

BILL WILL GIVE WILSON POWER OF PROHIBITION

Directs President to Stop Use of Non-perishable Raw Materials.

SEIZES BONDED GOODS

Provides for Commandeering for Redistillation into Munitions.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The Senate Committee on Agriculture directed Chairman Gore today to draft and report a bill for the conservation of food-stuffs now going into the manufacture of alcoholic beverage products which will restrict the most drastic form of any of the "dry legislation" proposed at the present session of Congress. The measure will be the first of a series of legislation as its title and with prohibition as complete as can be effected by any indirect legislation as its object.

The bill will be a combination of two amendments to the pending food control legislation proposed by Senator Gore. The first provision is for the prohibition of the use of all non-perishable food-stuffs in the manufacture of beverage alcohol, with the provision that the President be authorized at any time it may seem in his judgment to be necessary to prohibit the use of the perishable raw materials of alcoholic beverage manufacture.

Permits Sale in Bond.

Unless the President should exercise this authority the effect of the proposed Gore bill would not be national prohibition of anything like it, it was pointed out today. While compelling the breweries and distilleries to close down absolutely, it would still permit the manufacture of wines and would impose no restriction upon the sale of distilled spirits held in bond, amounting to almost 300,000,000 gallons, an amount sufficient to supply the country for several years. The distillers, moreover, as it is understood, would welcome the chance to dispose of these bonded liquors.

But should the bill pass in its present form it will be directed to the President, rather than have the country take to hard liquor immediately, would order the seizure of the whiskey in bond for other uses, and also would stop the making of wine, thereby making the country absolutely dry for the war period.

Brewing Industry Untouched.

The Finance Committee has voted to report out a provision of the war revenue bill, now in the final stages of its second draft, which will place a prohibitive tax on the uses of grain and syrups in the manufacture of distilled alcoholic beverages. This committee, with the exception of Senator Gore, who is a member of both committees, favors non-interference with the brewing and wine-making industries to the extent that an increased taxation of their products for revenue purposes is concerned.

The radical prohibitionist members of the Agriculture Committee commenced today their purpose to force a vote on the prohibition issue this session. On the other hand, there is a conservative sentiment in the Senate which is thought to control that body by a narrow majority and which promises to stop the radicalism of the prohibition group while conceding that there exists a large measure of virtuous argument against whiskey and similar distilled beverages.

This group includes the members of the Finance Committee who are anxious to destroy the revenue producing power of the 300,000,000 gallons of distilled spirits in the bonded warehouses of the country, as well as the moderate temperance advocates who do not recognize in bears the same menace to society, law and order and the same detriment to the morals of the nation as they are willing to admit exist in whiskey and other distilled intoxicants.

INCOME TAX DATE EXTENDED.

Collector Edwards Grants Ten Days of Grace.

Collector Edwards has issued a statement that in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Income Tax law taxpayers will have ten days grace beyond June 15 for the payment of income taxes without incurring the penalties imposed under the law.

Numerous inquiries have been received by the Collector from taxpayers, both by letter and personal calls, about not receiving assessment notices, and to those the information is given that their returns have been forwarded to other districts, as the addresses on the returns were not located in the Second District of New York. Other reports have been held up on account of slight discrepancies and assessment notices will be forwarded to those taxpayers during the early part of July.

HOUSE PASSES EXPORT BILL.

Seeks to Legalize Joint Foreign Selling Agencies.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The Administration bill to promote export trade by legalizing joint foreign selling agencies of American exporters was passed today by the House, 316 to 21. It now goes to the Senate. It is designed to remove the doubts in the minds of American exporters as to the construction that should be placed upon existing anti-trust laws as applied to organizations engaged in export trade.

KILLS HIMSELF ON PERKINS'S ESTATE

Supposed Briton Used U. S. Army Pistol.

With a bullet wound through the heart, the body of a well dressed man of middle age was found lying close to a pond on the estate of George W. Perkins at Riverdale yesterday afternoon. As called a gray automatic pistol, bearing the U. S. A. stamp and the initials "V. A." lay alongside. The suicide had evidently been at great pains to conceal his identity, for all labels in his clothing, save one under the band of his hat, had been carefully removed. The tag in the hat bore the name of a haberdasher in North Bond street, London.

843 BRITONS HERE HEED THE WAR CALL

Recruiting Proceeds Briskly at the British and U. S. Stations.

The first week of recruiting at the British station resulted in 843 men being accepted, it was announced yesterday. Many more have enlisted at United States army stations, where British volunteers are now being received for service under their own flag.

Lord Derby, British Secretary of State for War, sent a cable message to Gen. White yesterday, expressing his thanks to the United States Government for allowing England to use recruiting offices here and urging every British subject here to respond to the call of his mother country and enlist in an English, Scottish, Irish or Welsh regiment.

Recruiting in the United States army, navy and National Guard continued to be brisk. The States in which the largest number of young men to "come in out of the draft." The Sixty-ninth yesterday was only slightly short of war strength and expects to be filled in ten days.

On the dreadnought replica Recruit in Union Square Spot, a Dalmatian pup, is the latest to join the colors. He has enlisted in the navy as a mascot. Although Spot's parents came from Dalmatia, in Austria, he is not a bit hyphenated, and he barks every time a new recruit comes in.

Richard Hill of Bergenville, N. J., started to write out his enlistment papers in the Marine Corps recruiting station in Twenty-third street yesterday when he discovered it was the 21st of the month, and not wishing to take any chances, Richard quit right there. He will be back to-day, he said.

Saturday there is to be a parade up Fifth avenue to encourage recruiting. Every arm of the service will be represented. It will be reviewed from the deck of the Recruit by Gen. Bell, Rear Admiral Usher and Gen. O'Ryan.

LINER'S PROPELLER SINKS SUBMARINE

Facts About U. S. Vessel's Recent Encounter Show Unusual War Story.

Passengers and officers of an American liner which arrived at an American port yesterday, told of an unusual encounter the steamship had with two German submarines that popped up out of the ocean almost alongside her as she was nearing her destination on the other side a few weeks ago.

The story differs from the version cabled to New York from London when United States vessel docked at a British port, but both passengers and ship's officers asserted yesterday that they are sure one of the submarines smothered her conning tower against the liner's propeller and was sent to the bottom. The other U-boat submerged after the naval crew of the liner had fired several shots at her.

The American was ploughing along at her top speed of some fifteen knots in broad daylight and with the sea placid when jacks on lookout saw a big German submarine come to the surface to starboard and within easy range of her guns. The German immediately discharged a torpedo, which went wide of its mark, and the bluejackets of the United States vessel's gun crew sent several shells hurtling toward the sea viper.

Second Boat Appears.

While the fight with this submarine was in progress those aboard the American liner felt a bump and a jar on her port side, and bluejackets who rushed to her rail saw another U-boat come up out of the sea not more than a yard from the side.

Bumping along the side of the United States vessel, too close for her to fire a torpedo or use her deck guns, the German apparently concentrated all his energy in the effort to clear the liner before he should be rammed and sunk. The bluejackets not on duty at the gun firing at the other submarine swarmed along the rail and yelled at the German to come out in the open and fight, and one enthusiastic bluejacket flung his pipe, which rattled off the steel back of the U-boat.

The whole affair lasted not more than two or three minutes. The submarine that had launched a torpedo off the starboard bow did not make another attempt, but submerged quickly when the shells from the line's guns fell close to her.

Sinks After Collision.

The undersea terror that bobbed up so close to the side of the big liner quickly vanished beneath the waves, and the next moment there was a jar of the port shaft that indicated something had run afoul of the American's propeller. Some of the ship's officers say they believe it was the conning tower of the submarine that hit the propeller and they believe she was smashed, flooded and sent to the bottom.

There is no doubt that the submarine was struck by the American's propeller, as when she reached port one of the blades was found to have been broken off. Ship's officers denied that the liner had rammed the submarine, as was at first reported. She was really in collision with the German broadside on and knocked out the enemy with her propeller.

The John Wanamaker Store

A National Broadside
No One Wants to be a Slacker!

Ten Million of Our Young Men Have Answered Their Country's Call—TO FIGHT!
Have YOU Answered Your Country's Call - - - To Make YOUR MONEY FIGHT?

At Noon Today

when the old Liberty Bell in Independence Hall, after a silence of 82 years, and millions of bells and whistles the country over, sound their solemn warning, that **ONLY 24 HOURS REMAIN TO SUBSCRIBE TO THE LIBERTY LOAN,**

STOP!

And Ask Yourself These Questions:

1. Shall the United States, wealthiest of all nations, take her position proudly with her allies, in financing this war for humanity, or shall she lag behind?

In Great Britain, with half our population, **EIGHT MILLION OF PEOPLE** have taken **TWENTY BILLION** dollars of war loan.

In the United States with double Great Britain's population—less than **TWO MILLION PEOPLE** have subscribed less than two billion dollars, according to Federal Reserve report.

Great Britain subscribed **FIVE BILLION IN ONE LOAN.** Ask yourself can we do less.

To equal Great Britain sixteen million of our people ought to subscribe.

ARE YOU ONE OF THE FOURTEEN MILLION WHO HAVE NOT SUBSCRIBED?

2. Do you think you are not needed?

In the old times the people of a country once decided to give a barrel of wine to a celebration. Each one was to empty a bottle into the cask.

"If I fill my bottle with water," said one, "and empty it with the others into the barrel, it will not be noticed."

When they came to open the barrel and draw the wine, only water flowed forth. All the people had thought the same thought—each one said, "My contribution will not be missed."

Is the Liberty Loan to be a water-barrel?

3. Don't you know how to subscribe?

A Liberty Bond is the easiest thing to buy in the United States to-day. Thousands of your friends, who have subscribed, will help you anywhere, any time.

4. Are you afraid to risk your money?

A Liberty Bond will have back of it the old flag and the good faith of one hundred and ten million people. The government has never flinched nor failed. It will not and cannot falter now when principles are again at stake, for which fathers and grandfathers fought and died in the first revolutionary war.

This is a second revolutionary war.

It is the WORLD IN REVOLUTION.

It is a war for the liberty of all the civilized world.

war must be won. The government must have money to win it. If the government does not borrow it from you as a loan it must take it from you as a tax.

A tax is an expense to the individual. A loan is an investment.

Surely these are peaceful measures towards bringing the war to a close.

Can you not afford one dollar a week to your country—the land that gives to you and your family life, liberty, protection, education and happiness?

Employers and financial institutions offer terms of a dollar down and \$1 a week to enable everybody to buy a Liberty Bond.

It is the millions of \$50 and \$100 subscribers that are wanted. When a man invests in anything—his life, his strength, or his property—he will have greater interest in that thing. Everybody in the United States must either fight, lend their money to fight, or aid and sustain those who are fighting. The soldier of the soil, the soldier of the pocketbook, the Red Cross worker, and the fighter on land and sea—all are marching shoulder to shoulder in the Grand Army of Humanity.

This long, desperate struggle demands the energy and aid of the United States for humanity's sake.

In this conflict of the ages let sacred writ be our guide, "for the healing of the nations."

Is the war a craving for new territory? NO!

Is it a thirst for glory? NO!

Is it a jealousy of other nations? NO!

Is it a bitterness of brethren? A thousand times America thunders NO and NEVER!

Our standing with the nations across the sea must not suffer for any lethargy on our part.

Some of our people naturally shrink from engaging in actual war. Well, then, is it not possible, that the rapid and large enlistments of our men, the generous outpouring of money to the government and the evidences of America's preparations for defence will have a **POTENTIAL INFLUENCE IN ENDING THE WAR QUICKLY?**

Not of choice (thank God!) America is called and forced to the front again to prove her faithfulness to duty and to reaffirm her position as a nation.

At Noon, Tomorrow, June 15

—when the Liberty Loan subscriptions close—your own conscience will answer the question:

Am I a Patriot?

Am I a Slacker?

[Signed] *John Wanamaker*

June 14, 1917. Citizen.



(C) Underwood & Underwood. When the Lord Mayor of London spoke on the War Loan in Trafalgar Square tens of thousands came to emphasize their loyalty. The Nelson monument in the left foreground is almost covered with painted signs urging the people to subscribe. The subscription amounted to over \$5,000,000,000.

3 1/2% on Partial Payment

Because of the many Liberty Loan subscriptions stimulated by the assurance given, the following information is repeated:

Up to noon to-morrow, the closing time for Liberty Loan subscriptions, the two offers which I have previously made are open to the general public.

1. To anyone opening a Partial Payment Plan account for the purchase of a Liberty Loan bond through my firm at its main office or any of its branch offices I will have interest charged on the amount at the rate of 3 1/2%. As the purchaser receives all interest coupons, this means that a return of 3 1/2% is assured from the time of making the initial payment.

2. To anyone who, during the period of payment, is forced through misfortune or unforeseen reverse to discontinue making payments, I will agree to take up the Liberty Loan bond and return to the Partial Payment Purchaser the amount paid in.

These offers will not hold good after noon to-morrow, June 15.

— JOHN MUIR
61 Broadway, New York City
June 14, 1917

MERCER

The high calibre of Mercer performance is as keenly appreciated by the naive debutante as by the seasoned judge of motor worth. A car in which the 4-cylinder motor principle justifies itself triumphantly against all other types. Prompt deliveries are available in this territory.

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