

FLEET MAY DELAY ITS TRIP

Officers Know that International Situation may Change Schedule.

COAST FAVORS STAY

Despite Secretary Metcalf's Refusal, Westerners Want Naval Force Retained in the Pacific—The Maine and the Alabama, Detached from Main Fleet Ready to Lead Cruise.

San Francisco, June 11.—Among many officers of the Atlantic fleet there is an indefinable idea that the battle ships may not be withdrawn from the Pacific as early as contemplated by the announced itinerary, which schedules the arrival at Hampton Roads on February 22, 1908.

The idea that the fleet may remain in the Far East longer than the month of target practice following their arrival at Manila on November 7, seems to spring from deductions that the international situation will be such that the retention of a preponderant American force in the Pacific will be good diplomatic policy.

Sentiment on the Pacific coast, particularly here, is strongly in favor of retention of a heavy force in the Pacific, but Secretary Metcalf told those who petitioned him to this effect that it would be impossible now. There is also a belief that if the international situation requires retention of the fleet in the Pacific the date of their arrival in Manila will be time enough to change the present programme.

Lieutenant Commander Eberle, executive officer of the Louisiana, has asked to be relieved on account of the serious illness of his wife here. The battle ships Maine and Alabama, classed as a special service squadron will leave for Hampton Roads by way of Honolulu and points beyond in a few days. They are the first vessels to be detached from the Atlantic fleet, and will make the long cruise home in advance of the others, arriving at Hampton Roads on October 22.

The dropping of the Maine from the fleet is due to the fact that her steaming radius is limited to about 7,700 miles without re-coaling, and here is a stretch of about 4,000 miles to negotiate after the ships leave Honolulu and before they reach New Zealand.

The Alabama is to be detached because of her inferior engines, which may cause trouble at any time although thus far they have kept up admirably well.

Vaccination for Consumption.

Vienna, June 10.—What is believed to be an extremely important discovery in the inoculation of animals for tuberculosis was announced at a meeting of the Vienna Medical Society by Professor G. Heymans, a wiss scientist. The process occupies less than a minute and renders the animal entirely immune. One milligram of tuberculosis bacilli is laced in a face sack, the cover of which is made of a reed. The whole is enclosed in a gelatine capsule and sewn under the skin of the animal. It acts on the membrane and absorbs the fluids of the body, which cause the bacilli to multiply at first and to perish later. Professor Heymans says that the method is ideal for dealing with tuberculosis in cats, and it is not impossible that such a method may be successfully employed in protecting mankind from the same disease.

Labor Thanks Roosevelt.

Washington, June 11.—President Roosevelt made public a telegram sent to him by W. E. McEwen, Secretary and Treasurer of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor. It says: "The Minnesota State Federation of Labor in convention assembled and representing 40,000 workers, desire most respectfully to express their appreciation of your efforts on behalf of the workers of the Nation, as evidence by your transmission to Congress of several messages urging the enactment of certain laws of vital interest to organized labor."

A Challenge for the Pope.

Philadelphia, June 10.—A costly challenge made of gold and precious stones contributed by devout Catholics of this city will be presented to Pope Pius X. in celebration of the jubilee of his entrance into the priesthood. The challenge was entrusted to Henry J. Thuron, Professor of Composition at the Academy of Fine Arts, who sailed for Europe last week. He will give it to Cardinal Vincent Annunelli, who will present it to the pope.

Urge Negroes Against Taft.

Washington, June 10.—Former Senator William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, in an address before the members of the Gaihrath A. M. E. church here, urged the negroes to vote against Secretary Taft for President, and said they would obtain better results if they supported the Democratic ticket.

AFTER AMERICAN BEEF.

Commission to Investigate Meat Trust Asked for in Parliament.

London, June 11.—The American "Beef Trust" and its alleged control of the British meat market came up again in the House of Commons for a brief discussion. Charles W. Bowerman drew attention to the recent increases in the price of meat, declaring that they had been engineered by the trust. He asked Winston Churchill, President of the Board of Trade, to follow the example of the American Congress and appoint a commission to inquire into the operations of the trust in this country and relieve the British consumer of its increasing exactions. Mr. Churchill promised that he would consider the appointment of a commission to see what could be done regarding "the operation of one of these great trusts, which grow up behind a protectionist tariff."

Anna Gould Will Wed.

New York, June 11.—Saying he expected Mme. Anna Gould would "marry in the near future" and that he would attend the wedding, if it took place when he was on the other side, George J. Gould sailed for Europe on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. He expects to be abroad about a month or six weeks. When asked, "Will you attend the wedding of Mme. Anna Gould and James H. Rocco de Sagan?" Gould said: "I have not been invited but if I am in London with my wife I shall attend. My sister has my entire



GEORGE J. GOULD.

sanction in the matter and she will have my blessing. She also has the consent of every member of her family to take any steps she thinks advisable in her personal affairs."

It was said by friends of the family that Gould had not consented to the marriage willingly, but that Mme. Gould's determination to wed the Prince at any cost finally caused him to capitulate as gracefully as he could after the opposition he had shown. He would make no statement in regard to the financial affairs of Mme. Gould.

Girl Lures Doctor to Death.

New York, June 9.—Seeking revenge because she had been deceived by him, she told the police, Sarah Kosen, a Russian trained nurse, shot and killed Dr. William M. Auspitz in the hall of the apartment house at No. 131 West 135th street. She had deceived him there on the pretext he was to attend to a patient. As he entered the hall she suddenly confronted him and fired two shots, both of which took effect. Then she coolly walked to the steps of the building, where, revolver in hand, she waited for the arrival of the police, to whom she surrendered with the utterance: "I had a perfect right to kill him. He deceived me. I am not his murderer. He murdered me."

Color Returns to a Corpse.

Asheville, N. C., June 11.—Physicians are baffled by the strange case of N. H. Carpenter, estimated to be worth several millions, who died three weeks ago, and whose body his wife refused to have buried saying that her husband was not dead. Although he was secretly embalmed, the natural color is coming back to his cheeks and the fullness of his face is being restored. Physicians who have visited the vault in the Georgia Cemetery and pronounce it the most remarkable case known to science are closely watching developments.

Sentiment for Johnson Grows.

Chicago, June 9.—The Johnson sentiment in the New York delegation is growing every day, said R. E. Bandy, a delegate from Washington County, New York. "There is a big sentiment for Johnson throughout the State, and also considerable for Gray. I should say there isn't much chance for Bryan with our delegation."

Gompers for Labor Plank.

Washington, June 10.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, announced that organized labor would insist on the inclusion of the Republican platform of an anti-injunction plank. The entire legislative council of the Federation will go to Chicago, Mr. Gompers will take personal charge of the fight.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

It has been announced by the Chicago packers that because of a shortage of cattle and of canned meats, the price of beef and of canned meats will be increased.

State Chairman Woodruff, Congressmen Sherman and Fassett and Secretary Cortelyou are named as aspirants for the Republican Vice-Presidential nomination as soon as Gov. Hughes is out of the running for the first place on the ticket.

W. J. Bryan said the Commoner received none of Thomas F. Ryan's money in 1904.

A woman's heart was laid bare by Brooklyn surgeons after she was thought to be dead and she was restored to life.

George Gavogavitch was taken from the site of the new reservoir near Peekskill to York, Pa., charged with having murdered a man there and four others in Austria.

John Elsemann Camp, No. 79, Sons of Veterans, sent a flower-laden canvass boat to sea as a memorial to Union sailors who lost their lives on the ocean during the civil war.

Court proceedings threatened an exposure of the deal by which a post-office site was sold the Government in Pittsburg at an exorbitant price and in which a government official was said to be involved.

Representative public men will present a memorial asking for a plank in the Republican platform affirming confidence in the judiciary.

The National Association of Grocers in session at Atlantic City, were told that President Roosevelt had ordered that all civil-service employees must pay their grocers' bills or lose their jobs.

After he had successfully concealed a shortage in his accounts for five years, Charles T. Muir, paying teller of the New York Corn Exchange Bank, shot himself just as several depositors lined up in front of the receiving teller's window with books that would reveal his wrongdoing.

Detroit has been selected as the place of the meeting of the International Locomotive Engineers for the year 1910.

The Maryland Democratic State Convention did not instruct for Bryan and twelve of the sixteen delegates are against him.

Col. Church, the biographer of Gen. U. S. Grant, defended him from the charge that he was a hard drinker.

Nero, a lion which has killed three men, escaped from its cage during a circus performance in Greenwich, Conn., and caused a panic among hundreds of women and children.

John D. Rockefeller and Cardinal Logue met at Tarrytown, N. Y., chatted for ten minutes, and then had their pictures taken in a group with Bishop Browne.

The District of Columbia Court of Appeals, decided that whiskey and neutral spirits are not like substances, and must be differentiated under the law.

To avert any danger of the introduction of the plague into Cuba from Venezuela Governor Magoon has closed nearly all ports against commerce with that country.

General Stewart L. Woodford said the name of Governor Hughes will be presented to the Chicago convention no matter what may occur politically between now and the day of the Convention.

That Senator Platt paid his wife \$25,000 cash and agreed to give her \$10,000 a year for five years was brought out in a suit brought against the Senator by Mrs. Platt's former counsel to cover money advanced to pay some of her debts.

FOREIGN.

At the Brooklands, London, track Felice Nazzari, the Italian driver, made a world's automobile record of 120 miles an hour over a distance of 2 1/2 miles.

The Russian Emperor greeted King Edward on the arrival of the British monarch at Reval.

Mlle. Feodorovna, the woman who made an unsuccessful attempt to assassinate Gen. Bibikoff, Governor of Voronezh, on May 6 was hanged here.

The National Board of Sanitation at Havana recommended to make the port of Mariel, where there is a quarantine station, the only Cuban port of entry for vessels from Venezuela.

Cheered by thousands, the body of Emile Zola was borne to the Pantheon, the French Temple of Fame, for reburial with national honors.

The German Emperor and the King of Wurtemberg will witness the forthcoming trial of Count Zeppelin's new airship, says a special cable despatch from Berlin.

FOR LOWER POSTAGE.

Two Cent Rate Agreed Upon by United States and Great Britain.

Washington, June 11.—An agreement has been reached between the United States and Great Britain and Ireland by which there is to be two-cent postage between the countries after October 1 next. This announcement was made by Postmaster General Meyer here, and by the British Postmaster General, Sydney Duxton, in the British House of Commons.

The matter of "penny postage" as it is called in England, has been under consideration for some time. Last July President Roosevelt approved Mr. Meyer's course in urging a "restricted union with England."

On October 1, 1907, the Universal Post Union, which governs the international postal transactions of the various civilized countries, reduced the rate of letter postage from five cents a half ounce flat to five cents for the first ounce and three cents for each additional ounce, which is the present rate between the United States and Great Britain, with which we have direct steamship communication, and also is the rate between the United States and countries with which we do not have direct steamship communication, but on mail to which we have to pay an additional charge to countries through which it passes in transit.

Under the articles of the Universal Union, however, any two States can form a restricted union. Examples of restricted unions are those now existing which permit a two-cent letter rate between the United States and Cuba, the United States and Panama and the United States and Canada.

Altering Banknote Plates.

Washington, June 10.—The Treasury Department has already begun to alter the National banknote plates in preparation for any demand that may arise for the emergency currency law. The department expects a steady increase in the demand for notes of the present bond-secured issue from banks which have not bond-secured notes to the amount of 40 per cent of their capital stock, as is required by the new law before the banks can get their share in the emergency issue.

Seven Dead on Tennessee.

Washington, June 9.—Rear Admiral Pillsbury, chief of the Bureau of Navigation, has received a despatch from Rear-Admiral Sebree stating that two firemen of the second class, J. P. Carroll of Hartford, Conn., and F. S. Maxfield, of Toughkenamon, Pa., both of whom were fearfully scalded in the tube explosion accident on the Tennessee, are dead. This raises the total dead to seven.

Big Rats Overrun Village.

Middletown, N. Y., June 9.—The village of Great Bend, Pa., is besieged by armies of immense rats and the residents of the place are at their wits' end. The rats come from a closed tannery where they used to feed on the refuse from the hides. They are nearly as large as the wharf rat, and are afraid to tackle them, and they are killing chickens and even grown fowls.

Texas for "Bryan and Mitchell."

Dallas, June 9.—A movement has been started in Dallas with a view of having the Texas delegation at Denver support John Mitchell for Vice-President on the Democratic ticket. Bryans nomination for first place is accepted as a foregone conclusion by Texas Democrats.

BASE BALL.

Standing of the Clubs. National League.

Table with columns for W.L.P.C., W.L.P.C., and scores for various teams like Chicago, Cincinnati, etc.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

Table listing prices for WHEAT, CORN, OATS, MILK, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, BEEVES, CALVES, SHEEP, HOGS, HAY, STRAW, LIVE POULTRY, DRESSED POULTRY, TURKEYS, VEGETABLES, and ONIONS.

Major Dreyfus Shot.

Paris, June 9.—Interrupting the brilliant ceremony that marked the placing of Emile Zola's body in the Pantheon, an effort was made to kill Major Alfred Dreyfus as he stood by the side of the famous novelist's widow. A writer for a military publication fired two shots at Dreyfus, one of the bullets entering the army man's wrist. The shots were fired several minutes after President Fal-



MAJOR ALFRED DREYFUS

Here and United States Ambassador White had shaken hands with Mrs. Zola and when they were on their way to the portico of the building to review the troops.

The man who fired the shots at Dreyfus was Louis Antheime Gregori. It was said he was a member of the staff of La France Militaire but the paper got out an extra in which it denied that Gregori was concerned with it. The man however, is known widely as a writer on military subjects.

Dr. Osler's Theory Refuted.

New York, June 10.—Reviewing the results of an extensive investigation, The Medical Record declares that the research proves beyond doubt the absurdity of Dr. William Osler's assumption that the "effective, moving, vitalizing work of the world is done between the ages of twenty-five and forty," and that we might subtract from the sum of human achievement all that has been done by men over forty without missing anything of practical value to the world. The publication adds that the facts "should give heart to those who may have been influenced more or less unconsciously by his gloomy address to regard themselves as out of the race and past the age of usefulness to the world and their fellows."

Soda and Cigars at Church.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 9.—Professional bartenders served the soda water, lemonade, and sarsaparilla at the Sunday evening church services held under the direction of the Rev. Sydney Goodman of Ascension parish. Another feature was that two or three of the professional vocalists at well known cafes here, sang solos, most of them of a religious nature. There were cigars, pipes, and tobacco and cigarettes in plenty, and those men who sat in stuffy corners of the big room, took off their coats when they became too warm.

Crack at the White House.

Washington, June 9.—Max Darr, a Russian who gave his address as 292 East Brook street, New York, was arrested at the White House and locked up in the First Precinct Police Station here. He went to the main entrance of the executive mansion and endeavored to force his way in, demanding to see the President at once. He said that he had heard that Mr. Roosevelt was giving away money in large sums and he wanted some of it. He had a check for \$3,000,000 which he thought the President might be willing to cash.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed there will be sold at public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, County and State aforesaid on

SATURDAY, JUNE 20th, 1908

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Madison and Pine townships, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a pitch pine, thence by land of Jesse Mather, South two degrees West thirty-eight and five tenths perches to a stone; thence South thirty-seven and five tenths degrees East thirty-three perches to a post and stone; thence by other land of Thomas Polk estate sold to Samuel Lee, North fifty-one degrees East one hundred and sixty-one perches to a small hickory; thence by land of Benjamin Lee, North forty degrees West sixty-two perches to a post; thence by land of Benjamin Lee, Daniel Rote's estate and Wm. Mathers, South fifty-one degrees West one hundred and thirty-seven perches to the place of beginning, containing

SIXTY ACRES AND NINETEEN PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon are erected

A HOUSE and OUTBUILDINGS.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of M. B. Hock vs. John Lawton, and to be sold as the property of John Lawton. CHAS. B. ENT, Sheriff. 5-28-4.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 20th, 1908

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in the Township of Hemlock, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone in line of land of William Ivey thence by same north fifty eight degrees west nine and seven-tenths perches to a post, thence north six degrees west six and six-tenths perches to point on bank of head-race, thence ten and twenty-five hundredths degrees east two and five-tenths perches to a stone, thence north sixty degrees east seven and four-tenths perches to a stone in the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Buckhorn, thence north twenty-three and seventy-five hundredths degrees east fourteen and two-tenths perches to a stone, thence north seventy nine degrees east one and six-tenths to a corner near a spring house thence north three degrees west one perch to a stone, thence south fifty-two and five-tenths degrees east two and four-tenths perches to a stone, thence south seven degrees west five and one-tenth perch to a stone, thence south two and seventy-five hundredths degrees west eight and six-tenths perches to a stone in the public road, thence south seventy-two degrees east eleven and one-tenth perches to a white oak, thence along land of James Barton south fifty degrees west twenty-one perches to a stone, the place of beginning, containing

TWO ACRES AND EIGHTEEN PERCHES OF LAND,

whereon are erected a

STEAM AND WATER POWER GRIST MILL,

known as the "Red Mill" and

THREE DWELLING HOUSES

with outbuildings with the reserved rights and water-rights as set forth in a certain deed of conveyance to William Ivey dated May 25th 1851 recorded in Columbia County in Deed Book No. 33 at page 411, etc., together with the seven (7) acres of land containing the dam or reservoir of said water power as described and conveyed to I. W. McKelvey by Wm. Ivey and wife by deed dated September 1st, 1882, recorded in Columbia County in Deed Book No. 35 at page 354. Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William Krickbaum vs. I. John Davenport and The Hemlock Milling Company Terre-Tenant, and to be sold as the property of I. John Davenport. CHAS. B. ENT, Sheriff. 5-28-4. Fred Ikeler, Attorney.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

of

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned administratrix of Millard O. Bowman, late of Millin township, Columbia county, deceased, will sell at public auction on the premises in said Millin township, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 23rd, 1908

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

TRACT No. 1.—All that certain piece, parcel or lot of ground situate in the village of Millinville, in the County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner at the intersection of Fair and Fifth street, and running thence along Fair street Southwardly to land of A. B. Creasy, thence along land of said A. B. Creasy Westwardly to land of Daniel Miller, thence along land of said Daniel Miller Northwardly to Fifth street, and thence along said Fifth street Eastwardly to Fair street, the place of beginning, containing TWO ACRES, more or less, whereon is erected

A DWELLING HOUSE,

STABLE and OUTBUILDINGS.

Good well of water on the premises.

TRACT No. 2.—All that certain piece, parcel or lot of ground situate in the village of Millinville, County of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner at the intersection of Fair and an unnamed street, and running thence along unnamed street Westwardly to land of J. C. Brown, thence along land of said J. C. Brown Northwardly to land of G. P. Frymire, thence Eastwardly to land owned by H. C. Hess, thence along land of H. C. Hess Southwardly and thence along land of said H. C. Hess Eastwardly to Fair street and thence along Fair street to place of beginning, containing SIX ACRES, more or less. Terms made known on day of sale. MINNIE C. BOWMAN, Administratrix. Frank Ikeler, Atty.] Millinville, Pa. H. J. Pursel, Auctioneer, 5-28-4.

Judgins—"College education is a good thing. My son graduated last year and this year he'll get \$2500."

Hudgins—"Where is he teaching?"

Judgins—"He isn't teaching—he's pitching."—Chicago News.

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