

REPRESENTATIVE OUTWATE, chairman of the house committee on military affairs, has introduced a bill to authorize the reimbursement of soldiers of the late war for personal effects lost by them.

The department of agriculture will have 2,000,000 bags of garden seeds available in the spring for the use of the destitute people of Nebraska and adjacent states. If the government is to continue in the seed business there could be no better field for its output.

The daughters of the revolution of Pittsburg have recently received by deed from Mrs. Schenly, of that city, the old block house built in 1764, after the relief of Fort Pitt during Pontiac's war. The building will be preserved and made a museum for colonial relics.

SECRETARY CARLISLE has decided to expedite, as far as the present condition of the architect's office will permit, the plans for the erection of the new mint building at Philadelphia. It will be the first important work to engage the attention, when appointed, of the new supervising architect of the treasury.

M. E. OLMESTEAD, of Harrisburg, chief marshal of the coming inaugural parade on January 15, has issued an order requesting each organization intending to participate in the event to report at once to him the name and date of its formation, the number of men, the name of its marshal and the probable hour of its arrival in Harrisburg.

GENERAL PHILIP SIDNEY POST, member of congress from the Tenth district of Illinois, died at the Hamilton hotel in Washington on Saturday after an illness of but one day. His death was from heart failure, resulting from acute gas tritis. For some time he had been suffering at intervals from attacks which physicians pronounced dyspepsia, but has attended to his congressional duties unrelentingly.

On Tuesday Deputy Sheriff M. M. Shoemaker made an information against Judge Charles E. Taylor, President Judge of Venango county, charging him with assault, with intent to kill. The warrant has not yet been served, owing to the serious illness of Judge Taylor. A meeting of the Venango county bar was held this afternoon, and impeachment proceedings against Judge Taylor were commenced.

STATEMENTS are frequently made concerning the incomes or rather the allowances granted to European sovereigns, in which that of the Emperor of Russia is placed highest of all. The fact is he has no allotted or fixed income. All the rest have, from the smallest to the greatest. The Emperor of Russia is regarded as the owner as well as the ruler of that country. All its wealth is by a monarchical fiction supposed to be his. Every dollar in the imperial treasury is therefore at his command. In the absence of a fixed civil list, therefore, he can draw the money he requires, no matter how great the sum may be.

HAVING lost the governorship of California at the polls, the Republicans of that state are now trying to steal the office. They began a contest against Dubb, Democrat, who was elected. After hearing the case the state supreme judges threw it out of court. It is now proposed to have the legislature, which is Republican, deal with the matter and consummate the theft. The Republican candidate, whose voters of his own party helped the Democrats to defeat at the polls, is a plutocratic railroad corporationist. His eager desire for the office, it is generally understood, is that he may look after the interests of the corporation rather than those of the people.

It is authoritatively stated at Washington that President Cleveland has not considered the question of an extra session and that he does not believe an extra session will be necessary. The authority for this statement is a member of congress who talked with the President specifically upon this subject to day.

This gentleman thinks that the revenues consequent upon the collection of the income tax, the sugar tax and from other sources, will, within a few months, give the treasury department a comfortable working surplus. He thinks it not improbable that Secretary Carlisle may be compelled to make another sale of probably \$50,000,000 of bonds, but that when this shall have been done the condition of the treasury will be so improved that no further trouble need be apprehended.

In Philadelphia, on Wednesday, the Republican convention that was called together to nominate a candidate for mayor of that city, instead of nominating Senator Boies Penrose, who was known as the candidate acceptable to Senator Quay, and whose nomination up until the day before was conceded, turned Penrose down and nominated City Solicitor Warwick for the position. Senator Quay hearing of the trouble visited Philadelphia on Tuesday but was unable to stem the tide of the revolt that had taken place against his plans.

In a speech in the United States Senate on Wednesday, Senator Quay indirectly referred to the Philadelphia nomination and plainly showed that he felt the rupture between David Martin, the Philadelphia boss, who has always heretofore been one of Quay's chief lieutenants and himself. It may be that Philadelphia which gave 85,000 Republican majority in November will elect a Democratic mayor in February.

A HARRISBURG dispatch says: There are strong intimations that the legislature will order an investigation into the operations of the text book trust under the new free school book law. The system of free books in the school in itself has proven a great success, and there is more likely to be an enlargement of it than a retrograde movement. But leading legislators of both parties who have been inquiring into the subject are convinced that the state paid out during the year perhaps a million dollars more than necessary in the shape of trust profits. A number of the districts, including Pittsburg, have not reported the amount expended to the state officers. The total as far as heard from, for the school year ending June 4, 1894, for books and supplies is \$1,804,714 15. This, it is stated at the department, is considerably more than was anticipated. The amount per capita ranges from as low as 83 cents in one county to as much as \$3 in others. There is an entire absence of uniformity. Some districts expended more than the state appropriation, and others turned the new law into a money-making scheme.

For instance, Pittsburg pays 95 cents for an algebra which costs McKeesport \$1. On the other hand, the little town of Bellefonte, which appears to be especially fortunate, buys the same book for 93 cents. Bellefonte also secures for 63 cents, geometry which costs \$1.05 in Pittsburg and Allegheny, and for which McKeesport is charged \$1.13. Brownsville gets this book for 68 cents. Homestead is assessed 56 cents for an arithmetic which costs Allegheny 52 cents, but has a rate lower than Allegheny on geographies.

In response to the request of the Iron Trade Review for a word as to the industrial and financial outlook for the United States, Andrew Carnegie sends the following: It seems to me that 1895 is going to be a better year for the iron and steel business than its predecessors. How could it be worse it is difficult to conjecture. But the sword of Damocles hangs over every phase of business in the United States—that sword of silver. Until the country plants itself firmly and forever upon the platform of money of the highest standard of value no forecast is worth much. We never can have permanent and genuine prosperity without first setting the standard of value. At present capital not only at home, but throughout the world, is alarmed. No prudent investor abroad will place his capital here, and numbers are quietly withdrawing it. This was to have been expected, and is only natural. When one act of congress or the failure to pass an act may reduce the value of every dollar invested, by one-half, it is in vain we seek prosperity. My friend Edward Atkinson just called and I have read this to him. He concurs fully and says: "All the material conditions of this country are conducive to a period of great prosperity, never greater; nothing stands in the way but the threat of the degradation of the standard of value."

SENATOR DAVID B. HILL took dinner with President Cleveland on Thursday night of last week and it is believed this signifies the end of the feud which has existed for years between these two men. Both men have discovered the fact that neither amounts to a barbee unless backed by the great party that made them both and as the disensions that they have engendered and encouraged have brought disaster to the Democracy the sight of the week and ruin they have wrought has probably halted both. The selfish instinct of self preservation has compelled what the good of the party could not command and both are to be congratulated that their malice has at last given way to good common horse sense.

The stretching of the senatorial legs of David B. Hill under Cleveland's table for the purpose of dipping his fingers in the presidential salt and partaking of a square meal may have much future significance to the Democracy. If it foretells the burying of old political animosities and the working together in the future of these gentlemen in the best interests of the party that created them, then the rank and file of the party will have much to be thankful for. It is a good thing to lock the stable even after the horse is stolen as it may preserve what is left.

UNDER the legislative reapportionment there is a probability that Lackawanna will gain one member, making five representatives in the lower house, says the Scranton Times. The membership of the house of 1897-8 will be 202, a loss of two from that of the house about to assemble. The following counties gain members: Allegheny, 5; Blair, 1; Clearfield, 1; Luzerne, 1; Northumberland, 1; Jefferson, 1. Losses are experienced of one member each in Adams, Bedford, Bradford, Chester, Clarion, Columbia, Crawford, Huntingdon, Lancaster, Lawrence, Mercer, Schuylkill, Somerset and Wayne. These are changes which come from the constitutional provision, and which the legislature cannot control.

The London "Statist," high financial authority, points out that none of the gold that has been lately shipped from New York is being retained in London, but goes to the continent. And in explanation the "Statist" says that the Bank of England is offering for American gold less than it paid a year ago, and the further fact, which is decisive, that rates are higher in Paris than in London. The rates in London have been less than 2 per cent for several months, while the rates in Paris have been nearly 4 per cent. As the rate is twice as high, money can be much more profitably employed on the Paris bourse than on the London stock exchange.

SENATOR MARTIN introduced a bill in the senate admitting Oklahoma to the Union as a state.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6, 1895.—President Cleveland has not fully decided to send a special message to Congress urging the necessity for financial legislation at this session. But he has had the subject under consideration and will gladly send in a special message if he thinks it will aid the cause of currency reform. As there are a considerable number of Democratic members of the house who have not yet returned to Washington, it is probable that the decision as to the proposed Democratic caucus on the currency reform bill will go over to next week, general debate on the bill continuing meanwhile in the house.

The idea of the Democratic leaders in the house is to try to meet all reasonable objections to the currency bill by amendments and then to put the bill through the house by a majority so large that the senate will be compelled by public opinion to accept the measure. The attendance at the caucus and to have every objection to the bill frankly stated. There is no desire to puzzle anybody, or to ask anyone to vote for the bill who cannot be convinced that it is at least a step toward relief.

Notwithstanding all the wild talk about Democratic opposition to the currency bill, your correspondent unhesitatingly predicts that when the bill is put upon its final passage in the house there will be no Democratic votes recorded against it. But the bill may be considerably changed by amendments before it is voted upon. What ever is done with it, it should in the end be passed (even if it did not deserve to be) on the basis of a vote of confidence by the Democratic Congress in a Democratic administration.

President Cleveland and Secretary Smith have a right to feel proud of a record in a financial crisis. At present in Washington, Captain Ray has done duty among the Indians for thirty years and who is at the present time in charge of the Shoshone and Arapahoe Indian agency in Wyoming, said during a conversation in which he expressed his belief that the Indian could be made self supporting and self respecting citizen. "During all my experience in the West I have never known an administration that has dealt with the Indians as well as the present one," he said. "The Secretary of the Interior has, without any partisan bias, done in every instance his best to promote the interests of the tribes and the government, and from my own observation I think that he has thus far been very successful."

Representative Bricker, of Wisconsin, is a never-say-die sort of a Democrat. He says: "Wisconsin has two Democratic Senators now, and it is by no means certain that she will lose either of them at the present session. I trust that one-half of the present senate will hold over and that a majority of them are Republicans, but if the Democrats in Wisconsin pull themselves together and start out with a new organization I see no reason why we should not elect a Democratic legislature in 1896."

Speaking of the outlook for legislation by this congress Mr. Bricker said: "The Democrats can pass a financial bill unless the Republicans in the senate interpose dilatory tactics and prevent action. If nothing is done in the senate the responsibility will rest with the Republicans, and then if an extra session is the result the country will speedily understand who is to blame. The pathway ahead for the Republicans is by no means free from thorns."

Secretary Carlisle very properly declines to discuss the absurd story that Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, had been sent to President Cleveland by a syndicate of bankers to ask that the Secretary of the Treasury be removed. A more preposterous story was never started upon its rounds. It is altogether probable that any man who presented a request of that sort to President Cleveland would be, as he would deserve to be, kicked out of the executive office. Such a request would be an assumption that the finances of the government must be administered to suit the bankers, regardless of everybody else, and such an assumption would be a personal insult to the President of the United States.

Treasury officials now only await the appropriation to start the machinery for the collection for the income tax, and there is no doubt of the final passage of the bill containing that appropriation by the Senate—it has already passed the house—but it will be delayed by some Republican banoffee speeches against the tax.

The Miners are Desperate.—Dubois, Jan. 7.—It was learned here to-day that the miners held a secret meeting at Reynoldsville Saturday afternoon. What was done at the meeting cannot be learned, further than that a call was issued for a general meeting of miners and citizens to be held in this city to-day, when the strikers will publicly define their grievances and ask for aid and sympathy from the public. Fifteen hundred men are out, the apparent cause of the strike being the discharge of 400 men from the Bell, Lewis and Yates mines, last week. The miners of this region only resumed work in June after a protracted and fruitless struggle of several months. The miners, say they believe the company is trying to disrupt their union, and that they will fight until starvation again compels them to submit.

Roasted to Death in His Cab.—Massillon, O., January 7.—A collision of trains occurred this morning on the Wheeling and Lake Erie railroad a few miles east of Smithville. Fireman W. J. Ryan was pinned in his cab and was slowly roasted to death. Edwin Longsdorf, of Smithville, who had been spending the evening with his sweetheart at Orrville, had his neck broken. Conductor Joseph Ramus of Newark, jumped from the train when he saw that the collision was inevitable, breaking an arm and fracturing three ribs. He walked to Massillon, where a physician found that he had sustained internal injuries that will probably cause his death. George Parkers, of Orrville, and John Berkhart, of Massillon, were seriously hurt.

A Lost Vessel Found.—Philadelphia, Jan. 7.—The mystery attending the disappearance of the schooner Helen Keller, Captain Sherman from Pascopunga, October 4, for Caberian which has not been heard of since her departure, was partly cleared up to-day by a telegram received by her agent in this city.

The hull of the vessel, lying broadside, was found stranded at Punta Piedras, about 40 miles north of Vera Cruz. The craft had been loaded with pine lumber, but the entire deck load was gone. The top masts were broken off. The cabins were completely gutted and most of the bulkheads washed away. No tidings of the crew could be learned, and it is feared that they were lost.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

Philadelphia, January 7.—An important opinion under the Baker ballot law was decided by the supreme court to-day on the contested election case for school directors in Little Beaver township, Lawrence county. Here Albert McGowan and S. M. McCaskey, contestants, by the Lawrence county court because 75 of the ballots cast forth were cast by means of printed slips bearing the list of officers to be voted for, the names of these candidates who were not on the record. These slips were pasted over the blank right hand column of the official ballot, covering and obliterating all title of offices, directions, etc., printed thereon. The supreme court affirms the decision that these ballots were illegal.

To hold that by virtue of the authority given to the voter to insert in the blank spaces provided therefor names not already on the official ballot he may so use a previously prepared slip ticket given him by an outside party as to entirely cover the right hand column of the official ballot and thus effectually obliterate or conceal everything printed thereon, would not be constitutional, but judicial legislation of the worst type, and contrary to the letter as well as the spirit of the law. Moreover, the use of such a blank ticket or sticker would tend to defeat the main purpose of the act.

A Priest Assaulted.—San Francisco, January 5.—Rev. Father Peter D. Brady, rector of the parish of St. Mary's College, has been the victim of a foolish assault in his home, receiving several dangerous wounds. At 6 P. M. a well dressed man called at the rectory, asking to see the priest on business. He was shown into a dimly lighted parlor, and when the priest entered, the clerk said, "My name is Father Brady. With outis and vile names, the stranger sprang on the priest with an open knife, stabbing him above the left eye, turning the blade and making a triangular cut. Father Brady tried to get his assistant, who, with right hand touching the stranger's face. The villain caught the priest's finger in his mouth, biting through the bone. He still gripped the finger with his teeth, meanwhile stabbing Brady through the chest, the clerk and cutting his mouth, so that it was an inch larger. Then he beat the priest into insensibility with his fists and quietly left the house.

Father Brady was afterward discovered by his housekeeper. Physicians believe he will recover.

Germany and the Sugar Tax.—Berlin, January 6.—Secretary Gresham's statement as to the American sugar tariff and treaty obligations has been discussed widely since the arrival of the last United States mail. Among deputies as among editors the one opinion is that the United States ought not to enforce a discriminating sugar tax against Germany. Many deplore that American representatives in Washington regard Germany's prohibition of American cattle as a retaliatory measure. They say that it is merely sanitary. The United Press correspondent has interviewed in the last week several conspicuous politicians whose opinions on economic subjects have weight and considerable authority and from what they said it seems that the kernel of the whole question is that the government aims to satisfy as far as possible the agrarians and bring their party back to the ministerial platform in parliament.

Only the Widow Survives.—Brooklyn, January 7.—William R. Robinson, 79 years of age, who lived in a cottage on West Clarkson street, Flatbush, lay dead there this morning. In a coffin by his side was his daughter, Eugenia, aged 35. On Wednesday last another daughter, Mary, 25 years of age, was buried. The only surviving member of the family is the widow. She is ill in bed and will die, it is believed, by the series of misfortunes that have come so suddenly upon her, and is not expected to live. Mary died from pneumonia. Her father died on Saturday of heart disease. The shock attendant on the death of Mary, who was his favorite child, and the grief of obtaining a pension by representing himself as being the cousin of the same name. The cousin served three years in the army, and died several months after his return from the front. His pension was granted about a year ago, and he has since drawn about \$30.

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B. & B. And Now

Holidays are over, necessarily there must be many broken lines in goods of every department—not only in special holiday goods, but staple lines as well—and now is the time to get the most profitable value for the dollar. Let superior \$2.50 MIXED SUITINGS, solid colors and choice shades, in rich and stylish patterns, 40 and 44 inch All-Wool Imported Zig-Zag CHEEK SUITINGS, 37-inch and in most desirable color combinations—mohogany and blue, brown and olive, mahogany and myrtle, tan and brown, olive and blue, chestnut and grey, light and dark, brown, etc.—genuine dollar goods at 90c a yard.

Australian Wool Suitings.

Eight different color combinations in stylish effects—all-wool materials—value that will be a genuine surprise to every woman who sees them—36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

Extra good all-wool MIXED SUITINGS, about value, 45 inches wide, 50c a yard. 200 yards of all-wool LADIES' CLOTH—good quality, in blue, light green, white, brown mixed, dark blue, double width, 36 inches wide, 28c a yard.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Jackets, Coats, Capes and Ready-Made Garments, Furs, etc., etc.

To go at such prices will surprise the most conservative buyers. Write our Mail order Department for samples of any piece of goods you may wish. Compare quality and prices with the best you can do elsewhere—we'll abide by your decision.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny, Pa.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO GO TO QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Rugs, etc. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Large Packages.

The figures show a membership of 60,270 arrayed against the present administration. Secretary Hayes claims a bona fide membership in the order of 65,000. Local assembly No. 3639, New York city, and several others have already returned their charters.

Invitations have been sent to all the national, state and district assemblies by Secretary McReilly, the miners requiring them to be represented at Columbus next month and co-operate with the miners and glass workers in rescuing the order from the hands of those now in control of its affairs. It is expected that over 200 delegates will attend the convention, which promises to be the most interesting and important in the history of the craft.

At this meeting, it is stated, action will be taken authorizing one of the most eminent lawyers in this city to proceed against General Master Workman Sovereign and his board for the recovery of per capita tax paid by N. T. A. No. 103 to Secretary Hayes during the past year, and for the mileage of the six delegates who were refused admission to the general assembly at New Orleans. All this amounts to several thousand dollars.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—The second annual convention of the National Association of Tent Showmen has begun here with over 30 delegates, representing all the circuit firms.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTICES.—The bodies of two victims of the Delaware house fire at Albany, N. Y., were unearthed, but were unrecognizable.

—Charles Johnson, of Minneapolis, is backed by Pony Moore, of London, to meet all comers at ten stone two pounds.

—The principals of the thirteen State Normal schools of Pennsylvania, at a conference at Harrisburg recently, adopted a resolution in favor of the establishment of township high schools.

—Charles Dressel, of Gilmer, W. Va., accompanied by his wife and one child, attempted to cross the Little Kanawha on the ice above West Fork in a two-horse wagon. When about midway the team and wagon went through an air hole under the ice. All three were drowned.

—On Thursday while Abram Banks was crossing the railroad at Mill Creek, with a load of ties, the two horses were struck by the ballast train. One of the horses was killed and the other badly injured. Mr. Banks was walking at the side of the sled. He escaped. The sled was not damaged, excepting that the tongue was broken.

—Joseph Conrad, aged 70, of Lower Augusta township, Northumberland county, was arrested for grand larceny, obtaining a pension by representing himself as being the cousin of the same name. The cousin served three years in the army, and died several months after his return from the front. His pension was granted about a year ago, and he has since drawn about \$30.

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THOS. BRADLEY'S CASH STORE MAIN STREET, GALLITZIN,

Is filled to the roof with all the choice goods of the season in Dress Goods, new Covert Cloths, Cashmeres,

HENRIETTAS AND SERGES. Henriettas from 15 cents to the finest in the market. Full line of Prints, Muslins, Gaiters and Flannels.

New Things in Hosiery. Shoes and Rubbers. Full line of Underwear for men and boys. Splendid Assortment of

Outing and Dress Shirts, commencing at 25 cents and up to \$2.00. All the New shapes in Soft and Stiff Hats, commencing at 50 cents up to the finest made. See our new Non-Rip Shoe for Men and Boys. Full Assortment of Flour and Groceries and all at low cash prices.

THOS. BRADLEY CARL RIVINIUS WATCHMAKER & JEWELER

—AND DEALER IN—

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, AND OPTICAL GOODS. SOLE AGENT FOR CELEBRATED ROCKET WATCHES. Columbia and Prudhoe W.

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