LEAGUE STRIPS U. S., JOHNSON CHARGES

America Pledged to Police World for Benefit of Others, He Says.

WILSON'S NAME HISSED

Violation of China's Rights Held Up as Reproach to Covenant.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

BOSTON, July 8.—The proposed League of Nations was described as a gigantic war trust, an arrangement by which the United States profited nothing and pledged her sons to police the world for the Powers gorged with territory in a speech delivered here to-night by Senator Hiram Johnson of California at a meeting held under the auspices of the League for the Preservation of American Independence.

The name of Woodrow Wilson was hissed in Faneuil Hall during Senator Johnson's address. He had just completed an attack on "those who derided the Declaration of Independence as a thing of the past, although it has brought peace and riches and happiness to this country."

"Choose ye between that old document of the old galaxy of immortals of America and the document of Woodrow Wilson and the men across the seas," charged the Senator. It was then that the hisses mingled with cries of "No, no," broke forth.

Senator Johnson expressed himself as of the conviction that by the covenant of the League of Nations this country would strip itself of many of the safeguards which have made it great so that it might undertake with its manhood and treasure to guarantee the fair dealing of nations which have no understanding of fair dealing.

"It is a league of armed nations in a gigantic war trust," he asserted. "We fought a righteous war and won. With our might and our treasure we determined to destroy a ruthless militarism, and it is done. In peace we would make it impossible for this monster ever again to threaten the world.

"The victory for the United States means neither territory nor reparations. It should mean the triumph of our loud trumpeted ideals for civilization, for the rights of small nations, for self-determination, for democracy. It means for England, France, Italy and Japan huge territories, vast numbers of people, immense national gain. The burden must be borne of protecting and safeguarding these enormous allied gains. The question is, and the League of Nations squarely presents it, Who shall bear the burden? Shall the burden rest upon the gainers, those who made a mock of self-determination, of the rights of weak peoples, of all our high sounding idealism, or shall the burden, at the command of one who was party to the mockery, be thrust upon the only non-profiting nation, the United States?

"The sole reason, whispered in fear, or ominously hissed, to create fear in the rest of us, why the United States should become the world's guarantor and underwrite the theft of China and the partition of hundreds of thousands of square miles of territory and the transfer of millions of human beings to England, France, Italy and Japan is that by doing so the possibility of future wars will be minimized, and there may be a greater sense of security in the possession by England, France, Italy and Japan of their newly acquired peoples and territories.

"But this argument in its last analysis means that United States power and treasure and blood will do for England, France, Italy and Japan, what otherwise they would be compelled to do for themselves. It means not the end of discontent or the cessation of war, for peoples held in cruel subjection like the Coreans or Chinese will ever be striving for their liberty and the self-determination for which we talked so much and did so little. It means that the great democracy of the world—our country—must not only continue a party to the denial of these people's rights whenever they are asserted, but to our diplomatic denial we will add denial economically and by force of arms, too.

"The great fundamental question which every American father and mother should answer is this: Shall American boys police the world? Shall American blood uphold, maintain and preserve old world governments and the territorial integrity of the nations which have immensely increased their boundaries?"

In conclusion Senator Johnson said: "In a word, this league means that American boys shall be upheld by our blood and our bone; that Europe, Asia and Africa may draw upon us in their every dispute and quarrel; that our nation will be at the mercy of European and Japanese diplomats who never had and never will have any sympathy with our aspirations or our ideals; that we, with our glorious past, shall guarantee the territorial integrity of every country on earth and the bondage of every suffering people in anguish begging for freedom; that we destroy our Monroe Doctrine and submit controversies on the American Continent to determination by foreign Powers.

"It means that I must abandon the lessons of my youth, which until this moment have been the creed of my manhood, of American ideals, American principles and American patriotism; that I must deny the Americanism that I taught my children and that under God's blessing I hope to teach my grandchildren. It means the halting and betrayal of new world liberalism, the triumph of cynical old world diplomacy, the humiliation and end of American idealism. The issue is the Republic, the Republic that Washington gave us, that Lincoln saved for us, whose traditions and ideals have been so gloriously upheld by our valiant sons abroad. The issue is America, and I am an American."

E. J. KINANE, PRISON AID, DIES

Guarded Notorious Criminals for 28 Years at Sing Sing.

Edward J. Kinane, a keeper in Sing Sing Prison for twenty-eight years, who guarded some great criminals and had some exciting adventures there, died Monday at the home of his sister, Mrs. Thomas Wheeler in Ossining.

He went to work under Warden W. R. Brown in Sing Sing in 1891 and helped to guard Ferdinand Ward, the "Napoleon of finance," who swindled his partner, Gen. Grant, and wrecked their brokerage firm. In his time Carlyle Harris, Dr. Buchanan, Roland Molineux and Albert Patrick were in the death house. Kinane knew and guarded Cornelius Alvord and George Peil, bank wreckers; "Six-hundred-twenty Per Cent" Miller, the swindler; Al Adams, the policy king; Even S. Allen, who netted $1,000,000 in the Forty-second street surface railway swindle. Three years ago when James Strange and August Flashsky were painting a prison house Kinane roomed in they discarded their convict uniforms, dressed up in Kinane's clothes and escaped. Kinane was born in Oneida county fifty-six years ago. The funeral will be held this morning.

WILL ASK COURT TO END LUSK SCHOOL

Continued from First Page.

Hillquit, 84 West 115th street, all of New York city, and Benjamin Hanford, 328 Quincy street, Brooklyn.

Society Issues Statement.

In a joint statement last night S. John Block and I. M. Sackin, attorneys for the American Socialist Society, said:

"In reading reports from the press bureau of the Luck investigating committee, the public is asked to remember that the Rand School and the individuals who have been assailed before the committee have been given no opportunity to answer the statements made against them. The public should suspend judgment on the Rand School until its side is heard in the courts, to which we intend to take the matter. It should be remembered that the Rand School is a peaceful and law abiding educational institution, where the doctrines and programmes of scientific Socialism and other subjects are taught.

"Criticism has been made by the Lusk investigating committee that copies of the 'left wing' Socialist publication, the *Communist*, have been sold at the Rand School bookstore. The fact that this publication is on sale in the bookstore does not mean that all of its sentiments are endorsed by the Rand School. Many wholly anti-Socialistic books are on sale in the Rand School bookstore, but that does not mean that the Rand School endorses the contents of those books. Publications of various sorts and on all sides of the great public questions are on sale in the bookstore of the Rand School, as they are on sale in every well equipped bookstore."

Three Groups on One Platform.

Announcement that Attorney-General Newton had taken the matter to the Supreme Court and permission to bring suit had been obtained came at the close of an all-day session of the Lusk investigators, during the course of which much testimony of a cumulative character was put into the record rewarding the activities of the three principle groups of radicals—the anarchists, the syndicalists and the Socialists both of the right and left wings.

Among the documents seized at the headquarters of the left wing of the Socialist party, at 43 West Twenty-ninth street, which was read into the record yesterday, and in which members of the committee exhibited much interest, was a letter dated Croton-on-the-Hudson, April 3. It was addressed to "Dear Max," and signed "Reed." Attorney Stevenson told the committee the letter undoubtedly was written by John Reed, a prominent left wing agitator and addressed either to Max Eastman or Maximilian Cohn. It read:

"I didn't have time, the other night, to outline my plan to the executive committee. Perhaps you will be able to.

Plan to Mix With Labor.

"I think we ought to get Varney, or someone, to call a convention of unemployed for Cooper Union, or some such place. (Not us, you know, but themselves.) The Soldiers' Council, or whatever it is, ought to cooperate, and form a joint Soldiers' and Workers' organization. Some of our gang should be planted around the hall, and called on to speak. They should elect a permanent executive committee to affiliate with other similar bodies in other cities, and the changing flow of unemployed ought to control and reelect the committee, which would settle down to including delegates from all sort of trades; and these in turn, when they went back, should form factory committees in the works. Demonstrations, &c, in the meantime.

"There are thousands in the breadlines right now. More are coming.

"In the meantime we must begin to organize our May Day celebration. All over the country gigantic demonstrations are planned, joining organized labor, Socialists, I. W. W.'s, Soldiers', &c. I understand that Madison Square Garden has been got for a Mooney meeting. Can't it be arranged that the Garden be got for all day, and that continuous processions march there—one for Debs, one for Mooney, one for the unemployed, one of the soldiers and sailors, and one to celebrate the International Revolution? The Soldiers' Protective Association must furnish guards in uniform.

"We ought to raise the whole city, flaunt red flags, or something of the sort.

"This gives a pretty insight into Reed's idea," remarked Mr. Stevenson.

Mrs. Mailly Is Subpoenaed.

The clash between the committee and Mrs. Mailly came immediately following the resumption of the hearing after the noon recess. Attorney-General Newton opened by suggesting to Chairman Lusk that he had one or two questions he would like to ask Mrs. Mailly, if she would come up and be sworn.

"Will you come up here?" asked Senator Lusk, indicating the witness chair.

Mrs. Mailly, who has been present at all sessions of the committee purely through courtesy, was occupying a seat in the front row of benches and making copious notes of the proceedings.

"I would prefer not to give testimony. I haven't my counsel with me," she replied.

"Of course we can subpoenae you. Do you want to be subpoenaed?" asked the chairman.

"Well, I wish to get in touch with my counsel first."

"Have you any blank subpoenaes here?" asked Senator Lusk.

Deputy Attorney-General Samuel J. Berger promptly filled one out and it was handed to the woman. After the service Mrs. Mailly addressed herself to Senator Lusk:

"I still insist on conferring with counsel before taking the stand. I believe that is my right. I still insist on that privilege. It will take a very short time to get counsel here. I believe that is my right."

"Will you be sworn now?" asked Senator Lusk.

"Not without consulting my counsel."

Senator Lusk directed Mr. Newton to proceed with his questions, but Mrs. Mailly again requested permission to telephone to her attorney.

"It will not do you any good to telephone," said the chairman, "because he will not be permitted to come before the committee."

"May I ask, nevertheless, that he come to the building here?"

"Certainly. Go right out and telephone and come right back, so we will not be delayed unnecessarily."

Still Refuses, So Is Excluded.

Mrs. Mailly left the hearing and was gone several minutes. When she returned Chairman Lusk and Attorney-General Newton had left the hearing, being called in connection with developments elsewhere. Mr. Stevenson asked Mrs. Mailly if she was ready to answer the questions and she replied she had been advised by counsel not to give testimony at a private hearing from which the public and her counsel were excluded. When Mr. Stevenson informed her she had no right to counsel, and despite further assurances from Deputy Attorney-General Burger that the questions it was proposed to ask would not be objectionable, Mrs. Mailly persisted in her refusal to answer. The matter rested there for an hour or more until Mr. Newton and Senator Lusk returned to the hearing. Thereupon Mr. Newton addressing the woman, said:

"I understand that in my absence you declined to be sworn or to answer questions from this committee. Do you still refuse?"

"I refuse with the proviso that the public be admitted——"

"Never mind the proviso or any explanation. Do you still refuse?" demanded Mr. Newton.

Mrs. Mailly said she would follow the advice of her counsel, S. John Block.

"Well," said Mr. Newton, addressing Chairman Lusk, "the witness in this case is a woman and it is not my intention to ask to have her committed for contempt. But I am going to suggest, in view of the fact that she is here by courtesy of this committee, that the courtesy be revoked forthwith and that it be not extended again to her or any other member of this organization."

"All right, you are excluded," Chairman Lusk ruled.

Mrs. Mailly gathered her notes and walked quickly from the room, but not before Mr. Newton called to her:

"And you don't have to come back tomorrow, either."

Consul to Siberia Testifies.

Except for a short time during the morning session, when John A. Embry, former United States Consul-General at Omsk, Siberia, who recently returned to this country, was on the stand, the rest of the day was spent in reading into the record excerpts from such radical organs as the New York *Communist* and the *Revolutionary Age*, as well as additional letters found in the files of the left wing of the party when its headquarters were raided a few weeks ago.

Mr. Embry's recital of what he had witnessed and experienced in the Bolsheviki regime in Siberia was interrupted by the afternoon development and he is expected to continue his story today. Mr. Embry's evidence was practically a repetition of the story he gave on his arrival and which was published last week.

William F. Smart, a shorthand reporter who took a stenographic record of the speech made at a Socialist meeting in Madison Square Garden, June 17, identified his notes and read into the record marked passages from the speeches of Algernon Lee, leader of the Socialist delegation in the Board of Aldermen; Rose Pastor Stokes, Dennis E. Batt, C. E. Ruthenberg of Cleveland and L. C. A. Martens, representative of the Russian Soviet Government in America.

Samuel Untermyer announced last night that he had been called upon by the officials of the American Socialist Society and that in their behalf he had protested to Chief Magistrate McAdoo over the forcible seizure of the books and papers of the organization. Mr. Untermyer said he was a pronounced anti-Socialist, but that he also was opposed to the methods of the Lusk committee and that he had communicated his belief to Magistrate McAdoo that such tactics only helped to drive otherwise conservative members of the party into the left wing section.

KINGS REPUBLICANS CONFER.

Planks for Platform to Include Demands for Civic Reforms.

The platform committee of the informal conference of the Republican partyof Kings County, which is to be held in Kismet Temple on July 24, held a meeting last night in Republican headquarters, 193 Montague street, Brooklyn, for the purposeof suggesting and discussing planks on which the Republican campaign will be conducted this autumn.

Planks were suggested by Mrs. Mary Moody, Mrs. Amy Wren, John J. McGinness, Jacob A. Livingston and others. They included demands for borough autonomy, a fight against Bolshevism, the reduction in the number of official referees of Kings County, and the reduction of the salary of the County Clerk of Kings County from $12,000 to $8,000. Marcus B. Campbell was chairman of the meeting.

Georgia Senate Defeats Suffs.

ATLANTA, July 8.—Ratification of the Federal woman suffrage amendment was defeated in the Georgia Senate to-day, when a motion to disagree with a committee report against ratification was lost by a vote of 27 to 12.

T. J. MURPHY QUITS DEMOCRATIC POST

Angry at Smith Over Dismissal of McDonough, Friends Say.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

ALBANY, July 8.—Joseph T. J. Murphy, Democratic leader of Rensselaer County, who is recognized as being responsible for the big upstate vote obtained for Gov. Smith last November and his consequent election, resigned to-day as chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic party of Rensselaer County and then went into the woods for a rest without explaining why he took this action. Close friends of Mr. Murphy declare that his resignation comes because Mr. Murphy is disgusted with Democratic State politics, especially with the dismissal from office of one of his lieutenants, Thomas H. McDonough, who was State Superintendent of Public Buildings.

Mr. McDonough was dismissed by the Trustees of Public Buildings, of which Gov. Smith is chairman, after a hearing, but Mr. Murphy stuck by him to the last, maintaining that the Governor should have held the Troy man in office. At the time it was said Mr. Murphy threatened to turn on Gov. Smith if McDonough was removed.

It is now said Mr. Murphy is out of politics, but his friends to-night were winking and declaring that it won't be long before the Governor will feel the effect of some of Mr. Murphy's stings.

The Troy Democratic leader spent considerable money to bring about the election of Gov. Smith, swallowing an antipathy of year's standing against Tammany Hall to bring about this result. He even organized a big meeting of upstate Democratic leaders to show that Charles F. Murphy did not dominate upstate Democracy as well as the New York brand.

One prediction to-night is that Mr. Murphy will come out of the woods with a red hot statement against Gov. Smith all ready for publication. Republicans are delighted at this turn of affairs and are even predicting a Republican victory in the Troy City Mayoralty elections this fall, but the Troy Democrats believe Mr. Murphy will keep his hand on the helm of local politics and devote his attention on the side to undermining Governor Smith's chance for renomination or for nomination for United States Senator next year.

Some politicians predict it will not be long before much other anti-Smith sentiment will be manifested in the upState districts because of dissatisfaction with the manner in which patronage has been handled. They declare Gov. Smith's political life as far as State politics is concerned, will be over with his term as Governor, but the Governors friends ridicule this claim and say all little party differences will be ironed out in a short time.

KINGS DEMOCRATS RULED AND GAGGED

Committee Called McCooey's Little Used Rubber Stamp.

Belated discovery that the Kings County Democratic Committee is merely a rubber stamp for Leader John McCooey, and that he doesn't often use it, was made yesterday by Thomas E. Willmott, ex-Assemlyman from the Fifteenth district and insurgent candidate for the nomination for Sheriff.

In a letter to Col. James D. Bell, chairman of the committee, Mr. Willmott complained that the Democrats "cannot speak through their elected representatives because this committee never assembles for political, civic or patriotic purposes, not even as a social gathering. If there is no reason for the committee to assemble, then why do we exist?

"The truth of the matter is," he continued, "that the county committee is a mere adjunct to the autocracy that now governs the affairs of the Democracy of Kings county, subservient to the cabal that is now balting for votes by proclaiming the self-determination of small nations and at the same time stripping the Democratic county committee of every semblance of an existing body."

Mr. Willmott said he would take "constitutional steps" if a meeting was not called pretty soon.

Said Mr. McCooey: "What's the use of holding meetings when there's nothing to discuss? We call meetings whenever we have something to bring before them."

Paris Doctors Boost Fees.

PARIS, July 8.—The doctors of Paris have decided to increase their fees and beginning to-day they will charge double their rates before the war. Fees for services at night will be three times the pre-war rate.

GLYNN SEES PLOT TO SPLIT THE G. O. P.

State Chairman Lays Agitation to Oust Him to Hearst's Secret Drive.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

SYRACUSE, July 8.—William Randolph Hearst is responsible for the agitation to oust him as chairman of the Republican State Committee, George A. Glynn told central New York Republican men and women leaders at a conference here to-day. He charged that the movement to displace him is being engineered by people outside the Republican party to cause trouble within the organization.

"If any one cared to investigate the source of these rumors of trouble," he said, "they could probably run right into the offices of William Randolph Hearst. That seems to be the only place where there is any desire for a change at the present time.

"The talk of a change in the chairmanship seems to be confined to persons outside the Republican party, who are anxious to arouse trouble and make the rank and file think there is a battle in progress.

"Among others they mentioned for my place was Representative Norman Gould of Seneca Falls. Mr. Gould and myself are the best of friends politically and personaly. I had him placed on the national executive committee."

Glynn declared he is not worried about the reports of his probable ousting and this is the first time he has paid any attention to the subject. He assured those conferees who questioned him that his term does not expire until next April and so far he has no intention of stepping down, regarding the agitation for his removal as simply propaganda to break the morale within the party.

U. S. Ship Sinks Schooner.

Steering through a thick fog off the Georgian fishing banks on Sunday night the American steamship Magunhook, in yesterday from Rotterdam, ran down the gasolene fishing schooner Edmund F. Black of Portland, Me. The schooner was sunk, but all her crew of eight were picked up and brought to this port.

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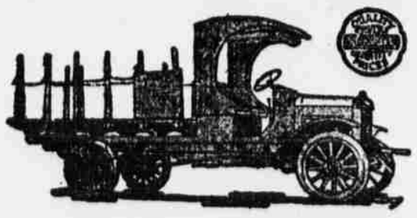

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Coal Production Dangerously Below The Safety Line

Buy Your Coal NOW

The chart below shows the *perilous* situation which confronts coal consumers today. It is an exact copy of the report issued June 24 by the United States Geological Survey.

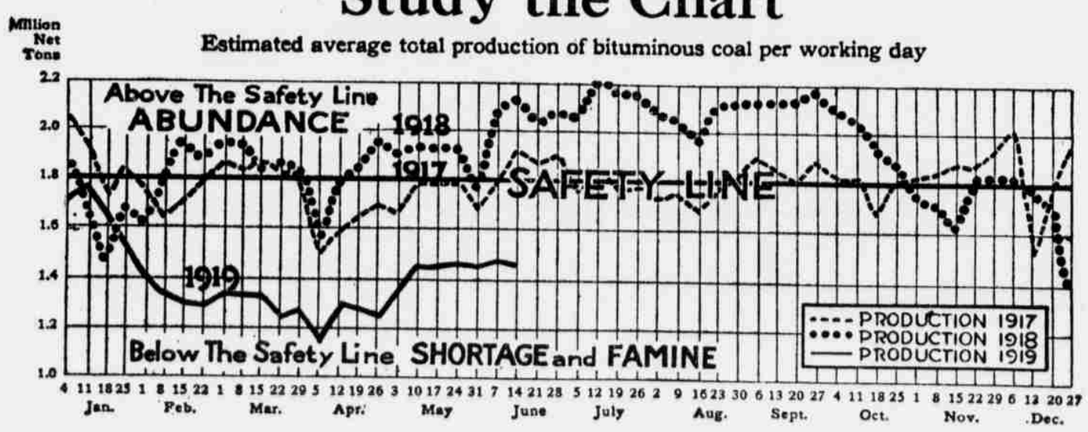
That broad, black line you see, marks, in addition, the average daily coal production *essential* to meet the country's requirements for the present year.

It is the *safety line.* When the record is below that line, it shows there is *not enough* coal for the people and their industries.

Production has been on the *wrong side* of the safety line since January. It promises to stay there unless YOU BUY YOUR COAL NOW.

Seeing is Believing
Study the Chart

Estimated average total production of bituminous coal per working day



Coal consumers have *failed* to buy for use during the coming Fall and Winter. Thus it has proved impossible to keep coal *moving* from the mines, and production in consequence has *badly slumped.*

Available mine labor has been *reduced* by the departure of miners to Europe. More than forty thousand already have arranged to leave.

Motive power and cars are waiting for coal transportation *now.* Soon the nation's great crops of grains and other products will congest the rails and glut the terminals. It follows that coal transportation facilities will be *sharply reduced* and coal deliveries will *suffer.*

In making public the above chart, the United States Geological Survey warns you as follows:

"The best time in the year for laying in stocks of coal for next Winter is rapidly passing, with no evidence of general buying for this purpose. The rate of production has not varied greatly since the middle of May, and averaging about 30 per cent below last year, is apparently just sufficient to meet current consumption."

How can production be increased? How can the requirements of the country be met?

BY BUYING YOUR COAL NOW.

There is no other way. No other action can avert the impending shortage. Relief rests with *you.* Conditions urge you to act.

BUY YOUR COAL NOW!

National Coal Association

Commercial Bank Building, Washington, D. C.