

NEW RULE REVOKES DRAFT EXEMPTIONS

Men Already Excused, for Whatever Reason, Will Be Reexamined.

ELIGIBLES CLASSIFIED

"Question Book" to Be Sent to Each of 9,000,000 Men Who Registered.

A "question book" which will be sent to each of the 9,000,000 men who, on June 5 registered for military service, makes it plain that all previous exemptions are to be cancelled forthwith, that married men as a class are not excused from duty, that no evidence must be presented by those claiming exemption...

The questionnaire, made public yesterday at the office in Washington of Provost Marshal General Crowder, will be sent within a short time to each of the 9,000,000 men. Each man is to answer sixteen pages of questions concerning his occupation, fitness for service, and the like, and present the pamphlet to his local exemption board within a week of receipt.

Under the new system the draft registrants are divided into five classes, and the best available estimates indicate that the first of these classes, which will contain the names of the men to be called first for military service, will contain more than 2,000,000 men subject for duty before any man in any other class will be called up. It is regarded as practically certain that Congress will take up the question of extending the draft law to cover men who have attained the age of 21 since it was enacted. Should that be done and provision made for the registration thereafter of every man he reached that age it is estimated that about 600,000 men would be added to Class No. 1 automatically by next March. In that event no present plans for the army would reach the men in Class 2.

As the first step in the classification of selected men Provost Marshal General Crowder has directed local exemption boards to compile the information contained in their docket sheets and registration cards.

Many Assistants Needed. For this work the boards will need from five to fifteen assistants, working from three days to two weeks, according to the size of the district. The assistants must be volunteers trained for duty before any man who has attained the age of 21 since it was enacted. Should that be done and provision made for the registration thereafter of every man he reached that age it is estimated that about 600,000 men would be added to Class No. 1 automatically by next March. In that event no present plans for the army would reach the men in Class 2.

The publication of the new classification and plans to register men who have not yet attained the age of 21, will make them far down in the list as to make them hardly liable to call for military service within at least several years.

The paragraph referring to previous exemptions reads: "All exemptions and discharges made prior to the date of these rules and regulations and all certificates in evidence thereon are hereby revoked, and all such certificates heretofore issued shall have no further validity."

One for Every Draftee. Theoretically every young man of conscription age in the country is to receive one of the pamphlets, but it is made clear by the Government officials directing the distribution of the pamphlets that there is no one of the questionnaires, which very likely will be sent out broadcast on or shortly after December 15, is no excuse for not making the stipulated returns demanded by a particular registrant's board headquarters.

Every man of selective draft age should receive one of the pamphlets. Nevertheless, the Government puts it up to those concerned to see to it themselves that each young man gets a copy of the questions and sends in his return. Wherefore, if he doesn't find a copy of his pamphlet in the mails it is up to him to put on his hat and go around the corner to his board officials, once the sending out of the pamphlets is begun, and ask how to get it. The question book has been made out with the idea in mind of having a permanent arrangement whereby the essentials for draft effectiveness contained therein will apply not only to the calling forth of the second batch of conscriptionists, but will work equally well until the last consignment of soldiers needed to make the Kaiser bite the dust has been called to arms. It is taken for granted that the new form of questions will meet all requirements for conscripting the last army quite as well as it must the next, or second, call for soldiers.

The questions have been arranged and printed with the idea that perhaps as many as 2,000,000 young men will have been called before the Kaiser bites the long nose of his oldest boy is permanently broken.

Divided into Five Classifications. After filling in the inside pages of his questionnaire the registrant is to indicate on the front page the class to which he believes he should be assigned. The five classifications are:

- CLASS I.
A—Single man without dependent relatives.
B—Married man with or without children, or father of motherless children, who has habitually failed to support his family.
C—Married man dependent on wife for support.
D—Married man with or without children, or father of motherless children, man not usually engaged, family supported by independent of his labor.
E—Unmarried industrial laborer.
F—Unmarried professional man of whom no definite classification is claimed or made.
G—Registrant who fails to submit questionnaire and in respect of whom no definite classification is claimed or made.
H—All registrants not included in any other division in this schedule.

- CLASS II.
A—Married man with children or father of motherless children, whose wife or children are dependent upon his labor for support.
B—Married man with or without children, whose wife or children are dependent upon his labor for support, but who is engaged in a useful occupation, is not usually dependent upon his labor for support, and in respect of whom no definite classification is claimed or made.
C—Married man with or without children, whose wife or children are dependent upon his labor for support, but who is engaged in a useful occupation, is not usually dependent upon his labor for support, and in respect of whom no definite classification is claimed or made.
D—Necessary skilled farm laborer in necessary agricultural enterprise.
E—Necessary skilled industrial laborer in necessary industrial enterprise.

- CLASS III.
A—Man with dependent children (not his own), but with dependent children in relation of parent.
B—Man with dependent aged or infirm parents.
C—Man with dependent helpless brothers or sisters.
D—Highly trained fireman or policeman, at least three years in service of municipality.
E—Necessary custom house clerk.
F—Necessary post office clerk.
G—Necessary railway mail carrier.
H—Necessary artisan or workman in United States.
I—Necessary employee in service of United States.
J—Necessary assistant, associate or hired man of necessary agricultural enterprise.
K—Necessary highly skilled technical or mechanical expert of necessary industrial enterprise.
L—Necessary assistant or associate manager of necessary industrial enterprise.

- CLASS IV.
A—Man whose wife or children are mainly dependent on his labor for support.
B—Mariner actually employed in sea service of citizen or merchant in the United States.
C—Necessary sole managing, controlling or directing head of necessary agricultural enterprise.
D—Necessary sole managing, controlling or directing head of necessary industrial enterprise.

- CLASS V.
A—Officers—legislative, executive or judicial of the United States or of State, Territory or District of Columbia.
B—Regular or duly ordained minister of religion.
C—Student who on May 18, 1917, was preparing for military or naval service of United States.
D—Person in military or naval service of United States.
E—Alien enemy.
F—Resident alien (not an enemy) who claims exemption.
G—Person totally and permanently physically disabled or incapable for military service.
H—Person normally unfit to be a soldier of the United States.
I—Licensed pilot actually employed in the pursuit of his vocation.

RECRUITS FLOCK TO 22D.

Men of 18 to 45 Joining New Engineer Regiment. Much success is being obtained in recruiting for the new Twenty-second Engineer Regiment of the New York Guard, which will take the place of the old Twenty-second, which is now the 102d Engineers of the United States Army and a part of the Twenty-seventh Division at Spartanburg. Qualified men may enlist at the armory, Fort Washington avenue and 168th street.

WAR LOAN MILLIONS TO POUR IN TO-DAY

Banks' Machinery Will Be Taxed With 18 Per Cent. Due on Second Issue.

BONDS HIT LOW MARKS

Various Reasons Given for Sales of the 4s at 99.18 and the 3 1-2s at 98.80.

The banking machinery of New York will be taxed to the limit to-day when subscribers to the second Liberty Loan make their second payments, amounting to 18 per cent. on their subscriptions. If each subscriber paid only the exact amount due to-day the sum that would go into the Federal Reserve Bank of New York would total \$207,180,000, but bankers expect that more than half of the \$1,151,000,000 of bonds allotted in New York will be paid for in full, so that the total may reach approximately \$600,000,000.

The transfer is expected to be a severe strain on the money market, but local bankers have been mobilizing their forces to prevent any violent disturbance or change in money rates. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York issued the following statement yesterday: "To-morrow (meaning to-day) is the first day upon which payments for 4 per cent. Liberty Loan bonds, either in part or in full, may be made. Arrangements have been completed by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York so that payments in this district may be handled with the least possible financial disturbance."

Qualified Banks Number 680. "About 680 banks in this district have qualified as Government depositaries, or about three times the number which qualified last June. Such Government depositaries make their payments by opening a credit to the Treasury on their books, thereby avoiding the transfer of any funds whatever. Payments made in cash or by check on New York City banks will be promptly redeposited with New York City banks which are qualified Government depositaries.

"No deliveries of bonds will be made to-morrow, but bonds will be mailed to banks outside of New York City after the close of business Saturday, November 17, and deliveries to banks in New York City will be ready at the opening of business Monday, November 19. The volume of bonds thus far received will probably not be sufficient to make complete deliveries, but partial deliveries for as large a percentage as possible will be made in each case and the balance will be delivered as received by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York."

The first and second issues of Liberty bonds were sold in liberal volume yesterday. Total transactions amounted to \$2,791,000. The selling caused a decline in the 4 per cent. bonds from 99 3/4-100, Tuesday's close, to 98 1/4-100, and the 3 1/2 per cent. bonds from 98 1/2-99 to 98 1/4-99. The quotation was a new low record.

Four Per Cent at 99.18. The 4 per cent. Liberty bonds depreciated from 99 3/4-100, Tuesday's closing, to 99 1/4-100, which is also a new low record. At yesterday's low price the 3 1/2 per cent. bonds were selling at a discount of \$1.14 per \$100 bond and the 4 per cent. bonds at a discount of 82 cents per \$100 bond.

The weakness of the 2 1/2s was attributed to several reasons. Prominent among these was the fact that the Treasury Department closes the transfer books to-day for the payment of interest due December 15. The books remain closed for thirty days, reopening the day following the interest payment. As registered bonds cannot be transferred during this period the owner of a registered bond desiring to sell would have to offer his security at a concession because the prospective buyer could not have it transferred for thirty days. As the registered bonds are mostly held in large amounts by wealthy investors the big blocks sold yesterday changed hands at concessions.

Another reason given was that many and that some persons are selling the 2 1/2s to take advantage of the unusually low prices prevailing for stocks. Dealings in the 2 1/2 per cent. bonds totaled \$2,998,500 par. This does not include the transactions in the \$100, \$100 and \$50 denominations, of which no record is made on the ticker tape.

M'ADOO PLANS TO RAISE 10 BILLIONS

Continued from First Page.

Cleveland Man New President.

The Investment Bankers Association concluded its three days business convention this afternoon with the reports of the railroad securities and fraudulent advertising committees of the association and the election of a president and board of directors for the year beginning January 1 next.

SHOOTS WOMAN AND THEN KILLS HIMSELF

Soldier Comes From Camp to Fire on Cabaret Singer.

Private John Becker of Company 11, 10th Infantry, National Army, stationed at Fort Belknap, Ayer, Mass., called upon Mrs. Freda Clayton Wass, a cabaret singer, in her apartment at 342 Eighth avenue, early last night. After a few minutes a quarrel ensued. Becker fired two revolver shots at Mrs. Wass, one of the bullets striking her in the neck.

Mrs. Wass ran screaming into the street and across Eighth avenue to a drug store on the corner of Twenty-seventh street, where she collapsed. Becker then turned the revolver upon himself, firing two shots into his breast and one through his temple. He died soon afterward in Bellevue Hospital. Mrs. Wass was taken to the New York Hospital, where it was said she probably would die.

In a note which the police found in Becker's pockets, the soldier said he was about to kill himself and Mrs. Wass and "end all his troubles." The note said that he was 23 years old, that he had a wife and three children living in 423 Broadway, Elizabeth, N. J., and a sister living in 3225 Glenwood road, Canarsie. According to the police, Mrs. Wass is 38 years old and the wife of Samuel Wass, a diamond cutter, from whom she is separated. She has been singing in cabarets under the name of Freda Clayton.

KINKADE WARS ON HAGUE.

Retiring Sheriff Puts Enemies of Boss on Grand Jury List.

Eugene F. Kinkade quit as Sheriff of Hudson county yesterday and Jersey City hummed with excitement over the manner of his going. As a result of his resignation, Frank Hague of Jersey City overrode the refusal to permit the incoming Sheriff, John Magner, to retain two of Kinkade's friends as under Sheriffs. Kinkade at the last moment withdrew his name from the list, which is simply crowded with names of men that have been making political war on Hague. Many of them are identified with the Citizens' Federation of Hudson County and the Honest Ballot League, two organizations in particular that have been fighting Hague.

It is from this list that a Grand Jury is to be chosen which will receive complaints that have been made against political lieutenants of Hague. Last night the plan was first presented to Kinkade who felt that it was an endeavor to unsettle Democrats in an endeavor to unsettle Hague as the party boss of the county.

3,000 Men Wanted to Build Ships.

The State Defense Council's clearing house for employment asked yesterday for 3,000 men, ranging from laborers at \$3 a day to superintendents at several thousands of dollars a year, for a new shipbuilding plant. Applications may be made at 43 Lafayette street or at the State public employment bureau, 215 Bay street, Brooklyn. Cooperating employment agencies also will receive applications.

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Stewart Week at Wanamaker's

Remember this sign. It was used by chemists and used to symbolize pure GOLD. It is used by us to mark only goods that have no peer at their price. When you see goods marked with this sign—BUY.

Men's Day

Breaking open the flood-gates of price, letting in a tide of values which sweeps away all Wanamaker records for value-giving.

1,000 Overcoats at \$29.50

These coats are our \$40, \$45, \$50 grades. Since we bought the materials—America's finest unfinished wools in Oxford and black—prices have gone up from \$2.25 to \$4.45 yard, and there's mighty little in the market. The coats are cut in the smartest Chesterfield model you ever saw—sizes 34 to 46. They are wonderfully handsome. These are the bare facts. The values beggar description.

260 Men's Suits, \$30 to \$37.50 grades—\$25.50

All new. Sack coat business suits. About 25 selections in three Wanamaker models for the three most pronounced types of men.

10,000 Men's Shirts, 75c, \$2.15

2,400 shirts of all pure, fine tub silk, in 50 good patterns and colorings. And 1,600 woven madras shirts, in 25 patterns and colorings—such shirts as were never seen outside a custom shirt shop. All \$2.15 each. At 75c—6,000 of our \$1.25 to \$2 shirts. Hundred good woven and printed madras and printed percale patterns.

643 Pairs Men's High Shoes at \$6.75

Our \$8, \$9 and \$10 grades. Four models, black kidskin, lace, tan grain calfskin, blucher; tan Shrewsbury grain leather blucher; glazed kangaroo skin lace, sizes 6 to 10 1/2—but not in every style. Widths A to D in all.

300 tweed hats, \$3 grades, at \$2.

600 tweed caps, \$1.50 and \$2 grades, at \$1. Burlington Arcade Floor, New Building.

\$18,000 New Furs for \$9,125

The furs are the finer grades—coats, big capes with tails and pass capes with high collars, coats, muffs, scarfs, stoles, sets—splendid furs. And at an average of half price. Second Floor, Old Building.

Pianos and Player-Pianos

For the lowest prices ever known on instruments so good. Read the names—CHICKERING, KNABE, SCHOMACKER, EMERSON, LINDEMAN, ANGELUS. Volumes have been written about them, and the half has not been told. It will never be told, for MUSIC transcends words. In the haste of casual reading you may miss the significance of this very unusual sale—FAMOUS INSTRUMENTS; REAL SAVINGS. We hope you won't—for your children's sake as much as for your own. Nothing like it has come to New York this year. Nothing like it will. For those who may find it more convenient to make time payments, simple banking interest (6 per cent.) will be added to the cash prices, for the time taken to pay the obligation. Piano Salons, First Floor, New Building.

Imported handkerchiefs

Women's, 15c each, our 25c to 35c grades; 50c dozen, our \$1.20 dozen grades. Men's, \$3.50 dozen, regular \$5 dozen grade; \$3 dozen, our \$4.50 dozen grade; \$1.75 dozen, our \$2.40 dozen grade.

Neckwear, 50c and 75c, \$1 to \$2.25 grades. Parisienne Corsets at less, \$6.50 for our \$9 grade, \$4.95 for our \$8 grade.

Broadcloth less than wholesale. 47 and 48 inch satin-finish broadcloth, \$1.65 yard, 50 and 54 inch suitings, mixtures, stripe effects, \$1.65 yard.

Handbags, \$3, \$3.75, \$5.

Bill folds, \$2.

Women's sweaters, new, \$6.50.

Plush stoles, \$4.50 for our \$6 grade.

Car robes, \$25 for \$38 robes.

175 boys' suits, \$8.50, our \$10.50 grade.

In the Downstairs Store

5,496 pairs more women's gloves, \$1.35 pair. Standard retail prices are \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50.

500 new coats for misses, \$18.75 and \$27.50. Misses' new dresses, \$6.75, \$13.75, \$18.75. Misses' evening dresses at \$18.75. Girls' coats at \$8.50 and \$10. Girls' dresses at \$5, \$7.50 and \$12.75.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway at Ninth.

B. Altman & Co. Another Great Sale of Women's Fashionable Suits is now being held. It comprises several hundred suits, fur-trimmed as well as plain-tailored, uniformly marked at the extraordinarily low price of \$29.00 (Women's Ready-to-wear Suits Department, Third Floor). Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue, New York. Thirty-fourth Street. Thirty-fifth Street.

Special Notice The National Fuel Administrator, Dr Harry A Garfield, has issued instructions that, to meet the present fuel emergency, no coal shall be burned for electric sign advertising except between the hours of 7:45 and 11 o'clock each night. Exceptions are made as to the hours of illuminating the signs of theatres, retail stores and where electric light is used for locating doorways and the illumination of passageways. Where the illumination is for building entrances it shall not be continued after the premises are closed. With the approval of the Public Service Commission for the First District, all contracts, rate schedules and service riders are modified in accordance with this order, to go into effect November 15th, 1917, and continue until further notice from the Fuel Administrator. The attention of the customers of this Company is called to this order of the Fuel Administrator with the request that no electric current shall be used for the services referred to during the hours excluded by the order. The New York Edison Company At Your Service Irving Place and 15th Street

JOHN WANAMAKER Broadway at Ninth. 500 new coats for misses, \$18.75 and \$27.50. Misses' new dresses, \$6.75, \$13.75, \$18.75. Misses' evening dresses at \$18.75. Girls' coats at \$8.50 and \$10. Girls' dresses at \$5, \$7.50 and \$12.75.