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The Carbon Advocate

LEHIGHTON, PENNA.

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SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1890.

Bona Fide Circulation Larger than that of any Weekly Newspaper in the County.

A PLAN suggested for the improvement of First street is that the property holders pay two-thirds and the borough one-third of the total cost. This is an arrangement followed by many towns and it is said to work satisfactorially. The ADVOCATE trusts that the property holders will agree to any favorable arrangement so that work can soon be commenced on the thoroughfare.

QUITE a number of Carbon county Grand Juries have at various times condemned the L. C. & N. Co.'s bridge crossing the canal at Weissport, without apparent effect. The citizens of that community should petition the Court for a rule compelling the company to erect a bridge with proper conveniences. The present structure is too narrow, and is consequently dangerous.

PROF. JOHN HENRY COMSTOCK, the eminent naturalist, begins in the *New York Ledger* of March 1, a series of six articles on the study of insects, in which he describes, not only those insects which are useful to the farmer, but also, those which destroy entire fields of grain, cotton and rice, and ravage orchards, gardens and vineyards. He demonstrates how it was scientifically determined that an average annual loss of $30,000,000 has been occasioned in the South by the cotton-worm alone; and that an average loss per year, of nearly $2,400,000, has been brought about in the apple crop of Illinois by the ravages of the codlin moth. The series is profusely illustrated.

THE Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has recently rendered several decisions of general interest in the matter of road tax. The right of farmers to work out their road tax has been generally, if not universally conceded; supervisors in a few townships insisted that the tax must be paid in money. A test case has been decided in favor of the taxpayers, and their right to work out the tax distinctly and finally affirmed. In other cases collectors of road taxes have claimed a commission on the part worked out, as well as that paid into the township treasury. The Supreme Court decides that all claims for such commissions should be rejected, the working out of the tax imposing no labor on the collector or treasurer, but on the supervisor, who is paid for his services.

TO AN inquirer the ADVOCATE would say that in the matter of the election of constables and assessors, Judge Dreher, of our courts, ruled that the Act of February 14, 1889, went into effect at the February election of that year, and that all constables and assessors were then elected to serve a three years term, and the constables gave bonds for that period. Constables elected at the late February election will not be sworn in, for in case the ruling should be reversed a special election would necessarily have to be held to fill the office as it was not properly advertised according to law, or, possibly it would come within the jurisdiction of the court to fill the vacancies occuring through a revision of the ruling of the lower court, in that case it is natural to presume that the favored ones would be the present incumbents.

BBOADBRIM'S N. Y. LETTER

Last week, when the whole town was howling about Douglas Green and Mrs. McCrea, I held my peace, though I knew them both better than ninety-nine out of a hundred that were writing and talking about them.

It's now almost two years since the millionlare Snell was found dead in his own house in Chicago, murdered by some one, —no one to this day knows exactly who, but universal suspicion seems to have fixed on one Tascott; who from that day to this, has been a wanderer on the face of the earth, with a reward of forty thousand dollars placed upon his head.

Snell, who was killed, was not the most amiable person in the world; he drove hard bargains, and was merciless in the enforcement of his monetary contracts, and that he was hated by many, goes without saying. He was full of queer streaks and cranks, and many of his peculiarities he seemed to have transmitted to his daughter Alice, the heroine of the present escapade. She married early, a gentleman named McCrea; but the honeymoon was short lived, and she soon returned to her father's house. She was a spoiled child from the start; always used to having her own way, and doing all sorts of strange things which kept society gossiping. There was no controling her; she would do whatever she pleased, so poor McCrea gave her up as a bad job, and they parted. A woman with plenty of money and no fixed principles, having no particular aim in life, is always treading on dangerous ground. Alice Snell McCrea wanted notoriety; she hungered for sensation, and at one time attempted to study for the stage. She was not bad looking; she was not bad looking; she was dressy and showy —just, the woman to catch the eye of that class of men whose reputations, if not bad, are at least exceedingly shady.

Douglas Green was not a bad fellow, on the contrary, he was an exceedingly good fellow,, handsome too, something of a masher; but up to his recent escapade, nothing serious had been brought against him. He had a sweet little wife and two children, and his domestic relations were all that could be desired. He was a member of the Stock Board, with plenty of friends and very few enemies; he lived well—not extravagantly, but always provided bountifully for his family, and was generally respected by all who knew him.

Now life in the Stock Board, is not conducive to the highest morals; many excellant and passingly upright men belong to it, but the great body of the stockholders are what may be called fast. If a prize fight or a dog fight is to be got up, the managing Pugs always make for the Stock Board. If tickets are to be disposed of for a shady French Ball, the Stock Board is the place to do it. Gambling is in the air. Horse racing and poker are their fashionable relaxtions, and when nothing else offers, they will match dollars by the hour if stocks are dull. In these matters, Douglas Green was not far different from his fellows.

Another danger to which the Wall street broker is exposed, is the wiles of artful and designing women. From all parts of the world they drift to Wall street, and the broker is legitimate game. They want points on the rise and fall of stocks, and, sharp as the brokers are on stocks, they fall an easy prey to these adventuresses. In this way fell poor Nat Hatch, who was killed last year, while in company of the adventuress, Mrs. Scoville, who I see was arrested this week, for grand larceny. Mrs. McCrea saw Douglas Green, and fell desperately in love with him, and Douglas Green returned the compliment, by falling desperately in love with Mrs. McCrea. Green's friends say he was crazy; yet up to the day of his escapade, when he left his own little wife, and sped off to Old Point Comfort to marry Mrs. McCrea, he was considered quite sane enough to go on 'Change, and buy and sell stocks to the amount of hundreds of thousands of dollars, but now that he has committed an act which places him in danger of States Prison, his friends hope, in case of his apprehension, to place him in a Lunatic Asylum, instead. It is a strange affair, look at it as we will, that a man of fine business qualifications, of ample fortune, with a good and handsome wife, and sweet little children, should deliberately march out of his own house, all the arrangements having been made beforehand, and marry a woman who was sure to drag him down to ruin, and make him a criminal for the rest of his life.

The strangest part of the whole story is that Mr. Green was quite religious—that he was a regular attendant at the Presbyterian church, and never sat down to his meals without saying grace before meat, and went down on his knees every night and said his prayers before he went to bed. His poor little wife is broken-hearted; his partners and his relations feel disgraced. Everybody who knew him is asking; "What was he thinking off?" "How could he do it?" I give it up. It's something that no fellow can find out. I'll have to leave the guess to him who told Nellie Bly's time round the world within half a second.

The benefit to Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., tendered by the citizens of New York last week, brought out some of the best society people in the city, and the financial results was something over three thousand dollars. For several months past the poor young woman has been lying here racked by acute rheumatism, utterly unable to help herself, deserted by her husband and his family, and absolutely dependent for food and shelter for herself and infant on the charity of friends, who have kindly come forward to assist her. Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., is loved and respected by everybody who knows her, and it is a matter of profound regret among her friends that her young life should have been blasted by her unfortunate marriage with such a worthless husband. Many times she has been requested by her friends to enter suit to compel him to support her, but this she positively refuses to do, preferring to eat the bread of charity from strangers to being under the slightest obligation to her husband or any of his family.

Two hundred millions could not save him, so on Washington's Birthday John Jacob Astor died. I suppose the proper thing to do would be to give him an obituary notice declaring him a public enemy and an oppressor of the poor man because he was rich; if so, I shall not follow the common rule. John Jacob Astor was born a millionaire, so was his father before him, and his grandfather, John Jacob, the founder of the family, was a very rich man, if not a millionaire when his first child was born. The two-hundred millionaire who died on Friday never knew want. From his earliest life he always had millions at his command, but he was no money grabber, no miser; he gained no money by unjust or illicit means. He was a just, square, honorable man, whose word was his bond, and no man who knew him ever called his word in question. He was not ostentatious in his charities, but few men in New York or out it distributed as much among the poor. His wife's hand was never closed during her life time, and it seemed to give her great delight to help the suffering poor. The ragged little newsboys were her especial care—she never forgot them during the holiday times, and they bless her memory. Her death two years ago was a terrible blow to Mr. Astor, their lives were so happy together. Just after his wife's death, feeling that the inevitable was not far off, he sent for his son, William Waldorf—our late minister to Italy—and made over to him the greatbulk of his fortune, only retaining a million or two for his own use.

Notwithstanding his immense fortune and his ackowledged social standing, he was in no sense an aristocrat; he was a self-respecting gentleman, quiet, unostentatious in his bearing to his fellow men, and summer and winter, mornings and afternoons, might be seen walking up and down Broadway from his place of business to his home on Fifth avenue. His death is a great loss to the poor, though his mantle falls most worthily on the shoulders of his son, William Waldorf, whose life up to the present time has been no discredit to his family. The fortune is an immense one; but society is fortunate in having as its custodian and almoner as wise, as just and as charitable a man as William Waldorf Astor.

Washington's Birthday brought out all the patriots and was prolific of Presidential nominations. At the dinner of the Southern Society Mr. Cleveland received a very spirited endorsement, while at another grand feast some enthusiastic friends insisted on nominating our distinguished fellow-citizen Doctor Chauncey M. Depew. Personally I have no objection to the nomination of Mr. Cleveland, but I do seriously object to the nomination of Mr. Depew. What is my reason? well it is this. Presidential timber is abundant in every State in the Union. Little Rhode Island has fifty men, any one of whom would make a first-class President, Illinois has fifty, Ohio one thousand, and many other states are abundantly blessed in that regard; but Chauncey Depews are scarce; we have a monopoly of him right here in New York, and we don't propose to share him with anybody. If you want a New York man and feel that you can't get along without him, take Cleveland, or Hill, or Tom Platt, or Warner Miller, or the Bald Eagle of Westchester, but no Chauncey Depew, we can't spare him. Who like him can gild with his classic eloquence an alumni dinner, or raise into the regions of sublime philosophy the glories of a base ball match? Who can eat six dinners in a single night, and seem to go through the bill of fare from consomme to glacis; make ten speeches on ten different subjects, covering everything from the Westminster Confession to football as a Christian science? Who but he could do it? No, no, my Republican friend, we can't spare him, and you can't get him; we will make him a college president as we did Seth Low, and we will build a college for him and stock it with Plebs, Freshmen, Sophs and Seniors to order, but we are going to keep our own Chauncey here. We may loan him occasionally, but we won't give him away.

A cold wave swept down on us during the last of the week, but it was only a flash in the pan. I thought I heard a Katydid the other night, but I am pretty sure I saw a blue bird. I was coming home from a club dinner, it was about two A. M., he was sitting on a telegraph wire. It may have been a piece of a boy's kite, but it looked like a bluebird anyhow.

I am, yours truly,

BROADBRIM.

Atlantic City.—Improvements on the Reading Railroad's Seashore Line.

Those of our readers who know Atlantic City only as a hot weather resort would be amazed to witness the evidences of life and activity now observable there. The largest of all our coast resorts, it well deserves its title of "The American Brighton," having within the past few years been metamorphosed from a mere summer pleasuring place to a great and permanent sanitarium and abode of recreation. The spring season is now booming; all the leading hotels are now open, and during the daily promenade hour the beach is crowded with votaries of fashion and seekers after health and rest. The remarkably heavy business done on the Reading Railroad's Atlantic City line last year has encouraged its management to still further improve that excellent road. By the liberal expenditure of large sums of money in strengthening the permanent way, and increasing the equipment, supplemented by wide and skilful advertising, this route was jumped to the front of seashore lines in a way that astounded conservative railroad men, and the courage and enterprise of President Corbin and his able coadjutors were amply rewarded by an enormous increase in the road's patronage.

In anticipation of a still greater volume of travel during the coming summer, the road is being double-tracked over its entire length with 76-pound steel rails, and it is expected that this improvement will be completed by April 1st, making the Reading the first, and, for the present, the only double-track railroad between Philadelphia and the seashore. This will enable trains to be moved with increased promptness, and it will also have the effect of establishing an additional safeguard against accident.

The Reading's new depot in Atlantic City is said to be the finest and most complete railway structure on the coast. It is 550 feet long, with a frontage of 800 feet on Atlantic Avenue—the main thoroughfare. The train sheds are 450 feet long, with room for six tracks, and between these are platforms twenty-five feet wide. The spacious waiting rooms are artistically finished in oak, with mahogany furnishings and rich curtains. Architecturally, the station is a beauty, and its great dimensions will enable the railroad people to handle immense crowds without difficulty or delay. Arrangements have been made to augment the motive power and car equipment to meet the expected "boom," and Reading officials predict a phenomenally big season of travel.

Curiosities of Composition.

The following items are from papers on English history, and should be weighed, considered, chewed and digested:

"Alfred the Great was the first to introduce time, which he did by means of candles."

"Roger Bacon, by means of his custom of writing books, became very poor."

"The pope wished him (Roger Bacon) to write, but paper and pencils were so dear that he could not do so till some time after, when he wrote a book called 'Opus Majus.'"

"Van Tromp swept the channel with a brougham at his masthead."

"Newton invented the fluxions of light."

"Marlborough is first heard of at the battle of Turenne."

"Cranmer was a weak minded man and went to the steak recanting."

"Eliot was one of the best eloquists in England."

"The clergy clung to the king because they were afraid of the Lollards, and the king turned merchant and made vast sums of money."

"William I was very strong and had a savage countenance and never allowed himself to be tampered with."

"The friars were instituted by religious fanatics who did not like monks who only drank wine and eat."

"Lottery loans were loans borrowed and repaid at very low interest. But some of the money which was borrowed government in repaying it—the people who put it were chosen by lot, and had it paid back at a very high interest."

"Newton invented the laws of gravitation and the motions of the planets."—All the Year Round.

Four Rare Birds.

The Zoological society has just acquired two specimens of the apteryx in addition to the two which have been already exhibited for some months. All the four birds are temporarily placed in the tortoise house pending alterations in the insect house, which will be their permanent resting place. These birds should be attractive to the visitor for several reasons. In the first place, they are somewhat difficult to catch a glimpse of. Fortunately for themselves—for they have no doubt flourished and multiplied on account of this very habit—but unfortunately for the public, they are nocturnal; the rarity of their appearance will therefore add to their interest when they are seen.

In the second place, they are remarkable even among "wingless" birds for the very rudimentary character of their wings, which a life entirely devoted to a nightly huntafter worms has almost improved away altogether; but if the apteryx has no wings worthy the name, it has a pair of very stout legs which allow it to hurry over the ground at a very respectable rate, and to defend itself by vigorous kicks. The apteryx only occurs in New Zealand, and it has been said to make its nest in a way which seems very characteristic of its antipodean habitat. Instead of depositing its eggs in a nest and then sitting upon them, the apteryx first buries its egg and then digs a hole underneathit, in which it remains, and thus sits upon but under the nest. It must be admitted, however, that this statement has been disputed.—London Daily News.

Why Silk Is So Expensive.

To produce sufficient silk to make a dress requires more time and capital than most people would imagine. If we take one and a quarter pounds as the weight of pure silk required, this would be equal to two pounds of raw silk. To produce two pounds of raw silk would require the entire silk obtained from 7,000 to 8,000 worms, allowing a percentage for death by disease and other casualties.

It may be interesting to state that these young worms, when newly hatched would scarcely weigh one-quarter of an ounce, yet in the course of their life, which only lasts some thirty to thirty-five days, they will consume about 300 to 400 pounds of leaves and increase in weight about 9,000 times.

Consumers of silk will not wonder at its high value when they consider that to raise two pounds of raw silk so much time and money is required. Besides the original cost of the eggs or young worms, they require feeding at regular intervals daily with mulberry leaves, and consume the above weight of leaves during their life. This is a large item of expense if the cultivator does not grow and gather his own leaves, but is compelled to purchase them.—Textile Mercury.

"By sweat of the brow, but idleness sweats all over."

Despair is the sahes of hope, which the wind of tribulashun skatters.

Electric Wires and Insurance.

The statement is frequently made that the proximity of electric light wires to mercantile business places prejudices the insurance. Now, the man who says that isn't posted on insurance matters. The fact is I have insured several electric light plants at a less rate than I was required to charge for some stocks of goods. Only eight alarms of fire were caused in St. Louis last year by electric currents, and several of these alarms resulted from the close proximity of the source of trouble to fire engine houses from which people summoned the apparatus to protect adjacent property. I will not charge an extra rate on account of the use of electric lights in any building if the wires are properly insulated, but rather a lower rate.—An Insurance Agent in The St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Secretary Blaine attributes his good health to the fact that he has given up his habit of eating meat three times a day. He eats eggs for breakfast, cracked wheat for lunch and roast meat for dinner. Since he adopted this regimen his health has been greatly improved.

Tough Old Zulu Chiefs.

The old chiefs in South Africa know nothing about trekking, and on several occasions became so impatient that they started off on foot ahead of the wagons. One day they had to walk thirty-seven miles before reaching water, and then had to wait two days on scant rations before we came up with them. One of these men is 75 years old, but the tough old Zulu (the Matabele rulers are of Zulu origin) was none the worse for the escapade.

On another occasion, in spite of our warnings, they left us, armed only with assegais, in the worst part of the lion country. When we followed a few hours afterward we saw to our horror that their footprints in the sand had been partially obliterated by the spoor of a lion. Fortunately, however, he had followed them only for some hundred yards, and then, probably not being hungry, he wandered off toward a pool of water.

Such vagaries were to us a source of constant anxiety, for how could we face the king without bringing back his Indians? Our own lives would not have been safe. We should have been proclaimed as imposters or accused of witchcraft.

However, we managed to divert their minds and keep them employed at the wagons by shooting twenty-six gray monkeys for them. The skins of this particular species are only worn by royalty or big chiefs.—Cor. London Telegraph.

A cashmere shawl does not depreciate by age; on the contrary, it gains a certain mellowness, for the coloring becomes toned by time. The true worth of the vegetable dyes which are employed may be seen in other descriptions of shawls which are imported.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Company, 106 Wall Street N. Y. june15

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Bottled Gherkins, Sweet Pickles, Chow-Chow, Onions, Table Sauce, Horse-radish, Cauliflower, Catsup, Mixed Pickles, Celery Sauce, and all kinds of choice Jellies and table necessaries. In

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware &c.

We lead, both in low prices and quality of goods. Our large stock is displayed to advantage, an item which purchasers will certainly greatly appreciate,

REMEMBER THE

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LEHIGHTON PA.

Lehighton Business Directory.

WAL. SCHWARTZ, Bank St., the oldest furniture house in town. Every description of furniture always on hand. Prices very low.

W. A. PETERS, Saloon and Restaurant, Bank Street. Fresh Lager always on tap. Oysters in season. Drop in and see us. novl0-1y

A RELIABLE JEWELER: D. S. DOCK, jan25-88 OPP. PUBLIC SQUARE.

THE CARBON ADVOCATE OFFICE, Bank street, plain and fancy job printing a specialty. ADVOCATE one dollar per year in advance.

J. W. RAUDENBUSH, Bank street, wholesale dealer in choice brands of whiskies, gin, brandies, wines, &c. ☞ Patronage solicited.

Our Churches.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL, South Bank street Sunday services at 10 a. m., and 7.00 p. m. Sunday School 2 p.m. REV. DUNGAN, Pastor.

TRINITY LUTHERAN, Iron street, Sunday services, 10 a. m., (German), 7.00 p. m., (English), Sunday school 2 p.m. J. H. RUDER, Pastor.

REFORMED, Lehigh street, Sunday services at 10 a. m., (German), 7.00 p. m., (English), Sunday school 2 p. m. J. ALVIN BERSH, Pastor.

EVANGELICAL, South street, Sunday services at 10 a. m., (German), 7.00 p. m., (English) Sunday school 2 p. m. J. S. NEWHART, Pastor.

CATHOLIC, corner Northampton and Coal streets, services every Sunday morning and evening. REV. HAMMACHER Pastor.

Professional & Business Cards.

W. M. Rapsher, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, First door above the Mansion House, MAUCH CHUNK, - - - - PENN'A. Real Estate and Collection Agency. Will Buy and Sell Real Estate, Conveyancing neatly done, Collections promptly made. Settling Estates of Decedents a specialty. May be consulted in English and German. nov. 22-y1

W. G. M. Seiple, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, SOUTH STREET, - - - LEHIGHTON. May be consulted in English and German.—Special attention given to Gynecology. OFFICE HOURS: From 12 M. to 2 P. M., and from 6 to 9 P. M. mar. 31-y1

DR. G. T. FOX, 172 Main Street, Bath, Pa. AT EASTON, SWAN HOTEL, TUESDAYS. AT ALLENTOWN, EAGLE HOTEL, THURSDAY AT BANGOR, BROADWAY HOUSE, MONDAYS. AT BATH, WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Practice limited to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat ☞ Also, Refraction of the Eyes for the adjustment of glasses.

Dr. H. B. REINOHL, Graduate of Phila. Dental College. DENTISTRY! IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. Perservation of the Teeth a Specialty. OFFICE HOURS: From 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. OAK HALL, Market Square, Mauch Chunk. BRANCH OFFICE: EAST - MAUCH - CHUNK, Two Doors North of Post-Office. OFFICE HOURS: 7 to 9 a. m. and 5 to 7 p. m. April 23-3m*

A. S. Rabenold, D. D. S.

NEW OFFICE:—Over J. W. Raudenbush' Liquor Store, BANK STREET, LEHIGHTON. Dentistry in all its branches. Teeth Extracted without Pain. Gas administered when requested. Office Days—WEDNESDAY of each week. P. O. address, ALLENTOWN, 3-y1 Lehigh county, Pa.

F. I. SMITH, D. D. S., Office opposite the Opera House. Bank Street, Lehighton, Pa.

DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. Filling and making artificial dentures a specialty. Local anesthetics used. Gas administered and Teeth Extracted WITHOUT PAIN. OFFICE HOURS:—From 8 a. m., to 12 m., from 1 p. m., to 5 p. m., from 7 p. m., to 8 p. m. Consultations in English or German. Office Hours at Hazleton—Every Saturday. Oct 15-87—1y

DENTISTRY. Dr. J. A. Mayer & Son. Dr. GEORGE H. MAYER, a Graduate from the Dental Department of the University of Pennsylvania, has opened an office in the same building with his father, second floor in the Bay Window, 59 BROADWAY, MAUCH CHUNK, PA., and is now prepared to receive every one in need of first-class dental service. june 8-89-1f

MANSION HOUSE, Opposite L. & S. Depot, BANK STREET, - - LEHIGHTON, C. H. HOM, PROPRIETOR. This house offers first-class accommodations for transient and permanent boarders. It has been newly refitted in all its departments, and is located in one of the most picturesque portions of the borough. Terms moderate. ☞ The BAR is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Fresh Lager on Tap. apr 17-y1

T. J. BRETNEY respectfully announces to the Merchants of Lehighton and others that he is now prepared to do all kinds of HAULING OF FREIGHT, EXPRESS MATTER AND BAGGAGE On reasonable terms. Orders ole at Sweeny's Corner Store or at my residen ceft PINE St., near the Cemetery, will receive prompt attention. Patronage solicited.

FRANK P. DIEHL, —NORTH STREET,— Practical Blacksmith & Horseshoer is prepared to do al work in his line in the best manner and at the lowest prices. Please call. nov20-86-1y.

Administrator's Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Carbon county, there will be exposed to public sale on the premises, the late residence of John Schwartz, deceased, in the borough of Lehighton, Carbon county, Penna., on

Saturday, March 8, 1890,

at TWO o'clock P. M., the following real estate late the property of John Schwartz, deceased.

1. All those two certain lots or pieces of ground situated on the east side of Pine street, in the borough of Lehighton, Carbon county, Pennsylvania, and numbered in the plan or plot of the old village of So Lehighton, No. 42 and 43

2. All that certain lot or piece of ground situate on the east side of Northampton street, in said borough of Lehighton, and numbered on the plan or plot of said borough, on the part formerly known as So. Lehighton, No. 19.

The improvements thereon consist of a TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE and other necessary outbuildings.

Terms and conditions will be made known at time and place of sale, by

HORACE HEYDT, Administrator of John Schwartz, deceased.

Freyman & Heydt, Attorneys.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of AARON WEIDAW, Deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Aaron Weidaw, late of the Borough of Lehighton, Carbon county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Austin Boyer, residing in the Borough of Weissport, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands to make known the same without delay.

AUSTIN BOYER, Administrator.

Feb. 21, 1890-n6*

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Particular attention paid to all kinds of interior work.

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Fine Groceries and Confections, Silverware, Jewelry, Toys, Fancy Goods,

Our assortment is Large, New and Complete, while Prices are down to the lowest notch. We extend an invitation to the purchasing public to call when in need of anything in —our line—

NUSBAUM & CULTON,

Opp. the Park, Lehighton.

Lehigh Coal & Hardware Co.,

Coal, Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Agricultural Implements and Repairs, Field and Garden Seeds, Phosphates, &c.

We desire to call special attention to our

Roofing Slate, Cement, Lime and Building Sand,

A full supply of which we have constantly on hand.

Orders taken for Lumber.

General Agents for the

Imp. Anthony Wayne Washer & Ironing Boards

Seiler's Corner, North Bank Street.

GENTS FURNISHINGS. Big Stock.

HATS, CAPS, Boots & Shoes. TRUNKS, &c,

Fine Winter Goods

Cassimeres, Worsteds, Corkscrews, Cheviots, &c., &c.

Satisfaction.

There is a good deal of satisfaction in being perfectly satisfied, and especially so in regards to what you wear. In this particular we invariably more than please our patrons. Our stock being large, varied and complete gives satisfaction in making a choice of goods desired, while in style, finish and workmanship our reputation speaks far more eloquently than word. Call on us for your Fall and Winter Clothing—Light or Heavy Overcoats, Suits or parts of Suits. Prices always the Lowest!

Clauss Bros., THE TAILORS, Bank Street, Lehighton, Pa.

J. L. GABEL'S

—IS HEADQUARTERS FOR—

GENERAL HARDWARE,

Paints, Varnishes, Glass,

ALL KINDS OF COAL, &c

OPS. PUBLIC SQUARE,

Bank Street, Lehighton, Pa

KOCH & SHANKWEILER,

HOTEL ALLEN BUILDING.

Read Every Word Carefully. We have taken this medium of announcing our GREAT CLEARANCE SALE, the Greatest ever held in the Lehigh Valley.

We are determined not to carry one dollar's worth of Winter Goods. The enormous reductions we have made and quote below, will draw the greatest crowd even seen in any Clothing Store in the Valley. We will give you an opportunity of saving many dollars on Clothing for yourself or your boys. All OVERCOATS and other heavy goods must go, we are naming prices to Clear Our Counters. If you want to make your money do the best possible service, don't buy until you see us.

Lot No. 1. 500 Boys' Overcoats.

Former price 1.50, 2.00, 2.75, 3.50, 4.00, 4.75 and 5.50. Reduced to 95, 1.25, 1.75, 2.25, 2.50, 3.00, 4.00.

Lot No. 2. 1200 Men's Overoats.

Regular price 6.00, 8.50, 10.00, 12.50, 15.00 and 18.00. Reduced to 3.50, 5.00, 7.00, 8.75, 10.00, 12.00. Young men now is your chance, such slaughtering prices you never heard of.

Lot No. 3. 250 Silk and Satin Lined Overcoats.

Regular price 12.00, 15.00, 18.00, 20.00, 25.00, 28.00 and 30.00. Reduced to 8.50, 10.00, 12.50, 14.50, 18.00, 20.00 and 21.50.

Lot No. 4. 235 Storm Coats for Men and Boys.

Former price 6.00, 8.50, 10.00, 12.00, 15.00 and 18.00. Reduced to 3.50, 5.00, 7.00, 8.50, 10.00, 12.00. Mothers be on hand with your boys, such bargains we have never offered before.

Lot No. 5. 445 Boys' Suits.

Regular price 1.75, 2.25, 2.00, 2.75, 4.50, 3.75, 6.50 and 7.25. Reduced to 1.00, 1.25, 1.75, 2.25, 3.00, 3.75, 4.00 and 4.75.

Lot No. 6. 500 Men's Suits.

Be sure to be on time as some lots will not last long. Regular price 5.75, 6.50, 8.00, 10.00, 12.00, 15.00, 18.00 and 20.00. Reduced to 3.50, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00, 11.00, 13.50 and 15.00

Lot No. 7. 600 Pair Single Pants.

In all sizes, reduced to less than cost to manufacture. Former price 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.75, 4.50 5.00, 6.75 and 7.50. Reduced to 1.00, 1.25, 1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 2.00, 3.50, 4.00 and 5.25.

Lot No. 8. 200 Single Coats for Men and Boys.

Reduced to 1.00, 1.50, 2.00 and 2.50. Single vests as low as 25 cents.

Lot No. 9. 425 Pair of Knee Pants.

Regular price 60, 80, 1.00, 1.25 and 1.50. Reduced to 40, 50, 60, 75 and 1.00.

Lot No. 10. 850 Styles of Suitings, Pantaloonings, Overcoatings.

Out of these we are making suits, trousers and overcoats to order, that for price, quality, and style cannot be touched. 150 styles in suitings. Former price 12.00, 15.00, 18.00, 20.00, 23.00, 25.00 and 28.00. Reduced to 9.00, 10.50, 12.00, 15.00, 17.00, 19.50 and 22.00.

Lot No. 11. Includes a complete line of Gents Furnishings.

Such as Rust Jackets, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Flannel Shirts, Dress Shirts, Neckwear, Collars, Suspenders, etc., etc.

KOCH & SHANKWEILER,

Largest and Leading Clothing House in the Valley,

Hotel Allen Building. ALLENTOWN, Pa.

Dr. C. T. HORN,

—AT THE—

Central Drug Store,

OPP. THE PUBLIC SQUARE

Bank Street, Lehighton, Pa.,

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Pure Drugs and Medicines,

Fine Soaps, Brushes, &c., &c.,

Choice Wines and Liquors,

Largest Assortment of Library Lamps!

Wall Paper and Decorations!

Spectacles!

When you buy a pair of Shoes you want a good fit. But if you need SPECTACLES it is much more important that the EYE should be accommodated with correct lenses and a properly fitting frame which will bring the lenses directly before the centre of the eye. If you buy your spectacles at Dr. Horn's you will find the above points properly attended to.

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Very Lowest Prices.

MERCHANT'S GUARANTEED ROOFING PLATES.

WE not only give the purchaser the best roofing plates, but we protect him;

FIRST—By guaranteeing every box.

SECOND—By stamping each sheet with the brand and thickness.

THIRD—By excluding wasters or defective sheets.

FOURTH—By branding the net weight of the 112 sheets on each box, to satify the customer (in this age of light weight plates) that he is obtaining Full Weight.

For the benefit of those wanting the very best roofing plates, we assert, and are prepared to prove, that there are no other brands of roofing tin offered in the market to-day, by any firm under the four different guarantees given above by this house, and we challenge a public contradiction of this statement.

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AN EASY WAY —TO— GET A GOLD WATCH, Only $1.00 a Week.

We are now forming Clubs for the finest Gold, Gold-Filled and Silver Watches manufactured for both Ladies and Gentleman.

We put in these watches a movement made by either of the following companies: Elgin, Waltham, Hampden, etc., to suit the purchaser.

A club for a gold watch at $40.00, consists of forty members, and each member pays $1.00 a week. A drawing is made once a week, and the member whose name is drawn gets his watch immediately, he still continuing to pay $1.00 a week until he has paid for it, at which time each and all forty members will have received and paid for his watch. The last person to receive his watch will be made a present of a handsome chain.

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Every article bought from us must be just as represented, and we are willing at any and all times to make good the failure of any article sold, to be as represented. This is the Best, Cheapest and most Convenient way to buy a watch through our Co operative Club System. We give a first-class Elgin or Waltham stem winding and setting movement, which we guarantee for two years. The case is warranted, by a written guarantee to wear for twenty years.

The above is why we give you more for your money than any one else and why we are doing the largest watch business in the world. We sell only first quality goods. Why not be an owner of a Gold Watch whenever you have the chance to get one. Join the club at once, only $1.00 down and then $1.00 a week until the watch is paid.

Please call or send me your name and address and I will call at your house and show you samples, or if you are at a distance I will send full particulars.

Agents wanted everywhere.—Write for terms and circulars.

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Stop that Hawking and Spitting.

I will give Fifty Dollars for a case of Catarrh, Cold in the Head, Deafness, Hay Fever, Affected Eye-Sight, Asthma or Throat Trouble, I cannot cure with my Beacon Light Catarrh Cure. Send one dollar to my postoffice address for a bottle. I will mail it to you at my expense.

Hay Fever Cured with Three Bottles.

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