

passed the situation, agreeing that neither the Lodge reservations, the resolution for unrestricted ratification nor the Hitchcock compromise resolution could be adopted. All of these falling, Senator Hitchcock said, he understood they agreed to a recess for negotiation and compromise, but instead the Republicans adjourned the session sine die. Senator Lodge, he said, had appeared to favor ratification, but had done all his coaxing with Senators absolutely opposed to ratification.

"I did not deal with Democratic Senators, because they did not control their own votes," caustically interjected Senator Lodge.

Senator Lenroot (Wis.) added that Senator Hitchcock repeatedly insisted that the time was not ripe to consider compromise.

Walsh Is Offended.
This offended Senator Walsh (Mon.), who asserted Senator Lodge had insulted Democratic Senators with the suggestion that they did not control their own votes. Senator Lodge said it was offensive he would withdraw it and ask that it be omitted from the Record, but that he could not say he did not believe it.

Then Senator Underwood said that, in order to establish peace quickly, he would be willing to strike out all reference to the League of Nations and ratify the treaty, leaving the league plan to be settled later. That would permit the people to elect a new Congress before action would be taken on the league, and the new Congress would be fresh from the people, able to speak for them.

Senator Knox congratulated Mr. Underwood on the courage and wisdom of the proposal.

"Will the Senator join in asking unanimous consent to consider a reservation to attain this end?" he asked.

Senator Underwood said he would, speaking only for himself. Senator Knox promptly offered the resolutions; one to ratify the treaty to the effect that it established peace with Germany, the other declaring the status of peace existed. Then came the Hitchcock objections and they could not be considered, but went over until Monday.

UNION CHIEFS WANT LABOR IN POLITICS

Workers Urged to Use "Pressure" Against "Industrial Tyranny."

STRIKE RIGHT DEFENDED

Use of Injunction, Judiciary "Usurpation" and Radicals Condemned.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—A declaration of principles was adopted here to-day by the conference of presidents of labor unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. It calls upon all workers to seek redress of their grievances by political pressure, presumably through existing parties, as no mention is made of a labor party.

"Issues which face union labor require unity of effort," if "industrial tyranny is to be avoided," the declaration said. It denounces the use of injunction proceedings in the mine strike and criticizes the "usurpation of unconstitutional authority by the judiciary."

The declaration had the approval of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. Numerous resolutions were introduced and many attempts were made to change the draft without success.

Radicals Condemned.

Radical activities were condemned by the conference and workers were urged to aid in stamping out "destructive elements" in their own ranks. At the same time dangers that lay on the other side were noted, "for powerful forces are

Your Grocer will deliver any quantity from one bottle of White Rock the leading Mineral Water

seeking more and more to infringe upon the rights of the wage earner and deny to him the right to cease work," the declaration said. The "perversion and abuse of the writ of injunction" was enumerated among these.

Condemns Steel Trust.

While labor has shown to the world the faults of its opponents, it has overlooked none of its own, the declaration said. It is "fully conscious of its duty and desires that its increased productivity be used for service and not alone for profits." Its programme would aid in supplying the world needs, the declaration adds, if its members could be "something more than mere numbers on a book."

The United States Steel Corporation was cited as one whose "autocratic attitude and destructive action" must give way to the new form and new relations between employer and employee.

"Labor fully understands that powerful interests are at work to-day to achieve reaction in industry if possible," the declaration continued. "They seek to disband or cripple the organizations of workers. But labor must be and will be militant in the struggle to combat these sinister influences and tendencies. It will not permit a reduction in the standard of living nor will it consent to a reaction toward autocratic control. In this, it feels it is performing a public service."

The right of Federal, State and municipal employees to organize and affiliate with the American Federation of Labor also was defended. Interests of those workers, the statement argued, could best be promoted through legislation and administration, but their rights must be safeguarded fully through their own organizations.

Against U. S. "Isolation."

Adoption of the peace treaty was urged that "peoples may know to whom they owe allegiance, boundaries may be fixed and credit and exchange may regain the lost vitality."

"We feel that we cannot with honor and humanity maintain a policy of isolation and disinterestedness from the distress and suffering of the European peoples," the declaration said.

"Even if the necessity of those peoples did not have a compelling appeal the interrelated economic interests of the world would prevent our limiting our attention solely to the Western Hemisphere."

The treaty's labor provisions were indorsed and it was declared that only through them could the standard of working conditions throughout the world be lifted.

Labor proposals submitted to President Wilson's Industrial Conference were reiterated and the attitude and action of the employers group at that conference bitterly assailed. A "small majority" in that group was charged with the failure of the conference in which labor had made a sincere effort to aid in ending unrest, the declaration said.

CHARGE VAST FUNDS BACK R. R. BILLS

Senate Orders Inquiry Into Forces Behind Cummins and Plumb Plans.

MAY ABANDON RECESS

Failure to Act on Railroad Measure Will Mean Loss of Holiday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—The long drawn out debate on the Cummins railroad bill was interrupted to-day by a demand, put in the form of a resolution, that the Senate investigate reports that vast sums of money had been raised to help out the measure through Congress.

The investigation resolution was introduced by Senator Norris (Neb.) at the conclusion of a five day address by Senator La Follette (Wis.), who raked the bill fore and aft and declared it was framed in the interests of the railroads.

Senator La Follette charged that the railway executives association and other interests had provided funds for propaganda purposes. Senator Norris, who said the public had a right to know if sinister influences were trying secretly to bring about enactment of the Cummins bill, raised no objection to a proposal by Senator Pomeroy (Ohio) that the Senate Interstate Commerce Commission, to which the resolution was referred, also investigate reports that advocates of the Plumb plan for railroad control had \$4,000,000 to expend in an effort to force adoption by Congress of the tripartite system they proposed.

Warning was given by Republican leaders to-day that failure to dispose of the railroad bill next week might force abandonment of plans for a holiday recess, starting December 20. While strong opposition has developed to the pending measure leaders claimed its ultimate passage was certain, even if by a narrow margin.

Cummins Urges Action.

Senator Cummins gave notice before adjournment that he would endeavor to have the Senate remain in session Monday night to expedite action upon the bill.

During the day an amendment by Senator Myers (Mont.) to eliminate provisions for representatives of the employees and the public on the directorate of the various companies was rejected. An amendment by Senator Spencer (Mo.) to permit subordinate railroad officials as well as clerks and stenographic assistants to submit grievances and wage disputes to the transportation board was adopted. This provision affected about 100,000 railroad employees not classed as workers, and not within the meaning of adjustment provisions of the bill, Senator Spencer said.

Senator Calder (N. Y.) introduced a resolution toward carriers in interstate business under control of the Interstate Commerce Commission, but action was deferred. It was designed, he said, to meet conditions in various New York cities receiving gas from Pennsylvania.

Bradley Dies From Injuries.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—Lieut. Bradley, who was injured in the airplane accident near Caterham, Surrey, Thursday, died to-day. Lieut. Bradley was pilot of the machine, which became unmanageable when about to land after a trip from Paris. George F. Rand, president of the Marine National Bank of Buffalo, N. Y., was killed in the accident.

RIOTS IN TRINIDAD.

British Warship Lands Men to Quell Uprising.
LONDON, Dec. 13.—Labor disturbances in the British islands of Trinidad and Tobago in the West Indies, leading to rioting during which men were landed from the British warship Calcutta and resulting in several casualties, are reported in official despatches to the Colonial Office here.

The trouble originated in Tobago, 22 miles northeast of Trinidad. Seamen from the Calcutta were landed there. The police fired upon the rioters, killing the ring-leader. At the same time a strike of stevedores in Trinidad occurred and rioting ensued in which one man was killed.

Returned soldiers were implicated in the disturbances, it is stated. The troubles were mainly due to labor unrest, which subsided after increased wages had been granted.

Bolivian Senate for Loan.

LA PAZ, Bolivia, Dec. 13.—The Bolivian Senate to-day decided to negotiate a loan of 100,000,000 piastres.

The Opportunity of a Lifetime.

The development of this business has reached a stage where there is room for a big Women's, Misses' and Girls' Ready-to-wear Merchandise executive who can assume responsibilities.

He must be a man with broad Women's, Misses' and Girls' Ready-to-wear merchandising knowledge, familiar with markets, and competent to clarify and solve the ceaseless problems of a business which is expanding so fast as to be more in need of additional direction than promotion.

This is a job for a genuine executive, seasoned in the details of a similar business to ours, and seeking a wider horizon for his talents, and it will be useless for the merely ambitious to apply.

The right man can write his own salary. We need the man more than the money.

Letters will be treated strictly confidential.

Address Mr. Franklin Simon, Personal
Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

CHURCHILL'S

—A Different Place—

Often you hear it said: "Churchill's is different!" Maybe it's the Quality of the Cuisine—perhaps it's the Superiority of the Music—again it may be the Dance Floor—or the Dash of the Big Cabaret—or the Atmosphere that Pervades—or the Character of the People.

Perhaps it is All of These—for Churchill's is different and that is why this expression has become so Respected:—

"More Than a Restaurant—a Broadway Institution"

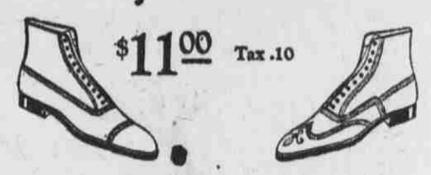
DANCING: All afternoon—All evening

Table d'hote \$1.35 Luncheon \$1.00
BROADWAY AT FORTY-NINTH STREET.

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS
2 to 8 WEST 38th STREET

A Genuine
Shell Cordovan Shoe for Men

\$11.00 Tax .10



You will have to step some to match this value anywhere!

According to prevailing prices for shoes of this calibre, this all Cordovan model at eleven dollars is a great value, and we are frank to confess that it may go higher any day.

Made of genuine shell Cordovan leather, in that nut brown shade which harmonizes with every suit in the wardrobe; also black Cordovan.

Designed on an English last, invisible eyelets, heavy oak soles.

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS
2 to 8 WEST 38th STREET

A List of
GIVABLES for MEN

A MAN may not look a gift horse in the mouth, but he is likely to look a necktie in the eye, and it will add to his gratitude to find that you have used taste in making your selection. You may like some things better than others in these assortments of furnishings for men, but all have the charm of quality and distinction.

Imported Silk Robes	\$85.00 to \$250.00
Velvet Robes	50.00 to 100.00
"Carmoor" London Imported Woolen Robes	25.00 to 35.00
House Coats, Plain Double Faced Cloth	9.00 to 11.00
Blanket Bath Robes	7.00 to 20.00
"Carmoor" London Golf Jackets	13.50 to 25.00
Silk Shirts	10.00 to 14.00
Madras Shirts	3.00 to 5.00
Imported French Scarves	4.00 to 5.00
"Carmoor" London Spitalfields Silk Scarves	3.50 Tax .15
Leather Hat Boxes	25.00

Men's House Slippers
A gift he will appreciate!

Men's Romeo Slippers of tan or black kid	\$4.50
Men's "Cozy Toes" Comfort Slippers of blue, Oxford gray or wine felt	2.50
Men's Opera Slippers	4.00
Tan Kid Romeo	6.00
Tan Moccasin	4.50

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
Hotel Bellevue
BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, FLORIDA
OPENS DECEMBER 29, 1919
For Guests Who Will Spend New Year's in Florida

E. M. GATTLE & CO.
Platinumsmiths 630 FIFTH AVE. Jewelers

Our Anticipation of Radical Advances in Diamonds and other Jewels gives Present Purchasers a decided advantage

Opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral

Gifts

Of ancient and modern origin, combining art with utility, rarity with distinction—Gifts that compliment recipient and donor.

Edward I. Farmer, Inc.
5 West 56th Street, New York




Vantine's The Oriental Store

Direct Attention to a Special Display of
Oriental Rugs for Christmas

AS A GIFT that will be treasured always, there is nothing so artistic and at the same time so practical as an Oriental rug.

For over half a century Vantine's has been recognized headquarters for the best Orient produces and as direct importers we are enabled to offer our rugs as low—if not lower—than rugs of equal quality shown elsewhere, with the additional assurance that "if you buy at Vantine's you will be proud to say so."

Christmas Rugs Specially Priced

\$67.50—Included in this collection are Beloochistans, Cabistans, Daghestans, etc., averaging in size from 2 ft. 6 in. to 3 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in. to 5 ft. 6 in.

\$87.50—An assortment of artistic designs, including Moussouls, Kurdistans, etc., average size 3 ft. to 3 ft. 6 in. by 5 ft. 6 in. to 6 ft. 6 in. long.

And in addition the wonderful Vantine Oriental Rug Stocks, which include an almost unlimited variety of Oriental Rugs in the most popular colorings, weaves, etc., varying in price from \$100 to a masterpiece of Oriental rug-weaving, priced at \$20,000.

A. A. VANTINE & CO. Inc.
Fifth Avenue & 39th Street

NEW YORK HEADQUARTERS for Electric Xmas Tree Outfits LIONEL MINIATURE RAILWAYS AND OTHER ELECTRIC SPECIALTIES.

At Last We Have a Practical X-Mas Tree Outfit. These New Outfits—Eliminate 95% of X-Mas Tree Lighting Troubles.

- Note how the lamps branch out.
- You may add as many lamps as you desire in a few seconds.
- If one or more lamps go out the rest remain lighted.

As these outfits are made to order, kindly write us for a price list if you desire one.

Pat. Applied For.

This year we have a larger assortment than ever of

LIONEL MINIATURE RAILWAYS
LAST YEAR'S PRICES
The following are a few of our Holiday Specials at greatly reduced prices:
Large box 24 gauge and 14 volt Transformer, \$1.50
Bulbs, all colors, Reg. \$3.00 per dozen, REDUCED \$2.50
2 1/2 and 14 volt Flashy Bulbs, Reg. \$1.00 per dozen, REDUCED \$2.20
Red Seal and Columbia Batteries... 80c
Transformers... \$2.50 up
Other Greatly Reduced Specials (Continued)
Our Christmas Specials will be mailed upon request. Our Christmas Specials will be mailed upon request. NOTE—Kindly Request Circular 8.

CORUBIA ELECTRIC HOUSE
145-147 E. 8th St.
between Lexington and 8th Aves.
Tel. Gramercy 1909. Open Evenings

SALESMAN

For High Grade Lubricating Oils to Industrial Plants. Local Territory.

Write for Interview
Tide Water Oil Sales Corp.
361 Broadway, N. Y.
Mill Oil Dept.

PROPERLY balanced food a valuable aid to health and complexion. Address: DIETITIAN, box 115, Sausalito, California.



"It's Just the Occupation You Want"

"I went to one of the central offices and found out just how the operators work and are cared for. I saw the rest rooms and lunch rooms and learned all about the salaries paid and the opportunities to get ahead in the business. When you are a Telephone Operator, I shall be happy for I shall know my daughter is in a good occupation and in good care."

Girls 16 to 23 are eligible to become Telephone Operators. Apply at

MAIN EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
1158 Broadway (corner 27th Street) Manhattan
8 a. m. to 6 p. m. or
Telephone—Madison Square Official.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY