

Cambria Freeman

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1891.

Democratic County Ticket.

For President, Judge JOHN P. LINTON, of Johnstown. For Sheriff, JOSEPH A. GRAY, of Carrolltown. For Poor Director, JOHN F. LONG, of Ebensburg. For Jury Commissioner, E. J. BLOUGH, of Johnstown.

The Clarion county Democracy at their convention held on Monday last recommended Governor Robert E. Pattison as the Democratic candidate for President.

On Monday the Governor signed a bill "enabling any township which holds a borough or city to hold its elections within the corporate limits of said borough or city."

Next week Governor Pattison will name the 20 commissioners for the World's Fair. He is giving considerable attention to the subject and means to have the State Board composed of representative people.

Chairman William H. Andrews, of the Republican state committee has issued his call for the Republican state convention, calling that body to meet at Harrisburg, on Wednesday August 13th 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

EX-Secretary Whitney is forty-nine years old. His father was Collector at Boston under Buchanan. Although a Democrat, it has his vote in the Massachusetts legislature that first elected Sumner as a United States Senator in 1851.

By a new process which is being experimented with at the Albion rolling mill at Stubsenville, O., it is expected to revolutionize the making of iron pipe. Last week a perfect steel pipe was made from casted bar, without the formality of first rolling and then welding it.

Reports from the American consuls in different parts of the globe indicate that great interest is manifested in the coming World's Fair at Chicago. The South American republics will send large displays, Germany intends to furnish a fine exhibit, as does Turkey also. Portugal will not be officially represented.

Governor Pattison last week signed the constitutional convention and ballot reform bills. The latter however does not go into effect until next year. The people will vote on the question of having a constitutional convention at the election this fall and also vote for delegates to the convention, which will meet at Harrisburg on the first Tuesday of December next, should a majority be cast in favor of holding a constitutional convention.

The New York Tribune casually remarks that the Ballot Reform bill passed by the Pennsylvania legislature "is not one of the best." It might have added for public information that the bill was the best the Republican party managers would allow to pass, notwithstanding the fact that they had pledged themselves to give the matter favorable consideration. Had such a misbegotten piece of legislation proceeded from a Democratic legislative body the Tribune would have been eloquent in denunciation of it.

The bills dividing the state into congressional and legislative districts were vetoed on Tuesday by Governor Pattison. He gives his reasons in an extended form, his main objection to both bills being that they are unfair and contain many irregularities contrary to constitutional requirements. He is willing, he says, to postpone the reapportionment of the state to a legislature which shall be elected by the people thoroughly awakened to a sense of how their Representatives have failed to meet this duty.

The efforts of several combinations to disestablish Mr. Cleveland as the first choice of the Democracy for the presidency, says the Harrisburg Patriot, have not been very successful up to this time. Mr. Cleveland seems to be one of those fortunate men in politics who need only wait for what they want, not work for it. He never plotted, nor bargained nor entered into any combines to get the presidency yet his party has twice made him its candidate and if he is willing and circumstances do not change between this time and the meeting of the national convention he will be nominated for the third time. And the reason is that Mr. Cleveland has been brave without boasting, honest without presumption, Democratic from principle, unselfish, clean-handed, patriotic.

The news comes from Washington says the New York World that the Treasury is practically bankrupt. It could not pay the money now due on pension accounts without more than exhausting all the cash in the Treasury, including the fractional currency, the money deposited in the National banks, and the small balance on hand of the redemption fund.

The World stated nearly a year ago that the first session of the Fifty-third Congress had provided for expenditures greatly in excess of the public revenues, and that the Treasury would be obliged to meet its obligations with the reserve. That prediction is now verified. The Secretary himself confesses that he cannot safely pay the maturing bonds and that he is obliged to rack together every dollar and cent of his resources to meet his current expenses.

There is no doubt now that before the end of the next fiscal year the Government will again be a borrower. This is the result of two years of absolute control by the Republican party.

This Republican county convention met at the Opera House in this place, on Monday afternoon with the same delegates in attendance that are usually present at gatherings of this kind.

Like all previous Republican conventions everything had been arranged beforehand; all the delegates had to do was to ratify the work laid out for them. Complete working plans were in the hands of the chairman and as he has had several years experience in manipulating Cambria county Republican conventions the work was done without a hitch.

Chairman Barker called the meeting to order which was organized by the election of Alvin Evans, Esq., of Ebensburg, as chairman.

Iron A. V. Barker was nominated for Judge by acclamation.

For Sheriff, James M. Shoemaker of Johnstown and D. W. Conler of Franklin were nominated. Deputy Sheriff S. W. Davis, of Ebensburg, had been a candidate up until the morning of the convention, but was withdrawn in the interests of Judge Barker, on the assurance that the first jump that turned up would be engineered into his puddling.

Mr. Shoemaker was nominated on the first ballot, the vote standing 54 to 43.

Peter Melhorn of Allegheny township was nominated for Poor Director and J. J. Kidd, of 1st ward, Johnstown was given Jury Commissioner.

D. G. Myers, of Ashville, and O. E. Fisher, of 1st ward, Johnstown, were elected delegates to the state convention.

Geo. M. Reade, Esq., who accepted the nomination and made a hopeless fight for President Judge in 1888, and who in all fairness should have received the appointment of Judge at the hands of the party on the death of Judge Johnston, but was turned down when a certainty was in sight at the instance of the party managers who so successfully worked the Republican county convention last year in the interest of Delamater, was given the endorsement of the Republicans of this county for member of the constitutional convention.

Mr. Reade was brought into the convention and made a speech, in which he carefully omitted any reference to the claims of Judge Barker but at present, William McKinley, who, at present, is running for Governor of Ohio.

Sheriff J. C. Stinson was elected chairman of the county committee where the convention adjourned.

Politics make strange bed fellows in an axiom, and the circumstance says the Philadelphia Herald that every enemy of the present constitution has recently become its euologist is proof of the fact. Those who have striven by every device to evade the provision of the organic law now pronounce it the acme of wisdom and the perfection of political judgment.

The seven years during which it has been held in contempt by corporations and their satellites are now recalled to prove that prosperity and contentment have been its handmaidens and public morality its legitimate progeny.

The purpose of this new-born affection for the constitution of 1873 is to convince the public that there is no occasion for a convention to revise it. The thing would be fraught with danger, it is said, because some of the admirable features of the present instrument might be attacked by a reckless convention, and probably modified in considerable measure. In this they are borrowing trouble and racking their brains and digestion unnecessarily. The people are capable of taking care of themselves.

But the fact that this course has been adopted by the enemies of the Constitution should admonish its friends to be vigilant. We all agree that there are features in the present constitution which should be cherished and preserved, but there are faults which cry for correction as well, and the people can be trusted to take care of the public interests. The coming convention will be necessarily partisan, because the law providing for it was drawn by an enemy, but even the evil which that fact represents may be avoided, and will be if the people are just to themselves.

Meantime it is amusing to read in the organs of railroads and trust companies the eulogies on the constitution of 1873.

When Postmaster General Wanamaker, was called as a witness in the investigation of the Keystone Bank affair he let himself down easily, by claiming to be merely a customer of the defunct bank. The Scranton Truth thus touched upon recently before the bank examining committee, Wanamaker declared that he had little more to do with the wrecked Keystone bank than with any other client of the establishment. Yet the Government official, Lacey, now issues a statement showing that the Postmaster General interfered to stave off the action in regard to the bank, after it was known that the institution was worse than insolvent. What Wanamaker confessed was, in itself, an irreparable blow at his honor—even honesty—and his fellow-office holder now reveals facts which prove that the Postmaster General's statement was evasive—in fact, false in essential particulars. And yet, in the face of this conduct, there is not a journal in Philadelphia that ventures to hold this unfaithful official to the strict terms of his trust, to the intelligible letter of the law. So far as outsiders can comprehend the odious scandal, damaging the unwelcome details in Philadelphia, Wanamaker is, in fact, the chief culprit, plainly one of the active agents in the Keystone crash. He used, through personal influence of a sort not pleasant to contemplate, money of the bank in sums forbidden by the law, and under conditions that leave no escape from the conviction that he knew the bank was not a safe place for public money. Bad as the known facts are, it is now plain that the worst has not yet come to light.

ALABAMA now produces more iron ore than Pennsylvania.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C. June 19, 1891. Secretary Foster received a most unexpected setback this week. He had made all his arrangements to attend the chief Republican convention as the chief representative of the administration and manager of the Sherman Senatorial side show. It was on the card for him to have secured the passage of a resolution endorsing the administration, so worded as to practically commit the convention to Harrison for 1892, thus shutting out Ohio's "favorite son," McKinley, who had been elected Governor fully intends entering the lists against Harrison or anybody else that may appear. And in addition to that Senator Sherman expected his assistance in the passage of a resolution that would have placed Sherman astride the shoulders of McKinley.

But all plans are now off. Secretary Foster did not attend the Ohio convention. Why? Because Secretary Sherman sent him word by a trusty personal messenger not to come, as his presence would only imitate the Foraker men who had obtained control of the convention and who were suddenly discovered to be the business of the department was so pressing that Secretary Foster would be compelled to defer his intended visit to Ohio to look after some private business until Thursday, and so announced to the "dear public" which is always assumed to be gullible enough to believe anything it is told, if the teller be an official; but at the Treasury department they know better they know that Mr. Foster's grip sack was packed and all arrangements made for his trip when he received a telegram telling him not to come and that an explanation had been sent to him by a messenger who knew the decision that messenger arrived the next day he was for two mortal hours closeted with Mr. Foster in his private office, to the exclusion of everybody even his private and confidential stenographer.

There are rumors here of a combination between McKinley and Foraker, the object of which is to make Foraker, Sherman's successor in the Senate and McKinley the Presidential nominee of his party next year, provided of course that the Republicans can elect McKinley Governor and control the legislature this year. It is believed here that this combination they forced Ex-Representative Grosveener to resign his recent appointment as chairman of the Treasury commission which is to make a delightful Summer tour of Europe for the alleged purpose of investigating immigration. There has been a more sinister feeling between Foraker and Grosveener ever since the Congressional investigation of the ballot box forgeries last year.

Democratic prospects for next year are certainly very encouraging as seen through the eyes of visitors to Washington, and the man who predicts Democratic success in such states as Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin is no longer regarded as a political "rainbow chaser," as he was not so very long ago, and Republicans from those states have by the score recently admitted that they considered them doubtful.

Representative Oats, of Alabama, proposes like Mr. Mills to start author, and he is now here for the purpose of verifying dates etc. in a volume of war reminiscences which he has written. His official records being all on file in the War department.

I was told to-day that Commissioner of Pensions Rusk, with the assistance of the pension attorney, had secured himself solid with the administration, and that in consideration of his and the pension attorney's having agreed to the swing the G. A. R. into line for Harrison there as favored there as a favor for hand. Neither Mr. McLeod nor the others had any suspicion of her sex. When found she was in the field loading potatoes, and the day before she was assisting the other farm hands in loading thirty waggons of manure. Miss Wortman's relatives say that the cause of the girl's strange course is excessive novel reading. The last book she had told of her adventures as a young girl who put on men's clothes and had an exciting time.

Ex-Congressman Grosveener has been appointed a special World's Fair Commissioner in charge of foreign exhibits, as a salve for being forced off the immigration commission. As the salary is the same and both places include a trip to Europe at Uncle Sam's expense Grosveener isn't shedding many tears.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The straits to which the treasury is reduced may be judged better by the course taken in the big hat trimmings case than by any other of the officials say. The hat trimmings, case, it is estimated, would take out of the treasury over \$20,000,000, the amount that would have to be refunded to the importers for collection next Monday. The legal salary of the treasury were suddenly called on now to pay out \$20,000,000 in excess of the regular charges it simply could not do it. So the officials have decided that payment must be stopped on Friday. It is probably the most important bill considered by the last legislature. It provides that the question of holding a constitutional convention shall be decided by the vote of the Congress there as at the November election, at which time delegates to the proposed convention shall be elected. One hundred and seventy-seven members are to be elected, 77 by each order to vote on the 27th, and eighteen candidates and the 27th highest in vote shall be declared elected; 150 delegates shall be elected from the different Senatorial districts, three to be elected by each Senator, the voting to be for more than two. Fifteen days after the election the Governor shall issue a proclamation declaring the result of the election and the names of the delegates elected. On Tuesday of December next the convention will be called to order in the hall of the House of Representatives by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Each delegate will receive \$1,500 and certain expenses.

A Band of Desperados. PITTSBURGH, June 23.—The notorious Frank Cooley and his gang are renewing their depredations in Georges township at the foot of the mountains in Fayette county. Cooley escaped from the Fayette county jail some time ago, where he was held pending his transfer to the penitentiary for burning and torturing a maiden lady named Rose. He escaped and ever since has been terrorizing Hydentown and vicinity, levying tribute on farmers and holding up strangers. His last crime was to rob a church. Several warrants are out for his arrest, but the Uniontown officers frankly say they will not risk their lives for the petty reward offered. The Cooley gang number ten and they have powerful friends who are the cause of their coming when they hide in the mountains, where a regiment could not find them.

ST. PAUL, June 24.—The crop reports to the Great Northern Railway from all points along its line state that the outlook is better than ever known. Grain is safe and thriving under the best conditions. The increase in movement on one railroad will be 9,000,000 bushels.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS. The weather crop bulletin issued by the Pennsylvania state weather service contains the following relative to the weather and prospects of the crops for the week ending July 19.

The very warm weather and generous rains of the past week gave additional vigor and rapid growth to vegetation, and the crop prospects have a very encouraging look. Bountiful harvests are anticipated throughout the Cumberland, Schuylkill and Lebanon valleys. Wheat is coloring rapidly and will be ready to harvest by the first of July. Many respondents state that it never looked better. The recent favorable weather conditions have improved oats, and the crop will be a better one than was thought possible early in the season. Owing to the cold and drought corn germinated badly and was slow getting started. In several sections the ground was too hard packed to plow in time for planting. The growing grass, but the growth was so retarded under previous conditions that the yield will be below that of previous seasons. The haying season has been a success and the weather became favorable for curing. The fruit crop will be large. A very large acreage of potatoes have been planted, and unusually large number of tobacco plants have been set out which are now growing rapidly.

A Fight in the Air. Frederick Whyler went to the "stone yard" at Napoleon, Ohio, for sixty days. The reason was that he was fighting for the aggressor in a most sensational encounter Friday afternoon. He and John Young were at work on the roof of the tower of the new court house, one hundred and twenty feet above the ground, when a quarrel broke out over the possession of a hammer. In a moment the men were locked in each other's embrace, and a fierce struggle began. First one and then the other was forced to the edge of the narrow roof, but neither could command sufficient strength to thrust the other over.

Hundreds of people had congregated below and the excitement was intense. It seemed impossible that both men could escape falling over to instant death. After rolling about for what appeared an age, Whyler's head reached a standing position. As Young rose to his feet Whyler knocked him flat, but before he could follow up his blow Young was up and again closing with Whyler fought him to the edge of the roof, when he was choked into insensibility. The effort exhausted Young's strength, and when the other workmen reached the roof both men were in a semi-conscious state. They were sent down with ropes and Whyler was arrested and convicted.

He Had Read Novels. OTTAWA, June 22.—Clara Wortman, for whom \$300 had been searched the woods, instead of being lost for twelve days, was comfortably situated most of the time at the farm of Mr. Byron McLeod, near Sussex. She did not like going to school, and was in several ways dissatisfied with her school life. When she left home last, she had all the necessary clothes for changing her garb to that of a man. She went into the woods, changed her attire and, with a pair of scissors and a piece of mirror cropped off her long hair.

After dark she started out on the road and walked on to Salisbury station. The next morning she walked to Mr. Byron McLeod's and lived there as a farm hand. Neither Mr. McLeod nor the others had any suspicion of her sex. When found she was in the field loading potatoes, and the day before she was assisting the other farm hands in loading thirty waggons of manure. Miss Wortman's relatives say that the cause of the girl's strange course is excessive novel reading. The last book she had told of her adventures as a young girl who put on men's clothes and had an exciting time.

Constitutional Convention. The bill providing for a constitutional convention as approved Friday is probably the most important bill considered by the last legislature. It provides that the question of holding a constitutional convention shall be decided by the vote of the Congress there as at the November election, at which time delegates to the proposed convention shall be elected. One hundred and seventy-seven members are to be elected, 77 by each order to vote on the 27th, and eighteen candidates and the 27th highest in vote shall be declared elected; 150 delegates shall be elected from the different Senatorial districts, three to be elected by each Senator, the voting to be for more than two. Fifteen days after the election the Governor shall issue a proclamation declaring the result of the election and the names of the delegates elected. On Tuesday of December next the convention will be called to order in the hall of the House of Representatives by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Each delegate will receive \$1,500 and certain expenses.

Compelled to Appeal. WASHINGTON, June 22.—The straits to which the treasury is reduced may be judged better by the course taken in the big hat trimmings case than by any other of the officials say. The hat trimmings, case, it is estimated, would take out of the treasury over \$20,000,000, the amount that would have to be refunded to the importers for collection next Monday. The legal salary of the treasury were suddenly called on now to pay out \$20,000,000 in excess of the regular charges it simply could not do it. So the officials have decided that payment must be stopped on Friday. It is probably the most important bill considered by the last legislature. It provides that the question of holding a constitutional convention shall be decided by the vote of the Congress there as at the November election, at which time delegates to the proposed convention shall be elected. One hundred and seventy-seven members are to be elected, 77 by each order to vote on the 27th, and eighteen candidates and the 27th highest in vote shall be declared elected; 150 delegates shall be elected from the different Senatorial districts, three to be elected by each Senator, the voting to be for more than two. Fifteen days after the election the Governor shall issue a proclamation declaring the result of the election and the names of the delegates elected. On Tuesday of December next the convention will be called to order in the hall of the House of Representatives by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Each delegate will receive \$1,500 and certain expenses.

A Horse in Politics. MEDIA PA., June 18.—The Pennsylvania law in regard to fences requires them to be "horse-high, bull-strong and pig-tight," but John S. Rogers, one of the big farmers of Delaware county and a leading light in politics, has a jumping horse that no five-rail fence will keep in his grazing ground. Between the duties of his occupation as a tiller of the soil and scouring the county two or three times a week for a lost horse, Mr. Rogers is a busy man.

Everybody knows the horse, but Rogers has to call for him. He is the only horse in the county that counts long time, he is the most expensive animal in Rogers' collection. His owner would sell him but for the prospective profit for the state, in which the horse has already a potent factor, having introduced his owner to more than Rogers could count in a single month by constant application, and country folks are beginning to understand why Rogers keeps his high-jumping horse.

A Little Girl Lost. WILKESBORO, Pa., June 21.—A monster expedition, composed of nearly 800 men, set out to-day to scour the Wilkesbarre mountains in search of little Annie Fredericks, who was lost in the deep forest Tuesday.

On that day the little girl's dog came home with a bone. Either the little one had dropped from exhaustion or was captured by bears. The searching party had provisions for two days.

Money made by chance will go with certainty.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—There were 12,300,000 bushels of last year, imported by the United States last year, an increase of 2,000,000.

—The wheat harvest in Oklahoma is reported almost complete, and will yield not less than twenty-five bushels an acre.

—A balloon, while being inflated near St. Petersburg, escaped with four workmen. The balloon burst and the men were killed. Lightning followed a line of gulf down the wall paper in a Methodist church at Belpre, Pa., and burned off only the flashy figures.

—A lightning bolt struck the stable of Joe Moore near Buck Hill, Bucks county, and besides demolishing the building killed two horses.

—Two young girls of Exeter township, Beaver county, were hunting sweet root on Tuesday. In a mistake they got out and heled their root. They were found nearly dead in the woods.

—There is a three-armed deaf and dumb freak in a Wisconsin dime museum who can talk so fast on her fingers that there isn't a stenographer in the State who can report her verbatim.

—A freight train on the Chicago and Erie road was derailed on Wednesday evening at Trisk, Ind., by a broken rail, sixteen cars were wrecked and twenty head of imported cattle killed.

—While loading a hay wagon on his farm near Reading, Thursday, Conrad Weiland was thrown to the ground by a sudden movement of the horse and instantly killed. He was 72 years of age.

—A nugget of gold weighing thirty-five pounds has been found in the gold district recently discovered in British Guinea, and has been sent to England as a specimen of the auriferous deposits of that country.

—James Grimes, near Hummelstown, Pa., is the owner of a cow that during the past week has devoured a coat and vest, with the contents of her pockets, belonging to him, and also a vest belonging to John Koby.

—Fifteen boys of Erie were playing in a sandbank on Saturday, when a number of them were engulfed by a fall of sand. Before help arrived Freddie Andrews was suffocated to death and Eugene Colman fatally hurt.

—Friday was the fifty-third anniversary of the great flood of 1838, generally known as the big break in the Pennsylvania canal. The boating was stopped for an entire season, and the only means of transportation of merchandise from Huntington was by wagon.

—The best coffee that is exported from Mexico is raised by a colony of Confederate refugees who settled in Cordoba, in the State of Vera Cruz, at the end of the war. They have devoted all their attention to this industry, and it has proved very profitable to them.

—Jacob Lounsbrough, of Ashland, Ohio, who married a soldier's widow and failed to report to the pension agency, and who has since received for his wife and her seven children pension money amounting to \$6,000, was arrested on Saturday. He is a justice of the peace.

—It has been calculated lately that the electromotive force of a bolt of lightning is about 3,500,000 volts, the current about 14,000 amperes, and the time it is about 1-100,000 part of a second. In such a bolt there is an energy of 2,450,000,000 watts, or 3,284,362 horse power.

—George C. Roll, while examining a barrel of whiskey in his store, on Washington street, Pittsburg, on Monday last, held a light to the bung-hole, causing an explosion of the gas issuing therefrom. The head of the barrel flew through the ceiling and the whiskey was burned.

—There are 4,634 trotters that have beaten 2:30, and of this number 237 have trotted in 2:20 or better. There are 1,251 pacers that have beaten 2:30, and out of this total 230 have paced in 2:20 or better, the trotters beating the 2:20 pacers seven, and in the 2:30 list the trotters outnumber the pacers 3,333.

—A New there is a Russian who made many millions of rubles by railway speculations. He refuses now to go into society and resides at his home none but the persons who he knew in the happy old days when he had no a son. To them he now has the presents of a thousand or two thousand rubles, and so on.

—According to the latest municipal reports there are in St. Petersburg 153 streets and squares without pavements, sewers or gas lights. They are the breeding spots of dirt and crime. In the great metropolis, it would require an outlay of 1,200,000 rubles to put these places in good condition, but the municipality is not able to undertake the task at present.

—In attempting at Como, N. J., last Friday night to arrest a man supposed to be an illegitimate President of the Bank of the Keystone National Bank, Philadelphia, Detective Max Freeman, who was acting under instructions of the Philadelphia authorities, was shot at, wounded and almost killed by a blow with an iron bar in the hands of one of the inmates of the house.

—William K. Duval, the young man who distinguished himself quite recently by naming a brood of young Duval's after various Senators and Representatives in Congress, of which he took pains to inform them and thereby secure many Christmas presents, pleaded guilty in the criminal court at Baltimore a few days ago to three cases of false pretense and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary in each case, concurrently.

—The steamer La Britania, which arrived at New York on Sunday from Havre, reports that Joseph Fies, a steerage passenger, a native of Switzerland, while conversing with his family consisting of a wife and five children, suddenly dragged his five-year-old son from the mother's arms and threw him into the sea. The child was lost and the father, who was apparently insane, was seized by the officers of the ship and put in the hold. He had threatened to throw all his children overboard.

—The families of William Myers and Mr. Harding, both mill men, of McKeesport, have been living within a stone's throw of each other for years, and became very friendly. On Saturday night about nine o'clock Harding called Myers over for a friendly chat. Myers responded, but Harding was obliged to leave the room for a few minutes. When he returned his wife lay outside the door drowsily with a bullet through her brain. Mrs. Harding, who is shot in three places, but not fatally, says that Myers avowed his love for her and asked her to become his German. She refused, with the above result. Both parties were considered respectable and have children.

FARM FOR RENT. The subscriber offers for rent his farm in Munster township, along the line of the Ebensburg & Cresson Railroad, about two miles from Cresson. Farm contains about 100 acres, about 100 clear, 100 in timber, and a good orchard. For particulars call on or address ALVIN E. BURNETT, Ebensburg, Pa.

FARM FOR SALE. The undersigned will sell at private sale piece of real estate situated in Munster township, Cambria county, Pa., containing tract of about six and three-fourths acres and other property, improved and in good state of cultivation, and will be sold for cash, or on easy terms. For further particulars, call on or address ALVIN E. BURNETT, Ebensburg, Pa.

THE NEW JUNE BUSINESS at Fallon Timber as "MILLER & HARTLEY" has been dissolved. Mr. Hartley has been succeeded by Michael M. Seal and the business will hereafter be conducted by MILLER & FRENCH, with whom all accounts must be settled.

"ANKERS" permanent relief and is an infallible cure for all cases of Catarrh of the Bladder, Prostatitis, Hemorrhoids, Piles, etc. Prepared from the most reliable materials. Sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers at 50 Cents a Bottle. No. 210, New York City.

EMORY'S LITTLE CATHARTIC PILLS. In all its forms perfectly cured with Emory's Standard Cure Pills. A new and reliable remedy; they contain no opium or any other dangerous drug. Sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers at 50 Cents a Bottle. No. 210, New York City.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE NO. 1 OF THE

Western Express, 11:15 a. m. Daily Express, 11:02 a. m. Eastern Express, 8:45 a. m. Mail Express, 8:15 a. m. State Express, 8:15 a. m. Pennsylvania Express, 8:15 a. m. Allegheny Express, 8:15 a. m. Johnstown Express, 8:15 a. m. Southwestern Express, 8:15 a. m.

WEST. Eastern Express, 11:02 a. m. Western Express, 11:15 a. m. Mail Express, 8:15 a. m. State Express, 8:15 a. m. Pennsylvania Express, 8:15 a. m. Allegheny Express, 8:15 a. m. Johnstown Express, 8:15 a. m. Southwestern Express, 8:15 a. m.

SOUTH. Western Express, 11:15 a. m. Eastern Express, 11:02 a. m. Mail Express, 8:15 a. m. State Express, 8:15 a. m. Pennsylvania Express, 8:15 a. m. Allegheny Express, 8:15 a. m. Johnstown Express, 8:15 a. m. Southwestern Express, 8:15 a. m.

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