

WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair to-day and to-morrow; little change in temperature; shifting winds. Highest temperature yesterday, 46; lowest, 36. Detailed weather reports on last page.

SUSPEND THREE TEACHERS; HNT PRO-GERMANISM

Associate Superintendent Says Charges Will Be Made Before Board.

HEARING NEXT TUESDAY

Acts Called "Subversive of Good Citizenship" of De Witt Clinton Scholars.

A new turn to the affairs of the De Witt Clinton High School, where the question of pro-Germanism has agitated the faculty for some time, came yesterday when three members of the teaching staff were suspended from duty by Dr. John L. Tildley, associate superintendent of schools, following an examination which is recently completed. The teachers who were suspended are: A. Henry Schaefer of 845 Whitlock avenue, Thomas Mufson of 1719 Madison avenue and Samuel D. Schmalhaus of 324 Prospect avenue. Eight other teachers in the same school were recommended for transfer "for the good of the service."

According to a statement given out by Dr. Tildley, the suspension was the result of conduct prejudicial to discipline and subversive of good citizenship. He refused to state just what acts he considered to come within this definition, but said that he had reported to the committee on high schools of the Board of Education at its meeting yesterday several concrete instances in the record of each.

Dismissal May Follow. The case will come up for hearing before the Board of Education next Tuesday. In case the action of Dr. Tildley is sustained the men will be dismissed. In the case of one of the men it is said that a theme assignment that necessitated an extremely radical view by the pupils was one of the actions which was held objectionable.

Some members of the Board of Education were reluctant to express any opinion on the matter last night, in view of the fact that they will sit on the case which is held by the school board. It is believed that in case Dr. Tildley's report on the activities of the three men is upheld to-day's suspensions are only the prelude to a movement to rid the schools of a disloyal element which, according to the privately expressed opinions of some members of the board, has been doing a great deal of harm. It is known that the investigation was undertaken at the instance of the board's committee on high schools.

Such of the teachers as could be reached last night said the opinion that there were two sides to the question. One member of the De Witt Clinton faculty, while expressing the opinion that there was no doubt as to the opinion in this country at the present time in any matter of loyalty to the Government, compared the situation to that of a disloyal element which, according to two members of the faculty there, is the action of the trustees because they had expressed sentiments which the trustees had found objectionable in the present situation of the country. This was followed by the resignation of Prof. Beard because he felt that the summary removal of his colleagues was an infringement of the academic freedom of the entire faculty.

Storm of Protest Expected.

No matter what evidence may be revealed against the teachers suspended yesterday it is certain that the matter will cause a storm of protest from teachers in every school in the city. Tuesday's hearing before the Board of Education will be marked by a hot contest. Mr. Schaefer, one of the men suspended, when seen at his home last night declined to make any comment. He was learned, however, that he has retained counsel to present his case at the hearing. Thomas Mufson, another of the trio, could not be reached last night. He is said to have returned to his home and would not return until morning.

PALMER REASSURES ALIENS.

No Intention to Disturb Property of Those Obeying Law.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Heavy with-drawal of bank and postal savings deposits by aliens in some localities caused A. Mitchell Palmer, alien property custodian, to issue a formal statement today reassuring alien property owners that the Government had no intention of interfering with the money or property of Germans or citizens of countries allied with Germany living and doing lawful business in this country. Mr. Palmer said many published statements regarding this matter had been so misleading as to give rise to fear that they may have originated in a deliberate wish to disturb and injure American business interests.

PROF. SCOTT NEARING FINED \$50 FOR SPEECH

Pleads Guilty to Disorderly Conduct in Duluth.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 13.—Scott Nearing, former professor of political economy at the University of Pennsylvania, pleaded last night guilty to making an alleged anti-war speech here, was arraigned in police court late to-day. He pleaded guilty to disorderly conduct and was fined \$50. Four others arrested with him were held on a charge of vagrancy.

Prof. Nearing left to-night for New York via Chicago, saying he had cancelled his previous speaking tour because of his arrest. Federal authorities had refused to accept Nearing as a prisoner after his alleged anti-war speech Monday night. John Kenny, Department of Justice attorney here, said no seditious remarks in which prosecution could be based were uttered by Nearing at the meeting.

Emil Seidel Arrested.

HONOLULU, Wis., Nov. 13.—Emil Seidel, Milwaukee Alderman and Socialist, was arrested and held in the city jail last night on a charge of "using language tending to provoke an assault and breach of peace."

Europe to Read Wilson's Speech

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—President Wilson's speech to the American Federation of Labor at Buffalo yesterday is to be printed in various languages and distributed throughout Europe.

BOARD TO RULE NEWARK PICKED

Five Commissioners Elected Under New Form of Government.

RAYMOND LEADS VOTING

Benedict Prieth, Indicted German, Polled Only 230 in 32 Districts.

The five commissioners who will rule the city of Newark under the new commission form of government, according to election returns from all but 26 of the 32 election districts in the city are: City Clerk Alexander Archibald, regular Democratic organization, "Good Government," 8,815. Mayor Thomas L. Raymond, Independent Republican, "For Uncontrolled, Constructive and Economical Government," 11,121. Board of Works Commissioner Charles P. Gillen, Independent Democrat, "Free to Render Faithful Service," 10,445. Police Commissioner William J. Brennan, regular Democratic organization, "Righteousness for Working People," 10,310.

John P. Monahan, regular Democratic organization, "Good Government," 7,759. Benedict Prieth, owner of the New Jersey Free Zeitung, who is under \$25,000 bail on a charge of treason, got only 230 votes in 32 districts. He had no chance to make even a fair showing, although the fact that eighty candidates were in the field gave the pro-Germans a chance to roll up a respectable vote by concentrating their vote on himself. The election was held as the result of a vote taken on October 9, at which time 19,089 citizens indicated their preference for the commission form of government, while 6,652 opposed it.

PETTIGREW SEES "MYSTERY"

Ex-Senator, Indicted, Awaits the Federal Authorities.

Special Dispatch to The Sun. CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Although an indictment was voted against him weeks ago on a charge of uttering anti-war sentiments, former United States Senator Richard F. Pettigrew of Sioux Falls, S. D., has not been served with a warrant of arrest.

Why the Government has held back service is a mystery to him, he declared to-night at the Auditorium Hotel, where he has been staying for several months, while undergoing medical treatment. "I heard that I was indicted," he said. "I know what they have never come after me. I am firm in my belief that the United States has no right in this war and that it was forced upon us by a man who was a school teacher and his life and who is used to having his way about things."

APPEAL CLOSED TO DRAFTES

All Men Now in the Training Camps Must Stay There.

All drafted men will have to go to camp and stay there until sent to the trenches. Provost Marshal General Crowder telegraphed strict orders to this effect last night in answer to a report sent him from the office of the Adjutant-General that several hundred thousands of conscripted men have petitioned to have their cases reopened. The effect of the order will be to close all reopened cases.

MARLBOROUGH RECONCILED.

Duke Reported to Have Joined His Wife at Blenheim.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The Daily Graphic prints the following: "The Duke of Marlborough is 46 to-day. Both he and his Duchess are at Blenheim Palace." "In view of the fact that the Duke and Duchess, who were formerly Counselor Vanderbilt of New York, have been separated for a number of years, the children spending part of the time with their mother and part with their father, this announcement is causing great interest in social circles.

ARMY TO WEED OUT ALL ENEMY ALIENS

Austrians, Turks and Bulgars to Be Discharged.

The Special Dispatch to The Sun. BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 13.—Announcement was made at Camp Meade that steps will be taken at once to weed out all men who are natives of Austria, Bulgaria or any other country allied with Germany and discharge them from military service of the United States. This action was taken after a long investigation, and it developed that there are a number of men taken in the selective draft who are natives of these countries. There are about 260 men at Camp Meade who will be discharged under this order, most of whom come from the small towns of Pennsylvania. The order, however, does not affect naturalized foreigners, but even with these care is being taken in making assignments for service.

It is assumed that no unnaturalized enemy sympathizer in him will be sent to France, and those who are recognized citizens of Austria, Turkey or Bulgaria will be returned to their homes.

FRENCH CABINET RESIGNS IN WAR COUNCIL DEBATE

Painleve Government Loses Vote of Confidence by 277 to 186.

ALLIES' PLAN OUTLINED

Extension of British Front Opposed; Supreme Commander Desired.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—After a statement in the Chamber of Deputies to-night by Premier Painleve on the new Inter-Allied War Committee, in which he revealed that the British were about to make considerable additional advances of the battlefront in France, which was followed by a heated discussion, the Premier put the question bluntly: "Has the present Government the confidence of the Chamber?" It is the necessary authority to represent France at the coming allied conference.

After the Government had obtained a majority on this point, the Premier on the question of confidence in its military and diplomatic policy a determined attack was made to bring on a discussion of the present Government. The Premier put the question bluntly: "Has the present Government the confidence of the Chamber?" It is the necessary authority to represent France at the coming allied conference.

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In outlining the scope of the Inter-Allied War Committee, Premier Painleve said that British and French commanders in chief had come to an arrangement for an extension of the British front at an early date. The Premier referred to the necessity of systematic and complete economic coordination of resources of the Allies. Great Britain and France, he said, had reached a complete agreement for the provisioning of the two countries, which would be put into immediate execution.

Extending the scope of the inter-allied committee Premier Painleve said: "We do not doubt that the United States, whose troops have been summoned to fight upon this front, will give their adhesion to this economic agreement, concerning the other fronts ultimately will be carried—on with Russia and Japan."

Composition of the Council.

The object of the council is not to direct the details of military operations but to define the general war policy and the general plan of the Allies, adapting them to the resources and means of which they dispose so as to assure the strongest result possible. The council will meet in France at least once a month. It rests upon an inter-allied permanent staff, which forms at the same time its secretariat. Negotiations and its technical adviser. The decisions of such a council are not tainted by any particularism, as they embrace the battlefields as a whole. They will be ratified by the respective Governments.

"We have already heard the objection that it is a unilateral command we need, not a consultative committee. All plans are open to criticism, and I am far from saying that the step we have taken is the last in the progress to be accomplished, but it is wise to bring into being what is possible instead of waiting for months to obtain something better."

Supreme Commander Later.

M. Painleve said that if a single supreme command some day were possible it would have the need of precisely such an inter-allied staff as now would be created by the superior war council. "Possibly the superior war council might fulfill its functions so that it would in fact arrive at unity of command. It would be better to have the thing than the name."

Many Outsiders in Traffic.

An interesting phase of the research work in the realm of hidden foodstuffs is the fact that many outsiders are engaged in the grocery or provision business have plunged into this alleged illicit traffic and may have amassed large sums from the enterprise.

HANG ALL TRAITORS, IS GERARD'S ADVICE

Time Has Passed for Repentance of Disloyal.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 13.—The time for repentance of disloyal Americans and pro-Germans sympathizers has passed, and the day is at hand when every person must decide whether he is for or against America, declared James W. Gerard, former American Ambassador to Germany, in an address here to-day.

"Americans are to be congratulated for their efforts to induce Germans in these days to renounce their disloyalty. There are still many under the protection of the American flag who are snakes in the grass," said the former Ambassador. "The time has come, however, when they must say straightforwardly whether they are for or against America. We should 'hoist' every disloyal German American, feed every pacifist spy and hang every traitor to a lamp post, to insure success in this war. And our traitors are not all German Americans, but some men high in public life are aiding the Prussian cause. There are no disloyal chapters of American politics than the crusade of these men, whose names you know."

AMERICAN ARMY AVIATORS IN RAIDS OVER GERMANY

Our Men Who Fought Hand to Hand With Enemy Relieved by Third Series of Battalions in First Line.

By the Associated Press. WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 12.—American army aviators have participated in bombing raids over Germany and have been doing observation duty at various points on the battle line.

The aviators are officers of the regular army, some of whom had been flying before the United States entered the war. Others of them are men who have been on duty at training centers. On the bombing raids the Americans have been carried in French planes as bombers and observers and have been gaining a vast wealth of experience which in the future will assist them as well as the new members of the air service who are arriving in numbers.

Some of the Americans were in several recent raids in which bombs were dropped on German positions of military importance. In observation work the Americans have been acting both as observers and pilots, being in French machines. This work has been done at many points, but none of the machines carrying American aviators has been down over the sector where the American troops are entrenched.

No casualties among the American aviators have been reported, although enemy airplanes have fired heavily upon them. The Allied officers are enthusiastic over the work of the young fliers and of the unanimous opinion that they are combining the daring of the British fliers and the technique of the French aviators.

U. S. FINDS FOOD PROFITERS HID

Eight Bulging Warehouses Found in Manhattan With Secret Store.

LESSEES FORMED POOL

Millions of Dollars Worth Held by Men Not Regularly in Provision Trade.

Baker Changed Mind

Secretary Says Men Will Command 313,000 New Conscripts Next Spring.

Secret Service Operatives Under

Washington, Nov. 13.—All men who qualify in the officers training camps will receive commissions and practically all of them will be assigned immediately to active service, either with troops or at service schools. Secretary Baker announced to-day that a study of the situation had disclosed that it would be unnecessary to place any considerable number of the camp graduates on the inactive list.

The earlier announced intention of the Department to assign to active service only a small percentage of the men who will complete their course in the second series of camps this month caused a flood of protests from friends and relatives of the men. The plan had been to commission many of the students as reserve officers and allow them to return to civilian status until needed.

ITALIANS GAIN COURAGE

Troops' Morale Improves Hourly as Enemy Menaces Venice.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun from the London Times. Copyright, 1917, all rights reserved. ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 13.—The two armies, although the enemy has not

Christmas Bells Ring for Tobacco Fund

CHRISTMAS bells are being rung by THE SUN Tobacco Fund. Echoing all over broad America come responses in gratifying abundance. Checks and cash are being whisked in with the speed that Santa likes. Read the progress of the campaign on another page.

England and France Made "Handsome Proposals"

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 13.—According to the Koelnische Volkszeitung, Emperor Charles of Austria, referring to the Austro-German alliance, declared that he was not a passing fancy, but the efforts of the world in arms during thirty-nine months of war because they were united.

Remember when Christmas

Are you "hoarding" the certificates you get with your purchases in the United and the Schulte stores? Don't. Stuff them in the boxes as soon as handed to you, so that they will form a part of the holiday offering to our soldiers abroad.

\$310,000,000 LOAN TO FRANCE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—A loan of \$310,000,000 to France to cover expenditures in this country during November and December was made to-day by the Treasury.

This makes the total credits extended to France \$1,180,000,000 and the total loans to all the Allies \$3,376,400,000.

ITALIANS CHECK TEUTON ONRUSH; HOPE FOR VENICE

Germans Repulsed After Crossing Piave River 23 Miles From Art Centre.

CAPTURE MOST LONGARA

Invaders Make Small Gains as Armies Line Up for Battle on Opposite Shores.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—The Italians are fighting desperately and on the whole with considerable success to stop the Austro-German advance over the plains of Venetia. It is now clear that the main stand is being made on the Piave River, and although Venice is being gradually evacuated by the civilian population there is a fair prospect that the city will be saved from the blighting contact of the Germans.

With the aid of large boats the Germans crossed the river at Zenson, twenty-three miles northeast of Venice, and established a bridgehead, but were repulsed by the Italians toward the river bank. The Germans have captured Mont Longara, immediately northeast of Asiago, on the eastern border of the Trentino, and the armored fort of Pozzo, five miles west of Belluno. This fort was given up by the Italians in order to straighten their line in this section.

These gains are of a minor character; the significant thing is that the Italian resistance has greatly increased and that the Teuton advance apparently has lost its momentum. With the two armies massed on the opposite banks of the Piave a great battle cannot be far distant.

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Cadorna Not to Serve on Allies Committee

PARIS, Nov. 13.—The Temps correspondent on the Italian frontier says that Gen. Cadorna, the former commander in chief, has declined the offer to represent Italy on the Interallied Military Committee.

AMERICA GAINS NEUTRAL SHIPS

Negotiations for 400,000 Tonnage in Europe and Japan Are Succeeding.

TRADE FOOD AND STEEL

New Vessels to Carry U. S. Troops and Provisions and Also Go South.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The United States is about to add several hundred thousand tons of shipping to the stream of vessels carrying American troops and supplies to the aid of the Allies. Negotiations with the northern European neutral nations and with Japan for tonnage have reached a final stage and the vessels obtained either will go directly into transatlantic routes or will release American ships for this service.

The European neutrals, it was learned to-night, finally have agreed to turn over to the United States and the Allies, ships in exchange for foodstuffs that only America can supply. The quantities of food to be furnished will be determined later, but the neutrals have the assurance of the American Government that they will be given enough to meet their necessary requirements.

Japan will sell outright to the United States large amount of tonnage now in the Pacific in exchange for steel ship plates. The Japanese are anxious to obtain to complete their merchant ship rebuilding programme. Only the matter of price remains to be settled. The neutrals will be given enough to meet their necessary requirements.

Sweden has agreed to release for the United States a number of its ships. The amount of tonnage the United States is obtaining has not been known, but there are in American ports now more than 400,000 tons of neutral ships which will be put into some American service. Many of the ships will ply between American ports and South America, each releasing an American or British vessel for service through the war zone.

For several days the United States deal in a different manner with each neutral nation. Norway, Sweden, Holland and Denmark. With the question of tonnage out of the way and the American promise of sufficient foodstuffs for the neutrals obtained there remains still two important factors in the negotiations. One of these is just how much food the neutrals will require and the other is how far the neutrals may go in shipping supplies into Germany.

Norway and Sweden, it is said, are ready to stop the shipment to Germany of all foodstuffs supplied by supplies from the United States, but Holland so far has declined to do so. The neutrals are dairy supplier. Sweden, it is said, will be asked also to discontinue the export of iron ore and certain other materials to Germany and the American service. It is declared, it is determined that American cattle feeds shall be used by Holland so long as dairy shipments continue to find their way to the Central Powers.

TUMULTY NAILS GERMAN LIE

Report of His Alleged Imprisonment Being Investigated.

Special Dispatch to The Sun. WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Secretary Tumulty issued the following statement to-night regarding the malicious rumors of which he has been the victim as The Sun stated last Monday: "For several days friends have written, telegraphed and telephoned me from all parts of the country stating that rumors are being assiduously spread all over the world that I have been imprisoned by Lord Leavenworth. All sorts of fanciful tales are being passed from mouth to mouth by innocent persons who are the victims of a systematic and insidious propaganda to weaken confidence in officials of the Federal Government of justice are investigating the origin of this conspiracy to determine who have been guilty of actually starting this falsehood."

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR TELLS OF PEACE BID

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