

Death of ex-Chief Justice Thompson.

A telegraphic dispatch, dated Philadelphia, January 28, says ex-Chief Justice James Thompson of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania fell dead in the Supreme Court room this morning. He was arguing before the Court in Lane in a case of tax titles, and had just closed his speech. He had spoken but about five minutes. The opposing lawyer had said that Judge Ellwell was a better judge on tax titles than he. Judge Thompson said it was amusing that the opposite counsel should remark this, and then went on to refer to the fact that decision was not made by himself. He was going on with his argument, and was leaning over the table, when he dropped down and died in five minutes. The Court immediately adjourned.

James Thompson was born in Middlesex, Berks county, Pa., Oct. 1, 1806. He received a good education, and after leaving school entered a printing office. He afterward began to study law, and in 1828 was admitted to the bar. His talent and energy speedily gained him a good practice, and, turning his attention to politics, he was three times elected to the Legislature in 1832-34. During his last term he was Speaker of the House, and made an excellent impression by his knowledge of parliamentary rules and his firmness and impartiality. In 1856 he was a Presidential Elector, and for six years he sat in the District Court as presiding Judge. In 1845 he was elected to Congress, and served until 1851. He was elected Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania for fifteen years in 1857, and was the Democratic candidate for reelection in October, 1872, but was defeated. During the latter part of his term he was Chief Justice.

Dr. Livingstone Dead.

London, Jan. 25.—Intelligence has just been received here of the death of Dr. Livingstone in the interior of Africa. He died of dysentery while travelling from Lake Bembe to Unyamwebe. His body has been embalmed and is to be taken to England. It will come by the way of Zanzibar.

Dr. David Livingstone was born at Biantyre Works, near Glasgow, Scotland, in 1813. The poverty of his parents prevented them from giving him such educational advantages as the boy craved, but he managed while at work in the cotton mills to store his mind with much valuable information, to be turned to account in later years. He enjoyed an occasional month in an evening school in Glasgow, and here in addition to the rudiments of his own language he acquired a very respectable knowledge of Latin and Greek, and of various branches of science, including botany and geology. At the age of 19, after he had been promoted from the position of piecer to that of spinner, he conceived the idea of going to China as a medical missionary; and with this object in view attended lectures on medicine and divinity in the University of Glasgow in the winter time, always resuming his place in the factory when the summer vacation began. In 1838, having been licensed by the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, he prepared to sail for China under the auspices of the London Missionary Society. The war between Great Britain and China broke out at this time, however, and his long-cherished plan was abandoned. The young enthusiast next turned his attention to Southern Africa, where the Rev. Robert Moffat had been laboring among the natives with signal success. In 1840, after a voyage of three months, he landed at Cape Town, and for sixteen years applied himself to the self-imposed work of Christianizing the Africans. His first exploring expedition was made in 1849, when he reached Lake Ngami, and his companions, Oswell and Murray, being the first white men to visit it. In 1851 he discovered the great Zambesi river. Shortly after his arrival at Cape Town he married a daughter of Dr. Moffat, the missionary. In 1852 she took her children to England, but returned her husband subsequently and died on the banks of the Zambesi. Just before he started on what proved to be his most important northern expedition a cruel attack was made by four hundred Dutch Boers upon the Kolobeng settlement. Sixty of the inoffensive natives were killed, several hundred women and children were carried into bondage, and Livingstone's property was destroyed. In May, 1856, he reached the capital of the Makotole tribe, and was pleasantly received and hospitably entertained by King Sekelutu. Crossing to Angola he became the honored guest of the Portuguese authorities stationed at Loanda. He next went on foot to Quillimane on the Indian Ocean, reaching that point just four years from the time of his departure from Cape Town, having traversed the continent from ocean to ocean, and traveled altogether more than 2,000 miles through a country unknown to civilized man. At Quillimane he took passage in a British gun brig which conveyed him to Mauritius, whence he returned to England by the Red Sea and the overland route. In 1856 he published his first book of travels, "Missionary Travels and Researches in South Africa." He had no money to see the volume fairly launched from the press than he returned to Quill-

mane, having been appointed Consul to that place with a sort of roving commission. He subsequently penetrated to Lake Nyassa in a steamboat with a party of scientific men. In 1864 he paid his last visit to England, and in 1865 returned to the scene of his labors in Africa, after which time he was rarely seen by white men.

Dr. Livingstone leaves one son who lives in Scotland. His only brother, Dr. John Livingstone, is in business in Canada. At the time of his death the explorer was in all probability contemplating a return to England to give to the world a connected account of his travels and discoveries.

A London despatch says the death of Dr. Livingstone took place in August last. He had been travelling over a partially submerged country, and after wading four days through water was seized by the illness of which he died.

GEN. ALBRIGHT IN CONGRESS.—Says the correspondent of the Philadelphia Press: "The Army Appropriation bill was considered in the House in Committee of the Whole and in general debate. Gen. Charles Albright, of Pennsylvania, a member of the Committee on Military Affairs, delivered his maiden effort in the House this session, which was a very elaborate speech against the proposed reduction of the army. Gen. Albright took the ground that the testimony of the Secretary of War, the General of the army, Lieutenant General, and several other officers who had been examined before the Committee on Military Affairs, all agreed that a reduction of the army would be detrimental to the public's view, would expose the frontier settlements to depredations from the Indians, might give rise to trouble in some of the Southern States as well as in Utah. The speech abounded in facts and figures in support of the position taken by Gen. Albright, and was altogether a very able effort. At its close he was congratulated by some of the leading members of the House. Gen. Albright promises to be one of the most useful as well as able men of the Pennsylvania delegation.

The February number of Wood's Household Magazine is really a marvel of what can be furnished for only one dollar a year; considering the cost and the quality this is the cheapest magazine which comes to our table. Its articles have a chasteness about them which is not always found in periodical literature, which adapts it to fill a place now too largely occupied by cheap publications that are positively injurious to the young without being exactly immoral. We have not room to specify the articles which fill the pages before us—but they are many and excellent. The magazine contains three engravings—a pretty house design—also the New York Fashions (Illustrated) prepared expressly for the Household by Mme. Demorest. The publisher announces that hereafter the magazine will always be illustrated. Subscriptions may begin with any number. Only one dollar a year, or with Chrono Yosemite, \$1.50. Address Wood's Household Magazine, Newburgh, N. Y.

CORRESPONDENCE

To the Editor of THE CARBON ADVOCATE: Sir: I shall be glad to have the Directors look after my school, that they may know in what direction it is moving. Those persons who are inclined to believe that our school is not what it should be, would also do well to visit us, in order that they may know where of they write. Although it is the duty of the teacher to teach his pupils morally and intellectually, he is not responsible for the falsehoods which may be spoken; yet, because somebody has said what is not true, you denounce the school. That little member, the tongue, cannot be controlled by its owner; how, then, can you expect others to govern it? If a pupil wishes to whisper in such a way that the teacher may not hear him, he can do so; but the statement upon which the remarks in your paper are founded is false. Our schools have now been open months; the schools are crowded and the rooms inconvenient; though the teachers believe that they have taught successfully, not a word in their favor has yet appeared in your columns; but some one has now been kind enough to notice us by bestowing unjust censure on at least one school. TEACHER. Jan. 27, 1874.

News of the Week.

Canada has vast mines of iron ore in the Ottawa valley. Last year 14,000 tons of iron ore from the Hull mines and 28,000 tons from the Marmora iron mines were exported to the United States. A large quantity of it was manufactured in United States and sent back.

Pottsville, Pa., Jan.—A man named Brady of Forestville was shot last night by one Farrel while eating his supper. Farrel afterward cut the body in two and threw the remains down an air hole of a deep mine near the spot. Mrs. Brady gave an alarm, and the murderer was arrested at Minersville and brought here. The cause of the murder is unknown. Public feeling is much excited by the event.

The Dutch troops in Acheen have taken the mosque by assault. They were twice repulsed with a loss of 240 killed and wounded including twelve officers. The bombardment of the Kraton had only produced an insignificant effect up to Jan. 13, as the enemy has good ironclad defensive works. The Dutch are now approaching this position by sea, and will throw up a breaching battery.

Witkes-Barre, Pa., Jan. 24.—Yesterday afternoon, between 4 and 5 o'clock, a miner was walking along the main street of Pittston on his way home from work, when a man who was standing on the sidewalk, and who from his manner was evidently waiting for someone, approached the miner and without saying a word drew a revolver and shot him dead. Some half a dozen persons who were standing near and witnessed the murder attempted to arrest the murderer, but with the revolver in hand he threatened to shoot any one who attempted to interfere, and passing quietly down the street he disappeared in an alleyway and nothing has been seen or heard of him since. He is described by those who witnessed the occurrence as of about five feet six inches in stature, with a scratch on the left cheek, a mark on the nose, of dark complexion, with black hair and mustache. He was a stranger, never having been seen before in Pittston. No cause can be assigned for the deed.

Harrisburg, Jan. 20.—The movement already started in the Legislature to secure a repeal of the Local Option law is provoking considerable discussion. It appears to be gaining strength, though many members are yet undecided what position to assume in regard to it. The Attorney General has been asked for his opinion as to how the new Constitution will operate in respect to a repeal of the law. The point in dispute is, whether such a repeal can affect the counties which voted against license. A number of petitions have been addressed to the Legislature praying for a repeal, but there is an evident indisposition on the part of any one to assume the responsibility and probable odium of introducing a repealing bill. The question promises, however, to take the proportions of one of the most important matters to be brought before the Legislature.

Pottsville, Jan. 27.—From reports received here to-day at the various mining points in the Schuylkill region it is estimated that about one-third of the collieries have resumed work since the final settlement of the basis question on Saturday. The reason assigned for so small a number of mines that have thus far resumed, is that there are few orders to fill at this season, there being a good supply of coal on hand, and many operators are repairing their works and machinery. The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company's mines will not be put in operation until Feb. 2d, when it is reported, there will be a general resumption of all the collieries. There is not sufficient demand however to warrant their running up to full producing capacity.

Dr. BOND, 626 Hamilton St., Allentown, Pa. Consultation free of charge, daily, from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M. If you are sick or afflicted, Dr. Bond can cure you. If he cannot cure you, you are not liable past all hope. Jan 17, 1874.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the moneys arising from the sheriff's sale of real estate of Daniel Eastman, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, on Monday, the 21st day of February, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., at his office, in Mechanics' Block, J. C. DIMMICK, Auditor.

To Builders & Contractors.

PRINCE'S METALLIC PAINT COMPANY will now receive proposals to erect

A STONE MILL,

40x50 feet, 3 story and attic, near Bowman's Station, on the Lehigh River. Separate bids to be made for carpenter and mason work. Foundation now completed. For plans, specifications, or particulars, call on or address A. C. PRINCE, Lehigh Gap, Carbon Co. Pa. Jan 21-2w

YOUMAN'S DICTIONARY

OF EVERY DAY WANTS, CONTAINING 20,000 Receipts, In Every Department of Human Effort.

It is printed on strong, heavy paper, from new electrotype plates, in one volume of 550 royal octavo, double-column pages, alphabetically arranged in divisions and sub-divisions.

It is issued in two different styles of binding—English cloth, with gold back stamp, \$4; leather, sprinkled edges, ribbed back (library style), \$4.75. Ask the first book canvasser you meet to show you a copy, when without doubt you will purchase it. If you desire a copy and cannot find a book agent who has it, a copy will be mailed on receipt of the price by the publisher. It will be useless to ask for it in a book store, as it is sold only through canvassing agents, and it will never be on sale in book stores if the publishers can prevent it.

No trade, profession or occupation but what is represented therein. The Housewife will find aids and suggestions therein innumerable. The Carpenter, the Builder, the Blacksmith, will find material aid each in their respective departments. The young lady will find innumerable aids to pass her time not only pleasantly but profitably. The Farmer and Stock-raiser will there reap such valuable hints as cannot be found outside a small agricultural library. The Dress-maker, Dyer and Chemist will find there just what they want to know to make themselves perfect in their different specialties. The Trapper can find in no other book or books the secrets contained in Youman's. The sick can turn up therein to the particular disease with which they are troubled, and learn the latest remedies with methods for home treatment. But it is impossible to enumerate every particular branch of every employment that Youman's Dictionary does not advance new and valuable information thereon. S. T. LEOPOLD, Agent for Lehighon, Weissport, and Franklin townships. Jan. 31, 1874.

J. R. DIMMICK, AUCTIONEER,

East Weissport, Pa.

N. B.—Sales of every description attended to at reasonable charges. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Jan. 24, 74.

Good News!!

\$1,000 REWARD FOR A CASE OF FAILURE.

Dr. H. T. BOND,

The greatest living Physician in America, cures all diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

BY PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE

Throat, Lungs and Air Passages

By Medicated Inhalations and Oxygenated Air.

Cures all Chronic, Nervous and Painful Affections by

"ELECTRICITY,"

NATURE'S GREAT REMEDY.

CONSUMPTION

CAN BE CURED!

CATARRH CURED!

CANCERS, TUMORS, PILES,

CURED WITHOUT CUTTING.

TAPE WORM

Removed in three hours. No charge until the entire worm is removed.

REMEMBER!

Dr. BOND,

626 Hamilton St., Allentown, Pa.

NEW STORE,

New Goods and

New Prices!!

ON OR ABOUT FEBRUARY 15th,

A. OSWALD

Respectfully announces that he will reopen the Merchant Tailoring Establishment of Frederick Schmidt, in Weissport, with an entire new stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

and has engaged a first-class Cutter from Pottsville to take charge of that Department, so that he can guarantee the best of workmanship and materials, and elegant fits. In connection he will keep a full stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

and, in fact, a general assortment of all goods usually found in a first-class Merchant Tailoring Store. The patronage of the Public is solicited.

TALMAGE,

SPURGEON.

T. De Witt Talmage is editor of "The Christian at Work." C. H. Spurgeon, Special Correspondent. They write for no other paper in America. Three magnificent chromos. Pay larger Commission than any other paper. CHROMOS ALL READY. No sectarianism. No sectionalism. One agent recently obtained 380 subscriptions in eighty hours absolute work. Sample copies and circulars sent free.

AGENTS WANTED.

H. W. ADAMS, Publisher, 102 Chambers St., N. Y. Jan 3-6m

E. M. MULHERR,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

MAUCH CHUNK, PA. Oct 18, 1873.

L. F. KLEPPINGER

Would respectfully announce to his friends and the public in general, that he has opened a first-class

Livery & Sale Stable,

and that he can furnish Horses, Buggies and Carriages of the best description, for Pleasure, Business or Funeral purposes, at very Reasonable Charges, and on short notice. HAULING done at short notice and on short notice. In connection he will also continue his

Carriage Manufactory

where the people can get their Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, etc., made to order, or REPAIRED on short notice and at reasonable prices.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he has been appointed Agent for the

Universal Wringer

AND

Doty's Clothes Washer.

These are undoubtedly the best Washers and Wringers in the market, and our ladies are invited to call and see them.

L. F. Kleppinger,

Cor. BANK and IRON Streets, Lehighon, Pa. Feb. 22, 1873.]

AT COST!

In order to Close Out my present immense stock of

DRY GOODS

Among which will be found a large and choice variety of

Dress Goods!

—COMPRISING—

SILKS, ALPACAS, GINGHAMS DE LAINES, Satines, Poplins, Prints, &c.

Shirtings, Sheetings,

&c.; also, a fine assortment of

CASSIMERES AND COTTONADES,

Suitable for Men's and Boy's Wear, together with

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS

QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE and a variety of other Goods, all of which I will Sell at

Cost for Cash!

Now is your time. If you want to secure REAL BARGAINS. The Stock must ALL BE SOLD in order to make room for New Goods. Remember the place for Panic Prices!

H. A. BELTZ,

Nov. 22, Bank St., Lehighon.

Monday, Dec. 1st, 1873!

A FEARFUL

Reduction of Prices

My entire Stock Marked Down—now is the time to Buy!

Ladies, Look at This!

Best Stiffing Calicoes are now

Selling at 10 Cents

Good Calicoes at 8 "

Good Muslin at 12 and 14 "

Muslins at 8 and 10 "

Good Canton Flannel at 12 "

Better " " at 15 "

Best Gingham, sold before at

18 cents, now 16 "

Good Gingham at 8 and 12 "

PREPARE FOR WINTER.

I would call special attention to my large lot of

Heavy Winter Shawls

AND

WHITE AND GRAY BLANKETS,

Which I am Selling at very Low Prices.

Carpets and Oil Cloths,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

GROCERIES

Are Selling Very Low:

Best A Sugar at 13 1/2 Cents.

White Sugar at 11 "

Brown Sugar at 7 to 10 "

And all other Goods in Proportion.

W. A. GRAVER,

BANK STREET, LEHIGHON, PENN'A.

FLOUR AND FEED.

Charles Trainer

Respectfully informs the people of Lehighon that he has most Excellent

Flour for Sale;

Also, good FEED of all kinds, and STRAW in the Bundle. He is also prepared to do any kind of

Hauling and Plowing

at short notice.

LEHIGH (3d) STREET, Lehighon, Pa. March 28-ly

\$50,000

For \$1.00.

THE FIRST GREAT SALT LAKE

Gift Concert, authorized by and under the immediate supervision of the city authorities of Corinne City, for the benefit and in aid of the

Public Free School,

The Only Free School in Utah Territory.

TRUSTEES OF PUBLIC FREE SCHOOL, Capt. S. Howe, J. S. Gerrish and Alex. Toponce.

\$226,500

TO BE Distributed to the Ticket Holders AT A

Grand Gift Concert,

TO BE HELD AT THE

Opera House, City of Corinne,

March 31st, 1874.

Depository, Bank of Corinne.

500,000 TICKETS!

PRICE \$1.00 EACH, OR SIX FOR FIVE DOLLARS.

\$226,500 IN GIFTS,

AS FOLLOWS:

1 \$5.00 Cash Gift \$50,000

1 " " " 25,000

1 " " " 12,500

1 " " " 6,250

1 " " " 3,125

1 " " " 1,562

1 " " " 781

1 " " " 390

1 " " " 195

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