

CONSCRIPTION TEST VOTE LIKELY TO-DAY

House and Senate Reach Agreement for Closing of Debate.

VICTORY IS PREDICTED

Measure Is Expected to Be Passed by Congress by Early Sunday.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Congress will send the country a completed and satisfactory bill for the raising of a war army by selective conscription late Saturday or early Sunday. Agreement to this end was reached in both houses today. The Senate agreed to close general debate at 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon. In the House general debate was closed tonight with the exception of closing arguments by Representative Kahn, California, the President's spokesman in the fight for the selective draft, and Chairman Dent of the Military Affairs Committee, who is leading the fight against the President's plan.

The Senate is expected to vote on the bill by a majority of large proportions and to defeat the proposed amendment authorizing the President to call for volunteers by a majority of at least fifteen. In the House the Administration forces are confident the volunteer advocates will be routed by a majority of between twenty-five and fifty. With the volunteer substituted out of the way the majority for the bill is expected to be overwhelming.

Roosevelt Plan Urged. The Roosevelt plan to raise a division from men over the age of twenty-five years returned again to haunt the Administration forces in both Senate and House today. Senator Hale spoke strongly in support of the proposal, which will be embodied in a proposed amendment in both houses, and Representative Gardner urged the acceptance of the offer.

At the same time criticism of the "political cowardice" of the White House in refusing to accept the Roosevelt offer brought hisses upon the head of Representative Mason, Illinois, both from floor and gallery. "They don't intend to let the Colonel enlist," said the former Senator from Illinois, forgetting that the Colonel proposed for himself, for white he is spreading democracy in the Old World he may be raising hell with democracy in Dig country. The speaker in the White House hasn't the courage or political sagacity to permit the Colonel to enlist for fear he will profit politically.

Graham Rebukes Champ Clark. Representative Graham of Pennsylvania made one of the strongest speeches of the day, sharply criticizing Speaker Champ Clark for saying that Missourians saw little difference between the terms conscript and convict. "Shame on the man who would use such language," he said. "God knows that many a man who was just as brave as any of us has not volunteered."

Representative McCormack of Illinois, supporting the draft, declared members should pay no attention to whispers on the floor as to the probable effect of their votes on their political future. "Of what consequence is the existence of any of us?" he said, "when the lives of soldiers, the present security of the republic and its future peace may hang on our vote?" Representative Kahn to-day turned the

LACK OF RECRUITS ALARMS OFFICERS

Failure of Volunteer System Proved, They Say, in Plea for Conscription.

COAST RESERVES NEEDED

Mayor's Committee Urges Congressmen From This City to Speed Army Bill.

With the conscription bill now being debated by the House of Representatives, recruiting officers for the various branches of the nation's defense took toll in this city yesterday of recruiting results since the declaration of war, and all came to the conclusion that the volunteer system was a failure. The navy reported that only 1,160 men had been obtained since, and that the quota for this city, 2,000 to be secured by May 5, now seemed impossible of attainment.

Army and Marine Corps recruiting officers also reported that results were far below what they expected, and that conditions seem to be getting worse.

The Mayor's recruiting committee yesterday telegraphed every New York Representative now in Washington asking that each do his utmost to obtain the passage of the selective conscription legislation.

Recruiting results yesterday were as follows: Army, 80; navy, 48; Marine Corps, 15.

Coast Defense Aid Needed. With ten thousand men needed in the Naval Coast Defense Reserve to defend New York, recruiting officers at the city's headquarters at 24 Cortlandt street yesterday reported that results were "sad" and that a new system was sorely needed. Since the declaration of war only 1,825 men had been enlisted, and a great percentage of these men, it was said, would have to be taught the rudiments of sea warfare. The recent day by day decline in the recruiting was said to be serious.

While filling the gaps in the regular service has been accomplished to date with great difficulty, there is distinctly a different spirit when it comes to filling vacancies for commissions in the Army Reserve. Yesterday the headquarters of the Military Training Corps on West 107th street at Cortlandt, Capt. C. A. S. in charge, announced that since Monday 3,600 men had been accepted for admission to the Patterson training camp. The army is being thoroughly overhauled and will be in readiness to receive the men due the morning of Monday, May 1. Active in the work of enrolling the men for the training course were Mayor T. B. Roosevelt, Jr., of the reserve and Dr. Richard Dewey, Col. Roosevelt's son-in-law, just back from the trenches, and who is examining applicants for their medical qualifications.

Plea for Recruits. Sidney Drew was the chief speaker yesterday at the mid-day recruiting committee meeting at 27 Chambers street. The Marine Recruiting League, an organization comprised of wives of marine officers in New York city, yesterday opened headquarters at 206 Fifth avenue. "Five thousand men for the United States Marine Corps" is their recruiting slogan. Mrs. David R. Mills, secretary of the league, is in charge of the campaign.

FEEDING OF ALLIES WILL BE NEXT STEP

Secretary Houston and British Commission to Arrange the Details.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—A conference to discuss the important question on the part of the United States will take place in the near future. It has been arranged between Secretary of Agriculture Houston and Alan Anderson of the British commission, who has charge of purchasing all the wheat and corn for Great Britain, France and Italy. The conference probably will take place within a few days.

Those with the British mission have conveyed the impression that all the importing countries will be even more dependent upon America than ever this year. It is estimated, for example, that France will have to import during the coming year 127,000,000 bushels of wheat, which compares with 77,000,000 bushels in 1915 and 34,000,000 bushels in 1912. Experts have figured that the United States must grow 200,000,000 more bushels of wheat this year than last in order to meet the world's demand. The condition for any such increase is extremely poor, as estimates of the winter crop put it at 50,000,000 bushels below that of last year which itself was the smallest one.

PRINZESS IRENE IS MOVED.

German Liner to Be Overhauled at the Navy Yard.

The North German Lloyd steamship Prinzess Irene, recently seized by the Government, was towed from Hoboken yesterday to the navy yard for overhauling. The German steamships Prinsess Irene, also tied up in Hoboken, were towed to the Tietjen & Lang dry dock in that city, to be made ready for service as auxiliary freighters.

The North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm, one of the swiftest and finest of the fleet, may be moved to the navy yard to day, according to rumor in Hoboken.

BONAR LAW'S SON A CAPTIVE.

Taken by the Turks in Fighting in Palestine. AMSTERDAM, April 26.—According to the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, Lieut. C. J. Law, second son of Andrew Bonar Law, the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, was captured by the Turks in the recent fighting in Palestine.

A despatch from London Wednesday said Lieut. Law was reported to have been wounded in Palestine and was missing.

AERIAL TRANSPORT ATTRACTS ENGLAND

Government to Investigate Merits of Commercial Fliers.

LONDON, April 26.—Announcement was made in the House of Commons today by Major John L. Baird, representative in the House of the Aerial Advisory Board, that the Government had decided to appoint a committee under the chairmanship of Lord Northcliffe to investigate civil aerial transport after the war. This, he said, would permit of the employment of the large number of skilled pilots and the airplanes in the hands of the army and navy, and the still vaster number of machines the construction of which is under way or planned.

PRICE OF SMALLEST LOAF TO BE 10 CENTS

General Advance in Cost of Bread Will Be Effective Here Monday.

The war will be brought directly to every one of the millions of New York city Monday, when the housewife will discover that no longer will her nickel, even when accompanied by an extra cent, be able to purchase the exact loaf of bread. Instead for a loaf the exact duplicate in size, but slightly heavier, she will be charged 10 cents.

Probably the bakeries will be looked upon with a great deal of suspicion at first, explained Ralph Ward, one of the officials of the Ward Baking Company, "but the bakeries will be larger and else the flies drawn from our ovens."

Everything we use has been raised again and again in price—four, labor, paper, fuel, every item in the business. And even so the increase that will be put into effect Monday will not make our "loaf" profits.

By increasing the size of the loaf, Mr. Ward explained, real food economy could be practiced. The larger the loaf, the less time it would take to buy the same loaf, leaving the family table void of waste.

With the discontinuing of the 5 and 6 cent loaves and the substituting of the 10 cent size, weighing twelve ounces, there will come a marked price rise in all lines. The present 10 cent size will be taken to weigh twenty-four ounces and will be sold at 15 cents. The old 12 cent size will be 12 cents, the 15 cent will be 18 and so on.

But high as these prices are there is more than a little possibility that they may continue to climb skyward. Yesterday the price of flour in the retail trade touched \$14.25 for a 196 pound barrel and May wheat soared to \$2.60. Commission men are preparing for the stock of \$20 flour and \$2 wheat.

Speculators get most of the credit for the exaggerated advance in the prices of flour and wheat. One angle, however, is traced to the Government itself. About a week ago the Army and Navy Departments went into the New York market and bought up great quantities of flour. The first effect of the local shortage resulting from the heavy Government purchases was felt last Monday, when many of the smaller bakeries throughout the city raised the price of their 5 cent loaf to 6 cents. The real effect was not felt even then, for bakers carry a few days' supply of flour on hand. Wednesday, however, the market opened at \$2.10 a barrel and climbed in leaps and bounds to \$16.25.

Restaurant and cafe men are already talking of making extra charges for bread and butter.

Health Commissioner Haven Emerson, in commenting on the increased price of bread pointed out that extra meat could be substituted in many cases for wheat flour products.

TELLS OF PLOT TO KIDNAP PRESIDENT

Confessed Spy Says He Was to Be Held in Mexico as a Hostage.

HIS TALE SEEMS GAUZY

Max Loudon, Seeking Parole From Penitentiary, Uses Recital as a Lever.

A fantastic plot to kidnap President Wilson, split him across the border into Mexico and there hold him as a hostage for the peace of this country against Germany, came to light yesterday when it was announced that Max Loudon, alias Max Loudon, the confessed German spy and agent in this country, had appealed to the authorities to release him from the penitentiary where he is now serving a sentence for bigamy.

According to Loudon, the plot almost definitely proportions. It was concocted last summer when the friction with Mexico was at its height. A small number of zealous German recruits acting under the orders of prominent German agents, were pledged to kidnap the President at the first step the country should take against the fatherland.

In fact, Loudon solemnly avowed only the fact that most of these agents were subsequently arrested or deported previous to the outbreak of the war. Loudon recently when war actually was recognized by Congress.

Much Given to Romancer. None of the authorities concerned would discuss the prisoner's weird story yesterday. It was pointed out that Loudon has a general habit of braggadocio and that this habit caused his downfall.

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VON RINTELEN TRIAL IS SET FOR TO-DAY

German "Master Spy" May Tell How \$1,000,000 Propaganda Fund Was Spent.

SEVEN OTHERS ACCUSED

Defenders Are Charged With Fomenting Strikes to Injure Allies.

The tale of Frank von Rintelen will soon be heard from the alleged "master spy" of the German secret agent and seven prominent Americans, which is to begin this morning before Judge Cushman of the United States District Court. What the Teuton's story will be is not known, but it will take the form of an expose of other defendants as a practical certainty.

Yesterday this reputed blood relative of Prince Henry of Prussia entered a formal plea of not guilty to the charges pending against him, and passed the day partly in the Tombs and partly in the Federal Building in conference with attorneys of United States Attorney H. Snowden Marshall. Almost care was taken that he should not be allowed to talk to outsiders or reporters. He is the government's trump card and the prosecutors yesterday concealed him well.

The other men who will face the bar of justice with the spy are David Lamm, "The Wolf of Wall Street," who is said to have obtained a fortune from Von Rintelen for use in propaganda work; ex-Representative Francis Buchanan and H. Robert Fowler of Illinois, ex-Assistant Attorney-General Frank Monnett of Ohio; Henry H. Martin, a Washington lobbyist; and Herman Schulweis and Jacob C. Taylor, labor leaders.

Eight Accused of Conspiracy. All are accused of having conspired, through the medium of Labor's National Peace Council, to foment strikes in munition factories, on railroads and on steamship lines for the purpose of preventing the shipment of arms and ammunition to the Allies. The specific charge is violation of the Sherman law by restraint of foreign commerce.

The organization involved had its headquarters in Washington and its ostensible purpose was pacifist propaganda. Von Rintelen is said to have been the financial backer, Lamm his advisor.

FOUR GARIBALDIS OFFER TO SERVE U. S. Grandsons of Italian Liberator Night Raise Legion Here.

ROME, April 26.—Peppino Garibaldi, grandson of the Italian patriot who was Chief of Staff to the late President Madero of Mexico, then a commander of Italian volunteers in the French army in the Aronne and now a Colonel at the Italian front, made a special visit to Rome with three of his brothers, all of them under him, to offer their services to the United States. The Garibaldis said that they believed their war experience was more useful in America than here, where they could be easily replaced by other trained officers. They were received in the headquarters of the American volunteers for a campaign in the Balkans.

Should the Garibaldis go to America it is proposed that they be used as instructors in the latest methods of warfare, which the Italian army has had much experience, notably in mountain fighting, trench building, bomb throwing, machine gun firing and the construction of wire conveyances across high mountains.

A home despatch on April 19 stated that Gen. Ricciotti Garibaldi, last surviving son of the Italian patriot, had offered himself and his four sons for service as instructors for the new American army. Gen. Garibaldi proposed the formation in America of an army of 50,000 to 100,000 Italians, Spaniards, and American volunteers for a campaign in the Balkans.

APPEAL TO RUSSIAN JEWS. Leaders in American Protest Against Separate Peace Move.

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A cablegram, received by Mr. Schiff from a prominent Jew in Petrograd says that some ultra-polliticians and the very few Jews who are "for peace" are considered as traitors. "Hearty as a whole in sharing the loyalty of fellow citizens who are decidedly against separate peace," says the despatch.

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Saks & Company Broadway at 34th Street

Announce, beginning today, a Clearance Sale of Men's Hats at \$1.95

- in which will be included: 300 Italian Soft Hats... formerly \$5 500 American Soft Hats... formerly \$3 350 Brown Derbies... formerly \$3 & \$3.50 120 Brown Derbies... formerly \$4

To close out small lots and keep our stocks free of accumulations, we have reduced these hats for immediate clearance. The soft hats are in all wanted colors, and every hat in the lot is of this season's purchases. All sizes. None C. O. D., on approval or exchanged.

Now being featured in the Motor Apparel Dept.

Men's Reversible Motor Coats Made of Leather and Gabardine at \$65

Illustrated at left. A roomy double breasted English model with Raglan shoulders and detachable belt.

One side is of soft Danish leather, and the other side is of imported rainproof gabardine.

On the Main Floor Today

Scotch Wool Jackets, \$5.65

Ideal for all outdoor sports. Made of pure Scotch Wool by A. McDougal, of Lanark, Scotland. Both medium and light weights.

Men's Scotch Wool Hose, Special at \$1.35

Suitable for golfing, hunting, or other outdoor sports. Made in Scotland, of pure Scotch Wool, with fancy top, and may be had with or without foot.

The Man About to Pay \$20, \$23 or \$25 for His Suit

Could not do better than look over The Saks Selections for Spring

IN our present assortments you will find more fabrics, more models, and a greater diversity of patterns than has ever before been attempted in suits at these figures.

The styles are individual and original, and each suit has been tailored by craftsmen whose lifework has been that of tailoring clothes for the best dressed men of New York.

Saks Clothes are Saks Made

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Particularly Appropriate Now! MEN'S NEW ENGLISH Regimental Scarfs \$1.00. Hand-Made of imported repp silks in 40 Regimental Colors. CARMOOR LONDON. This beautiful collection of Regimental Scarfs is an interesting commentary on the dye situation—it embraces the colors of forty English regiments and there isn't a single color missing, nor off color, in spite of the dearth of dyes. Rich, deep, live English colors that are full of vim and victory. Hand-made, taped from end to end and won't pull out of shape. The ideal regimental touch in this hour of a great international cause. Very good value at \$1.00. Men's Furnishings Shop—16 West 38th Street. A Separate Shop on the Street Level. Franklin Simon & Co. Clothing Furnishings Shoes FIFTH AVENUE Phone 6900 Greeley and we will call for your overcoat or fur and put it in storage