ROUND ROBIN GROUP NOT ALL FOR LEWIS

Cocks Insists Many Roosevelt Adherents Are Whitman Supporters.

SUBWAY MADE AN ISSUE

Up-State Aid Promised Attorney-General, Who Is Attacked on Same Day.

W. W. Cocks, campaign manager for Gov. Whitman, resented inferences yesterday that the friends of Col. Roosevelt had turned to the support of Attorney-General Lewis because a group which had signed the round robin to the Colonel asking him to run for the Republican nomination for Governor had now declared their allegiance to the Attorney-General. Mr. Cocks himself is a thick and thin supporter of the Colonel.

"Many of the men who have been warm supporters of the Colonel are now and have been steadfast in their support of Gov. Whitman," he declared. "Statements to the contrary are misleading."

Gov. Whitman spoke at Hornell yesterday. Attorney-General Lewis continued his speaking tour in Manhattan last night and will make a drive tonight in Kings county. Senator Charles D. Newton, Whitman candidate for Attorney-General, spent yesterday at the Manhattan Hotel headquarters and in the evening visited several district clubs. To-night he will speak at the headquarters of the Fifteenth Assembly district at 1041 Madison avenue.

Seth G. Heacock, independent candidate for the Republican nomination for Lieutenant-Governor, addressed a series of open questions to Lieut.-Gov. Schoeneck in regard to his connection with Tolishus, the law clerk indicted in Syracuse for alleged seditious utterances. The Lieutenant-Governor had left this city before the Heacock questions were made public.

Cocks Analyzes Statement.

"Sixty-six Republicans signed the Saratoga round robin asking Col. Roosevelt to become a candidate for Governor after they had realized the weakness of the Attorney-General as a candidate," said Mr. Cocks, analyzing the Lewis round robin. "I see that Mr. Lewis has received a round robin letter containing twenty-seven signers, commending the Attorney-General on the performance of his duties as a State officer, which, so far as I know, has not been criticised.

"Mr. Lewis, according to the letter received by him yesterday, is still receiving the active support of Senator Wadsworth, William Barnes and Senator Sage of Albany, William L. Ward of Westchester, who is up in New Hampshire on a vacation; the three ex-Senators, Elon R. Brown of Jefferson, Brackett of Saratoga and Hinman of Broome."

Mr. Cocks called attention to the fact that the names of many well known Republicans who signed the Roosevelt round robin were missing from the Lewis document. He mentioned Senator William M. Calder, Elihu Root, Charles E. Hughes, Francis Hendricks of Syracuse, former United States Attorney-General George W. Wickersham, Speaker Thaddeus C. Sweet, Congressman Luther W. Mott, Jacob L. Livingston and Senator George A. Slater.

"I notice I have been quoted as a convert to Mr. Lewis's candidacy," said Herman W. Beyer, leader of the Fifth Assembly district yesterday. "That is absolutely untrue. My district is for Gov. Whitman and the remainder of the ticket. He will carry it by at least five to one."

Up-Staters Rally to Lewis.

A number of up-State Republicans have joined in a statement to the members of the party in support of the candidacy of the Attorney-General, whom they praise for having prosecuted investigations of Bolo Pasha, the French traitor, and of many enemy aliens in this country. Among the signers are Samuel B. Irish, chairman of the Republican City Committee of Poughkeepsie; ex-Senator Arden L. Norton of Schoharie; former State Excise Commissioner Patrick W. Cullinan, Edwin S. Wells of Syracuse, former District Attorney William L. Barnum of Syracuse, James A. Le Seur of Batavia and F. H. Coster of Huntington.

"The Public Service Commission in a prepared statement confesses that the subway system is practically a failure," declared Attorney-General Lewis, attacking Gov. Whitman for not investigating his Public Service Commission. "It has cost the city of New York hundreds of millions of dollars. It has been planned and constructed by a commission of five members, each of whom draws a salary of $15,000 a year. All of the Commissioners now in office were appointed by Gov. Whitman. The commission has in its employ hundreds of engineers. The subways are called upon to transport 1,200,000 passengers a day. In the planning and construction of the shuttle system somebody blundered. The public has no knowledge as to who is responsible for the blunder. No explanations have been offered by the Commissioners now in office. Some of the Commissioners have been active in promoting the political activities of Gov. Whitman."

Mr. Lewis says he cannot understand the attitude of the Governor in refusing to discuss the situation.

Quigg's Name Injected Into Fight.

The name of Lemuel Ely Quigg was injected into the campaign last night by William Grant Brown, Whitman supporter, in an open letter to the Attorney-General. It was the first time Mr. Brown had been heard from since the Saratoga convention.

"You have written and issued many statements of so undignified and frothy a nature as to lead one to believe that your equipment for Governor is not adequate," declared Mr. Brown. "A careful analysis of the twenty-five thousand words of statements that you have issued during this campaign shows that you hesitate at nothing to destroy a man who stands in the way of your personal ambition and the desires of the men who are back of you.

"Men who are informed in politics and who have studied the actions of the group that is seeking to control again the State of New York realize that you are not wholly to blame for this, but that most of the vilifications that have come from you, if not coming directly from the pens of William Barnes and Lemuel Ely Quigg, have been at least inspired by them."

Mr. Brown ended by asking Mr. Lewis if his victory would not return to power William Barnes and the old conditions in the State organization.

Friends of Attorney-General Lewis expressed the belief last night that the repudiation of Francis W. Hendricks, the veteran leader of Onondaga, by his organization yesterday because of his attempt to shelve Representative Walter W. Magee would help the candidacy of Attorney-General Lewis.

JUVIGNY TAKEN BY YANKS AND FRENCH

Continued from First Page.

were left, the enemy again adopting measures calculated to save as many men as possible.

From Couronne woods and another little wood standing like sentinels between Juvigny and the American lines, the German guns delivered a deadly crossfire. Juvigny is only a village, but, located along the side of a hill, it offered a peculiar opportunity for defence, until the advancing forces moved into positions from which they were able to make it untenable. The resistance then stopped, the Germans retiring further east into more broken ground.

The frontage assigned to the Americans was less than two miles. That part in which Juvigny is located was the scene of a dramatic tank drive. Under the cover of artillery, the light French tanks flirted along both sides of the path up to the little place, smashing down one machine gun nest after another, in spite of the employment by the Germans of their new tank gun, a sort of supermauser.

This gun is virtually identical with the Mauser, except that it fires a bullet a little more than half an inch in diameter. This, it is calculated, can pierce the tank and possibly injure some vital part of the engine. But in the path of the advancing machines, there now lie broken or smashed into the earth scores of these guns.

There is unquestioned mastery of the air by the Allies along this front. It was misty this morning and there was little effective aerial work, and virtually none by the Germans. Above the lines the allied planes were seen all forenoon, attempting to conduct observations in spite of the murky atmosphere, and occasionally a German plane dared to dart through, but in every case it was forced to retire hastily.

Germans Use All Their Guns.

The country which has been the battlefield almost four years again is the scene of a conflict which has started out with the promise of being one most stubbornly fought. To-night the sky is dotted with flashes of exploding shells, while the roar of the barrage and counter barrage must be audible almost to Paris. In the back areas shells are falling behind the Americans, but not so frequently as at many times previously. The Germans apparently are using all their guns and energy in attempting to tear down the determined lines of their advancing enemy.

Two captured officers when questioned to-day by intelligence officers attempted to give the impression that little resistance would be made, assuring the officers that there were few machine guns left emplaced.

How many hundreds or thousands of little guns the Germans have immediately in front of the Americans is not known, but the number is quite up to the lately developed German tactics. Every hillside, ravine and wood crackles with their fire whenever they are approached. And it has been in the face of their destructive offence that the Americans and the French as well have been moving.

Comparatively little gas has been employed by the enemy, perhaps because the wind has not been altogether favorable to its use. There have arrived at the dressing stations a few cases of men suffering from mustard gas, but most of them encountered it in shell holes, hollows and depressions where it was old but still active.

Just back of the lines there is a mixture of French and husky young Americans. Truck trains and long lines of artillery crowd all the roads, but everywhere there is that precision of organization which prevents a jam for more than brief intervals, this part of the machine coordinating well with that fighting a few miles beyond.

German prisoners were scarce at the American lines to-day. Less than a dozen were brought into division headquarters, although a few others passed through the dressing stations. The wounded are being given exactly the same treatment accorded the American wounded and are even being treated in turn of arrival.

Best Troops Oppose Americans.

The enemy, though he is showing renewed activity along the Vesle River, where he is surpassing his previous efforts to test the strength of the Americans, has indicated the importance of the Juvigny Plateau by bringing up some of his best troops to check the progress of the Franco-Americans, which slowly but surely is being made from the deep hollows which the French are holding, as well as from the ourious circular mound to the south of Crecy-au-Mont toward the ridge line of the plateau along which runs the Soissons-St. Quentin road.

The Germans know that when the Franco-American forces reach that they will be able to obtain observation which will permit the gunners to pick out their targets on the long hill line that lies between the plateau and the Vesle Valley, and that his gun positions on this hill, facing artillery fire from the south, southeast and west, will have to be relinquished.

After this several interesting things would be due to happen, but they would not be of interest to the Germans.

PARIS, Aug. 29.—Participation by the American troops in Gen. Mangin's operations in the Juvigny sector was a complete surprise to the enemy, says *La Liberte*. The units intended to be placed in the line to reenforce the French were brought up on the evening of the previous day and passed the night in the thick forest from which they started at dawn.

Suddenly, at 7 o'clock, they attacked on a two kilometre front. The Prussian Seventh Infantry Regiment, which was in front of them, suffered severe losses and was forced to give way.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—"North of the Aisne our troops have made progress in the region of Juvigny, in spite of the strong resistance of the enemy," Gen. Pershing's report to-night says. "Our patrols were active along the Vesle and in the Woevre, and brought in prisoners."

U. S. TROOPS TAKE 200 IN JUVIGNY ATTACK

Detachments Retired at Fismette and Bazoches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Gen. Pershing's report for Wednesday says the retirement of American troops from Bazoches and Fismette was a result of local hostile attacks which forced back outlying detachments. It also announced the capture of 200 prisoners in the American advance to the railroad northwest of Juvigny. The report follows:

Section A—North of the Aisne our troops, in cooperation with the French, advanced to the railroad west of Juvigny and captured 200 prisoners. Along the Vesle local hostile attacks forced our outlying detachments in Bazoches and Fismette to retire.

THREE YANKS ARE CAPTIVES.

Taken by Germans, War Department Announces.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Frank Sieres, Nebo, W. Va.; Lyle O. Talbott, Lowville, N. Y., and Iver E. Westerberg, Broadway, West Chicago, Ill., privates with the American Expeditionary Forces in France, are held as prisoners of war in Germany.

The War Department made this announcement to-night.

FOUR U. S. PLANES DESTROY RAIDER

Fokker Falls in Flames—Another Escapes.

By the Associated Press.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Aug. 29.—An American air patrol of four machines to-day met a German fokker in the region of Manonville and dived upon it. Lieut. Armstrong fired 230 shots at the enemy plane. There was a burst of flame from the fokker as it turned and made for the German side, falling as it crossed the line at Pont-a-Mousson.

A huge German triplane swooped down upon the American line near Pont-a-Mousson this morning, showering the trenches with machine gun bullets. This craft made its escape, notwithstanding the violent anti-aircraft fire directed against it.

TAX BILL DELAYED BY KITCHIN'S STAND

Chairman Refuses to Go to McAdoo's Office for a Conference.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—A whole day was wasted by the Ways and Means Committee to-day despite the pleas for speedy enactment of the $8,000,000,000 tax bill because Chairman Kitchin was unwilling to go to the Treasury Department to confer with Secretary McAdoo on his proposals to make the personal and corporate incomes taxes flat rates with no differentials. Mr. Kitchin, accompanied by Representatives Garner (Tex.) and Longworth (Ohio), will see Mr. McAdoo to-morrow morning.

There remains to be settled only the income tax provisions and possibly the excess profits rates, yet Mr. Kitchin indicated to-day the measure might not be introduced in the House before September 7, a week from Saturday. He did not explain this inordinate delay.

The difficulties between Mr. Kitchin and Mr. McAdoo have been accentuated by the suggestion from Mr. McAdoo to-day that the committee go to his office. The committee of three will ask Mr. McAdoo to-morrow to meet the whole committee at the Capitol.

The committee desires to know what impelled Mr. McAdoo to urge the single rate on all corporate income, and also his stand on the personal income tax. It was the Treasury's suggestion, according to the committee, which resulted in the differential between unearned and earned incomes being written into the bill originally. The committee understood this was done in order to make Liberty bonds more attractive to large investors.

Extension of the date of the effectiveness of the wartime prohibition legislation until June 30 of next year makes it certain that the heavy liquor taxes in the bill will remain and that it will not be necessary to impose heavy consumption taxes to take the place of the revenue which would be lost if the "bone dry" legislation became effective on January 1, as had been the plan until recently. These liquor taxes are counted on to provide approximately $1,000,000,000.

WAR DEPT. LEASES 8TH AVE. BUILDING

All New York Offices Will Be Under One Roof.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—All branches of the War Department in New York city are to be housed in the Printing Crafts Building, 461 Eighth avenue, which has been leased by the Government for the duration of the war, it was announced to-day.

It is estimated by the General Staff that this will save $47,000 a year in rent. Negotiations were completed within twenty days. All tenants have agreed to move out as quickly as possible.

The amount of the lease and the damages allowed tenants will be fixed by the War Department appraisers. The building has 550,000 square feet of floor space.

HEROIC UPTON MEN DIED WITH BARRETT

75 From the 307th to Return as Instructors.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

CAMP UPTON, Aug. 29.—A letter received here to-day from a sergeant in Company B, 307th Infantry, whose commander, Capt. F. Blanton Barrett, a former EVENING SUN man, was killed recently in action, gives some details of the heroic work of that one organization of National Army men trained here.

Out of a platoon of 105 men in Capt. Barrett's company only thirty returned from an active "detail." Seventy-five were either gassed, wounded or killed. Capt. Barrett himself disappeared and later was reported killed in the engagement.

He was succeeded as company commander by Lieut. Everett Butterfield, a New York actor before he went to Plattsburg, and a member of the Lambs. That organization presented him with full equipment when he went into the service.

It is stated in the letter that seventy-five enlisted men from the 307th have been placed on special duty to return to Camp Upton and instruct in gas attack and defence.

UNSETTLED SESSION IN COTTON TRADING

Prices Reach New High Marks, but Later Break Under Heavy Realizing.

Cotton market was nervous and unsettled yesterday. Prices made new high records in the early trading but later broke under heavy realizing, which was probably promoted by the proximity of the three day adjournment and the near approach of the Government report. October contracts broke from 35.70c. to 34.70c., and closed at 35.06., with the general list closing steady at a net decline of 19 to 30 points.

A prominent Southwestern authority placed the crop condition at 57.3, compared with 75 last month, and a Western report made it 59.4, against 77.5 last month, while the third was 56, against 78.8, and was said to reduce the crop prospect to 11,200,000 bales, excluding linters.

Range of prices:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Wednesday.
September	.....	.....	.....	35.06	35.75
October	35.30	35.70	34.70	35.06-12	35.25
November	.....	.....	.....	34.65	34.95
December	34.95	35.20	34.24	34.50-55	34.80
January	34.85	35.10	34.10	34.35-40	34.60
February	.....	.....	.....	34.35	34.60
March	34.65	35.00	34.15	34.30-35	34.55
April	.....	.....	.....	34.25	34.50
May	34.55	34.80	34.55	34.22	34.47
July	34.40	34.42	34.40	34.15	34.40

New York spot market quiet at 20 points decline; middling 27.10c. No sales.

Southern spot markets were reported as follows: Galveston steady, 25 points lower at 35.25c.; sales 73 bales. New Orleans steady, unchanged at 33.25c.; sales 875 bales. Mobile nominal, 50 points higher at 34c.; no sales. Savannah steady, unchanged at 34.50c.; sales 877 bales. Norfolk steady, 75 points at 35c.; sales 701 bales. Baltimore nominal, 100 points higher at 35.50c.; no sales. Augusta steady, 12 points higher at 34.25c.; sales 153 bales. Memphis steady, unchanged at 33.50c.; sales 1,100 bales. St. Louis steady, unchanged at 33.50c.; no sales. Houston steady, unchanged at 35c.; sales 11,971 bales. Little Rock quiet, unchanged at 34c.; sales 17 bales.

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Thursday.	Last week.	Last year.
Port receipts	13,813	6,443	16,106
Exports	22,983	3,091	1,929
Exports, season	264,229	172,862	326,187
New York stocks	85,718	81,402	43,806
Port stocks	511,985	529,668	418,426
New York arrivals	3,429	1,600	.....

New Orleans Cotton Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 29.—While the price of cotton mounted to new high records to-day the tendency was to react and wide declines occurred under heavy realizing from the long side. October was pushed up to 34.58c., the highest future price ever posted here, and from this level it fell 108 points. The closing bid: October, 33.63c.; December, 33.55c.; January, 33.65c.; March, 33.59c.; May, 33.75c.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 29.—Cotton—Spot quiet; prices steady. American middling fair, 26.71d.; good middling, 26.03d.; middling, 25.40d.; low middling, 24.35d.; good ordinary, 22.83d.; ordinary, 22.30d. Sales, 2,000 bales, including 1,300 American. Receipts, 1,100 bales, all American. Futures closed unsettled.

Insurance Co. to Liquidate.

BOSTON, Aug. 29.—The New England Equitable Insurance Company, in the hands of receivers for more than a year, was declared insolvent to-day by Judge Loring of the Supreme Court, who orders its affairs wound up. The company had engaged in every form of insurance, with branches in nearly all States.

Police Department Orders.

REINSTATEMENT.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1543a of the Greater New York Charter the following reinstatement is ordered. To take effect 4 P. M. August 28:

AS SERGEANT.

Hugh Gallagher, shield No. 88, assigned to 18th Prec.

TRANSFERS AND APPOINTMENTS.

The following transfers and assignments are ordered. To take effect 8 A. M. August 30:

LIEUTENANT.

John McCarthy, 38th Prec., to 49th Prec.

Frederick W. Blöhm, 49th Prec. to 38th Prec.

TEMPORARY ASSIGNMENTS.

SURGEONS.

Frederick J. Schoenberger, 8th Surgical Dist., in charge of 9th Surgical Dist., in addition to his own, for 4 days, from 12 P. M. August 31 during absence of Surgeon on vacation.

Gustav F. Boehme, Jr., 12th Surgical Dist., in charge of 10th Surgical Dist., in addition to his own, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M. September 2 during absence of Surgeon on vacation.

The following leaves of absence are authorized with full pay:

SURGEONS.

Charles J. Dillon, 9th Surgical Dist., for 4 days, from 12 P. M. August 31, to be deducted from vacation.

David D. Jennings, 10th Surgical Dist., for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M. September 2, to be deducted from vacation.

Without pay.

PATROLMEN.

Albert Spitz, 17th Prec., for 1 day, from 8 A. M. September 2.

William Delaney, 57th Prec., for 90 days, from 8 A. M. August 27.

The following applications for full pay while on sick report are approved:

PATROLMEN.

Frederick C. Iertsch, 24th Prec., from 7:35 P. M. August 11 during disability.

Henry Baier, 84th Prec., from 1 P. M. July 30 to 12 P. M. August 10.

John W. Plate, Traffic Div., Sub-division B, from 11:05 A. M. August 14 to noon August 19.

Eitar Malaban, Bridge Prec., from 6:20 P. M. August 6 to 8 A. M. August 17.

Frank E. Beston, Traffic Div., Motorcycle Squad No. 1, from 8:35 P. M. August 9.

A. D. S. 2d grade, Harry M. Neggesmith, 92d Prec., 14th Detective Dist., from 8 P. M. July 24 to 12 P. M. July 29.

WHILE UNDER SUSPENSION.

PATROLMAN.

William Delaney, 57th Prec., from 10:15 A. M. February 2 to 3:45 P. M. August 15.

The following resignation is accepted: Sigurd A. Robertson, No. 5371, 16th Prec., to take effect 12 P. M. August 28.

Resignations of special patrolmen accepted:

John T. O'Loughlin, No. 1636, 31st Prec., 5th Dist., to take effect 4 P. M. August 19.

Albert L. Kelly, No. 818, 31st Prec., 5th Dist., to take effect 8 A. M. August 22.

Walter Kilduff, No. 2574, 31st Prec., 3d Dist., to take effect 12 P. M. August 22.

Rudolph Belsky, No. 1355, 28th Prec., 6th Dist., to take effect 12 P. M. August 23.

James J. Gardner, No. 872, 50th Prec., 7th Dist., to take effect 12 P. M. August 23.

John J. Dobbins, No. 2419, Bridge Prec., to take effect 4 P. M. August 23.

George E. Coberg, No. 2450, 26th Prec., 4th Dist., to take effect 4 P. M. August 24.

Fred G. Kunnsleck, No. 1681, Bridge Prec., to take effect 12 P. M. August 24.

Robert A. Cook, No. 2406, Bridge Prec., to take effect 8 A. M. August 25.

Thomas Collins, No. 2340, 42d Prec., 6th Dist., to take effect 12 P. M. August 25.

John P. Cronin, No. 1719, 31st Prec., 5th Dist., to take effect 12 P. M. August 25.

John Harte, No. 1144, Bridge Prec., to take effect 8 A. M. August 27.

WHY RUN-DOWN PALE EXHAUSTED WOMEN SHOULD TAKE IRON

"There can be no beautiful, healthy, rosy-cheeked, steady nerved women without iron. When the iron goes from the blood of women, the roses go from their cheeks—their charm and attractiveness depart. I always insist that my patients take organic iron—Nuxated Iron—(not metallic iron which often corrodes the stomach and does more harm than good). Nuxated Iron is easily assimilated, does not blacken nor injure the teeth nor upset the stomach. It will increase the strength and endurance of weak, nervous, irritable, careworn, haggard women in two weeks' time in many cases. I have used it in my own practice with most surprising results."—Ferdinand King, M.D., well known New York Physician and medical author. (Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded—On sale at all good druggists.)

NUXATED IRON

ARMY ORDERS

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—These army orders were issued to-day:

REGULAR ARMY.

Air Service, Aeronautics.

Following appointed Second Lieutenants: Gerald Leo Perry and James Edward McMahon, Jr., to Gerstner Field; Dudley Given Rudy and John Albert Cagney, to Kelly Field; William Cornell Demarest, to Carlstrom Field; John Ivey Burt, to Rockwell Field; Guy Lewis Farquhar, to Chanute Field; Owen Pierce Poore and Charles Emal Christiansen, to Ellington Field; Byron Elihu Gates, to Love Field; Oliver Albright and Frank Emerson McMillin, Jr., to Rockwell Field; Lew Ancell Bates, to Kelly Field; Prentiss Rosson and Jeremiah Edward Clarke, to Call Field; William Jennings Snyder, to Carlstrom Field; Augustus Edmund Sattler, to Scott Field; Josiah Mitchell Towne, to March Field; Norman De Mille Rose, to Rockwell Field; Carl Beaty Allen, to Dorr Field; Leroy Farmer, Jr., to Kelly Field; William Sherlock Walter, to March Field; Otto Staerker, to Carlstrom Field; Arthur Herman Rahsman, to Taliaferro Field; Ellis Spear Middleton, to Carlstrom Field; John Francis Clancy, to Gerstner Field; Earl Leon Wright, to Post Field; Leslie Leroy Jensen and Clifford Withrow Elliott, to Gerstner Field; John Westly Hesser, to Kelly Field; William Joseph Gregory O'Sullivan, to Taylor Field.

Appointed Captains: Frederick Winsor and Morton L. Newhall.

Appointed First Lieutenant: Arthur Percy Caldwell, and sent to Princeton University for duty.

Signal Corps.

Following appointments announced: To be Colonels—Lieut.-Cols. Clarence C. Culver, Franklin R. Kenney, Arthur Woods, Gerrit Van S. Quackenbush, William E. Gillmore, Arthur L. Fuller, Edgar Z. Steever 3d, Henry C. Pratt, Gerald C. Brant, William N. Hensley, Jr., and Thurman H. Bane. To be Lieutenant-Colonels—Majors Seth W. Cook, David H. Bower, Ira Longanecker, James G. Boswell, Frederick T. Dickman, Henry B. Clagett, Jacob E. Fickel, Rush B. Lincoln, Henry L. Watson, Augustine W. Robins, Benjamin F. Castle, Barton K. Yount, William R. Moose, Jr., Charles H. White, John S. Sullivan, Bruce B. Buttler, William C. McChord, George R. Harrison, Lawrence McIntosh, Henry C. K. Muhlenberg, Alfred H. Hobley, Arthur J. Hanlon, Leonard H. Drennan, Herbert A. Dargue, Daniel M. Cheston, Jr., John A. Drexel, Thomas G. Gallagher, Harold Benington, Delos C. Emmons, Claud K. Rhinehardt, Millard F. Harmon, Jr., Richard B. Barnitz, Douglas B. Netherwood, Harvey B. S. Burwell and Jack W. Heard.

Sanitary.

Winfred Waite Braman is appointed First Lieutenant and sent to Camp Greenleaf for instruction.

Louis Pine is appointed Second Lieutenant and sent to Camp Greenleaf for instruction.

Cavalry.

Capt. Robert L. Beall appointed Major.

Quartermaster Corps.

Lieut.-Col. Frank H. Lawton appointed Colonel.

Second Lieut. Louis B. Geiger from Washington, D. C., to Harrisburg and points in that vicinity on temporary duty, upon completion to proper station.

Following appointed as shown and to duty as specified: Neal Russell Johnson, First Lieutenant, to Washington, D. C.; Gjert Bernard Hatlen, Second Lieutenant, to Camp Kearny; Karl Levi Hamilton, Second Lieutenant, to Atlanta.

Second Lieut. John C. Farley from duty in office of the Quartermaster-General to Newport News for duty.

Capt. Samuel K. Martin to Camp McClellan.

Major Manuel M. Garrett to Newport News.

Arthur R. Mullin appointed Second Lieutenant and sent to Camp McClellan for duty with Bakery Company No. 341.

Ora Maury Gray appointed Second Lieutenant and sent to Syracuse for duty.

Scott G. Atkinson appointed Second Lieutenant Quartermaster Corps and sent to Camp Dix for duty.

Frank Coleman appointed Second Lieutenant and assigned to Camp Beauregard.

Capt. Harry R. Moody to Jeffersonville, Ind., for consultation; upon completion to proper station.

Middleton O'Malley Knott appointed First Lieutenant and sent to Auxiliary Remount Depot 311, Camp Wheeler, for duty.

Second Lieuts. Jacob M. Klein and Jesse Tyson to Camp Joseph E. Johnston.

Capt. E. W. Monaghan to Camp A. A. Humphreys.

Irving Spencer Meinrath appointed Second Lieutenant and sent to Washington for duty.

First Lieut. Benjamin H. Harrison to St. Louis.

Field Artillery.

Appointments—To be Majors: Capts. P. V. McNutt, Onorio Moretti, H. M. Peck, H. L. Hackstaff, John P. Williams, C. W. Davis, H. U. Welch, A. M. Talbott, Ambrose Gordon, E. A. Pynchon, William S. Webb. To be Captains: First Lieuts. Walter H. Dubard, H. H. Smith, William S. Pritchard, E. E. Loupret, Edward J. Gully, L. C. Stevens, William K. McClure, Jr., C. Thompson, H. S. Johnson, William D. McKinney, W. E. Boughton, G. W. Ball, W. E. Bullington, J. R. Callanan, Raymond Chauncey, William A. Cook, G. P. Evans, E. E. Finley, M. N. Gaines, L. J. Gillis, C. H. Hopkins, P. B. Knox, W. L. Langwith, William K. McKnight, J. H. Morris, Jr., Royston Nave, C. E. Noerenberg, C. G. Paul, F. T. Phillips, C. H. Reitz, H. R. Robinson, Arthur Rohm, J. R. Stiles, Thomas G. Strelsaguth, R. I. Sutherland, J. P. Walker, J. S. Waterfield, J. K. McClintock, William T. Bacon, H. R. Weeman, William C. Keeley, B. W. Cunningham, P. V. Harper, H. P. Binder, R. W. McClure, Donald G. Denison, H. D. Wakefield, E. J. Prendergast, J. G. Bolton, M. M. Leach, Raymond Powell, Kolbein Johnson, William F. Saportas, William B. Ball, Frank J. Cory, Walter Malone, P. G. McGenna, G. E. Matheson, Acton Gerlach, Beppo Roumenot, E. T. Chartier, Arthur L. Humphreys, James P. Ferguson, Arthur N. Bennett, Eugene Lilly, Brian O'Brian, Malcolm Green, O. P. Kline, Cornelius O'Connor, Connie R. Helms, Robert Elmo Thompson, Ephraim Carlson, J. W. Rodgers, C. H. Hale, W. W. Heinecke, R. B. Gray, J. N. Mabry, A. C. Fielder, S. D. Brown, D. H. Smith, C. H. Farnam, R. C. Barbee, H. B. Fell, C. L. Wilson, L. S. Arnold, H. B. Treat, R. W. Malone, S. G. Rea, A. L. Sackett, H. B. Castleman, W. G. Dunkum, E. A. Erickson, H. H. Sullivan, H. D. Copeland, Nehemiah O. Whitford, R. E. Hemstreet, H. F. Stanton, G. A. Stumpf, N. S. Thayer, Dudley Dunn, C. C. Adams, G. E. Landis, Stanley Staunton Addis, Joseph S. Huske, F. O. Tilson, R. C. Priddle, Robert H. Crosby, Thomas P. Clendenin, George Pinney. To be First Lieutenants—Second Lieuts. Edwards J. Wall, Harry Cook, Lauren Arnold, H. J. Neurohr, Hugh Boone, William Sanford Pickett, Glen Monroe Crosby, William Mollis Slater, P. J. Johnson, C. E. Wood, F. W. F. Franke, V. G. Lander, Leslie G. Swartwout, D. B. Grassett, Ernest Starkey, Leo Crawford Stebbins, F. X. Cull, L. Fiero, D. K. Morrison, J. J. Weinhandler, R. J. Sothern, Philip K. Alexander, C. E. McCabe, A. F. Churchill, W. W. Hampe, A. De La Mare, Bisham Homer Emerson, Samuel B. Davis, Jr., James Dunn, Roland Louis Remund, H. C. Tingst, J. W. Bates, W. V. Cadmus, J. J. Quail, H. S. Crane, J. A. Waller, Jr., William K. Bonnell, James T. Hodge, N. J. George, R. A. Jackson, R. T. Terry, Philip Parento, D. H. McKnew, Frederic Matthew Gilbough, William Lafayette Crittenden, Ed. E. Fisher, Peter Calvin Nichols, R. W. Atkinson, O. G. Julian, S. E. Bullock, William C. Coburn, Fritz Fernow, Edwin Frank, W. Judd, P. G. Stromberg, J. Neil Seward, S. N. Cooley, C. Groff, G. E. Heseelbacher, Alcott Neary, H. H. Barnett, M. R. Hamilton, G. J. Owen, C. E. Fink, Jr., J. F. Blair, Carleton Hogarth Burrows, Eric Jacob Anderson, R. F. Garing, F. N. Brooks, Elliott Holt, T. L. Lafoon, J. Stewart, Jr., A. W. Groth, A. B. Rogers, L. E. Taylor, L. F. Parker, J. P. Simmons, C. Alexander Anderson, C. L. Sanders, C. W. S. Traubel, J. A. Butler, Benjamin Ogden, F. J. Whitehead, Maxwell Rowntree, William S. Brogden, C. I. Williams, F. Alex Pope, William M. Tugman, C. H. Snowden, R. F. Cole, J. T. Ashford, H. P. Roth, E. G. Barey, R. M. Millar, Ivan Norman Boyer, Orlando F. Brown, Edward F. Rochester, Charles Carr, Orren Lake Peterman, Elmer Cornelius Vreeland, R. B. Goetze, K. A. Johnson, F. R. Cooper, G. S. Holderness, R. A. Malloy, R. D. Brummett, G. G. Mayfield, H. A. Durell, Leslie D. Moore, B. F. Freeman, I. H. Nedham, E. R. Petterson, D. S. Rodgers, Wallace Reynolds, R. G. Freeman, T. William Constable, Donald Satterthwait, M. P. Molloy, Jr., H. C. Harvey, H. A. Weckler, Edgar Allen Vaughn, J. F. Coleman, J. E. Tucker, A. H. Johnson, H. A. Little, Elmer Elem Boegli, G. L. Curtis, Eugene Locke Woodfin, Thomas Weaver Evrard, B. J. Raisbeck, L. M. Green, H. R. Esprey, W. C. Black, Robert H. Wood, Stanley Talarack, Charles W. Teach, Rowlett Henry Bruce, Vernon C. Ryder, C. E. Collins, John Sullivan, E. A. Pivan, Roger Marchetti, G. E. Home, William P. Hickey, William H. Kemble Yeakel, Walter D. Amnnott, Thomas D. Givan, F. A. Calkin, F. E. Phillips, J. J. Danaher, E. A. Obering, M. T. Smith, C. H. Koch, C. B. F. Brill, R. A. Knight, L. T. Stevens, G. T. Chilson, P. D. Sholiar, W. T. Ammerman, Elliott Marshall Stewart, M. Harris, R. L. Devine, R. L. Goodale, M. F. Shakley, Jr., H. W. Fleishhauer, Haswell T. Leask, R. L. Allen, Jr., C. M. Phipps, Albert Kleinert, H. E. Andrews, C. Anscheutz, Jr., F. G. Balch, Jr., A. L. Bartlett, Jr., E. R. Bartholomew, J. H. Batchelder, R. W. Beach, J. B. Beck, M. F. Betts, J. Biggins, E. K. Bixby, J. B. Blackburn, A. F. Blackford, H. E. Bondi, A. C. Bonebrake, Russell Butcher, L. E. Brown, Francis Byrnes, G. J. Bugbee, J. S. Bullis, Thomas F. Cadwalader, J. J. Callahan, Charles Newton Callaway, William Gray Cathcart, Lee Charles Cathcart, George Walford Cuting, Richard Anthony Damron, F. R. Deaton, E. J. De Haven, M. T. Delaven, C. E. Des Champ, William P. Dix, Seneca D. Eldredge, H. P. Elliott, L. V. Emery, M. M. Ferris, William L. Flowers, C. W. Frank, J. Brandon Franks, W. A. Gras, F. L. Harper, Curran W. Harvey, J. A. Henry, J. McDonald Herbert, J. Cook Hickerson, Vivian Burnett Hodgson, Ernest G. Hogan, B. V. Hoover, P. D. Houston, E. I. Hughes, C. T. Johnson, Wilton Randolph Johnson, William E. James, W. L. Jones, William M. Kirby, H. Alex Kjellman, Charles E. Lanchantin, Gale O. Laughlin, J. Clyde Little, Ralph Waldo Lloyd, Glenn Eugene Magee, R. H. Magood, Stephen R. Mallory, J. E. Martin, C. M. Matthews, H. A. May, Hadyn Anson McCaskill, J. W. McDonald, Eual Wall McHenry, Frank McNeill, Charles Thaddeus Monigomery, F. C. Nelson, F. N. Neville, P. H. North, Orville Stacy Osborne, H. B. Patrick, T. P. Penrod, C. A. Raymo, H. Sylvester Ringland, R. B. Ritter, Lemon Chenowith Roberts, L. H. Ruegg, William Alex Sellman, J. Benedict Shea, Donald William Simler, Lewis Abram Smith, Milton Orndorff Smith, John W. Starret, John L. Strang, Edward T. Taylor, Jr., Earl Tuhey, Don Vickers, C. H. Wagner, J. Blaine Welch, Edward Arthur Whitaker, Jr., Leftin V. Witcher, William Womeldorf and John M. Council.

Second Lieut. J. J. Reinhard is appointed First Lieutenant and sent to Camp Meade.

Aviation Section (Signal).

Following Second Lieutenants to duty as specified: Louis H. Porter, to San Antonio, Brooks Field; William Wilfauer, to Love Field; Albert J. Hoffman, to Wilbur Wright Field; William S. Belt, to Brooks Field.

First Lieut. Raymond W. Smith, to Carruthers Field.

Everett S. Lee appointed Second Lieutenant, to University of Illinois.

Second Lieut. Frank W. Fraser, on duty requiring him to participate regularly and frequently in aerial flights.

Wilfred Preston Day appointed Second Lieutenant and to Camp Alfred Vail for duty.

Sidney Rheinstein appointed Second Lieutenant and to Washington, D. C.

First Lieut. Frank R. Landers, to duty with 326th Field Signal Battalion, Camp Fremont.

Capt. Charles W. Stolze appointed Captain Air Service (Aeronautics).

First Lieut. Edmond A. Kruse, Signal Corps, appointed Captain Air Service (Aeronautics).

Medical.

Capt. Ray C. Stone to active duty, to Neurological Institute, New York, for instruction.

Following to Camp Shelby for temporary duty in base hospital: Capts. Frank D. Fortney and William C. McRee, First Lieut. James F. Young.

Following Captains appointed Majors: William J. Buck, Jeremiah F. Lutz, Clifford C. Nesselrode.

Capt. Leopold