The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, . . . EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1881.

ON ITS LAST LEGS.

Every day brings the Republican party nearer its complete dismemberment. Grant and his "forty thieves," nearly used it up during his administration, and nothing but the magnificent management of the one man who saved Garfield when he was threatened with overwhelming defeat in the last Presidential campaign and whom the same Garfield would now crush out of existence if he had the power, prevented its complete annihilation. Thousands of honest, intelligent Republicans deserted the party at that time. They admired Conkling, they appreciated his sterling honesty, which money or preferment could not purchase, but the rottenness and corruption which he attempted to gloss over with superlative oratory, was too apparent to be hidden under the thin veneer of brilliant rhetoric. Grant has not forgotten Conkling's friendship at that time—the most critical period in his public career—hence he hastens from the Mexican capital, where he is engaged in large enterprises of a private nature, which promise great pecuniary return, to lend the weight of his name and influence, to save him from defeat at the hands of the present administration. We can readily see where the struggle will end. Grant may be strong politically, but he is not strong enough to lead the Republican party. Garfield with supreme confidence in his own ability, strengthened by the great good luck which saved him from the ignominious disgrace which threatened him when his participation in the Credit Mobilier fraud and the DeGolyer steal were exposed, strongly intrenched in the White House for four years, and holds the key to the situation in the immense official patronage which he controls. He will carry things with a high hand because he knows he can rely to a man on every member of the "Bread and Butter Brigade," and they are one hundred thousand strong, with an immense reserve force of devoted friends. For him to yield now, would mean complete subjection to the whims and caprices, of the men he adroitly undermined and completely vanquished at Chicago and he knows it. Conkling and Grant are equally determined. There can be no concessions that will heal the wounds already inflicted on both sides and though a truce may be patched up, the old bitterness will still exist and is likely to break out at any time into a bitterer strife than the present one. Each faction is tenacious of its rights; each faction will stoutly maintain them and the breach may be said to be irreconcilable. What then? A complete exposure of the iniquities of the Republican party for the last twelve years. Neither side will spare the other. Of Conkling, nothing can be said against him as a public man—his career has been above reproach; but of his ally Grant, if driven to the wall, Garfield, Blaine and the coterie that train with them, may have something to say. It were almost superfluous to intimate what could be said against President Garfield and Secretary of State Blaine. Their records are too well known, and though the blackest incidents in their careers have been carefully kept in the background, the recollection of the corrupt schemes in which they figured and out of which they grew rich, cannot be obliterated from the minds of men who have kept pace with the news of the day for the past ten years. It is an interesting fight view it from whatever standpoint we may, and one from which nothing but the greatest good can inure to the American people. It required a struggle of this kind to expose the venality which has characterized Republican rule since Grant assumed command, and it is the only thing that could bring about the dethronement of a horde of jobbers, whose private interests have ever been paramount. We have been a long suffering people, but there is every probability that right will prevail at last.

AN ETHIOPEAN IN THE FENCE.

The administration has claimed credit for discovering the Star route swindles which never were concealed; and the organs, big and little, have been sounding the praises of the President, the Postmaster General and the Attorney General, as model reformers engaged in a great work of purgation. As for Garfield, the country knows what kind of a reformer he is; during his congressional career he voted with corruptionists or aided them indirectly. He was hand in glove with the Babcocks, the Belknaps, and the Robesons, who made Grant's administration infamous, and he relied for pecuniary aid and otherwise, during the last campaign, on the same Dorsey and Brady who are now besmirched for complicity in defrauding the treasury through fraudulent postal contracts. Does any one believe that he will turn his back upon these old friends? Possible patience will reveal the true character of this Star route business. Its real nature is yet to be developed. The prosecution of these offenders rests with the Department of Justice, of which the Attorney General is the head. The Attorney General and his subordinates appear to shirk the responsibility, and have pursued a most extraordinary course. The whole preparation and direction of the case has been entrusted to a person with no official standing; this person was attorney for Boss Shepherd's District government, and he drew most of the bills for the infamous legislature that obeyed the Boss's orders.

It will thus be seen that the administration can by a mere sign save any friend who is in danger, as Grant saved Babcock. The true inwardness of this wonderful work of reform in which President Garfield is engaged will soon be apparent to the most obtuse mind.

—The abstract of the reports of the national banks showing their condition on the 6th of May last, has just been completed by the Comptroller of the Currency. The total amount of specie held by the banks on that day was $122,638,562, which is $17,500,000 more than at the date of the last previous statement on the 11th of March, and $35,000,000 more than on the 23rd of April, 1880. The specie now held by the banks is composed of $114,600,000 of gold coin and $8,000,000 of silver. Of the gold coin $44,000,000 is composed of gold clearing house certificates and $5,551,000 of gold U. S. Treasury certificates. Of the silver coin the banks hold $1,220,000 only of silver certificates. The banks also hold $70,501,206 of legal-tender notes, of which $8,045,000 are Treasury certificates. This is much the largest amount of specie ever held by the national banks of the country.

—A terrible storm of hail and wind passed over Deadwood, Dakota, Monday afternoon. Hail stones "the size of hen's eggs" continued falling for more than two hours, and one stone was picked up which measured 22 inches in circumference. Trees and telegraph poles were levelled by the wind, and in Deadwood Gulch four houses were destroyed, killing one woman and injuring another one and two children.

—Boston *Herald*: The President is troubled in mind. A prominent politician, who was a Grant man last summer, called on him Friday. He says the President went over the whole subject of the New York controversy. He showed great anxiety over the situation, expressing fear as to the result upon the country at large. He realized that he could be held responsible by the party for its disruption, from the fact that he was at the head, but he excused himself, and laid all the blame upon Mr. Conkling for the quarrel. He claimed that Mr. Blaine did not dictate Roberson's appointment. He dwelt at length on the efforts he has made to conciliate the New York Senator, and seemed utterly bewildered by the danger of the situation. He had no solution of the problem to offer, but seemed to be hopelessly waiting for something to turn up. Another prominent public man, who was for Sherman for President before the Chicago Convention, saw the President Thursday, and reports him in much the same frame of mind. He says, however, that the President is more troubled by matters right in Washington than at Albany. He declares that unless Blaine shall leave the Cabinet Garfield's life will be one continual round of sorrow. He does not believe that the President has the courage to say so to his Premier, even though he realizes it himself thoroughly. He reports that his peace of mind is gone, and he broods over the ruin that has been wrought in his party during his administration continually. A third friend reports that he is very much chagrined at the spectacle presented to the country by the Administration divided against itself.

—In consequence of the reign of terror throughout Russia the coronation of Alexander III. has been postponed. Mistrust extends to all classes, even to the army, and thirty officers have been arrested during the past month, including a Colonel of the Imperial Guard. Among the naval officers arrested is a relative of the Procureur-General Mouravieff, who conducted the prosecution of Rousakoff and the other Nihilists who were hanged for complicity in the murder of the Czar.

—During the first five months of this year 182,108 immigrants were landed at Castle Garden. The corresponding period of last year was remarkable for the activety of immigration, but the arrivals for 1881 exceeded those of 1880 by 46,772. They have steadily increased month by month, and in May alone they were much more than half the total number for the first five months of last year.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate 2d inst., the General Appropriation bill was passed finally and sent back to the House for concurrence in amendments. The House bill taxing moneyed securities four per cent. was passed and sent to the Governor. The bill in relation to the Recorder's office was passed unanimously and sent back to the House for concurrence. The Prohibitory amendment to the Constitution was lost—yeas 16, nays 24. It was decided to consider the Free Oil Pipe bill next Tuesday morning. After passing a number of Appropriation bills the Senate adjourned.

In the House, the morning session was consumed in a parliamentary struggle on a motion to consider the Pilotage bill in the evening, and after much noise and confusion, the hour of regular adjournment arrived, defeating the motion. The evening session was devoted to the consideration of appropriation bills.

In the Senate Friday the House amendments to the Judicial Apportionment bill were referred to a conference committee. The House bill to prevent frauds at primaries and conventions was defeated but subsequently reconsidered and postponed. A conference committee was appointed on the General Appropriation bill. After reading 36 House bills the first time, the Senate adjourned until Monday.

In the House there was another parliamentary struggle on the Pilotage bill, which resulted in the defeat of attempts to have it considered. The Senate amendments to the Recorder's bill were rejected, and it will go back to the Senate. Conference committees were appointed on the Judicial Apportionment and General Appropriation bills.

In the Senate Monday the House appropriation of $300,000 to change the Middle Penitentiary into a reform school, was concurred in. The House bill to punish trespassers in fruit and flower gardens, grain fields, etc., and compelling the regular payment of employes, were passed finally. After reading several House bills a second time, the Senate adjourned.

In the House, which met at 7 P. M., the Pilot bill, after sharp parliamentary struggle, passed second reading.

In the Senate Tuesday, the Free Oil Pipe bill was considered and defeated—the vote on agreeing to the first section being 13 yeas and 27 nays. A Conference Committee was appointed on the Recorder's bill. The House amendments to the Senate Pilotage bill and the bill for the reorganization of the National Guard was agreed to. After reading a number of House bills a second time, the Senate adjourned.

In the House, conference committees were appointed on the Recorder's and General Appropriation bills. The Senate bills relating to the administration of the estates of insolvent traders and abolishing race distinctions in the public schools were defeated, but the latter was subsequently reconsidered and passed by a vote of 109 to 35. A compromise for the Pilotage bill was passed and sent to the Senate (where it was subsequently concurred in). After passing various bills on second reading, among them the Senate bill for the celebration of the Penn Bi-centennial, the House adjourned.

Both Houses of the State Legislature remained in session to a late hour Wednesday night. Conference reports on the Ten Million Loan bill, the Judicial Apportionment bill, and the General Appropriation bill were agreed to by both Houses, and the bills sent to the Governor. The bill to secure the regular payment of laborers and mechanics (known as the "store order bill"), was also passed finally. The conference report on the Flour Mill Tax bill failed in the House by one vote. The Recorder's bill failed through the disagreement of the Conference committees. The bill supplimentary to the act of 1865, "to promote the more equal assessment of taxes in cities of the first class, and regulating the collection of municipal claims," was passed and sent to the Governor.

A writer in the Lewisburg *Journal* says that the rise in the value of timber and mineral lands in Centre county, Pa., is simply enormous. Jamison, the Philadelphia banker, has, with a syndicate, invested $1,000,000 there. Mercer, the Boston capitalist, has purchased mining lands to the extent of $1,200,000. The Carnegies of Pittsburg, had a company formed on the basis of the properties around Tyrone, especially Potter township, with a capital of $5,000,000. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has purchased all the railroads and invested large sums in mining land—it is said $2,000,000. The Cambria Iron Company recently paid $75,000,000 cash for the lease of 300 acres of brown hematite ores for twelve years. Except among the bullion mines, we do not believe that there is such a county in the United States. There will soon be no mineral lands to be had in that county.

Valuable Information.

Dr. Evory's Diamond Catarrh Remedy, will positively cure Catarrh Influenza, Bronchitis, Hay Fever and Cold in Head. It never fails.

Dr. Evory's Diamond Invigorator is the great blood purifyer and nerve tonic. For General Debility, Billiousness, Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia and Kidney Complaints it is a sovereign cure. See the Doctors advertisement.

WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4, 1881.

The air is full of rumors of Departmental changes, and it is anticipated that the first of July will be the date of the instalment of a good many new incumbents of the leading offices, especially in the Treasury Department. The axe has already fallen upon the official head of Mr. J. M. McGrew the sixth Auditor, or the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office. His resignation was requested by Secretary Windom, and accepted. This was immediately followed by the removal of Mr. F. B. Lilly, the Deputy Sixth Auditor. This was done, it is understood, in accordance with an agreement made at a Cabinet meeting held on Tuesday last. The cause assigned for these removals, is an illegal complicity in the star route cases, which are now in process of investigation. The duty of the Sixth Auditor is to look into all the accounts of the Post Office Department, consequently payments to contractors for transportation of the mails must have been approved by him. It is therefore presumed that these officers must have been in some way interested in the star route ring which had for its object the greatest good to the smallest number, which principle is not exactly in accordance with the idea of popular government. The Hon. J. H. Ela, of New Hampshire at present Fifth Auditor of the Treasury will succeed Mr. McGrew. This is an advancement, although no increase of pay attends it because it is the only auditorship which is not under the supervisory control of any Comptroller, or in other words he possesses the combined powers of Comptroller and Auditor. Mr. D. S. Alexander, of Indiana, is the successor of Mr. Ela, as Fifth Auditor, and was the nominee of Senator Harrison.

A committee has been for some time past investigating the account of Mr. Pitney, Custodian of the Treasury Department. There has been considerable local gossip concerning the matter, in which the name of the Hon. J. K. Upton has appeared. It can be positively asserted that nothing whatever has or can be found that in any way implicates Mr. Upton in any of the alleged irregular transactions of Mr. Pitney. The Committee not having yet made a report it is not even known what, if any, charges can be made against Mr. Pitney in the arrangement of his official duties.

Mr. J. Stanley Brown, the Private Secretary of President Garfield, left New York yesterday for London, England, being the bearer of a large number of "Windom's" or 3½ bonds, which have been issued in continuance of the 6 per cent bonds of 1861 and 1863. He will remain abroad about six weeks, and during his absence his responsible place will be filled by Mr. O. L. Pruden, the assistant Private Secretary of the President. Mr. Brown has been an indefatigable worker for his friend, the President, during the past year, and his health required the invigoration of old ocean's breezes.

There has been a marked increase in the receipts of the Patent office during the month of May just ended. The records of the office show that $10,000 in round numbers have been paid for issuing patents, over and above the amount received during the month of May, 1880. This speaks well for the industry of the inventive portion of our population, as well as for the careful discrimination of the examiners of the Patent office. Dr. F. L. Freeman, in charge of the class in electricity in the Patent office, has been appointed by the President a member of the Commission to attend the Electrical convention, to be held in Paris, August 14th next. As an exhibit on that occasion a collection of all the electrical devices or processes which have been entered at the Patent office will be made. This will constitute 8 volumes as large as Webster's unabridged Dictionary, and will consist of photographs and descriptions giving the most complete details.

The prolonged and serious illness of Mrs. Garfield, from which she is now slowly recovering, has been attributed in part to the unhealthy condition of the White House, and to the presence of malaria in the low, swampy section south of the grounds. It is not impossible that these conditions may have had something to do with the case.—The White House, probably, is not the most healthy place for its occupants either in their minds or bodies. Elegant as it has been described to be in all its appointments, it is not a very high-toned residence for the President of so great a country as ours. It has so often undergone changes and alterations that the walls are full of chinks and crannies where rats and other vermin can hold high carnival, and the sewerage is so defective that all sorts of gases and odors are at times encountered in some parts of the house. So it is a fact that the exterior of fine frescoing, carpeting, and gilding serves only to cover unsound and unseemly walls.

The White House has quite a history and has cost a good deal of money—more than the celebrated Stewart mansion of New York. The total expenditures including rebuilding, refurnishing, etc., is about $1,700,000, though the original cost was but $333,000. Its construction was begun in 1792 and in 1800 it was first occupied. In 1815 it was rebuilt—after the British invasion, war of 1812—and its porticos were completed as late as 1829. The East Room was finished only fifty years ago. Every President of the United States, except Washington, has lived in it, and he has poked his horse's head into its portal to look up at the workmen plastering on a scaffold. An Irish architect named Heber, direct from Dublin via Charleston, took the award of $500 for the design, and he built and rebuilt the edifice. His remains lie buried in a Catholic cemetery here. The building is 170 front by 68 feet deep, with one room in it 80 by 40 feet. It does not, therefore, lack anything for size. Even the vestibule to-day looks a little shabby and its floor covering is threadbare from the constant tread of office-seekers who come in droves to see the President.

Twenty acres of garden and park immediately inclose the mansion, and on either side, each separated by only 450 feet, are buildings which cost seven to twelve millions apiece. Yet, in all its apparent antiquity, how new! The lawn is still a naked plain, reaching off to the Potomac, like a desert coming to the palace stairs. Like Versailles in the time of Louis XIV, Washington is a Government creation, and this White House is hoary only by events. The President's office, which is in the second story, is also the Cabinet room, and is not a very large apartment for the White House, although about thirty-five or forty feet in depth by, perhaps, thirty feet wide and with a high ceiling. A long table is in the middle of the floor, with leather seated chairs around it; the two windows have long lambrequin curtains of a dark bluish-gray color. A large map of the United States is on the wall. The carpet is of a red tint with large figures. The general effect of the room as one enters, is that of a library without books

ACONAY.

Anthony Jameson, of Beaver township, Crawford county, recently found $1900 concealed in an old barn he was tearing down. He thinks it belonged to an eccentric brother who died some years ago.

STATE NEWS.

The car shops at Dauphin are approaching completion.

A plough factory is in full blast at Little Lancaster county.

Rachel Lester died in Allegheny City on Saturday while laughing.

The Middlesex Furnace in Mercer county, is idle owing to a strike of the firemen.

Five thousand young trout have been placed in streams in Chester county.

The General Synod of the Lutheran Church met at Altoona on Wednesday.

Rev. Father Maloney, the alleged miracle worker of Erie, has been arrested on the charge of fraud.

Seven hundred black bass taken from Lake Erie have been placed in the reservoir near Johnstown.

Lightning killed sixty-nine sheep for Bloebley Sindley, of Prosperity, Washington county, a few days ago.

A bright and attractive weekly called *The Central News* has made its appearance at Perkasie, Bucks county.

The body of Patrick Rooney, living at Spartansburg, Erie county, was found in a creek near there on Tuesday.

William Crall, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was crushed to death by cars at Pittsburg on Tuesday.

Samuel Fry was crushed to death by cars at Enon Valley, Allegheny county on Monday.

The strike among the coke miners in the Connellesville region threatens to become general.

Owen Millhouse has been arrested at Harrisburg for embezzlement from a Chicago house.

Governor Hoyt will attend the Allegheny College commencement at Meadville on the 21st inst.

The Schuylkill Valley Creamery, at Bridgeport, consumes 7578 quarts of milk per day.

Bricklayers in West Chester have been given an advance of 25 cents per day in their wages.

There are 150 hands employed at the French Creek iron ore mines in Chester county.

The store of William Kinkead, in Livermore, Westmoreland county, was robbed of $100 on Friday.

The pic-nic of the Iron and Steel Workers' Association at Beaver on Saturday was attended by 20,000 people.

Isaac Moorhead, a prominent Republican politician of Erie county and postmaster at Erie, died suddenly on Saturday.

An unknown man was found hanging to the limb of a tree in New Hanover township, Chester county, on Saturday.

Emma Louisa Smith, of Ardmore, Montgomery county, aged 6 years recently died from the effects of eating sour grass.

Willie, the 5-year-old son of Robert Patterson, of Washington, fell into a well at that place on Tuesday and was drowned.

Thomas Powers, of Harrisburg, was killed at Steelton, Dauphin county, on Tuesday while trying to board a moving train.

Mr. Henry Loucks, an old fisherman, of Lancaster, declares that he has frequently seen a mermaid in the Susquehanna, near Dugan's Point.

Fossil bones, apparently of human origin, were dug up last week in East Franklin Colliery, Schuylkill county, 1000 feet below the surface of the earth.

The second day of the State Universalist Convention at Reading opened with a conference meeting, conducted by E. C. Sweetser, of Philadelphia.

A large female college at North East, Erie county, has been purchased by the Order of Redemptionists, and will be used for educational purposes.

Operations in the Wadesville shaft near Pottsville, have been suspended because of the fire there. The fire in Keely Run Colliery, near Shenandoah, is to be drowned out.

A strike has been inaugurated among the coke drawers of the Connellsville region for higher wages. Three hundred men are idle.

An unknown man, said to be from Philadelphia, committed suicide by hanging in the barn of Jacob Armitage, near Jenkintown, on Sunday.

A resolution was passed in the Venango County Republican Convention on Monday instructing for Hon. J. L. Connelly for State Treasurer.

Andrew C. Crozier, of Millerstown, Venango county, has been held for Court for indecent assault upon Miss Kate Gilbert, of that place.

William Edmonds was caught in the rollers at the Cambria Works, in Johnstown, on Saturday, and had his left leg ground off at the thigh.

Hannah John, a domestic living in West Bradford township, Chester Co., attempted suicide on Sunday by cutting her throat with a razor.

A hammer in the Harrisburg Car Works, weighing 2500 pounds, recently came down on the hand of Stephen R. Cupples, and mashed it to a jelly.

The Blair Iron and Steel Works at Glenwood, near Pittsburg, have been put in order by William McKinney & Son's and will be operated in a few weeks.

At Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, on Monday evening, Harry LaRue shot and killed a miner named "Shorty" Collins during a difficulty.

Mrs. Mullen, aged 70 years, living near Gulf Mills, Chester county, committed suicide on Monday morning by cutting her throat with a razor.

During a fight at Millerstown, Venango county, on Saturday, between Prush Carnathan and George White, the latter was so badly injured that he will die.

Jared Price, a farmer residing in Bern township, Berks county, committed suicide Monday by cutting his throat with a razor. He leaves a wife and four children.

Shroeder & Bon's tobacco warehouse, at Lancaster, was set fire to on Sunday by an incendiary. The damage, mainly by smoke and water, will reach $50,000; insured.

The following counties in this State are out of debt: Adams, Butler, Cambria, Fayette, Fulton, Greene, Lycoming, Northampton, Snyder, Susquehanna, Union, Washington, Westmoreland and Wyoming.

At the commencement of the Crozer Theological Seminary, near Chester on Wednesday, fifteen young men received certificates to preach. The John P. Crozer Hall, costing $10,000, was dedicated the same day, Hon. J. L. M. Curry, of Virginia, delivering the oration.

LIST OF PATENTS

Granted by the United States to citizens of this State, for the week ending June 7, 1881, furnished for the CARBON ADVOCATE, from the Law and Patent office of J. McC. PERKINS, 809 L street, Washington, D. C.

A. Y. Andrews and N. Burk, Philadelphia, leather skiving machine.

J. A. Beamisherder, Campbelltown, thill support.

J. H. Bowen, Philadelphia, toy.

W. Collin, Pittsburg, vehicle.

J. G. Curtis, Ludlow, elevated railway.

D. Evans, Connellsville, steam pump.

M. J. Fass, Tarentum, ice harvester.

C. D. Fox, Philadelphia, glassware mold.

W. Frishmuth, Philadelphia, coating metals with lead, zinc or tin.

A. O. Frick, Waynesbrough, valve gear.

L. B. Fulton, Pittsburg, piston packing.

H. D. Garrett, Philadelphia, piston head.

P. Good, Wilkesbarre, stove grate.

E. Hallett, Pittsburg, rolling car axles.

H. Kinckley, Philadelphia, car brake and starter.

J. R. Hall, Spring Hope, brace for vehicle springs.

R. M. Hunter, Philadelphia, electric call.

A. and A. Iske, Lancaster, stock car and motor. 2 patents.

H. R. Jussice, Philadelphia, boat detacher and jaw-block.

F. W. Leimbach, Bethlehem, paper bag machine. 2 patents.

G. S. Lewis, Philadelphia, collecting lead fumes.

E. L. Miller, Philadelphia, paper cutting machine.

J. W. Moore, Bellefonte, amalgamator.

H. Neuhous, Pittsburg, press for treating paraffine oils.

J. H. Osborne, Philadelphia, cutting out stocking blanks.

J. Parker, Philadelphia, hat brim curber.

H. C. Sample and F. Rebl, Philadelphia, dynamo-electric machine.

S. Stutz, Pittsburg, coal washing machine.

P. Thomsen, Philadelphia, mouth-piece for musical (brass) instruments.

S. Withers, Philadelphia, marbleizing.

J. and A. W. Wolf, Bradford, drilling tool for oil wells.

New Advertisements.

AUDITORS' ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Lehighton Boro' School District.

E. H. SNYDER, Treasurer, in account with Lehighton Borough School District, for the Year ending June 8th, 1881:

RECEIPTS.

To Balance rec'd from D. Olewine, late Treasurer	$ 303 47
To Total received from E. Newhard, Collector	4455 20
To State Appropriation	443 52
To Amount received from Dan. Kostenbader, former Collector	110 00
To Amount received for Unseated Land Tax	43 39
To Rent of School Hall	60 00
To Bonds sold to P. J. Kistler	1000 00
	$6425 58

EXPENDITURES.

TEACHERS SALARIES.

E. D. Schnabel	$ 360 00	
Hattie L. Koons	210 00	
Carrie S. ner	180 00	
Emma Dollenmayer	180 00	
Belle Nustaum	150 00	
Laura V. Hofford	150 00	
Laura Solomon	118 75	
		$1848 75

INTEREST.

Julia Kerrigan	42 00	
2nd Nat. Bank, Mauch Ch'k	3 40	
William Mulheren	70 00	
James McGinty	100 00	
Pat. O'Donnell	50 00	
Hugh McGroarty	50 00	
Pennie Shovelin	50 00	
Pat. Meehan	30 00	
W. W. Rowman (M. McGinty)	50 00	
Charles Meendsen	40 00	
Henry Kolb	7 50	
Catharine Harter	165 00	
D. D. Kistler	25 00	
J. A. Peters	15 00	
P. J. Kistler	75 00	
Rev. A. Bartholomew	20 00	
David Mantz	110 00	
Mary Moyer	25 00	
A. Graver	50 35	
Aaron Haupt	5 00	
W. Mantz	25 00	
Julia Kerrigan	35 00	
Aaron Weidaw	10 00	
John Peters	35 00	
Thomas Mantz	25 00	
Mary J. Clauss	80 00	
		1103 25

BONDS REDEEMED, With Interest.

Mrs. C. G. Eichenberg	612 50	
A. Graver	1000 00	
F. K. Herod	157 50	
A. Graver	531 75	
		2301 75
Ezra Newhard, Commission		228 21

PRINTING.

E. V. Morthimer	34 85	
Jos. Lynn	2 50	
Charles Blew	2 50	
E. H. Rauch	2 00	
		41 85

COAL AND WOOD.

Owen Wolf	2 50	
J. L. Gabel	124 20	
J. L. Gabel	26 48	
		153 18

INSURANCE.

H. A. Beltz	12 00	
H. A. Beltz	3 15	
A. H. Tobias & Son	15 00	
Susquehanna Mutual	38 25	
Thomas Kemerer	6 50	
Thomas Kemerer	27 50	
Thomas Kemerer	11 25	
Thomas S. Beck	12 00	
		125 65

MISCELLANEOUS.

John Sheckler, Janitor	72 00	
John Sheckler, black-board dusters	3 00	
John Sheckler, labor on lot	6 37	
John Sheckler, carpenter work	1 50	
John Sheckler, carpenter work	3 81	
Daniel Graver, globes, oil, &c	8 78	
Daniel Graver, cash to M. Rehrig	1 50	
Daniel Graver, ink and crayons	20 72	
Daniel Graver, R.R. fare and oil	2 60	
Daniel Graver, salary and oil	29 80	
Daniel Graver, salary and oil	40 00	
W. M. Rupsher, prof. services	10 00	
E. H. Snyder, salary as Treasurer	50 00	
W. A. Dechanet, auditor's fees	3 00	
A. J. Durling, ink and crayons	3 00	
E. W. Clauss, stove and pipe	21 45	
A. D. Moser, stove, &c	9 37	
Peter Heim, leather	75	
Joseph Zahn, fixing pump	2 10	
		$3687 47
Balance in Treasury		738 21
		$6425 58

We, the undersigned, duly elected Auditors of the Borough of Lehighton, do certify that the within account of E. H. Snyder, Treasurer for Lehighton Borough School District, for the year ending June 8th, 1881, is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

P. M. VANLIEW, } Auditors
W. P. LONG, }

Lehighton, June 11, 1881.-w3

MERCANTILE TAX NOTICE.

All Mercantile Licenses in Carbon county expired on the 30th of April, 1881. The County Treasurer reports that many have neglected to take up their Licenses, and are now selling CONTRARY TO LAW, and are liable to prosecution.

Notice is therefore given that IMMEDIATE PAYMENT is required and expected, in order to save the unnecessary expenses incident to the enforcement of the Law.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

Attest:—H. E. SWARTZ, Clerk.

June 4.-w3.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Executors, Administrators and Guardians hereinafter named have filed their respective accounts of the following estates in the Register's Office at Mauch Chunk, in and for the County of Carbon, which accounts have been allowed by the Register, will be presented to the Judges of the Orphans' Court on MONDAY, the 13th of JUNE, A. D. 1881, at 2 o'clock P. M., for confirmation:

First and final account of Sarah Gerhart, administratrix of Benj. Gerhart, deceased.

First and final account of C. E. Miller, administrator of Peter Kunta, deceased.

First and final account of Elias Solt and Thos. J. Solt, executors of the last will and testament of Solomon Solt, deceased.

Account of A. G. Brodhead, Jr., and Wm. B. Mack, guardians of the persons and estates of John and Robert Nichol, minor children of Robert Nichol, deceased.

First and final account of Susan Rehr, administratrix of the estate of Urias Rehr, deceased.

First and final account of Ed. C. Wilson and Sarah B. McLean, executors of the estate of Wm. H. Wilson, deceased.

First and final account of Thos. Kemerer, guardian of Lucinda M. Koons, late Lucinda M. Leech, of the borough of Weissport, Carbon county, Pa.

Second account of A. J. Christman, J. J. Christman and Mahlon Christman, administrators of the estate of Joseph Christman, late of Towamensing township, deceased.

First and final account of Thos. Kemerer, administrator of Philip Gombert, late of the township of Mahoning, deceased.

BERNARD PHILLIPS, Register.

Mauch Chunk, May 14, 1881-w4

M. HEILMAN & CO.,

BANK STREET, Lehighton, Pa.,

MILLERS and Dealers in

Flour & Feed.

All Kinds of GRAIN BOUGHT and SOLD at REGULAR MARKET RATES.

We would, also, respectfully inform our citizens that we are now fully prepared to SUPPLY them with

Best of Coal

From any Mine desired at VERY

LOWEST PRICES.

M. HEILMAN & CO.

July 23.

PENSIONS

Procured for all soldiers disabled in the U. S. service from any cause, also for heirs of deceased soldiers. The slightest disability entitles to pension. PENSIONS INCREASED. Bounty and new discharges procured. Those in doubt as to whether entitled to anything, should send two 3 cent stamps for our circular of information." Address, with stamps, STODDARD & Co., Solicitors of Claims and Patents, Washington, D. C. Look Box 923. may 21.-w4.

New Advertisements.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF JOSEPH FEIST.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Account of J. G. Zern, Assignee of said Jos. Feist, has been filed in the Office of the Prothonotary of said Court for confirmation and allowance, at the Court aforesaid, on Monday, June 20th, 1881, unless exceptions be filed.

GEO. W. ESSER, Prothonotary.

May 28, 1881-w4

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

A Dose of Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient has removed the agony of rheumatism, and its continued use entirely healed the patient. Rheumatism is but little understood. Some empirics resort to embrocations, which are really dangerous. It is now acknowledged to be a blood disease, resulting from acidity. This aperient corrects all such acidity, and thus cures the disease. All rheumatic sufferers are advised to try it. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. may 28.-w4.

FRAZER

Axle Grease.

Best in the world. Lasts longer than any other. Always in good condition. Cures sores, cuts, bruises, and corns. Costs but little more than the imitations. Every package has the trade mark. Call for the genuine, and take no other. may 28.-w4.

No More Round Shoulders!

The AMERICAN BRACE

PATENT.

1. This brace in its peculiar construction has all the advantages of a suspender for the pantaloons, Shoulder Brace and Chest Expander combined.

2. It does not disarrange the shirt bosom.

3. It cannot slip off the shoulder.

4. There is less strain on the buttons of the pantaloons.

5. Each section of the pantaloons can be adjusted independently.

6. By means of the adjustable back strap, a gentle or powerful brace may be obtained.

7. In rainy weather the pantaloons may be raised from the heels without interfering with the front.

1. This brace in its peculiar construction has all the advantages of a Chest Expander and Skirt Supporter combined.

2. It expands the chest and gives free respiration to the lungs.

3. It keeps the shoulders perfectly straight

4. It relieves back, hip and abdominal organs by supporting the entire weight of the clothing from the shoulders.

5. It is worn without any inconvenience whatever, and imparts new life to the wearer.

6. It is invaluable to children while at their studies, obliging them to always sit erect.

In Ordering by Post, Send Chest Measure. Sent Post Free Throughout the United States. Price, 75c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00.

SOLE AGENT

H. H. PETERS, Agt.,

MERCHANT TAILOR AND DEALER IN GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

May 28-y1. Lehighton, Pa.

WEISSPORT BOROUGH.

STATEMENT of Receipts and Expenditures of the Borough of Weissport for the year ending April 1st, 1881:

To cash in Treasury at last report		$ 94 57
Borough duplicate for 1880	$261 36	
Exonerations	10 91	250 45
Public Square collection		6 78
Total less commission		$351 77

EXPENSES.

Charles McDaniel, services for 1877		$ 8 00
Jacob Strausburger		16 00
Auditing		4 00
Nathan Klotz, room rent and light		6 20
Henry Mertz, stones		94 00
Lentz & Meehan, lumber		56 11
Charles Lentz, salary		10 95
R. V. Morthimer, printing		10 00
Jacob Rickert, lumber		5 32
Jas. H. Seidel, salary, etc		10 35
John Arner, do		20 00
Samuel Welsh, working on the street		6 25
H. Schoch, do do		4 65
George Rapp, do do		9 25
William Schreiber, do do		14 99
Alfred Guth, do do		1 50
Henry Everitt, do do		1 25
Henry Trapp, do do		4 15
Samuel Welsh, cleaning lockup		1 00
By balance		67 80
		$931 77

BOUNTY.

To cash in Treasury and uncollected as per last statement, less commission		$880 09
" duplicate for 1880	$1029 84	
By exonerations	65 42	964 42
		$1844 51

EXPENDITURES.

Paid Robert Anthony, Treasurer, on judgment	$900 00	
Interest to date	19 45	919 45
		$ 925 00

INDEBTEDNESS.

To balance on judgment at last statement	$5022 83	
Interest to April 1st, 1881	301 36	5324 19
Paid Robert Anthony	900 00	
Interest to date	19 45	919 45
To balance due on judgment		$4404 74
Balance as above stated less commission		925 00
		$3479 68

POOR ACCOUNT.

GEORGE EMERY, one of the Overseers of the Poor, and Collector of said Borough:

To balance in hand from last statement	$ 22 13	
Outstanding tax collected	3 85	$ 25 98
Credit as per receipts		11 50
Balance in hands of Treasurer		$ 14 48

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Weissport, have examined the above accounts of Jos. H. Seidel, Secretary, and John Arner, Treasurer, and found them correct, as above stated.

ALFRED WHITTINGHAM,
CHARLES KUSBAUM, Auditors.

May 14, 1881-w4.

FREE BY MAIL.

WONDERFUL CURES

HOPELESS CASES OF

CONSUMPTION

Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Debility and All Chronic Diseases. 29 years of great experience. 20,000 Hopeless cases cured. Astonishing discovery of new treatment to quickly fatten, make blood and build up the system. Invalids caused to eat and digest enormously and gain 3 to 5 pounds per week. Vital and healing force is rapidly and powerfully increased. New life and vigor imparted the first few days. Severest cases of Consumption, bed fast and given up to die, cured in 2 to 3 months. Inflammation in the Lungs removed. Hectic Fever and Night Sweats, and Cough made loose, and easy, or checked in 36 hours. The treatment exhilerates, exalts, arouses all organs into healthy and vigorous operation. It is also the great cure