

HUNT CLUB STILL MAY SERVE DRINKS

Regular Saloon License Must Be Replaced by Special Form of Permit.

MEMBERS NOT WORRIED

Meadow Brook Application on File With the Excise Commission.

The action of the Excise License Commission for the town of Hempstead, L. I., in recommending that No. 1 certificate permitting the sale of liquor be renewed on October 1 to the Meadow Brook Hunt Club caused no real concern among the members of that widely known organization. There wasn't a single member at the clubhouse yesterday afternoon, and the man in charge said he "guessed" that nobody was going to suffer, as an application for a club license had been filed and he was pretty sure it would be granted.

APPLEJACK EXIT; SHERMAN WAS RIGHT

Famous Jersey Quencher Soon Will Be But a Memory.

A whole tribe of poets who found inspiration in or about New Jersey applejack, for generations the State's proudest contribution to the beverages of a nation, stands bereft. Isaac Reed closed his distillery at Jacksonburg, Warren county, yesterday and threw the key into the mill pond. The food control law did it. New Jersey from Mill Rift to Cape May now knows what war is. Of all the applejack factories that have appeared the thirst of the commonwealth since the memory of man runneth not to the contrary the Richards distillery in Sussex county is the only large one left. It, too, as well as the little ones must close by P. M. next Saturday night or else divert their wares to the manufacture of alcohol for the Government.

Isaac Reed personally has managed his distillery for more than fifty years. Even before his day it was famous. Soldiers marching to and from the civil war stopped there and took a swig. But the soldiers of 1917—applejack is not for them.

Mr. Reed never allowed a drop to leave his distillery until he saw that it had been tested properly. He regarded his product as the best and purest elder brandy ever bottled. His customers, wherever they roved, all sent home to him for their supply; they tested it and found it to be the true apple flavor might be found elsewhere. He may decide to make alcohol for the Government, but has not announced his plans.

With applejack gone and the marahe gradually being forbidden to mosquitoes it looks as if New Jersey has no distinctive native industry left.

WATSON PILLORIED; PAPER BAN UPHeld

Court Refuses to Lift Bar Put on the "Jeffersonian" by Postmaster.

EDITOR CALLED COWARD

Disseminator of Poisonous Literature in Times of War, Judge Says.

Tom Watson, the Georgia editor, not only lost his right to compel the Post Office Department to open the mails to his paper, the Jeffersonian, yesterday, but he also was bitterly denounced as a coward and a disseminator of poisonous literary matter by Judge Emory Spear of the United States District Court of Atlanta.

Full of fiery eloquence in his exhortation of the enemies of the nation's military policies, Judge Spear's opinion declared Watson's plea for relief reached Assistant United States Attorney Earl B. Barnes of this city late yesterday afternoon. The points involved are similar to those raised in the case of the Masses, also barred from the mails, and Mr. Barnes, who represents the Government in both proceedings, asserted it to be of nationwide importance in the interpretation and enforcement of the espionage act, which forbids the circulation of false matter calculated to promote the success of the nation's enemies.

HOBO BEATING WAY HERE TO JOIN ARMY

Exemption Board Takes Off Its Hat to William Burke.

William Burke of 912 Sixth avenue doesn't intend to have anybody call him a deserter. He was posted by Local Exemption Board No. 159 on August 16 as having failed to submit himself for examination, but a letter received by the board from Detroit, Mich., on August 22 explained that he didn't know he had been called to appear.

"I don't want to be considered a deserter as the papers say I am," Burke wrote. "I am on my way to New York now to take the examination. I am short of funds and it may be a week before I get there. Give me time and I'll show up all right."

Members of the board received last night a telephone message from the Sheriff of Orange county, New York, saying that he had arrested one William Burke riding on the bumpers of an Erie train at Goshen. Burke claimed Press Club and was on his way to New York in order to show up for the draft examination. If Board No. 159 would have him, the Sheriff said, it would have him, otherwise he would have to go to the lockup.

The Sheriff was told that the members took their hats off to Bill Burke and would be glad to see him at any time. He was asked to treat his prisoner with all possible consideration because any man who would try to work his way to New York city from Michigan to serve Uncle Sam was a pretty fine specimen of a citizen. The Sheriff promised to bring Burke to New York in his car. He is expected to arrive some time today.

Henry F. Gillig's Funeral Held.

The funeral of Henry F. Gillig, widely known as a banker and journalist, who died while in New York city in November last, was held yesterday morning in the Campbell Funeral Church. Those who attended included a delegation from the Press Club and other organizations of which Mr. Gillig was a member. Burial was in Woodlawn Cemetery.

VOTING BY SOLDIERS IN FIELD SIMPLIFIED

New York Legislature at Special Session Adopts Easy Form of Ballot.

IT MAY DECIDE ELECTION

U. S. Military and Naval Authorities to Cooperate With Secretary Hugo.

Special Despatch to THE SUN. ALBANY, Sept. 1.—In case the vote for Mayor in New York city in November is close the army and navy vote may prove a determining factor, and for this reason the Legislature at the present extra session has adopted a simple and easy form of ballot for the taking of the military and naval vote.

Sixty-two different ballots, or one for each county, probably will be used in New York State's soldier vote this fall. Instead of an eight-foot ballot, such as was used by the State last fall along the Mexican border, the coming one will be a comparatively small affair, modelled much after the one which will be used by the folk at home. Many of the preliminary arrangements for handling the soldier vote this fall have been settled during the past few days.

Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo and his first deputy, A. B. Parker, have just returned from Washington, bringing with them the assurance of the full cooperation of the military and naval authorities in the effort which will be made to provide every soldier and sailor from this State with a ballot and then to collect the same.

choice of a member of Assembly, city or town officers can be written.

A book of instructions and a list of all candidates will be sent along with the ballots. Steel boxes will be used in the transportation of supplies. On being returned to Secretary Hugo's office, the soldier vote will be distributed and counted in the regular channel, two persons doing the canvassing in the election districts and saving thousands of dollars.

Law Governing Balloting.

The law governing the soldier vote in brief is as follows: 1. A general register must be prepared by the Secretary of State's office showing the names, residences, command attached to and location of the command.

2. Ballots must be prepared and forwarded to the proper place so that no elector from New York State will be deprived of his vote. At least ten men must be together so that a poll can be held. 3. The polls are in charge of the commanding officer of highest rank in the military or naval unit.

4. Elections may be held on any secular day, ten days before election. They are usually held near election on account of the short time to prepare ballots and supplies. 5. The office of the Secretary of State furnishes twice the number of ballots as there are electors absent from the State on military or naval duty and also furnishes lists of candidates, provided candidates names are not printed on the ballot.

6. After the polls are closed one poll book is forwarded to the Governor and a duplicate poll book, together with the ballots that have been voted, are returned to the office of the Secretary of State. 7. The ballots are then distributed to the various counties from the office of the Secretary of State, from the various counties they are distributed to the election districts where the votes are

canvassed. The result is then certified to the county board of canvassers, who in turn certify the result to the State Board of Canvassers for candidates for State wide offices.

\$500,000 GIVEN RED CROSS.

Ford Company Donates Credit for Ambulances and Parts.

A gift of \$500,000 from the Ford Motor Company, in the form of credit on the Ford factories for \$500,000 worth of automobiles, ambulances, parts and the like as the Red Cross may designate, was announced yesterday by the Red Cross War Council.

With the responsibilities assumed by the Red Cross for the support of the American Ambulance in France, the Ford gift is considered particularly valuable. Despite the large number of ambulances in service on the western front many more are needed. Reports that no more machines are being accepted for this theatre are without foundation.

Henry P. Davison, chairman of the Red Cross War Council, has appointed Edgar H. Wells, formerly dean of Harvard, as deputy commissioner for Europe. For the present Mr. Wells has been assigned as one of the council's representatives in England.

Olney Estate Worth \$1,392,365.

Boston, Sept. 1.—The estate of Richard Olney, Secretary of State under President Cleveland, was valued at \$1,392,365 in an inventory filed with the Probate Court today. The bulk of the estate consisted of personal property.

Girl Lost During Parade Found.

Raffaella Carfagna, the three-year-old girl who disappeared during the parade of the guardsmen Thursday at 110th street, was found yesterday by her uncle, Arthur Trapana, at the Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children.

CANADA TO ADOPT HOOVER FOOD PLAN

Two Day Conference Results in Approval of Joint Action With U. S.

OTTAWA, Sept. 1.—A working agreement on the food problem between the United States and Canada has been reached after a conference of two days between F. C. Walcott, representing Herbert C. Hoover, United States food administrator, and representatives of the Canadian food administration, it was announced from the Food Controller's office here today.

An official statement says: "Mr. E. C. Walcott, personal representative of Mr. Herbert Hoover of the United States food administration, has been in continuous conference in Ottawa with representatives of the Canadian food administration for the last two days."

The conference has resulted in the establishment of the closest possible relationship between the two administrations and the basis of a working agreement has been reached. The international nature of the food problem both demands and is receiving the mutual consideration of the British, United States and Canadian administrations. Plans are maturing for joint action to secure essential commodities for export, while protecting the general public against exploitation and permitting the return of producers.

"There is absolutely no foundation for the recent reports that the British Government will not require any more Canadian bacon at home, a reduction of at least 25 per cent. in home consumption in the Dominion is essential if sufficient quantities are to be released to Great Britain and other European Allies. What the British Government has done is to prohibit the import of bacon, butters, hams and lard except under license. The British ministry is establishing a single Government buying agency in the United States for these Canadian and American products, and will make all purchases through this agency beginning September 2."

"The establishment of this agency will make possible international action between the British, United States and Canadian food controllers. Unrestricted individual competition in buying has resulted in prices which have made the action taken by the British Government necessary."

RATE INCREASES SUSPENDED.

Commerce Commission Rules on Eastern Rail Tariffs.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—Proposed commodity rate increases of all sorts throughout the East were disposed of temporarily today by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The interstate rates until December 30. A selected list of articles was excluded. Most of the proposed increases were slated to become effective today or within a few days.

By its exclusion of the selected list the commission in effect temporarily approved of increased rates on alcohol, aluminum, coal and coke, fertilizer material, grain and grain products, iron ore, iron and steel articles, pig iron, leather, lime, livestock, lumber, and packing house products and sugar.

PLANS TO PROTECT GATUN.

General Staff Asks \$250,000 to Foil Attack by Land.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The General Staff of the army has formulated important plans in case of attack on the Panama Canal. They involve the immediate preparation of a site at Gatun for the concentration of mobile forces and the construction of defence roads and trails to localities on the Panama Canal occupied by companies on outpost duty. The funds needed for these two projects total \$250,000.

IN NAVY, FIGHTS FOR HIS JOB.

Treasurer of New York Last Company Asks an Injunction.

John S. Woodruff, a seaman in the United States Naval Reserve, brought suit yesterday in the Federal court for an injunction restraining the officers of the New York Last Company, 427 Eleventh avenue, from ousting him from office as treasurer of their concern.

The Naval Reservist alleges that he owns 20 per cent. of the company's 100,000 stock issue, and receives a salary of \$5,200 per annum, which was to continue during his service with the navy. Other officers, prominent among his kinsmen, Oscar A. Woodruff, he alleges, have planned to elect another treasurer in his place, and he asks the court to prevent them.

Arrangement of Paper.

Arranging the paper for its stand against the military interests of the nation, the jurist says: "Congress had declared war. Thousands of the sons of the American army were on the soil of France. At any moment the crash of their rifle fire and the thunder of their artillery in the vindication and defence of human liberty might be heard. American men-of-war manned by Americans were cleaving the waters forbidden by the enemy to our commerce, questing every billow for his lurking and deadly craft. By the thousands the gallant youth of every American State were rallying to the colors of the Liberty Bonds our people had proved that in the common cause they will be as lavish of their treasure as of their blood. With the utmost nobility of soul, with the self-sacrificial spirit of woman, in the human Red Cross and similar organizations, our country's daughters were no whit behind her sons."

"At this juncture of the nation's life the Postmaster-General and the Attorney-General have discovered in the Jeffersonian's publication, the Jeffersonian, such passages as this: 'Men conscripted to go to France are virtually condemned to death, and everything that is done to ease their burden is a crime against the nation. Why not call Woodrow Wilson by the name of Kaiser if the Constitution is to be maintained? The Kaiser treated the Belgian people as the Kaiser treated the Belgian people.' Those Representatives in Congress [those who voted for conscription] condemn the liberty and the lives of your sons."

Hint of Treason Heard. The Southern Jurist remarks that the Postmaster-General has stated under oath in papers submitted to the army before him that he "is advised and believes that there is an organized propaganda which has inflamed a large body of people to such an extent that it constitutes a direct and serious threat to the insurance and forcible resistance to the laws of the United States," and that "prominent among the publications thus incited is the Jeffersonian."

He declares Watson's fears that American youths will be fed to German swine, saying, "In such crises as Lacedaemon before the Spartans, and the British before the Boer, the man who is accustomed to eat, claim, 'Return on your shield or with it.' How dissimilar, how absurd is the cowardice of the Jeffersonian, would encourage."

After citing many other alleged seditious passages from the paper Judge Spear concludes such poison. "The nation's military and naval authorities are entitled to know if it seeks relief of any kind should 'come into court with clean hands.'"

"Can one be said to come with clean hands," the court asks, "when the policy, efforts and methods that he would maintain may cause his hands to be impregnated with a blanket of blood in the blood of his countrymen? If by such propaganda American soldiers may be convinced that they are the victims of lawless and unconstitutional oppression vain indeed will be the efforts to make their deeds rival the glowing traditions of their hero strain. On the contrary, the world will behold the American degradation and shame, the disintegration under fire of our lines of battle, the inglorious flight of our defenders, like the recent debacle of the Russian army, brought about by methods much the same, the ultimate conquest of our country, the destruction of its institutions and the vanishing of popular government on earth."

Soldiers Arrest Six Camp Laborers. Six laborers were brought to in an army truck guarded by four negro soldiers and turned over to Sheriff Higgs. The soldiers refused to make public why the men had been arrested, but it is reported that they were caught stealing blankets from coats of other laborers at Camp Upton.

The importance of Gatun lies in the fact that an enemy might seek to occupy it with mobile forces as an adjunct to an attack on the canal from the Atlantic side. This site is the only one from which troops can be moved directly to points east and west of the Atlantic entrance to the canal.

The Crocker long English crepe vel, light weight, with woven hems, made specially for this House.

Black Hats and White Hats suitable for All occasions.

375 Fifth Ave., at 38th St. Boston, Copley Sq.

Lord & Taylor advertisement featuring Women's Tailored Suits, Autumn Coats, and Women's Fashionable Footwear. Includes prices like \$29.50, \$35.00, \$39.50, \$45.00, \$25.00, \$6.85, \$12.00, \$14.00, \$8.50.

Bidding PARIS MILLINERY advertisement. The Paris Shop of America. The fact that very few New York Buyers were in Paris this season prompted us to make larger importations than ever before. Many of these new modes just received via S.S. Chicago and Rochambeau are now on view for the first time - Attention being particularly directed to PARIS MILLINERY. Introducing the Torpedo Muff and Hat from Lanvin - Chrysanthemum Feather Effects by Lucie Hamar - a Fur-crowned Regimental Hat by Leontine - the Postillion by Lewis - together with other equally attractive individual designs - also featuring SMART SERGE DRESSES for Street and Afternoon wear. TAILORED SUITS IN STRICTLY PLAIN AND DRESSY EFFECTS. FROCK SUITS CONSISTING OF DRESS WITH COAT TO MATCH. INFORMAL and HOSTESS GOWNS. THEATRE and DINNER GOWNS. STREET COATS for Town wear. LIMOUSINE and MOTOR COATS. EXQUISITE WRAPS. also introducing New Fashions in Superb Furs which express utmost luxury in the perfect blending of precious skins, assembled with the knowledge of a specialist and the talent of an artist. Coats, Sets and Separate Furs.