The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 24, 1870.

Democratic District Ticket.

ASSEMBLY:
JOHN G. HALL,
OF ELK COUNTY.

Democratic County Ticket.

SHERIFF:
JUSTIN J. PIE,
OF GIRARD.

COMMISSIONER:
DAVID BUCK,
OF CLEARFIELD.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
A. W. WALTERS,
OF CLEARFIELD.

JURY COMMISSIONER:
JACOB A. FAUST,
OF CLEARFIELD.

AUDITOR:
D. AARON WISE,
OF ENOX.

CORONER:
SAMUEL A. CALDWELL,
OF BRADFORD.

We regret to be obliged to announce the fast declining health of Ex-Gov. Wm. F. Packer, at Williamsport, who is in a very precarious situation.

ADMITTED.—A Miss Green, of Alliance, Ohio, was on Wednesday last admitted to the Government Printing Office at Washington on piece work. She is the first female compositor ever admitted into the establishment.

PEACHES.—The New Jersey Central Railroad on Thursday last, sent 105 cars to the New York market loaded with peaches. This is about the daily average for that road, and may enable one to judge what the peach crop of New Jersey amounts to.

A MOUNTAIN IS LABOR.—The Radical conferees in the Congressional district composed of the counties of Clarion, Crawford, Mercer and Venango, were in session all last week, but failed to nominate any one. Clarion and Venango votes for Gilfillan, the present member, while Crawford votes for Dick, and Mercer for Achre.

NOMINATED.—It will be noticed by the proceedings elsewhere that John G. Hall, Esq., was on Wednesday last unanimously nominated as our candidate for the Legislature. This is a deserved compliment to an upright and worthy gentleman. Nearly all our exchanges had Mr. Hall nominated two weeks ago, but it did not occur until the 17th. His election is of course a fore-gone conclusion.

The late letter of Attorney General Ackerman to the people of Georgia, to the effect that the "government" will allow the citizens of that State to hold an election this fall has infused new hope into all the decent people of that military despotism. The largest democratic State Convention that ever met in that State assembled on Thursday last, and the result will be a total annihilation of scalawags and carpet-baggers by from seventy-five to one hundred thousand majority. The political harlots are being banished from State after State, just as fast as the election time comes around. The country and the personal liberty of the citizens will soon be in the hands of "the old Union Savers" again.

AN APOLOGY.—We neglected at the proper time to inform our readers that the Tenth Volume of the *Republican* closed on the 13th of July, and that two thirds of our subscription list is still unpaid. And further: A military necessity compelled us to go in debt six hundred dollars for a job press. We therefore, would be obliged to those of our patrons who know themselves in arrears for over two years to help us pay this debt. It is our design if our delinquents pay up handsomely within the next year to add four more columns to the *Republican*, making it the largest country paper in the State. To do this we are compelled to buy a new press which will cost one thousand six hundred dollars, and all we ask, is for those in arrears to come forward and pay us what they owe. New subscribers are always in order.

THE UNION VICTORY.—The late election in North Carolina has resulted far more favorable to the Democrats than the most sanguine had anticipated. They have elected their State ticket by 20,000 majority, and carried the Legislature, and elected five of the seven Congressmen. In the present Congress the Rads have five, and the Democrats two. Our triumph in Tennessee and Kentucky is glorious. Radicalism has proved a withering curse to the Southern people and the United States Treasury, but it is breeding Democrats by the thousand. The scalawags, Gov. Holden and Col. Kirk since the election obey the courts, and are making answers to the writs of *Habeas Corpus* by releasing scores of private citizens which they had shut up in prison pens in order to silence them previous to the election. If the people of North Carolina had as little respect for law and oaths as Holden, Kirk and Grant have displayed in this instance, these three worthies would be strung up ere this like so many suckers.—This is just what they earned.

The War.

The bloody war in Europe is still raging with unabated fury. No less than 100,000 men have already been sacrificed to appease the ambition of *two families*. This is all that is involved in the question. The Prussian troops are pressing towards Paris, the French forces fighting them and retreating all the while. The impotency of the latter is truly remarkable.

DEATH OF ADMIRAL FARRAGUT.—The Secretary of the Navy on the 15th inst., promulgated the following:

The Secretary of the Navy has the painful duty of announcing to the navy and to the country the death of the highest officer of the service, David Glasgow Farragut, admiral of the navy of the United States, died at Portsmouth, N. H., at noon on the 14th instant, in the seventieth year of his age. The life of this officer has been spent in the service of his country. The record of his deeds is written on the noblest pages of her history, and his death will be mourned by the whole people, who loved while they honored him. He will be buried from St. John's Church, Portsmouth, N. H., on Wednesday, August 17, at noon.

CONVICTED.—The Legislature of Massachusetts has convicted J. Bancroft Davis, Grant's Assistant Secretary of State, of receiving a bribe of Sixty thousand dollars.—*Exchange.*

Why, there is no use in making a fuss about Davis' little affair, his principal, Grant, has taken four or five slices of this kind. Why blackguard the *Agent* while the employer is doing a heavier business in the same line.

The New York *Herald* says: "No less than four of the most able Republican Representatives in Congress from Ohio have positively declined a renomination. Now, it is rather interesting to know whether their declinations were impelled by a design to get out of bad company or by a feeling that their re-election was not quite so certain."

DEMOCRACY.—Old Northampton county, as steady to the Democratic faith as the needle to the pole, or a Radical in pursuit of plunder, thus puts on record her opinion on the negro question at the late Democratic Convention. "We believe in the intellectual pre-eminence and superiority of the white race; that white men only should participate in the government of the nation; and, while we are willing to concede to our political opponents the right, as a matter of taste, to affiliate and fraternize with negroes and mongrels, we claim for ourselves the national right of forming our associations with white men, and most strenuously object to the enactment of laws interfering with that right."

IN PURSUIT OF KNOWLEDGE.—The Treasury Clerks in Washington are terribly worked in making up *ex parte* statements for Vice President Colfax, Senator Corkiin, and other Republicans, to prove the economy of the Grant Administration, and the extravagance of the Johnson Administration. By the way of just comment, we bespeak that prominent notes to these figures state, first, that the Johnson Administration was a Republican Administration, with a Republican Senate and House of Representatives passing Republican laws which tied the hands of the President, when and where he would have been glad to have been economical, and which perpetuated notorious swindlers and rogues in office in spite of the President. The parade of Johnson's Administration, which settled the outstanding debts of the war, with Grant's Administration, after the debt was funded, is in perfect character with those who seek to make light darkness and darkness light. Let the Colfaxes and Conklings, while they are about it, state the increased tax put upon the people for the benefit of the Griswolds, Morrells and others engaged in the manufacture of Bessemer steel, and the increased tax upon iron and wool generally, and the violation of the solemn promises to not repealing the odious Income Tax, and the manufacture of a tariff, not for revenue, not for paying off the Federal debt, but for the benefit of a few hundred men engaged in manufactures. In a word, give us the whole truth.

A Borrowed Pass.

The Reading *Eagle* of last Friday says: This morning Captain Rightmyer, conductor on the Lebanon Valley Railroad, while taking up the tickets between Harrisburg and this city, was offered a yearly pass, issued by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, for the year 1870, to "John Forsyth and family, House of Representatives, Pennsylvania," the number of which is 62. The conductor knowing that the holder of the pass was not Forsyth, at once took it up, and upon the arrival of the train in this city the company had the party, consisting of Lewis Snyder, and a little girl seven years old, a grand-daughter of Mrs Snyder, arrested and taken to the lockup, on the charge of fraudulently uttering a pass.

Upon the arrival at the Mayor's office, Lewis Snyder stated that he had received the pass from his brother, George Snyder, who had been a delegate for Forsyth in the nominating convention. Forsyth, he stated, was unknown to him, but he had seen him selling meat in the market.

The young man seemed greatly concerned when the law relative to the offense was read, which states

"That any person guilty of fraudulently uttering any written instrument, other than notes, drafts, &c., with intent to defraud any person or body corporate, or shall fraudulently cause or procure the same to be done, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000, and to undergo an imprisonment, by separate or solitary confinement at labor, not exceeding ten years"

J. S. Richards, Esq., counsel for the Company, stated that the Company intended to break up the practice of loaning passes which they issued. It was becoming too bad, and the Company were yearly defrauded out of immense sums by it, and he asked that Snyder be bound over to answer the charge at Court.

Snyder stated that he was an entire stranger in Reading, with the exception of one person, a Mr. Lessig, and, in company with Chief Field, he went in search of him.

Upon the prisoner's return to the Mayor's office he was held to bail in the sum of $5,000, to answer the charge at Court, and released.

The pass shown by the Snyders has been shown by three different parties during the past week, to three different conductors, and is much worn and disfigured, showing that it has been constantly in use since the issue.

The officers of the company know that a number of passes are in use, which belong to other people, and they are determined to take them up when offered. The penalty, as will be observed in the above, is quite heavy.

Repudiating the President.

The Radical party in the West are beginning to turn the cold shoulder to General Grant. They are neither warm nor cordial in their professions of attachment and fidelity to his administration, and hence the visit of the President to that section. The platform adopted by the Ohio Radicals ignores Grant and his administration. It does not even mention Grant's name, and does not refer to his administration except to indirectly repudiate it. This is said to be the work of Colfax, who is a candidate for the Presidency to follow General Grant, urged on by Dawes and the anti-Boutwell men in the East. Mr. Dawes opened the campaign in his tart, anti-administration speech at the beginning of the session, and the mill has been kept running ever since in all parts of the West. The leading politicians from that section accuse General Grant of insincerity. They declare he will not keep faith on important questions.—They accuse him of playing double on the tariff question, of running with the free-traders. On the currency issue they also proclaim General Grant to be a mere trader, favoring the schemes of a few jobbers, instead of the masses who are entitled to his confidence and protection. In short, the prominent Radicals of the West are heartily tired of General Grant and his cigar, and that fact is cropping out in all their actions of a political character. Nor will the visit of the President to the West mend matters in regard to the issue raised in that section. He cannot take a new departure from a Western standpoint. He cannot throw overboard his Eastern friends, and accept, in their stead, such persons as the West wish in places of confidence and power. He is bound hand and foot to a certain clique in New York. They dictate his policy and fashion his advances. It is a close corporation. It deals in gold, or bargains for islands. This is the influence which controls General Grant, which moulds and shapes his administration, and between these men and the men of the West there is a bitter feud. They are not fighting for principle. It is an unequal share of the plunder which arms the combatants, and between them the President will be hacked to pieces. The West has taken its stand, and General Grant must prepare to fight it out on that line. He cannot shut up the eyes of the Radicals of that section with smoke.—*Age.*

GENERAL MCMAHON.—Marie Edme Patrice Maurice de McMahon, the commander of the French forces who were defeated in the recent battle of Hagenau, is a descendant of one of those ancient Catolic Irish families who accompanied the Stewarts in their exile to France after the revolution of 1688. He was born at Sully, in the Department of Saone-et-Loire, July 13, 1808, and is now codsequently sixty-two years of age. In 1822 he was received into the military school at St. Cyr, and in 1832 acted as aide-de-camp of General Archand in the seige of Antwerp. In 1833 he was sent to Algeria, where he served many years with distinction, and with successive promotions, until he reached the grade of General and of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor. In 1855 he was given the command of a division of infanty in the Crimean war, and it was he who, at the seige of Sabastapol, led the final assault upon the Malakoff tower, which resulted in the capture of that fortification and the surrender of the town. After another campaign in Africa he was recalled in 1859 to take command of the second division of the French army in the war of Italy, and for his services at the battle of Magenta was created, on the field, Duke of Magenta and Marshal of Erance. Since then he has been Governor-General of Algeria, and, until his recent defeat, was esteemed the best of Napoleon's generals.

THE LAW BREAKER.—The army bill, approved by the President on July 15, 1870, contains a Section in these words: "It shall not be lawful for any officer of the army of the United States on the active list to hold any civil office, whether by election or by appointment, and any such officer accepting or exercising the functions of a civil office shall at once cease to be an officer of the army." This makes it clear that an officer of the U. S. army cannot hold a civil office, and yet the New York *Sun* calls attention to the fact that "President Grant still keeps three army officers attached to his person. They are: Frederick Dent, Major of Infantry, and Brigadier General by brevet; and Orville G. Babcock, Major of Engineers, and Brigadier General by brevet; and Horace Porter, Major of Ordinance and Brigadier General by brevet.—One of them, General Dent, serves as doorkeeper at the White House; another, General Babcock, was the negotiator of the notorious St. Domingo treaty; the third, General Porter, is constantly spoken of in the *Congressional Globe* as 'Mr. Horace Porter, Private Secretary to the President.'" Now it is quite certain that this is a violation of the act of July 15, 1870, and should be denounced by the press of the country in the plainest terms. If the President of the United States has an Imperial staff about his august person, let the people know that fact, and, also, the other fact, that General Grant will not respect the law when a personal or party end is to be reached.—*Age*

PAMPHLET LAWS OF 1870.—There is much complaint among lawyers and business men on account of the unprecedented delay in the publication of the Pamphlet laws of 1870.—There are various surmises concerning the cause or causes of this delay. One is, that the special legislation, which occupied about four-fifths of the time of the late Radical Legislature, is of such a crude and rascally character that it would injure the Republican party to place it before the people in an official shape. It is rumored that among the special acts are some of such an outrageous character that they would cause the defeat of more than a dozen Republican candidates for Assembly in different parts of the State.—*Venango Spectator.*

LOYAL.—According to the Radical idea of protection to American industry, when a member of Congress votes to raise the price of articles in which he is directly interested, he votes to benefit the workingmen. Not so. Iften dollars per ton is added to the tariff on iron, the wages of those making the iron is not raised ten cents per day. All the protection is on one side, as Mr. Morrell knows. The same remarks will apply to salt. Ask Mr. McCarthy of the Twenty-third district of New York.

By a Radical Artist.

The New York *Nation*, one of the ablest and the most respectable of all the radical journals, makes the following capital picture of the carpet-bagger, which we copy for preservation. It should be hung up in the "Rogue's Gallery." Read the opinion of of this radical editor concerning the Congressmen, the Governor, and the negro-wench marrying Senators who are, under Congressional manipulation and negro suffrage, "elected" in the Southern States:

"The Northern people are beginning to understand the carpet-bagger tolerably well, and he is on his last legs, no doubt, but every month by which his final end can be hastened is precious; and it is to be hoped that light from all sources may be thrown on this figure till there may be not a man in the republican party who does not justify the South in its hatred of him, and see why the South is to be partly excused for hating us. A typical carpet-bagger may actually have been a few years ago a bankrupt saloon keeper, of the ability usual with his class, whose saloon decayed because of a vehement suspicion that it was a house of assignation, and an absolute certainty that it was a very unsatisfactory place in which to eat and drink; he may have been more than half believed to set his saloon on fire for the sake of getting the insurance money; he may have been a soldier, known for currying favor, and a petty officer cashiered for some rascality; he may have always been innocent of more education than goes to the reading of the *Ledger;* and yet to-day he may be lieutenant governor of a State with a prosperous 'ring;' or he may be a Congressman and a seller of cadetships; or—and here is a chief concern of ours with him—he may be a representative of northern civilization, an instructor of the negro voter, making him rotten in legislative rascality before he is ripe for the suffrage; an agent in reconstruction and a fruitful source of the hearty hatred for the North, which has so long delayed the peace that is essential. And worse cases than this could be cited. Every Southern State has had its share of them, and the Republican party has suffered in consequence about as much as it is wise to attempt bearing."

WILL THEY DO IT?—In Kentucky, Radical negroes have been guilty of violating the law in regard to enforcing the Fifteenth Amendement.—Their are some Democratic negroes in that State, and these have been subjected by their Radical brethen to threats and even personal violence. In many townships thoes Democratic negroes were intimidated to such an extent that they dared not go to the polls, and those who did vote the Democratic ticket to a systematic persecuton calculated to drive them from the State. The Radicals of Kentucky should enforce their law against these violent and intolerant men, who have conspired to prevent a portion of their race from participating in their newly aquired privilges. When a negro will vote the Radical ticket, he is under the protection of the Radical party and the Fifteenth Amendment. When he acts against them, he is a nigger, and the country should be made too "hot to hold him." Such is Radicalism.

THE HYPOCRITE.—The Harrisburg *Patriot* says: Horace Greeley is spoken of as the radical candidate for Governor of New York, but that he is not now running on the temperance lay, is quite evident from the following editorial paragraph in the *Tribune:*

"A rather feeble Temperance State Convention assembled yesterday at Syracuse, and nominated a full State ticket, headed by Myron H. Clark for Governor. The movement is of small consequence."

Besides being a liquor prohibitionist Mr. Greeley is the head of the party of protection in this country, but he does not want the protection raised in the election. He has made it an issue in his newspaper for thirty years, showing the greatest intolerance of all opposition. Now that he is a candidate for Governor, he thinks the question of protection and free trade should be conveniently dropped. Protection and prohibition are well enough when H. G. is not running for Governor.

THE DEMOCRATIC PYRAMID.—The State elections of 1870 have already formed a fine pyramid of Democratic States. Look at it:

	Democratic Majorities.
Oregon	300
Connecticut	1,000
North Carolina	20,000
Kentucky	50,000
Tennessee	75,000
New York	80,000
Total	235,300

It thus appears that in these six State there is a Democratic majority considerably exceeding 200,000 votes. These triumphs have been won over and in despite of negro suffrage in thickly settled districts. The Republican pyramid stands thus: Rhode Island 5,000.

ARTIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS FOR SOLDIERS.—It is given out at Washington that there is no need whatever for the services of a claim agent in procuring artificial arms and legs by those soldiers who are entitled to those appendages, under the recent acts of Congress. Soldiers can apply direct to the Surgeon General by letter and he will furnish all necessary blanks immediately, which each man can fill up for himself and thus avoid the expense of an attorney. Transportation to and from the place where the limb is to be fitted is also furnished on request of the Surgeon General.

And now the Kentucky Radicals, not satisfied with the 50,000 Democratic majority their State gives, are to call on the President for troops to overawe the next election. Of course the artillery will be sent, and equally of course Kentucky's already huge anti-Radical vote will become so like a flood that the brethren will mourn ever having taken up arms against their seas of trouble.

Dr. John H. Gibon, the editor of the Harrisburg *Tepic*, Gov. Geary's organ, has been appointed Quarantine Master of Philadelphia port, in place of Mr. Gartside, who fell a victim to the yellow fever. The Governor is right in taking care of the editors, for "after your death, you had better have a bad epitaph, than their ill report while you live."

The Crown Prince of Prussia, Frederick William, who fought Marshal McMahon at Weissenburg, is now in his thirty-ninth year. He married the Princess Royal of England, and his eldest son, a young warrior of eleven years, holds several commissions in the Prussian army.

Funeral Rites in Greenland.

There are some very curious funeral rites in Greenland, where, on its becoming evident to the friends and relations of an Esquimaux that, either from sickness age, he is in a very bad way, a solemn conclave is assembled and a long consultation held, in which it is debated pro and con, whether the sick man can recover; should it be decided against him, the fiat is announced by a deputation as a fact in which the sick man is bound to acquiesce. No extravagant demonstration of grief accompanies this avowal, for it seems to be regarded by all parties as an inevitable law of nature that the man must die, and they therefore accept it philosophically. Soon after the decision is made known to the patient he is born to the door of his snow-hut by his friends, a bow and arrow placed in his hands, and with such strength as is left to him he shoots; and as the arrow leaves the bow string so severs his connection with the things of this life—for on the spot on which the arrow falls the grave of the living man (officially regarded as dead) is at once made; and, sewn up in his "kayak" with his weapons beside him, he is deposited therein without further loss of time. The last scene in the life of an Esquimaux would make a fine picture: the cluster of snow huts standing like pigmies amidst the huge masses of blue black ice; around the clear piercing air, illuminated only by the wavering flashes of the aurora borealis; in the foreground the group of fur clad figures clustering round, supporting the fainting form of one whom they are instructing in his last voluntary act, which severs his ties to this earth forever.

AFTER all the exertions of Governor Bullock, seconded by General Grant and General Butler, it is now considered certain that an election will take place in Georgia, this fall. As an election is equivalent to a Democratic victory, Bullock and his gang of jobbers and plunderers are in great distress.

It beats all what a passion drunken men have for lying down on railroad tracks for a quiet sleep. At Morris, Ill., two men, named McAlpine and Oswald, got their kegs full and went to bed on the Rock Island Road, and in a few minutes they were in the Land of the Leal, all hashed to pieces.

A passenger on the Albany train put his head out the window at Spuyten Duyvel bridge, and when he took it in his head wasn't on. He was the most surprisedest man you ever saw. His funeral occurred the next day.

New Advertisements.

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, residing at McGarvey P. O. Chest township, on the 22d of July last, A BRINDLE COW, supposed to be about 10 years old. The owner is requested to come forward and prove his property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of as the law directs.
WM. McGARVEY.
Chest tp. Aug. 24.3tpd.

SCHOOL HOUSE LETTING.—Notice is hereby given that the Directors of Covington School District propose to give out the building of a School House at Mulsenburg, on Saturday the 3d day of September next. Builders and citizens generally are requested to be present on the occasion. Plans and specifications can be seen by calling on the Secretary, whose P. O. address is Frenchville.
JOHN PICARD,
Covington, tp. Aug. 24.2t. Sec'y.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing between John W. Evans and William D. Williams, in the Wholesale Liquor business, under the name of Wm. Williams & Co., Osceola Mills, Pa., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 15th day of August, 1870. All accounts due the firm will be settled by John W. Evans.
JOHN W. EVANS,
WM. D. WILLIAMS.
Osceola Mills, Aug. 24:3tpd.

ST. BENEDICTS' ACADEMY.

St. Marys, Elk Co. Pa.

CONDUCTED BY THE BENEDICTINE SISTERS.

ST. Benedicts is pleasantly situated in an elevated position a short distance from the depot, and commands a fine view of the surrounding beautiful country. An extensive building has been erected, and the Sisters are now prepared to receive a greater number of pupils than heretofore.

The scholastic year which consists of two Sessions of five months each, commences on the first Monday of September, and closes in the latter part of June next.

TERMS: Board and Tuition, payable in advance, per Session $99 00

Latin, German, and French, being included in the course do not form extra charges.

For further particulars apply to the St. Marys, Aug. 24:2m. DIRECTRESS.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

At the New Tobacco and Cigar Store of

R. H. SHAW,

Two doors East of the Postoffice, Clearfield, Pa.

Constantly on hand a fine assortment of Navy, Congress, Cavendish, Cable, Spunroll, Michigan and Century Fine-cut Chewing Tobacco, &c.

Also, a large and well selected stock of Imported and Domestic Cigars, Smoking Tobaccos, Meerschaum and Briar Pipes, Pipe fixtures, Tobacco Boxes, Cigar Holders, and everything generally found in a well regulated Cigar and Tobacco Store.

☞ Remember the place: Two doors East of the Postoffice, Clearfield, Pa. aug. 24:tf.

FOR SALE.—A second-hand COOKING STOVE—Triumph, No. 9—at the Presbyterian Parsonage. aug17.3t

SHINGLE MACHINE.—Nearly new—for sale by JOHN HOLT,
August 17 3t. Wallaceton, Pa.

SALOON FOR RENT.—The fine new Saloon on Reed street, near the Railroad Depot. Now a licensed Saloon, but unoccupied. Suitable for a store room. Apply to
GEORGE C. PASSMORE.
Clearfield, August 17, 1870-3m.

WAGON-MAKER SHOP FOR RENT.—The shop lately occupied by William Mc Knight, deceased, situate on the alley between Reed and Pine streets, near R. R. Depot. Will be rented on reasonable terms. Apply to
GEORGE C PASSMORE.
Clearfield, August 17, 1870-3m.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.—The School Directors of Clearfield borough desire to employ THREE TEACHERS—one principal and two assistants—for the winter term of six months. Schools to open on the 24 Monday of September. Further information can be obtained by applying in person or addressing the undersigned.
T. J. McCULLOUGH, Secretary.
Clearfield, August 17, 1870-3t.

NOTICE.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the mercantile and lumber business, in Curwensville, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 8th day of August, 1870. N. E. Arnold having purchased the interest of Samuel Arnold in the firm. The business will be carried on at the old stand as heretofore.
SAMUEL ARNOLD.
W. R. HARTSHORN.
Curwensville, August 17, 1870-3t.

NOTICE.—In the matter of the estate of John Burgunder, late of Burnside township, Clearfield county, deceased.

At an Orphans' Court, held at Clearfield, on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1870, a writ of partition and valuation was awarded. This is therefore to give notice to all parties in interest to be and appear on the real estate of said John Burgunder, deceased, on Friday, the 2d day of September next, at 9 o'clock a. m., at which time said partition and valuation will be made.
C. HOWE, Sheriff.
aug17.3t

New Advertisements.

A MICABLE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company

OF

NEW YORK.

JOSEPH HOXIE.....President.
E. DWIGHT KENDALL.....Vice President.
J. F. R. HADDEN.....Secretary.
H. G. PIFFARD, M. D.....Medical Examiner.
W. M. TWEED, Jr.....Counsel.

THE AMICABLE was founded by some of the best business men of New York, with the express object of creating an institution that should command the confidence of the public, as a liberal, sound and vigorous Life Insurance Company, and has achieved a success beyond the expectations of its most sanguine projectors.

The AMICABLE offers all improved plans and desirable new features of modern Life Insurance, and does not hold out promises or inducements that cannot be made good.

The AMICABLE has deposited one hundred thousand dollars in United States bonds with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, as a guarantee for the discharge of every obligation.

All claims against the AMICABLE are promptly and honorably discharged; to the event of death *the amount of policy is paid in full without any deduction on account of loans or deferred premiums.*

All Policies are non-forfeitable!
All Dividends are non-forfeitable!
All Policies are incontestable!
Thirty days grace for payment of premiums!
Privilege to travel by land and sea!

☞ Book of Rates, Circulars, &c., furnished upon application to the Company's agents.

WILLIAM TUCKER,
Agent for Clearfield county.
C. BARRETT,
General Agent for Clearfield, Centre, Jefferson, Clarion and Elk counties.
T. J. BOYER, M. D.,
Medical Examiner.
Clearfield, August 17, 1870-3m

SCHOOL TAX.—Notice is hereby given that the School Directors of Clearfield borough have placed in the hands of the School Treasurer a certified Duplicate of the School tax for 1871, and all persons shall be entitled to an abatement of FIVE PER CENT. on their tax on payment of the same to the Treasurer, at his residence, on or before the 15th day of November next. Be particular to read the act of Assembly at the bottom of the notice left at your residence.
J. M. KETTLEBARGER,
Clearfield, Aug. 17, 1870-4t. Treasurer.

BLANK CONSTABLE'S SALES FOR sale at this office.

FRUIT CANS.—Manufactured from the best charcoal tin, grooved and soldered on outside and warranted—for sale by
aug3'70 H. F. BIGLER & CO.

FRUIT CANS AND JARS.—Large lot of TIN CANS and GLASS JARS, at
C. KRATZER'S,
August 10, 1870-2m. Opposite the Jail.

SAWS.—Disston's Cross-cut, Mill, Drag and Circular Saws; also, Boynton's Lightning Cross-cut Saw—for sale by
aug3'70 H. F. BIGLER & CO.

PROPOSALS.—Notice is hereby given that Proposals for building a SCHOOL HOUSE in Morris township will be received until August 27th, 1870, by the board of Directors. For plans and specifications refer to the President or Sec'y.
JAMES POTTER, President.
JONATHAN EMERIE, Secretary. al03t

TO BUILDERS!—Notice is hereby given that the School Directors of Woodward District will let the building of a new School House at Sanborn on Saturday, the 27th inst. Builders and citizens are requested to meet the board on the occasion. Plans and specifications can be seen by calling on the Secretary, who can be addressed at Jeffries P. O. DAVID C. HENSEL,
Woodward tp., Aug. 10-3tp. Secretary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of JOHN LUTZIER, Sr., deceased, late of Bradford township, Clearfield county, Pa., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement. I. G. BARGER,
Bradford tp., Aug. 3-6t. Administrator.

COOK STOVES:

SPEAR'S CALORIFIC,
SUSQUEHANNA, SUPERIOR,
GOV. PENN, REGULATOR,
NOBLE COOK, NATIONAL RANGE,
TRIUMPH, PARLOR COOKS,
SPEAR'S REVOLVING LIGHTS
AND DOUBLE HEATERS,

And all kinds of Heating Stoves—for sale by
aug3'70 H. F. BIGLER & CO

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby warned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following personal property, viz: Two horses and harness, one cow, Two calves, one two-horse wagon, pair twin sleds, wind mill, a lot of sawed lumber and hill timber; also, the hay, oats, corn, buckwheat and wheat on the premises now in possession of L. F. Coudriet, of Girard township, as the same property was purchased by me at Sheriff's Sale and is left with him on loan only, subject to my order.
FRANCIS COUDRIET.
Frenchville, August 3, 1870-3t.

LIST OF JURORS DRAWN FOR SEPTEMBER Term, 1870.

GRAND JURORS.

Abm. Nevling....Beccaria	P. G. Mattern....Decatur
Michael Braniff "	George Ross....Ferguson
George Turner....Boggs	Isaac Rainey.... "
A. M. Gill.....Bradford	W. E. Reams.....Graham
Nathan Bristen....Brady	Jos. M'Cullough..Gulich
Clark Lines..... "	A. G. Watson..Lawrence
George Emery.....Chest	Austin Dillon.....Morris
Samuel Byers..... "	R. S. Chapman..... "
Chas. Girard, Covington	Geo. G. Passmore...Penn
Robert Curson "	Thomas Moore..... "
J. Dougherty jr., Clearf'd	John H. Clauser...Union
Jesse Smeal.....Decatur	Jno. Mathers, Woodward

TRAVERSE JURORS.

John M'Coy.....Beccaria	Moses Owens.....Decatur
Robt. Whiteside "	J. H. Ferguson, Ferguson
Henry Hummel....Boggs	Francis Hugar.....Girard
H. L. Hall .....Bradford	Isaac Smith..... "
David Krimer.....Brady	David Curley.....Graham
Thomas Kirk..... "	Hiram Straw.....Jordan
James Nelson..... "	E. L. Strunk.....Knox
F. E. Porter..... "	Robert Porter..Lawrence
Elijah Aslenfelter "	T. M'Pherson..... "
L. L. Sayler..... "	James Irwin..... "
Isaac M'Henry..... "	A. Humphrey..... "
Geo. Mechthey, Burnside	Samuel Bell..... "
William King..... "	J. F. Mullen..... "
Joseph Worrall.....Chest	J. Dougherty, jr. "
Wm. Sommerville.. "	R. Shaffner..... "
Calvin Stevens..... "	G. G. Irwin..... "
J. M. Reitzer...Covington	Philip Hinkle.....Morris
F. Gorsuch, jr. "	Smith Baird.....Osceola
W. Livingston, Curwensville	James M. Welch.....Ogden
James Adams, Clearfield	Richard Freeman...Pike
W. Morgan, jr. "	Levi Bloom..... "
David Adams..... "	Jac. Carson.....Woodward
John Myers.....Decatur	J. Alexander..... "
D. F. Cupelin..... "	J. Haines..... "

DR. W. A. MEANS,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

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Will attend professional calls promptly. aug18'70

The Elliptic Sewing Machine!

THE best double-thread machine now in use! Will be sold lower than any other machine hashed in the manner and doing the same range of work. Machines can be seen at the store of Thompson & Co., Curwensville, or at the residence of the undersigned at Bloom's Bridge.
May 11, 1870-3m. LEWIS C. BLOOM.

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WOOD-CHOPPERS' AXE!

Manufactured especially for

THE CLEARFIELD TRADE,

FOR SALE BY

aug17'70 H. F. BIGLER & CO.

Cheapest Paper in the World!

30 CENTS!

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CONTAINING FORTY-EIGHT COLUMNS of matter, Political, Literary, Agricultural, Current News, &c., from the First of September, 1870, until the First of January, 1871, for Fifty Cents to single subscribers, $4.50 to clubs of ten, $8.00 to clubs of twenty, and $30.00 to clubs of one hundred (to one address), cash in advance.
Address B. F. MEYERS & CO.,
al8-3t Editors & Proprietors, Harrisburg, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

Highest Premium, Silver Medal, awarded over all competition, at Mechanics' Exhibition, Boston, October, 1869.

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WROUGHT IRON, AIR TIGHT,

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

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DUST SCREEN, GRATE BAR BEATS,
WROUGHT IRON RADIATOR,
AND AUTOMATIC REGULATOR,

For Burning

Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Wood.

10 sizes for brickwork, and 2 sizes Portable.

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J. REYNOLDS & SON,

N. W. corner 12th and Filbert Streets,

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These Heaters are made of Heavy Wrought Iron, well riveted together, and are warranted to be absolutely Gas and Dust Tight. They are the only Heaters that are managed without any dampers, and in which all kinds of fuel can be burned without alteration.

Cooking Ranges, for Hotels, Restaurants and Families. Also, a Flat Top Heating Range.

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Pamphlets giving full description, sent free, to any address. jy14'70-1y

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☞ STOCKS Bought and Sold on Commission only.

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First Mortgage 7 P. C. Gold Bonds

For sale at 90 and accrued interest.

☞ Accounts received and Interest allowed on daily balances, subject to check at sight.

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3:2:1y 40 South Third Street, Philadelphia

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SEWING MACHINES

AHEAD OF ALL OTHERS!

Eighty Six Thousand, Seven Hundred and Eighty-One Machines Made and Sold the Past Year!!

This number *exceeds by thousands* the sales of any other Machine, and the demand is still increasing!

THREE THOUSAND PER WEEK

Are now being made and sold!

THE REASONS WHY:

Because it embodies essential principles not found in any other Machine; because of its simplicity of construction, ease of operation, uniformity of precise action at any speed, and capacity for the greatest range and variety of work, fine or coarse.

Parties wishing to purchase should not fail to examine this best of all Sewing Machines.

I have the agency for this Machine, and will keep a full supply on hand.
J. S. SHOWERS,
May 4, 1870-tf. Clearfield, Pa.

NEW TIN SHOP!

FRED. SACKETT,

Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Ware.

Roofing, Spouting and job work done on REASONABLE TERMS.

Shop on Market St., nearly opposite the Jail,
4-6-70 CLEARFIELD, PA.

ISAAC HILLER,

Saddle and Harness Manufacturer,

Luthersburg, Clearfield county, Pa.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Brady and the surrounding townships that he is now prepared to furnish everything in his line at short notice and in a workman like manner. He flatters himself that he can please his customers in style, quality and price. Call and examine stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Luthersburg, June 1, 1870-tf.

J. W. WALLACE.....JAMES FILES.

THE AMERICAN HOUSE,

Luthersburg, Clearfield Co., Pa.

THIS well known and long established Hotel formerly kept by R. W. Moore, and latterly by Wm. Schwenger, has been leased for a term of years by the undersigned, to which the attention of the traveling public is now called, and a liberal share of public patronage is solicited.
aug.3'70 WALLACE & MILES.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the mercantile and lumber business at Three Runs, in Karthaus township, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 26th day of July. All the books, accounts and papers of the firm are in the hands of the Postmaster at Three Runs, for settlement. Those having unsettled accounts with the firm are respectfully invited to call and close up the same.
ISAAC C. McCLOSKEY.
J. W. POTTER.
Three Runs, August 3, 1870-4'pd.

MRS. S. S. LIDDELL'S

MARBLE & STONE YARD,

CLEARFIELD, PA.

☞ Shop on Reed Street, near Pennsylvania Railroad depot. may 18, 70-tf.

ORGANS & PIANOS.

ESTY'S AND MASON & HAMLIN'S.

FOR SALE BY

S. J. HAYES, Curwensville, Pa.

Private Sale!

THE subscriber offers for sale, on easy terms, a HOUSE AND LOT, situate in the flourishing borough of Osceola. The property is well finished, desirably located, and fitted up for either a physician or dentist. For terms, &c. apply on the premises or address the undersigned.
C. KLINE.
Osceola Mills, Pa., July 27