

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN. ERENSBURG, PA., Friday Morning, - March 2, 1877.

The Johnstown Tribune is mistaken when it says that the commission of Chief Justice Agnew, of the Supreme Court of this State, will expire during the present year, the truth being that he will not retire from the bench until the first Monday of December, 1878.

In the State Senate, on last Friday, the bill which had previously passed the House authorizing the purchase of a copy of Purdon's Digest for each member of the Legislature, was reported from the committee having it in charge with a negative recommendation. This is the well deserved fate of that bald swindle for the present session at least.

Gov. HARTMANFT, on Monday last, nominated to the Senate Hon. James P. Sterrett, at present Judge of the Fifth Common Pleas District of Allegheny county, to be Judge of the Supreme Court of this State until the first Monday in January, 1878, in place of Judge Williams, lately deceased. The nomination of Judge Sterrett was unanimously confirmed.

That irrepressible colored statesman, P. B. S. Pinchback of Louisiana, arrived in Washington on last Saturday night, direct from New Orleans. He represents everything in Louisiana as perfectly quiet and says that Governor Nicholls is fully able to sustain his administration if left alone, and that he is acceptable to a large majority of the people. Let Rutherford B. Hayes learn wisdom from Pinchback, the best *drum pouter* player in the present city. He knows the truth whereof he affirms.

We trust that no Democrat worthy of the name will dishonor himself and the gallant and distinguished standard-bearer of his party in the late Presidential campaign, SAMUEL J. TILDEN, by signing a petition or recommendation in favor of any applicant to Returning Board Hayes for appointment to office. If he does, he will stultify himself by admitting, as he must in so doing, that Hayes has been honestly and legally declared the President elect, whereas every intelligent man in the country knows that he has been counted in by fraud, and against the clearly expressed will of a majority of 200,000 of the American people. Let the men who seek offices for Hayes fight for them within their own party lines, if it should take them all summer, but let Democrats stand stubbornly aloof and thus assert their own political manhood as well as their keen and outraged sense of flagrant injustice and unparalleled wrong.

SENATOR WALLACE of this State, in discussing a few days ago the action of the electoral tribunal, quoted from the speeches of Morton and Garfield the positive declarations of these two radical members of the commission as to the meaning and requirements of the bill providing for the commission itself when it was being discussed in Congress. In his speech on the 25th of January upon the bill, Morton said: "This commission cannot carry out this part of the bill without going behind the returns of a State, and this is what our Democratic friends understood by it" and again he declared "this very bill that I am opposing in vain to-night will violate, and I believe it is intended to violate, the doctrine that Congress has no right to go behind the decision of the Returning Board." Mr. Garfield said in the House: "It assumes the right of Congress to go down into the collages and inquire into all the acts and facts connected with their work." And yet these two demagogues, with this record of their stalling them in the face, had themselves placed on the commission with a plain intent to deceive and with a fixed and settled purpose to accept the return of Louisiana for Hayes, although it was admitted that the action of the Returning Board in that State was vilely and infamously fraudulent. Could duplicity and meanness find a lower depth than has been reached by Morton and Garfield? Never.

It is as plain as a problem in mathematics that Hayes will become President through the shameless frauds of Wells and his corrupt Returning Board. The same board, by precisely the same dark process, certified that Packard had been elected Governor of Louisiana. All this being true, will not Hayes, the Returning Board President, feel in honor bound to recognize Packard, the Returning Board Governor? Packard's title to his office is as good as that of Hayes. If the latter carried Louisiana the former clearly did the same thing. There is not the slightest difference between their respective claims, and if Hayes refuses to throw the mantle of his protection over Packard he will confess the fraud by which he himself has been foisted into the Presidential office. From this conclusion there is no escape. If he recognizes Packard, and also Chamberlain, of South Carolina, neither of whom has any respectable number of adherents in his own State, he must sustain them by military force, and the end of such a suicidal policy no man can foretell. Gov. Nicholls in Louisiana and Gov. Hampton in South Carolina, who are supported by the masses of their people, the merchants, business men and taxpayers, will be sustained by them to the bitter end. Grant said a few days ago to the agent of the press, "The entire country is tired of the military being employed to sustain a State government, and that if a Republican State government cannot sustain itself then it ought to give way." All this is true, but the question comes straight back to Hayes how can he in honor repudiate the world-wide infamous Louisiana Returning Board, and tamely permit his friend Packard to be driven to the wall and disappear forever? This is the question which will confront Hayes at the very beginning of his fraudulent administration.

The End.

We announced last week as the latest from the poked and partisan Electoral Commission, that by the usual vote of 8 to 7 it had decided that Wells and his infamous colleagues on the Louisiana Returning Board had strictly obeyed the law of that State in disfranchising twelve thousand Tilden votes, and by that shameless and unblushing fraud had transferred the eight electoral votes of the State to Hayes by a majority of about four thousand. After the endorsement of this villian end was clearly to be seen, and the Commission, as a final and fearful admonition to the Democratic counsel, who represented a majority of 260,000 of the honest electors of the United States, who had voted for Samuel J. Tilden, ought to have engraved in letters of black over the entrance to the Supreme Courtroom the inscription of Dante, the Italian poet, over the portals of another but nameless place, "Abandon hope, all ye who enter here," for Bradley, with a mind capacious of such things, had resolved that the fraudulent election of Hayes should be his inexorable decree, from which there could be no appeal. In common with the Democracy of the whole country we rested our hopes upon the clear and admitted majority of 8,000 for Tilden in Louisiana, and never dreamed that the bold and palpable fraud of the Returning Board of that State would be sanctioned, even though it was shielded by the mere forms of law. This Electoral Commission, he it remembered, refused to go behind the certificate of Kellogg in the case of the Louisiana electors, but when Oregon was reached it found no difficulty in getting behind the certificate of Gov. Grover of that State in favor of Cronin, a Democratic elector, and decided that Watts, a Hayes elector, who had no certificate at all, was eligible, and that the three electoral votes of Oregon should be counted for Hayes. It was done on Saturday last, and thus in three separate cases the partisan majority of this tribunal have declared generally that an accomplished fraud is sacred, and in the same three cases have contradicted themselves in regard to the eligibility of electors. South Carolina was reached on Monday, and as there were two returns from that State objections were filed against both and all the papers referred to the commission. The question was fully argued before the commission, and on Tuesday the eight votes of the state, by the magical figures of 8 to 7, were awarded to Hayes. There was a weak skirmish over one Hayes elector in Vermont, and one in Wisconsin, but of course they were given to Hayes, and then the curtain fell on the last act of this most disgraceful drama. It is the greatest triumph of fraud in the political history of this country, and has fearfully shocked the honest political sense of a vast majority of the American people. It is enough "to stir a fever in the blood of age" and to cause the bones of Andrew Jackson to turn in his coffin. But still the honor of the Democratic party, by the votes of its members of Congress, in favor of the bill creating the commission, is committed to its decision. Although it has been villainously deceived and betrayed, it can better afford to suffer a defeat which brings no dishonor than to incur the imputation of acting in bad faith. We are weary and sick of writing about this whole disgusting business and for the present cast it aside as unworthy of further consideration.

SOME days ago a special dispatch from Washington to the Philadelphia Times suggested the possibility of Gov. Hartranft being appointed Secretary of War, and added that the only objection to Hartranft is one personal to the Republicans of Pennsylvania, which is, that it would leave the State's executive in the hands of Hon. John Latta, the present Democratic Lieut. Governor. The author of the dispatch also asserts that this obstacle was comparatively trifling, as the Republican Legislature of the State, now in session, could order a new election for Governor, and that therefore Mr. Latta's honors would be only temporary. The writer of this dispatch has evidently never read the new constitution of this State, section 13th, article IV, of which instrument provides as follows: "In case of the death, conviction on impeachment, failure to qualify, resignation, or other disability of the Governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office, for the remainder of the term, or until the disability be removed, shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor."

This ought to be as clear as the noon-day sun. We care nothing about who may be Secretary of War, although we are confident Hartranft will not be the man, and only refer to this dispatch now for the reason that the question of Hartranft's successor was spoken of in the event of his being nominated for President by the Cincinnati convention. It follows, therefore, under the provision of the new constitution, as above quoted, that if the office of Governor, from any of the causes specified, becomes vacant during Hartranft's term, the Lieutenant Governor will succeed him for the full balance of the term, and hold the office until the third Tuesday of January, 1877, as Hartranft's successor must be elected in November, 1878.

EVER since the November election, the Republican newspapers have asserted that there was something rotten in the account of Governor Tilden in the bank in New York with which he transacts his business and that said account would show that with his knowledge and consent a large amount of money had been sent to Oregon to influence the decision of the electoral vote of that State. It seems that the committee of the Senate and House having jurisdiction of all such matters decided not to subpoena either Mr. Tilden or Zach. Chandler, Chairman of the Republican National Executive Committee, to testify about what either did in reference to the Oregon election. Gov. Tilden promptly and emphatically repudiates this arrangement, as will be seen from his many letters to Hon. Francis Kernan, which we publish elsewhere. Now let Chandler write a similar letter and the country will then see who will be hurt.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26, 1877.

THE ELECTORAL COUNT. In the separate discussion in the two Houses after the vote of Oregon had been counted for Hayes, the most notable speeches were made by Senator Whyte, of Maryland, and John Young Brown, of Kentucky. Whilst both of these gentlemen advocated carrying out the provisions of the Electoral Bill to the end, they at the same time denounced in the most vigorous and eloquent language the cheat and the fraud which has been practiced upon the people. The count will proceed to-day until South Carolina is reached, when it will be referred to the Tribunal. Of course the decision will be in favor of Hayes, as all of its pre-cessors have been, for the conspirators are determined to put their man in (as a leading Radical here said to your correspondent on Saturday) "at the point of the bayonet." Such of the Democratic counsel who do not here have already left for home in utter disgust at the treachery of the Judges.

It is presumed the Tribunal will conclude in the South Carolina case to-night or early tomorrow morning, when his labors will then be terminated. If there is no further delay, there is no reason why the count cannot be finished and the declaration of the result made by the President of the Senate by Wednesday or Thursday. But the obstacles have not given up their designs, and still threaten very loudly that they are determined not to permit the completion of the count. The deliberations of the caucus last night were mostly confined to the consideration of the two bills drawn by Mr. Field, the first providing for a re-election, and the other instituting *quo warranto* proceedings, but it will most certainly not favor any bill for a new election. If the emergency arises the Senate will carry out the plan foreshadowed in our previous letter of proceeding with the count in its chamber and declaring the result. The House Democrats who were to break up the count claim to day that they have gained strength enough by recruits to give them control, and they propose to exercise it. Some of them display a very ugly spirit in the matter, and assert that they do not care what confusion arises.

RHODE ISLAND will figure before the public in this drama, as objections have been prepared to the vote of one of her electors, the ground that the Legislature appointed an elector in the place of Mr. Corliss, who, according to the decision of the Electoral Tribunal, was not eligible, and therefore the action of the Legislature in appointing its elector with the decision of the Tribunal, the appointment of another man in the place of Mr. Corliss was not legal, and the vote cast by such appointee must be treated as a nullity.

AFTER the decision in this case is decided by the Tribunal there can be no legislative business done in Rhode Island until the electoral count is completed. This of itself will necessarily interfere with the passage of the regular appropriation bills, all of which are at present in very good condition.

THE FEELING OF THE PEOPLE. Democratic representatives are up to this time daily in receipt of telegrams from their constituents, particularly from the Northern and Western States, urging them to do all in their power to secure a new election and to prevent the accession to the Presidency of a man whose title is tainted with fraud and befouled with crime.

A letter was received here last night from Gov. Hayes, in which he says that he will stand faithful to the policy of moderation and conciliation toward the South.

THE SENATE REPUBLICANS will vote a caucus to-night to decide definitely upon the course of proceedings to counteract any movement for delay which may be taken by the other side.

CUNNING W-IDS. The saving clause in the electoral bill by which the majority of the Tribunal decided they had no power to go behind the returns was the offspring of Edmunds, as was in fact most of the bill. The bill, "if any," was submitted to the Senate by the two Houses of Congress. These two little "ifs," which no one noticed when the bill was under consideration, did the business. One of the Republican members of the Tribunal, in checking over the cunning of Edmunds, said the inscription on his tombstone ought to be "Here lie the remains of George F. Edmunds, 'if any.'"

It is now rumored that Gen. Grant will recognize the Nicholls and the Hampton governments before he goes out of office, and that this course will meet the approval of Gov. Hayes.

THE SILVER BILL. Senator Jones says he will make a majority report in favor of this bill as soon as he gets a chance in the Senate. There will also be a minority report of one by Senator Boutwell, but the bill as reported by the majority will in all probability pass the Senate.

ZACK CHANDLER said there was no need for the Republicans to send money South during the election, because the Federal bayonets did not carry enough Hayes, they were still bad the returning boards to fall back upon. The result shows that he knew what he was talking about.

THE SUPREME COURT will meet to-morrow, pursuant to adjournment, but will necessarily be compelled to take another recess until after the decision of the Electoral Tribunal this week.

PINCHBACK (colored) who arrived here last night direct from New Orleans reports everything quiet in that city. He says that the Nicholls government is fully able to maintain itself and is acceptable to a large majority of the people, both black and white.

SOUTHERN REPUBLICANS are urging the appointment of Senator Alcorn as a member of Hayes's cabinet, should that gentleman succeed to the Presidency.

THE COURT OF CLAIMS met to-day with a full bench, the first time in four years owing to the ill health of Judge Peck. During Judge Peck's absence many of the cases before the Court have failed of a decision, owing to the equal division of the remaining four judges.

THE INAUGURATION. The near approach of the new presidential term has already attracted large numbers of visitors from all parts of the country to the capital. According to present indications there will be as many strangers here as on any previous fourth of March.

SECRETARY MORRILL was able to sit up this morning and see his friends, and will soon be able to attend to his official duties as usual.

ANOTHER RADICAL DEFLECTER. The Post Office Department has discovered that MacArthur, postmaster at Chicago, is a defaulter to the amount of \$38,000. MacArthur telegraphed his resignation to the Post Master General here, and then went into voluntary bankruptcy. It is believed also that his bondsmen are bankrupt.

The Union of this city is out.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26, 1877.

THE PRESIDENT said yesterday in the course of conversation that but little remained for him to do previous to the expiration of his term on Saturday, when he and his family would leave the executive mansion and temporarily sojourn with Secretary Fish, as in April they would make a visit to their home in the West, and that the time for their departure for the West and Europe, which they were to contemplate, was uncertain. He desired to have at least one year's rest or recreation. ANDERSON.

Letter from Gov. Tilden.

Hon. Francis Kernan, Washington, D. C.:

A telegram to the Associated Press, published this morning, states that a harmonious agreement has been brought about between the Senate and House, of which you are a member, and a committee of the House, by which it has been decided not to go into an examination of my bank accounts on the one hand, or the accounts of the Chairman of the Republican National Committee on the other hand.

I repudiate such agreement and disclaim any immunity, protection or benefit from it. I reject the utterly false imputation that my private bank account contains anything whatever that needs to be concealed. Under the pretense of looking for a payment on December 1st, the demand was for all payments after May and all deposits during nine months.

The bank was repeatedly menaced with the removal of its officers and books to Washington. A transcript of entries of private business, showing a session of my committee in the world except what the committee was commissioned to investigate, and nothing in the world which it was commissioned to investigate, because nothing of that sort existed, has been taken, with my knowledge, to Washington. Of course there is no harm in relating to you, for I never made, authorized or knew of any expenditure whatever in relation to the election in that State or to the resulting controversies, or to any promise or obligation, or negotiation on the subject.

Mr. Elihu A. Sisson, President of the bank, himself a Republican, some time ago told the chairman of the committee and several of its members that there is nothing in the account capable of furthering any just object of the investigation.

I am also informed that a resolution was passed to summon me as a witness, but I have received no subpoena. I had written before this telegram appeared requesting you to say to the committee that it would be more agreeable to me to visit Washington, if the committee would send a subpoena to me, and I have not written to you.

S. J. TILDEN, New York, February 21, 1877.

AN ILL-PLACED FUGO. The Troy Times of a recent date says: "A stomachic singularity culminated in an upheaval last Sunday evening. Seven years ago Lena Crapo, an amiable, bright and worthy French girl, drawn from the waters of a babbling brook in the State of New York, felt a live lump distending her esophagus, which she gulped down. From that date, her health was increasingly impaired with an internal disturbance. Two years since, although then an invalid, she was employed by the family of Dr. M. F. Campbell, of this city, in the capacity of waiting-maid. For a time she was slightly serviceable, but her difficulty soon became more aggravated, until she was completely disabled. An ulcer in the stomach was the hypothesis professionally put forth by the physicians, and she was treated accordingly. She was a devoted and dutiful wife, and always stoutly maintained that a divine substance was secreted. She was a great sufferer, and almost daily experienced protracted paroxysms of pain. For the past four or five months, however, Dr. Campbell has used a galvanic battery, which greatly lessened her sufferings, although her general condition remained unimproved. Inability to retain food was one of the most unpleasant characteristics of the case. Only certain dishes were favored with retention. A few weeks ago she was admitted to the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson, No. 7, Federal street. Sunday evening she vomited violently, and feeling a substance rising in her throat, she thrust her fingers down between her tonsils and seized the offending lump, which was triumphantly captured. It was submitted to the examination of Mrs. Wilson and another lady, who pronounced the silvery lump to be a dead frog. Lena, with true French impulsiveness, viewed the ejected substance for a moment and hurled it into the stove, foolishly preventing an intelligent analysis of the equal contents. Lena is now slowly improving, and able to retain soups, cream, juicy fruit, and fat food, all of which her stomach has heretofore rejected."

MR. ROBERT HELLER, a presiding figure of rare ability, is now performing his wondrous in this city. Mr. Heller, with his sleight of hand, draw bonbons, ribbons, canary birds—and, indeed, anything one has a mind to call for—out of a hat in which but an instant before it was proved by our demonstration that there were no such things in the hat, ribbons or canary birds; and the great beauty of it all is that you can't see how on earth Mr. Heller does it. The Electoral Commission now performing their wondrous in Washington can draw electoral votes for Hayes out of the hat of Louisiana, or indeed, out of any State which is passed up—even if it is quite apparent to the average spectator that there are no such things as Hayes electoral votes in that State at all. Now, we know that both Mr. Heller and the Electoral Commission do their tricks by sleight of hand. But how is the similarity of cases. Mr. Heller is so skilful in his art that, however minutely we watch him, it is impossible to detect him in his trick. The Electoral Commission, on the other hand, does its trick so clumsily that anybody can see how it is done. Clearly, therefore, in the whole of the prize of jugglery must be awarded to Mr. Heller. When the two artists of old strove for a prize Zeus was found to have painted grapes so like nature that the Parthians came and pecked at them. But the artist who drew a certain so perfectly that Zeus himself ordered it to be painted the prize, said the people, "for one has deceived birds, and the other has deceived men." The Electoral Commission may possibly deceive owls and turkeys, buzzards and their juggling. They certainly cannot deceive men.—N. Y. World.

When Grant rides with Hayes from the White House to the Capitol on the day of inauguration he will be escorted by a polite to remind his companion that "no man worthy of the office of President should be willing to hold it if elected or placed there by fraud."

New and Other Notings.

THE whites and blacks in New Iberia parish, Louisiana, have had a conflict and great excitement prevails.

An unsuccessful attempt was made a few nights ago to assassinate the Archbishop of Mexico. The would-be assassin was arrested.

By a fire in a tenement-house on Wooster street, New York, Saturday morning, two little children of Mrs. Brown were literally roasted alive.

A Kentucky man married a girl without previously telling her that one of his legs was wood, and she was so angry on finding it out that she left him.

There were thirteen bodies of children in Tamaqua on the 17th awaiting burial, death having occurred from whooping cough and scarlet fever.

At a late sale of timber lands in Clinton county, by the Sheriff, 4,300 acres were sold at \$4,700. The timber tracts had been cleared of pine trees.

Fox's New American theatre, Chestnut street, Philadelphia, was burned to the ground on Sunday morning, the fire breaking out about one o'clock.

A malignant type of scarlet fever is raging at Peru, Illinois. Children who have been attacked with it have died before a physician could reach them.

John Campbell died on Monday in New York of injuries sustained by his wife and another woman in a quarrel February 1. The two women were arrested.

A two year old child of George Gilbert, of Lebanon, while eating peanuts had one lodge in her throat. She died of strangulation despite the efforts of the doctor.

It is said that the clause of the electoral bill bearing on the right of an appeal from the commission's verdict to the courts was inserted at the express solicitation of Mr. Tilden.

The New Orleans *Picayune* frankly asks the man with the scythe to turn backward in his flight and restore to the country the purity and the unselfish patriotism of its infancy.

—Heater, McHugh and Tully, the Mollie Maguire on trial at Bloomsburg for the murder of Alexander W. Rea in 1869, were on Saturday found guilty of murder in the first degree.

Garfield has sued the Cleveland *Plaindealer* for libel. It called him a renegade priest, and asserted that he attended the quadron ball in New Orleans with Pig Iron Kelley.

Mrs. Mary Luce was shot in the right breast at Brady's Bend, on Friday, by her father while examining a revolver. The lady is the mother of a babe only eight months old.

Hiram Young killed her two children, a boy and girl, at Newark, N. J., on Saturday, horribly mangled them with an axe. Her husband had left her, and she is supposed to have become insane over her troubles.

Keoken has an Ethioip of fifty or thereabouts who is in a fair way to change his skin, as during the past three weeks his cheeks, chin, ears, hands and part of his neck have become white, the skin peeling off in flakes.

Sunday morning the deaf and dumb institution near Council Bluffs, Iowa, was visited by fire. No lives were lost, and the one hundred and fifty-three pupils escaped without serious injury. Total loss estimated \$100,000, no insurance.

At the late election in Washington borough, Daniel Walz walked up and down the streets ringing a bell, and inviting all to vote, and in order which Republican ticket, George McCollum, was turned out and proclaimed for the Democrats.

The awful sensation of being caught by the foot in the frog of a railroad switch, of seeing a train approach, of struggling in vain to get free, and of being crushed to death, were recently endured by Edward Harmon, of Cincinnati.

Grant has just issued an order which shows that he has no intention of remaining in the White House and of erecting an imperial dynasty upon the ruins of the republic. He has instructed his brother to take all those old bottles taken out of the cellar.

The celebrated Pat Donan, formerly of the Lexington *Caucasian*, has written a letter of advice to Hayes, and that luckless letter-writer, Lee, declares that the Governor's "much gratified," and that Donan's "questions shall have due consideration."

The mission to Liberia has nothing to do with the new alliance.

Mr. John F. Hackett, proprietor of the Central Hotel, at Butler, Pa., received news the other day that an aged and wealthy grandmother, who for many years has been making her home in New Orleans, had departed this life, bequeathing to him her whole fortune, consisting of \$600,000 worth of real estate and \$50,000 in money.

It is due Mr. Tilden to say that he never personally had faith in the Electoral Commission. He did not encourage its creation, as has been alleged. He wanted his case to rest with the House of Representatives in a contest with the Senate, but it was not becoming in him to attempt to influence the action of Congress, and he did not do so.

The Radicals are roasting lower to carry out their thimble. The idea that their great act in circumventing the prominent leaders should be telegraphed from Columbus to Washington, apologizing to the Southerners for an article in the *Ohio State Journal* claiming Packard's election, shows an amount of dirt-eating wonderful how about Returning Board Hayes?

The great pear tree on the premises of Mrs. Julia Fitts, four and a half miles from Calhoun, on the Owensboro road, says the *McLean (Ky.) Progress*, was planted by Mrs. Fitts in 1811—sixty six years ago.

The tree has reached the huge dimensions of eight feet in circumference, and in the sixty years in which it has been growing there have probably been from 700 to 800 bushels of fruit gathered from its branches.

The New York *Freeman's Journal* has information that the Rev. John Moore, D. D. of Charleston, S. C., has been named by the Pope as Bishop of St. Augustine, Fla., vacant by the death of Archbishop Verot, in June, 1876. Also, that the Rev. Vincent Vinces, Prior of the Dominican Convent at Benicia, California, has been named by the Pope as Bishop, and conductor of Bishop O'Connell of Grass Valley, California.

J. P. Hassler, late cashier of the Carlisle (Pa.) Deposit Bank, hanged himself on Monday afternoon in the garret of his dwelling, which was attached to the bank. Mr. Hassler was elected cashier in 1865, and held that position until last October, when he was found to be a defaulter. On the day of the suicide the bank officers instituted criminal proceedings against him, and bail was fixed at \$15,000, which he was unable to secure. He was found hanging from the same rafter on which the cashier, preceding him, Wm. M. Bertram, had hanged himself in 1865.

The New York *World* in its issue of last Friday publishes a complete tabular statement of the official vote for President at the last election. This statement, which is obtained from the official vote in the executive department of each State, shows that the popular majority for Tilden was 264,829. At length, two years after the election of the two States of Louisiana and Florida that were fraudulently counted for Hayes, these figures expose in a glaring light the enormity of the fraud that has been practised upon the people by the forgers of the returning boards and the judicial perjurers of the electoral commission.

ANCHORED AT OAK HALL. 6TH AND MARKET. STILL TO BE HEADQUARTERS FOR CLOTHING. WANAMAKER & BROWN. IN THE OLD PLACE AT THE OLD TRADE. All the best talent, experience and advantage we can command, continued at OAK HALL, to produce the BEST and CHEAPEST CLOTHING for men and boys. For sixteen years we have lived at the old corner of SIXTH and MARKET, and the business done there has been so satisfactory to the public and ourselves, that we have decided not to change or move the Clothing business away. The people like the place and walk to please a new people, and we believe that we can do it better than ever at the old place. The sales of the past year far surpassed any we ever dreamed of, and this year it is our power to start the Spring of 1877 with a STILL LOWER SCALE OF PRICES, and a class of goods so excellent that we are not afraid to follow each sale with our warrants, or receive back the goods unworn and hand over to the customer the money paid. The store has been largely refitted, and there never was such a splendid stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's clothing under the roof, nor were we ever able to sell so cheaply. Our word for it, and we are your friends of sixteen years. WANAMAKER & BROWN, THE OLD PLACE, 6th & Market. OAK HALL, PHILADELPHIA.

The examination of Michael Dougherty for shooting I. B. McBride, took place at Kalamazoo, Mich., on Saturday. His daughter, Julia Dougherty, was seduced by McBride, and became *eniente*, which forced him to marry her, but he immediately left her to provide for herself and child. She was in a fair way to change her skin, as during the past three weeks his cheeks, chin, ears, hands and part of his neck have become white, the skin peeling off in flakes.

Sunday morning the deaf and dumb institution near Council Bluffs, Iowa, was visited by fire. No lives were lost, and the one hundred and fifty-three pupils escaped without serious injury. Total loss estimated \$100,000, no insurance.

At the late election in Washington borough, Daniel Walz walked up and down the streets ringing a bell, and inviting all to vote, and in order which Republican ticket, George McCollum, was turned out and proclaimed for the Democrats.

The awful sensation of being caught by the foot in the frog of a railroad switch, of seeing a train approach, of struggling in vain to get free, and of being crushed to death, were recently endured by Edward Harmon, of Cincinnati.

Grant has just issued an order which shows that he has no intention of remaining in the White House and of erecting an imperial dynasty upon the ruins of the republic. He has instructed his brother to take all those old bottles taken out of the cellar.

The celebrated Pat Donan, formerly of the Lexington *Caucasian*, has written a letter of advice to Hayes, and that luckless letter-writer, Lee, declares that the Governor's "much gratified," and that Donan's "questions shall have due consideration."

The mission to Liberia has nothing to do with the new alliance.

Mr. John F. Hackett, proprietor of the Central Hotel, at Butler, Pa., received news the other day that an aged and wealthy grandmother, who for many years has been making her home in New Orleans, had departed this life, bequeathing to him her whole fortune, consisting of \$600,000 worth of real estate and \$50,000 in money.

It is due Mr. Tilden to say that he never personally had faith in the Electoral Commission. He did not encourage its creation, as has been alleged. He wanted his case to rest with the House of Representatives in a contest with the Senate, but it was not becoming in him to attempt to influence the action of Congress, and he did not do so.

The Radicals are roasting lower to carry out their thimble. The idea that their great act in circumventing the prominent leaders should be telegraphed from Columbus to Washington, apologizing to the Southerners for an article in the *Ohio State Journal* claiming Packard's election, shows an amount of dirt-eating wonderful how about Returning Board Hayes?

The great pear tree on the premises of Mrs. Julia Fitts, four and a half miles from Calhoun, on the Owensboro road, says the *McLean (Ky.) Progress*, was planted by Mrs. Fitts in 1811—sixty six years ago.

The tree has reached the huge dimensions of eight feet in circumference, and in the sixty years in which it has been growing there have probably been from 700 to 800 bushels of fruit gathered from its branches.

The New York *Freeman's Journal* has information that the Rev. John Moore, D. D. of Charleston, S. C., has been named by the Pope as Bishop of St. Augustine, Fla., vacant by the death of Archbishop Verot, in June, 1876. Also, that the Rev. Vincent Vinces, Prior of the Dominican Convent at Benicia, California, has been named by the Pope as Bishop, and conductor of Bishop O'Connell of Grass Valley, California.

J. P. Hassler, late cashier of the Carlisle (Pa.) Deposit Bank, hanged himself on Monday afternoon in the garret of his dwelling, which was attached to the bank. Mr. Hassler was elected cashier in 1865, and held that position until last October, when he was found to be a defaulter. On the day of the suicide the bank officers instituted criminal proceedings against him, and bail was fixed at \$15,000, which he was unable to secure. He was found hanging from the same rafter on which the cashier, preceding him, Wm. M. Bertram, had hanged himself in 1865.

The New York *World* in its issue of last Friday publishes a complete tabular statement of the official vote for President at the last election. This statement, which is obtained from the official vote in the executive department of each State, shows that the popular majority for Tilden was 264,829. At length, two years after the election of the two States of Louisiana and Florida that were fraudulently counted for Hayes, these figures expose in a glaring light the enormity of the fraud that has been practised upon the people by the forgers of the returning boards and the judicial perjurers of the electoral commission.

The Philadelphia *Evening Herald* of Saturday, the 24th of February, has been kept from the vengeance of counterfeiter, gives an account of an interview between one of its reporters and Johnson Eckels, brother-in-law of James Anderson, who was recently found dead on the track of the Pennsylvania railroad between Harrisburg and Baldwin. Eckels declares that in his opinion as an old railroad man, Anderson was not run over by the cars, but was killed in some other way and laid on the tracks. The motive for such a crime Eckels says was that Anderson was in possession of the captured counterfeit money of southerners, and to escape the vengeance also, Eckels seeks the protection of the police authorities.

Prof. Elisha Gray lectured Tuesday evening in Chicago, to a large and interested audience, on the "Telephone," giving illustrative of the capabilities of the capabilities. Judges Catton and Booth, Hon. Henry Greenback, Chas. Somers and other eminent scientific men were on the platform. Music played in Milwaukee was transmitted over the wires and reproduced in the hall in clear and sweet tones. Many popular songs called for by the audience were promptly given and heartily applauded. Prof. Faville, in Milwaukee, played the telephone waltz. Several different musical notes were started simultaneously in Milwaukee and distinctly heard by the audience. The lectures and illustrations were entertaining throughout. Professor Gray gave due credit to Professor Ball for his remarkable development of the speaking telegraph which the lecturer described.

Not long after the stealing of Charley Ross, a little son of Henry Doehmerer, of St. Louis, was stolen. The father had but little property, and was unable to pay the expenses of an extensive search; but he shrewdly hit upon a plan for accomplishing the object effectually. He read the newspapers carefully, and whenever he saw an account of the finding of a supposed Charley Ross he sent to learn if the boy was not his lost one. At length, two years after the kidnapping, he saw an account of a stray boy in Illinois, and, on going there, he found what he had been so long in search of. The child's hair had been dyed, and he had changed much through sickness and deprivation, but there was no doubt as to the identity. He had been driven by wandering beggars, who had made his pretty face profitable in exciting sympathy. The father is now prosecuting the supposed kidnappers.

During the year 1876, Luzerne county sent 922 persons to jail and 31 to the penitentiary.

The Pope's Golden Jubilee.

WHAT IS TO BE DONE IN THE PRESENT NIVERSITY OF THE REPUBLIC OF HIS HOLINESS, PISA.

The fifteenth anniversary of the death of Pius IX. to the opportunity, occurs on the 21st of May, and is commemorated on that day in Rome usually by some religious festival, and in the Holy Father's address to the united offerings of the faithful throughout the world, as being a changeable affection and lasting order, also, to relieve the world who are suffering poverty in the name of the Holy Father. Some have suggested to cooperate with the Catholics to assist in the work of the Holy Father, and some have already been taken up and in one church St. Andrew's, in this city