The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, ... EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:

SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1882.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The delegates from the several Senatorial and Representative Districts, will meet at Harrisburg in the Opera House, on Wednesday, June 28th, 1882, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day, in State Convention, to nominate a candidate for Governor; a candidate for Lieutenant Governor; a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court; a candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs; a candidate for Congress at Large; and to consider rules for the future government of the Democratic party of the State.

J. K. BOGERT, Chairman.

SECOR ROBESON'S LEADERSHIP.

There are thousands of honest Republicans who detest corruption, and jobbery, and fraud of any kind; but the machinery of party constrains their freedom of action and compels obedience to its discipline. Hence candidates are often supported whom they despise as unworthy, and measures are carried which they disapprove. This tyranny has become odious, and may yet lead to a break up of machine rule. Both the great parties are organized like close coporations, where the management controls the divided or the indifferent many. The machinists, whether Republicans or Democrats, run in the same grooves, and no great job is proposed in Congress without an arrangement for a division of the spoils. The organization of the House of Representatives in December was a glaring scandal, consummated by a corrupt bargain for votes, which stands revealed in the composition of the committees. That foul business was engineered by Secor Robeson, and through it, in spite of his bad fame he became the active and recognized leader of the Republican party in the House. He made the committees, and to-day he vicariously performs the duties of Speaker by touching the springs which move his automaton in the chair. This influence gives him immense power, which is used habitually to crush out or to advance aspirants for distinction on both sides. Robeson put himself second on the Appropriation Committee, second on Naval Affairs, and first on the Expenditures of the Navy Department, thus guarding the points of his infamous career in the past, and of his projected jobbery for the future. He excluded Mr. Whitthorne and the men who had exposed his venality in the Navy Department from every place of importance. He tied their hands in shaping legislation, but he could not shut their mouths in the House. The moral influence of the Whitthorne report six years ago stalked through the hall like a ghost to terrify the revellers, when Robeson's job for constructing new ships was tried by Harris, Chairman of Naval Affairs. With full knowledge of his antecedents, the Republicans made this notorious corruptionist Chairman of the caucus, and now they have put him at the head of a select committee to determine the order of business, and to select the measures that the majority shall support during the remainder of the present session.

The Republican party cannot escape the responsibility of having conferred these honors knowingly, and of having placed Robeson in a position to speak for the party and for the Administration in the House. Yet, with all these advantages, the proposed projects of plunder which the Robeson Ring has matured will have a hard road to travel, because members have more care for their personal interests at home, with Congressional elections staring them in the face this fall, than they have for this jobbing leader. After these elections they may join hands with him for any sort of raid on the Treasury. This condition of things is for the time being an element of comparative safety for the people of the country.

—The Philadelphia Ledger very sensibly remarks that there are several things certain members of Congress should understand right well by this time. First, though not most important, is, that the people of the country do not approve the waste of money proposed in the report of the Auditing Committee on the late President's illness and funeral. Second, that the people do expect the passage of the bill enabling the National banks to continue in operation; and the bill for relief from sundry internal taxes; and the bill for a Tariff Commission; and a bill to prevent the recurrence of dangers at Presidential elections; and a bill to put sensible proceedings in bankruptcy into operation, such as the Lowell bill, and several others. Third, that dilatory proceedings shall stop and the floodgates of unprofitable talk shut down. And fourth, that Congress shall go earnestly to work.

—We have received the January number of the "Original English Chatterbox" from the American publishers, Messrs. Estes & Lauriat, Boston Mass. This is the best children's magazine in the world; containing 32 pages, and 16 full-page illustrations each month. It has a world-wide reputation, and more than a million children in England and America read its charming stories. To receive four dollar's worth for one you have only to send one dollar directly to the publishers, and they will send postpaid "Chatterbox," and to every new Subscriber a beautiful steel engraving (18 x 24 inches, price $3 00) of a little girl puzzling over her first sum, and entitled "Ought and Carry One."

—The Republican District Conventions held Tuesday in Luzerne and Lackawanna counties are said to have resulted in opposition to the Cameron interests. As far as heard from the following delegates were elected to the State Convention: First District, Wilkesbarre, Douglass Smith; Second District, embracing all the small towns in Luzerne county, G. H. R. Plumb; Fourth District, Hazleton, B. W. Wilde; Seventh District, Scranton, C. E. Campbell.

—News comes of the destruction of the village of Galeyville, in Arizona, by hostile Indians and the massacre of thirty whites.

—Hon Robert Klotz will please accept our thanks for important public documents.

WASHINGTON.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22, 1882.

The Hallet-Kilbourn false imprisonment suit against the Speaker and Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives was tried in part to-day in the Circuit Court, before Judge MacArthur. The suit has its origin in the Congressional investigation of the real estate pool undertaken in 1876. With the view to show that certain members of Congress and high officials of the Government had united in a plan for buying real estate at low rates and then causing its advance in price by large Government expenditures in its vicinity, the committee of the House of Representatives called Mr. Kilbourn, whose firm were agents for real estate transactions, and asked him to divulge the names and transactions of certain of his customers who were engaged in what was termed "the real estate pool." He declined to do so; was summoned to the bar of the House of Representatives, ordered into the custody of its Sergeant-at-Arms. He remained in custody for some time, making a considerable bill for dinners and suppers, which has already formed the subject-matter of one suit. For this imprisonment he claims $150,000.

The action of the House yesterday, in declaring that neither Cannon nor Campbell were entitled to the seat of delegate from Utah, of course sends the matter back to the people of the Territory for another election. There was no question of Cannon's majority, but he was not admitted because of his polygamous belief and practices. The election to fill the vacancy thus created will be held under the anti-polygamy law, recently passed by Congress, but, notwithstanding this, it is said that Mr. Cannon will again be the candidate of his people, who hold him in great esteem. He is, undoubtedly, a man of fine abilities.

The committee on expenses attending the illness of the late President Garfield have, after careful consideration of the services rendered, reported a bill fixing the compensation of the surgeons and nurses and allowing to the employes of the Executive Mansion certain extra pay for their services. The allowance made is very liberal in some instances, but it must be remembered that the surgeons and nurses gave up every thing else, and devoted their entire time and attention to the case. Nothing less than this would have satisfied the public. It does not lessen the value of the service, either, that those who attended at the bedside of the suffering President and ministered to his wants, did so without giving thought to the matter of pecuniary responsibility. No bills have ever been made out, no compensation is claimed. The committee have apparently, taken all the circumstances and conditions into consideration, and it would be most unseemingly for Congress to raise a dispute over this matter.

There is considerable interest felt here in political circles regarding the nomination of Congressman at Large for Pennsylvania, under the new apportionment. A good many names are mentioned in connection therewith, but Col. Samuel B. Dick, of Crawford county, seems to have the inside track. It is stated that he led his county ticket by some 225 votes, and in addition he appears to be quite a favorite among the Keystone legislators in Washington. He is regarded as a man of high character and great personal attainments.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate yesterday: Alfonso Taft, of Ohio, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Austria; Wm. L. Dayton, of New Jersey, to be Minister Resident of the United States to the Netherlands; Nicholas Fish, of New York, to be Minister Resident to Belgium; John M. Francis, of New York, to be Charge d'Affaires to Portugal; J. P. Wickersham, of Pennsylvania, to be Charge d'Affaires to Denmark; Adam Badeau, of New York, to be Consul General at Havana; Harry L. Slaight, of N. Y., United States Consul at Prescott.

The terms of twenty-six U. S. Senators will expire on the 3rd of next March—14 Democrats, 11 Republicans and 1 Independent—as follows: Messrs. Morgan, Garland, Sanlsbury, Hill, (Geo.), Beck, Lamar, McPherson, Ransom, Grover, Butler, Harris, Coke, Johnston and Davis, of West Virginia, Democrats; Messrs. Chilcott, McDill, Plumb, Kellogg, Frye, Hoar, Ferry, Windom, Sanders, Rollins, and Anthony, Republicans, and Davis, of Illinois, Independent. Of these, Messrs. Beck and Lamar have already been chosen as their own successors; Mr. Gibson, Democrat, has been elected to succeed K-Hogg, Republican; Riddleberger, Readjuster, has been elected to succeed Johnston, Democrat, and Wilson, Republican, has been elected to succeed McDill, Republican.

The past-Lenten society season has auspiciously begun and bids fair to continue until the weather grows too warm for visiting or evening parties to be enjoyed. The President intends receiving every Tuesday evening for a time. His reception this week was eminently successful in attracting together a distinguished company without so over-crowding the rooms as to interfere with pleasure. The army and navy were the specially honored guests of the evening, and were respectively invited through the Adjutant-General of the Army and Secretary of the Navy. AUGUST.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, April 24, 1882.

One of the stormiest sessions of the House this season was that of Monday last, the excitement growing out of Mr. Page's endeavor to get up and pass the new Chinese bill under a suspension of the rules. It was apparent that more than the necessary two-thirds were in favor of the motion, but for various reasons it was made the occasion of great uproar and confusion. Mr. Rice, of Massachusetts, was the only member present who would speak against the bill, and he could not be heard. When the vote came to be taken, of the two hundred and thirty-eight members only thirty-seven voted no. Here in Washington there is not a very strong local sentiment in favor of the anti Chinese legislation, perhaps because our people come in contact with and know only the better class of Chinese—the nobility, or those who come here as representatives of their Government—and therefore have no prejudice against them. There could be no objection to Chinese if they were all like those who have resided here. The late Minister, who returned to China a few months ago, was a man of the broadest pattern than whom no foreign representative has stood in higher esteem among intelligent people at the Capital. His successor is, also, evidently, a statesman. Yet with all this we learn even from intercourse with them something of the oddities of this singular Eastern people.

Among the many curious and beautiful things in the drawing room at that Legation brought here by the present Minister are a number of dolls about a foot high, dressed to represent accurately Chinese men and women, and there is also intruded among them and placed without design, in most suggestive proximity to a woman playing upon a wind instrument, a representation of the Chinese ideal Prince of the Devils, which is of solid clay and so heavy as to be lifted with difficulty. He is dressed in bright red loose garments, has full whiskers and a mustache parted to show a horrid leer on his lips in which his eyes take part and which would do credit to Mephistopheles. He is a very wicked, but a very jolly looking devil. Some very old bronze and China vases are also in this parlor and all along the walls are scroll panels with Chinese characters upon them expressive of some moral sentiment. It is a singular coincidence that on the very day the President held the special Cabinet meeting at which it was decided that the anti-Chinese bill should be vetoed, it was observed that his picture had unintentionally been placed on a stand between two Chinese mottoes, one of which read, "Be a man," and the other, "Be generous," which might be construed as enjoining him to have backbone enough to veto the bill and to be generous with the territory of the big country over which he presides. When first they came here the Minister and other gentlemen of the Chinese Legation used always to offer tea to their visitors, but they found so few gentlemen who accepted it that they now keep upon the center table in their parlors decanters of choice wines and handsome glasses and a silver salver full of assorted cakes. Nevertheless I hear of several members of the two Houses of Congress and other officials who regularly turn down their wine glasses at dinner parties, declining any spirituous beverages. I saw Attorney General Brewster and the acting Vice-President, David Davis, both refuse wine at a recent dinner party. The latter said he stopped wine and tobacco over a year ago, and his health had improved in consequence. Two gentlemen—Hon. Aleck Stephens and Gen. Schenck—wherever they may dine, observe always the same rules as regards food and drink which they enforce upon themselves in private. The latter always takes along his bottle of ginger ale to dinner parties and never drinks anything else.

According to the understanding arrived at by the Republican caucus the contested election cases are to be brought forward and settled at once. The first case taken up is the Lynch-Chalmers contest from Mississippi, the committee recommending that the seat be awarded to Lynch, the colored contestant. It is rumored that the Democrats propose to filibuster on this case, but they can have no good excuse for any such course, as there is no doubt that Lynch was elected. If the Democrats want to filibuster they had best do it on some of the cases where the committee has shown undue partisanship, as there are some of that character, it is claimed. The impression at the caucus meeting the other night was that the committee could dispose of all its work in short order, but calculations were not made for Democratic filibustering. The Republican majority, of course, will stand by the committee, and an exciting time may be expected before these matters are disposed of. The Democrats are making vigorous efforts to get their absentees here. They always have more difficulty in this respect, somehow, than the other side, and that was one of their troubles even when they were in a majority. Apropos of the contest above mentioned a very good story is told: A prominent ex-Confederate officer, now residing in Washington, started out the other evening to find a man servant. He met a pretty good looking colored man, and asked if he could recommend a good servant. The colored man regretted that he could not. "What are you engaged at?" asked the ex-Confederate. "Why can't I employ you?" "I am not doing anything just now," was the reply; "but I expect to have a seat in Congress in a few days. My name is Lynch, and I am contesting the seat of Gen. Chalmers."

DOM PEDRO.

[FROM OUR SOUTHERN CORRESPONDENT.]

NORTH CAROLINA VIEWED BY A NORTHERN MAN.

WADESBORO, N. C., April 20, 1882.

The climate of North Carolina is intermediate, answering to the highest favorable conditions to animal life. Its soil is of every variety and grade of fertility. In the east, stretching out many miles from the bays and sounds and along the river course, are wide bottoms of great depth and fertility, on which are grown annually fine crops of cotton and corn. Some of these bottoms are of a dark peaty soil of great depth and inexhaustible fertility, producing from 50 to 90 bushels of corn per acre, without manure for the last 100 years. Under a better system of enriching and cultivating the soil this portion of the State could be made to yield immense profits to farmers. One hundred miles from the coast is one of the finest trucking regions of the union. An artificial earliness is gained from the Gulf Stream, and truckers can make double crops annually. On a single acre of ground $100 worth of potatoes can be grown, and as high as $125 worth of peas per acre has been produced. After these early crops are gathered a $50 bale of cotton, per acre, is a common yield in this section. Around Raleigh, the capital of the State, for a distance of one hundred miles the finest quality of "gold leaf" tobacco is grown, which commands the highest market price. This product is valued at from $1,200 to $2,000 per crop.

The "Farmer and Mechanic," in speaking of the immense advantages of this crop says, "it has converted the single house whereat Sherman received Johnston's surrender into the town of Durham with 3,500 inhabitants, and factories paying nearly a half million dollars revenue tax. This crop is increasing millions of pounds yearly." The U. S. Agricultural report gives North Carolina the highest yield of hay per acre of any State in the Union, except New York, between Maine and Texas. And if the same improved system of farming was obtained here, as there, even this single exception would not be noted, as "the old North State" has advantages in climate and soil over New York. In two counties alone, Hyde and Currituck, more corn has been produced in a single year than in the whole state of New York.

The annual report of the commissioner for the year 1880, showing that the season was about equally favorable to all sections, gives the aggregate value of the productions of North Carolina at $37,086,321. Considering that three-fifths of the native forests yet standing, and thousands of acres of cleared land are uncultivated for want of labor, and, in many instances, capital, this report is equal to the best. At the close of the war those people were almost destitute of the bare necessities of life. But they are struggling forward right manfully. In a few more years they can be squarely on their feet.

In the middle and western districts the soil may be described as generally clayey and gravelly loams, except the river bottoms which are clayey and sandy loams. The climate of these sections is very salubrious, being free from all malarial influences, except in a very few localities along the river courses where the waters are more sluggishly. These, however, are rare exceptions. Statistics show that so far as that prevalent and fatal scourge, consumption is concerned, one of the two small eras of total exemption in the whole country from this dread destroyer of the human race is found in North Carolina.

The middle and western sections are highly recommended for their healthfulness. The middle district produces the finest cotton of the South; Anson county carrying away the laurels from the Atlanta Exposition. It has been the habit of farmers heretofore to grow this crop principally because of the large yield and immense profits. Some grow this crop almost exclusively which is a great mistake, necessitating them to buy everything wanted for home consumption. Others not only raise as much cotton as their neighbors but at the same time grow wheat, corn, potatoes, grasses, &c., sufficient for themselves and tenants, and in some instances, surplus to dispose of to their less wise neighbors? In this section there is more tillable land than can be worked, owing to lack of laborers. The farms have hitherto been large, but are now being divided into smaller ones and rented or sold, on easy terms. The present is a propitious time to rent or buy these lands, as they are coming rapidly into demand, owing to immigration and an increased interest in farming. An excellent quality of improved land can yet be bought at $10 per acre. At some future time I may furnish gleanings of verified facts concerning farming in this section. For the present I must refer the reader to Mr. John T. Patrick, Secretary of the Agricultural, Mechanical and Immigration Society, whose post office address is Wadesboro, Anson Co., N. C. Mr. Patrick will cheerfully answer all questions relating to the interests of the departments of industries represented by the Society. Having been for a series of years engaged in editorial newspaper work, and having devoted his time assiduously to the subject of immigration, he is well posted on all questions relating to his work, and is ever ready to impart desired information. The old North State though at present an agricultural one, is rapidly becoming a manufacturing State. She has two hundred streams, with a combined water-power of 3,000,000 horse, equal to the entire steam power of New England. She now has invested in factories $8,140,473, on which 50 per cent. is realized against 28 per cent on $231,677,861 in New England, shown by the census of 1870. And in regard to the variety of agricultural products, North Carolina is the only State that can boast of raising anything and everything grown in any of the States and territories of the Union. It can also boast of 150 valuable minerals in 70 counties, and $100,000 of gold yield annually, although mining in this State is yet in its infancy. Her magnificent forests covering three fifths of the whole State are of inestimable value in this age of scarcity of timber. All in all considered, the "Old North State" is a desirable place to live. Let agriculturists who desire cheap, pleasant, profitable homes, move hitherward. R. H. W.

WAVERLY MAGAZINE.

This popular periodical has sixteen large pages, size 11 by 15 inches, set in small type, and contains double the reading of any other weekly literary paper in the country. It will contain no advertisements, but be filled with Stories, Music, Poetry, Anecdotes, Enigmas, &c. The music will consist of Anthems, Songs, Dances, and Marches, which in one year will be worth at least $12.00. It is the cheapest and best family paper in America. No continued stories.

Terms—One year, $4.00; six months, $2.00; three months, $1.00. Sixteen back numbers, all different, will be sent, post paid, to any address for $1.00.

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We have just received a copy of the most popular piece of music ever published in this country, called the "Verdict March," composed by Eugene L. Blake. It is written in an easy style, so that it can be played on either piano or organ. The title page is very handsome, containing correct portraits of Hon. G. B. Corkhill, Hon. J. K. Porter, and Judge W. S. Cox; also a correct picture of the twelve jurymen who convicted the assassin of our late beloved President. This piece of music should be found in every household throughout the entire country. Price, 40 cents per copy, or three copies for $1. Postage stamps taken as currency. Address all orders to F. W. Meimick, Music Publisher, 180 Elm Street, Cincinnati, O., United States of America.

A Valuable Addition.

Because it is beneficial to the scalp and adds to personal beauty by restoring color and lustre to gray or faded hair, is why Parker's Hair Balsam is such a popular dressing.

—The north bound passenger express train on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad, going fifteen miles an hour, ran into a misplaced switch early Wednesday morning. All the cars went off the track. The Engineer, Daniel Driscoll, was killed. The train was full of passengers, but none of them was hurt.

—Isaac Kepler, aged 70 years, was instantly killed by cars at Mifflintown, Juniata county, on Saturday.

New Advertisements.

CRESCENT PLUG

This brand of Tobacco, though but a short time on the market, is already the favorite with many chewers. Made from selected leaf and with best sweetening, it is a capital article and especially suited to the Pennsylvania taste. For sale by all dealers. Send for sample to the manufacturers.

C. A. JACKSON & CO., Petersburg, Va.

$30 Per Week can be made in any locality. Something entirely new for agents $5 outfit free. G. W. INGRAHAM & CO., Boston, Mass. apr.29

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which positively and permanently cures IMPOTENCY (caused by excesses of any kind), SEMINAL WEAKNESS and all diseases that follow as a sequence of self-Abuse, as loss of energy, loss of memory, universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity or consumption and a premature grave. Send for circulars with testimonials free by mail. The INVIGORATOR is sold at $1 per box or six boxes for $5, by all druggists, or will be sent free by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of price, by addressing

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OVER A MILLION OF

Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pads

Have already been sold in this country and in France, every one of which has given perfect satisfaction, and has performed cures every time when used according to directions.

We now say to the afflicted and doubting ones that we will pay the above reward for a single case of

LAME BACK

That the Pad fails to cure. This great remedy will POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY cure Lumbago, Lame Back, Sciatica, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Incontinence and Retention of the Urine, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, Often Colored Urine, Pain in the Back, Side or Loins, Nervous Weakness, and in fact all disorders of the Bladder and Urinary Organs whether contracted by private disease or otherwise.

LADIES, if you are suffering from Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa or any disease of the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs

YOU CAN BE CURED!

Without swallowing nauseous medicines, by simply wearing

PROF. GUILMETTE'S

French Kidney Pad!!

WHICH CURES BY ABSORPTION.

Ask your druggist for PROF GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD and take no other. If one has not got it, send $2.00 and you will get the Pad by return mail.

Testimonials from the People.

JUDGE BUCHANAN, Lawyer, Toledo, O., says:

"One of Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pads cured me of Lumbago in three weeks' time. My case had been given up to die. Best Doctors as incurable. During all this time I suffered untold agony and paid out large sums of money."

GEORGE YETTER, J. P., Toledo, O., says:

"I suffered for three years with sciatica and Kidney Disease, and of en had to go about on crutches. I was entirely an permanently cured after wearing Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pad four weeks."

SQUIRE N. C. SCOTT, Sylvania, O., writes:

"I have been a great sufferer for 15 years with Bright's Disease of the Kidneys. For weeks at a time was unable to get out of bed. Took barrels of medicine, but they only gave me temporary relief. I wore two of Professor Guilmette's Kidney Pads six weeks, and I now know I am entirely cured."

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"For years I have been confined, a great part of the time to my bed with Leucorrhœa and Female Weakness. I wore one of Guilmette's Kidney Pads and was cured in one month."

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B. F. KESSLING, M. D., Druggist, Logansport, Ind., when sending in an order for Kidney Pads, writes:

"I wore one of the first ones we ever had, and received more benefit from it than anything I ever used. In fact the Pads give better general satisfaction than any Kidney remedy we ever sold."

RAY & SHOEMAKER, Druggists, Hannibal, Mo.:

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FRENCH LIVER PAD

Will positively cure Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Ague Cake, Billious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, and all Diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Blood. Price $1.50 by mail. Send for Prof. Guilmette's Treatise on the Kidneys and Liver, free by mail.

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Tuesday, May 2nd, 1882,

at TWO o'clock p. m., all that certain tract or piece of land situated in Mahoning township aforesaid, known as the Driesbach Farm, bounded by lands of John Balliet, Soloman Gomery and others, containing

Twenty-two Acres, more or less,

all cleared and under a fine state of cultivation. The improvements thereon are a good

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Good Goods! Extra Bargains!

IN DRESS GOODS and BROCATEL SILKS!

Dress Ginghams - 10 cents, worth 12½ and 15 cents.

Cottonades - - - - - 19 cents, worth 25 cents.

Men's Percale Laundried Shirts, with 2 Collars, for 75 cents, worth $1.25 everywhere. **Men's Scarfs for 35c.**, worth 50c. Some sizes in **Janvin's Black Kid Gloves at 35c.** A nice line of **Black Silk Chenille and Bugle Fringes** at two-thirds their usual price. **PRINTS** at 4½, 5, 6, 7 and 8c. **Bleached and Unbleached Muslin from 5c.** per yard upward. My line of

Carpets, Matting and Oil Cloths

is complete and the **Prices are Low as the Lowest**; remember I have all grades from the Cheapest to the Best. And now a word about the

BLACK CASHMERES!

This line of Goods I take especial interest in, and I will **challenge and defy anyone** to excel me in this line either in **Price** or **Quality**. I know they are **Excelled any Nowhere.**

I am receiving almost daily New Goods, and my aim and object is to give the most and best goods for the cash money, and will not be UNDERSOLD. ☞ Remember at

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All Kinds of GRAIN BOUGHT and SOLD at REGULAR MARKET RATES.

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From any Mine desired at VERY

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Sure cure, by an outward application which will cause the broken membrane to heal and become as strong as before he accident. No one need run the fearful risk of strangulation when a certain and speedy cure can be had at a trifling cost of $5. Full treatment and valuable information sent on receipt of price by F. H. MERRICK, Ogdensburg, N. Y.

The above plaster was discovered a number of years ago by an old lady a resident of Ogdensburg. Reference furnished if desired. Jan. 7-6 mo.

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