a decision which he thought should have been reached some time ago. If the United States entered the war he hoped it would do so not only to protect American rights and lives but upon broader principles. He hoped we should stand on "the same war platform as the Allies," who he said had been fighting for America as well as for themselves.

CUBAN REBELS FLEE FROM LOYAL FORCE

Evacuate San Luis, North of Santiago, as Menocal's Troops Arrive.

MARINES KEEPING ORDER

No Resentment Is Shown at Presence of Americans at Shore Stations.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, March 12.—Admiral Mayo, commander of the United States Atlantic fleet, received reports to-day from five Cuban shore stations where American forces have been landed. Five hundred marines and bluejackets are in Santiago patrolling the city, while smaller detachments are doing similar duty in Guantanamo, Manzanillo and Nuevitas. The only interior station where American marines have been placed is at the El Cumbre mine, a few miles from Santiago. The Americans have been careful not to interfere in the least particular with the conduct of the civil Government.

The Government advance forces, commanded by Pablo and Fausto Menocal, brothers of the President, arrived to-day at San Luis, which was evacuated yesterday by Gen. Comacho after brief fighting in which there were a few casualties. Major Fernandez with his force of rebels is at Songo, southeast of San Luis. This district is about twenty miles north of Santiago. It is estimated that Perdanos has between 3,000 and 4,000 men, while the Government force is reported to aggregate about 5,000.

IDEALISM THE SOUL OF FRANCE.

"The friendship of the two nations is destined to continue," he added, "because the people of the two nations have the same deep and indelible love for justice and liberty. The French people to-day are not given to using extravagant words or big sentences. Idealism has become the very soul of France. It is the source of almost everything that is taking place in the French mind and heart."

"Before this war started we knew that Germany was steeped in Prussian idealism, that she labored under the idea that might made right. We knew that the whole German organization was directed toward the interests of war. Her methods of trade and commerce were of war, intended to kill off the competition of other countries. Every professor of the German schools and universities was teaching war. Yet we doubted that the time would ever come when Germany would start a war with virtually every nation in Europe involved and that seems almost certain to involve the entire world."

DEATH BEFORE PRUSSIANISM.

"We know what is to be done," he concluded. "The time is coming near when the enemy who has dug himself into deep trenches must be driven out. The French people are determined, prepared to sacrifice everything they possess, even their lives, rather than accept the German ideal of life. Life would not be worth living under German domination and the French people, who have so enjoyed life, would prefer death to living under German rule."

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BIG RAILWAY STRIKE SET FOR SATURDAY

Continued from First Page.

RAILROADS WON'T BREAK PLEDGE.

The managers are ready to admit all these facts they believe that their hands are tied even if they wished to enter into terms with the brotherhoods. They have given their pledge to the United States Attorney that they will not interfere with the existing conditions until the Supreme Court decision has been given. Furthermore, there has been uniformity of almost every branch of railroad labor since August. To back up these two strong points they have at hand the figures that show extraordinary earnings on practically every railroad line in the country.

GOVERNMENT ADVANCE FORCES.

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"DUTY TO THE GOVERNMENT."

"But we do want the public to understand that the union men feel they have a duty to the Government. In support of this statement, I want to make the announcement now that two days ago the three other brotherhood heads and myself wrote a letter to President Wilson in which we told him that while we are not relinquishing our old claims for the eight hour day we wanted him to understand that no situation which might develop would be allowed to embarrass the Government. We assured the President that no matter what our relations then might be with the railroads we would see that sufficient men and trains were furnished to transport mountain equipment and men to take care of whatever transportation the Government might require."

SUGAR MILLS AT WORK.

Cuban Consulate Gets Reassuring News From Havana.

The Cuban Consulate received yesterday from the Government at Havana an official statement confirming the evacuation of Santiago by the rebel forces. The Cuban consul, Gen. Alfredo Solor, president of the Provincial Council, and Ramon Ruiz, postmaster, had been imprisoned by the Liberals. They were released through the influence of the Americans. The Conservatives, encouraged by their appearance, crowded about until they assumed a moblike appearance, causing Consul Griffith to suggest their temporary retirement or internment. Estimates of the sugar cane burned by the rebels vary widely, but apparently no grinding machinery has been destroyed.

Big Factories May Shut Down.

As the deadlock in coal shipments only recently has been broken, the curtailment of such fuel supplies at this time would compel the closing of hundreds of huge plants. It is a known fact that many of these factories now are working on orders from Washington.

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"BIG FOUR" MEN MEET.

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