This Paper has been entered at the Lehighton PostOffice as Second Class Matter

The Carbon Advocate

LEHIGHTON, PENNA.

Rates for Legal Advertising:

Charter Notices	$ 4 00
Auditor's Notices	4 00
Commissioner's Notices	4 00
Divorce Notices	4 00
Administrator's Notices	3 00
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One Dollar and Twenty-Five Cents will here after be invariably charged when subscriptions are not paid in advance.

If you wish your paper discontinued at the expiration of your term PLEASE notify us by postal card and the request will be complied with.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1891.

Bona Fide Circulation Larger than that of any Weekly Newspaper in the County.

MAKE 'EM PAY FOR IT.

The Lehighton CARBON ADVOCATE refused to print $15 worth of matter advertising the Teacher's Institute for nothing, and the institute people are kicking like steers.

The superintendent is paid a large salary, the teachers receive theirs and the county pays also their railroad fares to the institute, reasonable rent is paid for the hall wherein the exercises are held, and yet the educational blockheads expect a newspaper to give them valuable space gratis.

This fawning, alms-asking of a person is familiar in every newspaper office, but is welcome in none. If the institute wants work done, it should be paid for. This is the rule in the PLAIN SPEAKER, which commands from 3 to 5 times larger advertising rates than any other newspaper in the Lehigh Valley. And we find the rule pays.

Congratulations to our esteemed contemporary, the ADVOCATE. More power to your quill and more cash to your till.—Hazleton Plain Speaker.

WHAT WE MISSED.

The Slatington Rolling Mill Company report business good and prospects better. They now furnish employment for more than one hundred men, and have a pay roll of $1,400 a week. A commendable feature is the weekly pay. The company is making money. The mills had to close down the first of the week, owing to the non-arrival of ore ordered, but are now running full time again.

This is the very same mill that Lehighton could have had if some of our people had only given it the proper encouragement. The people see what we have missed and it is enough to make a fellow feel like kicking himself all over the town. The same spirit that kept the rolling mill away is just now keeping other industries at a distance. It is unfortunate for Lehighton.

A NOTICE GOING THE rounds of the newspaper reads like this:

"H. B. Parke, president of the Gregory Silk Manufacturing Company, of Patterson, N. J. is looking for a good town with a view of removing the company's plant from Patterson."

We would like to know why Lehighton can't be the good town to get this enterprise? Here we have every thing, railroad facilities, an abundance of girls, lots of room, in fact, every thing needed. Located along the Mahoning Creek the mill could be run by water power. Koch offers his land free, or it might be something for the Lehighton Land and Improvement Company.

AS BETWEEN George A. Caster, the wealthy Philadelphia clothier, who never did anything for the party, and General Lilly, of Mauch Chunk, who has been one of the wheel horses of the party for thirty years, says the Wilkes-Barre Record, we prefer the latter decidedly for Congressman-at-large. The party is indebted to General Lilly for valuable services, and ought to cancel the obligation. He was a candidate in 1880 for Congressman-at-large, but was defeated. We hope he will have better success this time.

THE MOON is said to move at the rate of 3,333 feet per minute. This will be sorry news for jimmy malloy who has been skating after the moon for some time.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

‡ Why should not the railroad companies plant on the sides of the cars such legends as these—"Entrance," "Exit," or something to that effect. Such a scheme followed up might be the means of getting people to all move the one way on the cars, a circumstance that would doubtless save time, to say nothing of temper, etc.

‡ Railroaders who may be undecided what to purchase for a Christmas present will be interested to know that a locomotive which cost $30,000 ten years ago can be bought to-day for $9,000. A reduction of $21,000 is a big item to consider when selecting a Christmas present.

‡ The Lehigh Valley's recent large order for cars is divided as follows: McKee, Fuller & Co., of Catasauqua, received a contract for 1000 cars; the Jackson & Woodin Co., of Berwick, for 1000 cars; Pardee, Snyder & Co., of Watsontown, for 500 cars, and the Buffalo Car Co., for 500 cars.

SECRET SOCIETY GOSSIP.

, The new Son's of Veteran Camp in this city will be known as "Captain Joseph S. Webb Camp, No. 95, S. of V." The name is in honor of sheriff Webb.

, Carbon Castle, 111, K. G. E., of town, held a very interesting session on Monday evening. The Pilgrims' and Knights' degrees were conferred. The attendance was the largest for nearly a year.

, Spring Castle, 431, K. G. E., of Horatio, will be instituted on December 21, this makes 31 castles instituted during the year.

, A Tribe of Red Men will be instituted at Parryville on the 22nd with 30 charter members by District Sachem C. A. Guth, of Weissport.

, Gnaden Huetten Castle, K. G. E., of town, will hold the most important session of the year next Wednesday evening, Dec., 23. All members should be present.

, Tribe 171, Imp. O. of R. M., Weissport, is enjoying a boom. Last Monday there were eight propositions and a few weeks previous twelve new members were taken in.

Record of Strikes Among Workmen.

The follow record of strikes for the past four years may prove of vast interest to many people, and accordingly we republish them from an exchange:

1887.
For increase, 22; succeeded, 6; failed, 12.
Against reduction, 3; succeeded, 2; failed, 1.
Partly succeeded, 4.

1888.
For increase, 4; succeeded, 0, failed, 4.
Against reduction, 2; succeeded, 0; failed, 2.
Partly succeeded, 0.

1889.
For increase, 5; succeeded, 1; failed, 3.
Against reduction, 0; succeeded, 0; failed, 0.
Partly succeeded, 1.

1890.
For increase, 17; succeeded, 4; failed, 13.
Against reduction, 2; succeeded, 0; failed, 2.
Partly succeeded, 2.
The following were mine strike results:
For Former wage rate, failed.
Against discharge of men, succeeded partly.
Against new rules, (boys), failed.
Against discharge driver (boys), failed.
Against discharge driver (boys), failed.
Against work with Italians, failed.
For permission to ride in cars, failed.
The cost of coal strikes were as follows:
Many' loss, $[illegible]; employers' loss, $[illegible].
Just as strikes are recorded, 30 of which were ordered by labor organizations.

MILLS TO BE DEPOSED.

A REPORT THAT SPRINGER WILL LEAD IN THE HOUSE.

It Is Said That Party Policy Demands That the Famous Texan Be Retired in Favor of a Man in Accord with the Democratic Majority.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The president has sent to the senate these nominations: To be United States circuit judge, William L. Putnam, of Maine, First judicial circuit; Nathaniel Shipman, of Connecticut, Second judicial circuit; George M. Dallas, of Pennsylvania, Third judicial circuit; Nathan Goff, of West Virginia, Fourth judicial circuit; William H. Taft, of Ohio, Sixth judicial circuit, and William A. Woods, of Indiana, Seventh judicial circuit; also Warren Truitt, of Oregon, to be United States district judge of the district of Alaska. Nathaniel Shipman is at present United States district judge. George M. Dallas is a nephew of George M. Dallas, who was vice president from 1845 to 1849. He is a son of Judge Dallas, of Pittsburg, and grandson of Secretary James Dallas. He is a prominent lawyer of Philadelphia.

Proceedings in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The presentation of petitions and bills occupied the attention of the senate. Most of the petitions were against the opening of the World's fair on Sunday, some of them proposing that congress should grant the $5,000,000 asked for, provided the directors agreed to close the fair on Sunday. Ex-Secretary Proctor put in another batch of army reform bills; Mr. Dolph proposed to substitute high license for prohibition in Alaska, and Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, gave notice of an intended silver speech Monday next. Senator Davis introduced a bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the reconstruction of a ship canal around Niagara falls. Then the senate went into executive session, and in less than thirty-five minutes confirmed over 300 recess nominations.

The Committee on Rules.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The speaker has announced the committee on rules as follows: The speaker, Messrs. McMillin, Catchings, Reed and Burrows.

In his opening prayer Chaplain Milburn requested that the members present be protected from the ravages of the "grip."

The Republican Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Republican senatorial caucus met previous to the assembling of the senate and listened to the report of the committee charged with the duty of arranging the majority membership of their standing and select committees for the Fifty-second congress.

The changes that have been made in the chairmanships of committees are as follows: Hoar of Massachusetts, judiciary, vice Edmunds. Teller of Colorado, privileges and elections, vice Hoar. Dixon of Rhode Island, patents, vice Teller. McMillan of Michigan, on District of Columbia, vice Ingalls. Mitchell of Oregon, claims, vice Spooner. Carey of Wyoming, education and labor, vice Blair. Quay of Pennsylvania, library, vice Evarts. Allen of Washington, relations with Canada, vice Hoar. Shoup of Idaho, Indian depredations, vice Moody. Pettigrew of South Dakota, World's fair, vice Hiscock. Sanders of Montana, enrolled bills, vice Farwell. Squire of Washington, transportation routes to the seaboard, vice Quay. Higgins of Delaware, manufactures, vice McMillan.

Springer for Leader.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The positive statement is made here by a man very near to Speaker Crisp that Roger Q. Mills will not be appointed chairman of the committee on ways and means. By his own acts he has made the appointment practically impossible from the standpoint of Speaker Crisp. William M. Springer will be named for the position, by virtue of which he will become leader of the house.

It is alleged that Mr. Mills' unfortunate temperament made it impossible for him to control his anger over his defeat and he has taken no pains to conceal his discomfiture. On the contrary he has improved every opportunity to make manifest a sullen and uncompromising attitude toward the administration of his successful competitor.

His friends, if not himself, it is said, have taken it for granted that Speaker Crisp would be obliged to offer him his old position as chairman of the ways and means. In support this assumption they have even gone so far as to insist that he and not the speaker should name his colleagues. This would not only give Mr. Mills absolute control of action on the tariff, but would place in his hands the power to direct the business of the house, irrespective of the speaker's judgment.

Recent precedent has made the chairman of the ways and means a member of the committee on rules. That committee comprises the speaker, two Democrats and two Republicans. Without the unqualified support of both Democrats the speaker is helpless. Mr. Mills, therefore, would be master of the situation. Mr. Crisp would be a mere figurehead.

Right there is the rock upon which Mr. Mills' craft has broken. It is not a question of personality, but of party policy. Mr. Mills believes one course to be right. Mr. Crisp favors, and was elected, he believes, to enforce another quite different. To give to Mr. Mills the power which he would have as chairman of the ways and means would mean a disregard of the judgment of the majority which elected Mr. Crisp.

Another Mills Bill.

The essential difference in opinion as to policy is readily understood. Mr. Mills insists that the first duty of the party is to place itself upon record as opposed to the McKinley bill as a whole and in favor of another measure as distinct as the one which bore his name in 1888. He would frame another Mills bill, pass it in the house, let it die in the senate and go before the country on the issue thus made. This plan does not meet with Speaker Crisp's approval.

Speaker Crisp's idea of the true policy is this: Introduce and pass either one short, compact bill, or several very brief measures of whose meaning there can be no possible doubt; strike at the root of the question by putting wool, salt, binding twine and a few other of the most important articles which are designated as raw material upon the free list and stop there.

Then see what the northwestern Republican senators will do. The chances are more than ever that the number compelled by the convictions of themselves or their constituents to support the measure would be sufficient to send the bill to the president. He might sign or veto it. Approval would testify to the strength of the Democratic position. A veto would lose to the Republicans who shall say how many western states?

Mrs. Hawley Out of Danger.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Mrs. Senator Hawley, who has been critically ill, is reported as out of danger.

FIELD ARRESTED AGAIN.

He Is Now Charged with Stealing Over $150,000 in Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Edward M. Field was indicted by the grand jury yesterday for the larceny of $50,000 in bonds from the Union Pacific Railroad company. Just after being released on bail on that charge he was arrested for stealing over $100,000 worth of securities from R. E. Dietz. On these two charges Mr. Field is held accountable for over $150,000 worth of bonds and stocks. They were given to him in the transaction of legitimate business by persons who had faith in his honor and in the honor of the firm of Field, Lindley, Wiechers & Co.

Within the last year Mr. Field has had intrusted to him over $2,000,000 in money, bonds and stocks that the owners thereof have had no profit therefrom, and that now they do not know where the money, bonds and stocks are. These people have been apparently robbed of over $2,000,000. Where it has all been placed they do not know; whether Field has put some or most of it away as Ferdinand Ward is supposed to have done with his gigantic stealings, they do not know, and further, they do not know whether they are ever going to get any of it back.

No Hope for Cyrus W. Field.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Cyrus W. Field is rapidly wasting away. The shock resultant from the degradation which has overtaken his son, Edward M. Field, was too severe for the aged financier in his weakened condition to withstand. His physician, Dr. Fuller, says he has now lost all hope of his patient's ultimate recovery. Mr. Field will, however, in his physician's opinion, linger several days.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 17.—Another arrest has been made for violation of the law relating to the sale of postage stamps, making four postmasters thus far taken into custody. Postmaster Joseph P. Miller, of Highwood, a station in the town of Hamden, is the name of the latest victim. He is charged with paying personal debts with postage stamps. It is alleged that a conspiracy has been unearthed by which the government has been defrauded out of at least $50,000 in the sale of stamps.

Sweeney Says It Will Be a Fizzle.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 17.—Grand Master Sweeney, of the Switchmen's Mutual Benefit association, says that the proposed federation scheme will prove a fizzle, and that the projectors will never secure the cooperation of the switchmen nor the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen.

KEYSTONE STATE NEWS.

ITEMS WHICH ARE OF PARTICULAR INTEREST TO PENNSYLVANIANS.

Brief Mention of Matters Which Everybody Should Know About—A Week's Accidents and Crimes Accurately and Concisely Chronicled.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 11.—Judge Acheson has filed an opinion in the United States circuit court granting a new trial in the last hat trimming case in which the government was victorious. The new trial was granted because publications were made in a number of newspapers, most of them dispatches from Washington, which it was held were calculated to prejudice the minds of the jury.

Hanged Herself in Jail.

SUNBURY, Dec. 11.—Mrs. Olena Sedenski, who was awaiting trial in the county jail for the theft of ninety dollars, committed suicide by hanging herself to the water pipe in her cell. The pipe was only two feet from the floor, but she rolled over and over until she succeeded in strangling herself with the tape she had secured.

Two Children Burned to Death.

BELLEFONTE, Dec. 11.—The residence of George Ammerman at Port Matilda, was burned, and two of his children, aged one and four years, were burned to death.

Schmidt's Brewery Gutted.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 11.—The brewery of Christian Schmidt in Germantown took fire from the explosion of an ammonia pipe, and some of the buildings were gutted. Loss, $25,000; insured.

Sensational Suicide in Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, Dec. 11.—Evan Roeland, a prominent citizen of this place, was found dead in bed in a house of questionable character. It is supposed that he committed suicide, but no reason can be advanced for the deed.

Burglar Manley's Audacious Escape.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 12.—Joseph Manley, alias Barry Murry, one of the most noted burglars in the country, walked unobserved out of the criminal courtroom at noon and made his escape. When a prisoner was told to stand up for sentence, Manley rose with the man, quietly walked out of the box, passed the judge, two deputy sheriffs and three hundred attorneys, witnesses and spectators. His escape was not discovered for some time and a thorough search has failed to locate him.

Pennsylvania Granges Increasing.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 14.—At the session of the state grange the annual report of Secretary Thomas was read. He says there are 590 granges in good standing, an increase of ninety during the year, making a net increase in membership of 8,500.

Mr. Quay and the Senatorship.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 15.—Early as it is, the attention of Republicans in different parts of the state is being directed to Mr. Quay's canvass for re-election to the senate. His close friends declare that Mr. Quay cares nothing about the senatorship, that it is an office not at all to his taste, but that he wants to be re-elected for a vindication, after which he intends to resign. The latter part of the statement is little credited.

Fatally Burned with Molten Metal.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 15.—A ladle filled with molten metal exploded at the Lucy furnace, on Fifty-second street, fatally burning James Mardella, aged forty-five, and Peter Hidkey, aged thirty-three. Leonard Beck, Patrick McCane and Pardo Gerinli were also terribly burned and may not recover. The cause of the accident is not fully known. It is supposed that there was water in the bottom of the ladle when the men attempted to fill it.

Inspecting the Indian School.

CARLISLE, Dec. 14.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs Morgan was given a reception at the Indian school in this place Saturday night. General Morgan came here for the purpose of inspecting the school. There were about 550 Indian pupils present at the reception. Commissioner Morgan made an address, in which he indorsed the method of educating the Indians and complimented the Carlisle school highly.

One Killed, Five Injured.

CARLISLE, Dec. 15.—At Pine Grove Furnace, while a gang of laborers were blasting in a cut on the New Run and State Belt railroad, a premature explosion took place. An Italian, known only as No. 83, was blown a distance of forty feet into the air. He sustained injuries which caused his death. The foreman, Dennis Sullivan, was fatally injured, and four others more or less seriously.

Fire Causes a Theater Panic.

ASHLAND, Dec. 15.—Last evening fire at Centralia destroyed eight buildings owned by James Haggerty, O. B. Millard, Irvin Brothers and James Grant. When the alarm was first given there was a large crowd in the Opera house, and the people rushed madly over each other for the doors. Fortunately no one was badly injured. Two firemen, while fighting the flames, fell from the roof of a building, sustaining serious injuries. Another fireman was badly burned.

A Big Carnegie Strike Probable.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 15.—A joint meeting of all the employees of Carnegie, Phipps & Co.'s Steel works, Homestead, presages trouble over armor plate making. The men want more money, because they cannot roll as much of the government plates as they can of others. Carnegie is willing to pay 25 per cent. more, but the men won't take it, and their checks lie in the paymaster's office. Twenty-five hundred men are involved and a strike is probable.

Live Stock Dealer Voetter in Trouble.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 16.—Julius Voetter, a live stock dealer of East Liberty, is temporarily embarrassed and will likely make an assignment. Voetter says his liabilities are $85,000, and his assets are $125,000 or more. Indorsing for friends caused Voetter's troubles.

Death of Hon. Daniel McLoughlin.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 16.—The Hon. Daniel McLoughlin died here at his daughter's residence. He was a man of brilliant attainments and achieved at one time the greatest triumphs as an eloquent lawyer. For two years he was a distinguished member of the Pennsylvania house of representatives, but he died penniless, friendless and homeless. The great Johnstown flood of 1889 swept away all he ever possessed. To cap his misfortune came the blow of learning the falseness of supposed friends. Sick and disheartened, he trudged from place to place, reaching his daughter's home in time to die.

In a Pittsburg Golden Shrine.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 17.—The bones of the martyr St. Vincent, which have been deposited in the Roman Catholic church at Metiers, Switzerland, since 1771, have been brought to this city and will be placed under a golden shrine in St. Peter's (South Twenty-eighth street) Catholic church.

Judgments Filed for $50,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17.—Techner & Frank, manufacturers of jersey goods at Eighteenth and Dauphin streets, have made an assignment. Judgments aggregating $50,000 have been entered against the firm.

WHITTIER IS EIGHTY-FOUR.

But the Poet Does Not Believe He Will Live Another Year.

BOSTON, Dec. 17.—John Greenleaf Whittier, the Quaker poet and the oldest of the sweet singers whose verses have become famous, is eighty-four years old today. The venerable old man has received many letters and telegrams from his host of admirers expressing the hope that he will live to enjoy many more years of life, but curiously enough, Mr. Whittier believes that he will never live to see his eighty-fifth birthday. In stature the poet is tall and spare, and even now as straight, seemingly, as an arrow. His hair is as white as snow and thin. His face has naturally lost much of its fullness, still there are very few wrinkles to be seen, and the entire countenance is as expressive and sweet as it was a long generation ago. His eyes are very bright and are the most striking feature of his face.

JOHN G. WHITTIER.

MRS. COLE IS ANGRY.

She Wants Her Missing Husband Arrested for Abandonment.

NYACK, N. Y., Dec. 16.—The expert accountants who are examining the books of James H. Blauvelt & Co. have not yet concluded their labors. They refuse to make any statement as to what they have this far discovered.

It is expected that the result of the examination will be surprising so far as the firm is concerned, but no one here believes that Edward H. Cole, the missing bookkeeper, is a defaulter. President Kline, at the request of Mrs. Cole, telegraphed to Inspector Byrnes, of New York, to arrest and hold her husband on a charge of abandonment.

Science comes to the front in the manufacture of grindstones. The best new made are composed of a mixture of pulverized quartz, powdered flint, powdered emery and rubber. They outwear by many years any natural stone.

CHILI IS AFTER DELAY.

SHE WANTS TIME TO GET IN WARLIKE SHAPE.

Naval Men at Washington Anxious to Have the President Checkmate This Scheme by Taking a Warlike Stand. Senators Favor Doing What Italy Did.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The navy department is in a warlike mood. At all events the principal naval authorities are talking war footsteps just now. From the talk in the department today it appears that intimations have been received from good authorities in and about Chili that the Chilians are delaying their response to our demand for information concerning the Valparaiso incident for the purpose of gaining time in which to prepare for war with this country.

Getting a Big Warship Ready.

The inference is that if Chili can persuade the United States to wait a few weeks longer or until the most formidable new war vessel of the Chilian fleet, the Capitan Prat, is completed and equipped she will be better prepared for hostile demonstration. The situation thus outlined was discussed with eagerness at the navy department.

The opinion was freely advanced that President Harrison would in all likelihood take measures to checkmate Chili in this matter by sending a special message to congress within the next two weeks, reciting the fact that explanation and reparation had been demanded of Chili without avail, and proclaiming the necessity of informing Chili that this country will resort to extreme measures if the desired response is further delayed beyond a reasonable and specified time.

She Could Bombard Our Cities.

This course would take the Chilians short handed and would prevent them from getting possession of the Capitan Prat. This vessel is now building in France and cannot be finished in less than two months. If meanwhile President Harrison and congress should cause a declaration of war against Chili, it would prevent France from delivering the Capitan Prat to Chili, and would save New York and our other Atlantic cities from the danger of bombardment by that vessel. The navy people say that this action is what may reasonably be expected from the president. They also profess to have received intimations that the Chilians have been lately communicating with French builders with a view to hurrying along the construction of the Capitan Prat.

The sentiment among public men today regarding this matter is far less warlike than that which pervades the navy department. Leading senators and representatives believe that the preferable course of action would be to give Minister Montt his passports, recall Minister Egan and terminate official intercourse with Chili unless she speedily comes to terms.

YOUNG WALLER NOT PRESENT.

Mrs. Platt Fighting Her Husband's Divorce Suit Alone.

BROOKLYN, Dec. 17.—Mrs. Minnie La Tourette Platt had her inning yesterday before Judge Osborne and a jury, and denied the stories told by various witnesses of her intimate relations with Martin B. Waller, whom her husband, William H. Platt, a retired engineer of the United States navy, names as correspondent in his suit for divorce. Mr. Waller, who is a son of ex-Governor T. M. Waller, of Connecticut, was not in court, although Mrs. Platt had asked him to come.

Samuel McCreary, a brother-in-law of Mr. Platt, told how he had seen Mrs. Platt and Mr. Waller in room No. 27 of the Long Branch hotel on the night of July 31. When he looked through the transom he saw their reflection in the mirror of a dressing case. Samuel Dewey, a waiter, testified that he had seen Waller and Mrs. Platt together at the hotel. He had carried their breakfast to them several mornings before they got up. Mrs. Platt was known as Mrs. Waller at the hotel.

Mrs. Platt then told her story to the jury. She denied all wrongdoing. She said she had separated from her husband on May 5, 1891, and, at the suggestion of Mr. Platt, on June 8 she went to the Long Branch hotel, where she remained until July 11. Waller was also at the hotel. Mrs. Platt said that young Waller was now in Connecticut, where she had written to him and requested him to come to Brooklyn to attend the trial.

No Divorce for Miss St. John.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The trial of the suit for divorce brought by Miss Florence St. John against her husband, M. Marius Duplaney, the actor, has resulted in a verdict against the fair plaintiff, thus refusing her a divorce. The jury found that M. Marius had committed adultery, but that he was not guilty of cruelty according to law. The jury also found that Miss Florence St. John had not committed adultery with Mr. Arthur Cohen. This announcement was received with cheers.

Mitchell Must Meet Corbett Now.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—In reply to a telegraphic inquiry, President Charles Noel, of the Olympic club, of New Orleans, today said he would give a purse of $12,000 for Charlie Mitchell and James J. Corbett, the Californian champion, to box for, and that he would guarantee "full protection and fair play" to Mitchell. It would seem, therefore, that Mitchell must talk "turkey" to this proposition, or retire altogether.

Indictments for Senator Quay.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 15.—The grand jury has returned a true bill in the libel suits of Senator Quay against The Post. The indictments, of which there are two, are against James Mills and A. J. Barr, and James Mills, A. J. Barr et al., respectively. The suits are to be pushed.

Assemblyman Demarest Acquitted.

NEW CITY, N. Y., Dec. 11.—The jury in the case of Assemblyman Frank P. Demarest, charged with forgery, brought in a verdict of not guilty and the prisoner was discharged. It is expected the six other indictments against Demarest will be dropped.

Sister Rose Gertrude Married.

HONOLULU, Dec. 17.—Sister Rose Gertrude, the young Englishwoman who came to the islands to minister to the leper settlement at Molokai, but who was not allowed to land there, has been married to Dr. John Lutz, of this city.

Paterson Sanitary Works Burned.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 17.—The Paterson Sanitary works were totally destroyed by fire. As the company is under contract to burn all the garbage from the city for the next five years their entire loss will be close to $100,000.

Her Skin Was as Inch Thick.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 17.—Henrietta Dudley, a widow and town pensioner since 1861, is dead after years of suffering from ichthyosis, or elephantiasis. Her skin was an inch thick and very hard.

Newark's Council a Tie.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 17.—The precount of the votes of the Thirteenth ward of this city gives Freinschein, the Republican candidate for alderman, four majority over Ulrich, against ten majority as announced by the official returns. This will make the common council a tie.

Made Her Drink Paris Green.

RED BANK, N. J., Dec. 17.—Thomas Timothy, Jr., the farmhand who Ella Potrula alleges made her drink paris green, has been arrested. He denies all knowledge of the occurrence. Timothy was taken to the county jail and will be given a hearing on Dec. 30.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—COTTON—Spot lots dull; middling uplands, 8c. Futures closed steady; January, 7.93c; February, 7.88c; March, 8.05c.

FLOUR—Moderately active and heavy; city mill extra, $3.25 for West India; superfine, $2.25@3.00; fine, $2.90@3.65; Minnesota extra, $3.65@5.00.

WHEAT—Opened weak and continued weak throughout the morning. At noon prices were down ¾c.; receipts, 296,950 bushels; shipments, 167,784 bushels; No. 2 red winter, $1.06¼ cash; December, $1.04¼; January, $1.06¼; February, $1.06¾; March, $1.09¼.

CORN—Opened weak and so continued throughout the morning. At noon prices were off, ⅛@¼c. lower; receipts, 187,825 bushels; shipments, 84,367 bushels; No. 2 mixed, 57½c., cash; December, 56½c.; January, 58¼c.

OATS—Dull, but steady; receipts, 86,150 bushels; shipments, 9,150 bushels; No. 2 mixed, 39¼@39½c., cash; January, 39½c.

RYE—Dull and nominal; western, $1.02@1.04.

BARLEY—Dull; No. 2 Milwaukee, 75@76c.

MOLASSES—Dull; New Orleans new crop, 30@38c.

SUGAR—Refined dull; cut loaf and crushed, 6½c.; confectioners' A, 4 1-16c.; mold A, 4⅝c.

COFFEE—Quiet; spot cargoes, 19½c.

PORK—Dull; new mess, $10.50 for new.

LARD—Quiet; January, $6.45; February, $6.45.

BUTTER—Dull, with prices in the buyers' favor; western extras, 26@28c.; state, tubs, full made, best, 30@32c.

CHEESE—Very little doing, with prices steady; state factory, full cream, fancy, 11@11½c.

EGGS—Dull and barely steady; state, fresh, 24@26c.; western, 24½c.

TURPENTINE—Firm, with moderate demand, 38½@39c.

ROSIN—Quiet; strained to good, $1.32½@1.40.

FREIGHTS—Quiet and unchanged.

The exact nature of the connection between cyclones and tornadoes is not yet understood; but the distinction between them is so clear that nobody should ever bestow upon one the name that belongs to the other.

How to Organize An Institute.

Some of the teachers at the institute last week contended that the organization was not proper, and to satisfy themselves had Mr. B. F. Kushner, of East Mauch Chunk, address the Deputy Supt. of Public Instruction, at Harrisburg, with this result:

HARRISBURG, PA., Dec. 7, 1891.

MR. B. F. KUSHNER, East Mauch Chunk, Pa.:

DEAR SIR—The law provides that the annual county institute shall be presided over by the County Superintendent, or by some one designated by him, and be subject in its general management to his control. The teachers, when duly assembled for the purpose, are expressly authorized to "organize themselves into a teachers institute."

Officers and committees, not otherwise provided for, cannot consistently be appointed or elected until the teachers have assembled as the law itself expressly sets forth. There ought to be the fullest co-operation on the part of superintendents and teachers in all matters pertaining to the educational welfare of the county and the success of the county institute.

Teachers who are present during the daily sessions of the institute are to be recognized and reported as members of the organization and are legally entitled to the compensation provided by law for such attendance.

Very Respectfully,
JOHN Q. STEWART,
Deputy Supt. Pub. Instruction.

THE WORK OF A GOOD MAN.

WHAT DR. B. M. WOOLLEY IS DOING FOR THE SUFFERERS FROM THE USE OF OPIUM AND WHISKY.

The works of a good man lives after him. He enjoys the blessings and distinctions they entitle him to in this world, and build for him a home in eternity. It is the mission of every living soul to do some good to benefit humanity in some way. Notwithstanding this fact, how few lives men live in this manner.

A few now and then, here and there, realize this great responsibility, and devote their lives to the salvation of their fellowmen. One of the most conspicuous examples of this character in Atlanta, is Dr. B. M. Woolley. He is a man noted for his Christian integrity and fair dealing, being an old and highly esteemed citizen of Atlanta, and having built up a reputation among his home folks as a specialist in the cure of the opium and whisky habits that is of the highest character. Although he has had years of experience in the treatment of these dreadful diseases, he is yet an ardent student, and studies the science of his profession with as much diligence as if he were only just entering the profession.

Dr. Woolley, unlike a great many specialists, treats what is called the opium and whisky habits as a disease, and not a thing; that they are strictly diseases, and nine times out of ten the sufferers are not directly responsible for their condition. The success he has had in this line has been something phenomenal. He has cured patients in every state and territory in the Union, and has treated cases in London, France, Germany, Canada and Mexico.

Opium and whisky are two of the most powerful, and when improperly used, the most life destroying medicines in the world, and to know how to extract or eradicate the effects of these drugs from the human body is an art to which Dr. Woolley can justly lay claim. As evidence he simply refers to his hundreds of patients who have been thoroughly and soundly cured. In line a man of scholarly attainments, he has prepared a work on opium and whisky, and their effects upon the human constitution. In this work he has testimonials of people whom he has successfully treated and permanently cured. This book will be mailed free of charge, to your address if you will only send Dr. Woolley a letter asking him for it. If you are not afflicted with the opium or whisky disease, probably you know a friend or have a relative who is. If you will kindly send their names or inform them of Dr. Woolley's ability, he will take pleasure in sending them any information they may desire. Address Dr. B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga. (Atlanta Constitution.)

Will You Do It?

Use the Averill Paint, and paint but once, in a long period, or use something "just as good, and repaint every year or two? Averill Paint is the best. It is the handsomest; no other has so brilliant a gloss. It is cheaper than any other at any price, because it outwears all others. It lasted 20 years on the house of E. H. Forbes, Winchester, N. H., 12 years on houses of W. E. Reynolds, Croton Lake, N. Y., 11 years on houses of Mrs. E. Dole, Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Averill Paint has been in use 10 years and is guaranteed. If you are urged to buy other paints demand proof of their durability. The question is not, "What is the first cost?" but, "How long will it last?" Beautiful sample card of fashionable tints free. LEHIGH COAL & HARDWARE CO., LEHIGHTON.

LIST OF APPLICATIONS FOR LIQUOR LICENSES in Carbon County at the January Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, commencing January 4th, 1892.

MAUCH CHUNK BOROUGH.

Lewis Armbruster,	tavern,	Hazard Square
James J. Kennedy,	"	Susquehanna street
Blasius Zeiser,	"	" "
Philip Rader,	"	" "
Nelson R. Deppe,	"	" "
J. S. Keiser & Son,	"	Mansion House
Philip Rader,	"	Susquehanna street
Edward Kennedy,	"	Race street
Frank McGinley,	"	Susquehanna street
John Strattbinger,	"	West Broadway
Michael O'Donnell,	"	Susquehanna street
Lafayette Lentz,	"	American Hotel
Frank Kocsis (Gross),	"	Electric Light Building
John E. Zerby,	"	Susquehanna street
Leopold Reis,	restaurant,	Odd Fellows Building
Catherine J. Scarkey,	wholesale,	Susquehanna st
Michael Martin,	"	"
John H. G. Weyser,	brewer,	West Broadway
Chas. W. Gelsting,	tavern,	Centre St., 2nd w
Frederick Stahl,	"	South street, 2nd w
Erastus Fuchl,	"	Centre street, 2nd w
George Wendling,	restaurant,	Switchback, 2nd w

EAST MAUCH CHUNK BOROUGH.

Herman Hildebrandt,	tavern,	Centre street
Anthony Coll,	"	Fourth street
Barthold Zeiser,	"	cor Sec'd & Centre
Chester Hass,	"	North street
Frank Engler,	"	Centre street
Frank Schwebluz,	"	Second street
John C. Ries,	"	cor. North & Pine
Theodore Gerster,	restaurant,	North street
John O'Donnell,	"	North street
Pius Schweikhil,	brewer,	Second street

SUMMIT HILL BOROUGH.

James Sweeny,	tavern,	cor. Market & R.R. st
David D. Bitterman,	"	White street
Albert Christman,	"	Railroad street
Thomas E. Davis,	"	Front street
Geo. F. Huntzinger,	"	Front street
Manus A. Barnes,	restaurant,	Hazard street
Edward O'Brien,	"	cor. Oak & Hazard
Edward D. Boyle,	"	Railroad street
Dennis McHugh,	"	White street
Geo. E. Fenstermacher,	"	Railroad street
Edward J. O'Donnell,	"	Front street
James McConnell,	"	cor. Chestnut & Ann
Michael Brislin,	wholesale,	White street
Edward J. O'Donnell,	"	Front street

LANSFORD BOROUGH.

Mrs. C. G. Zehner,	tavern,	Tunnel & Bertsch sts
Miles Hoover,	"	Ridge st., Middle ward
Wilson J. Buttner,	"	" "
Cecilia McHugh,	"	Carbon st., West ward
James T. Farley,	"	West Ridge st., " "
James H. Gallagher,	"	East Ridge street
Daniel Mulhearn,	restaurant,	Ridge street
John T. Bailey,	"	Ridge & Centre sts
John J. Jones,	"	E. Bertsch st, M. ward
George H. Holver,	"	Ridge st., Middle ward
James T. Mulhearn,	wholesale,	Ridge street
Peter Dorian,	"	"
Patrick Brislin,	"	West ward

WEATHERLY BOROUGH.

Abraham Patterson,	tavern,	Parker street
John Hoffman,	"	cor Packer & 2nd sts
Frank F. Semmel,	"	Gilbert House
Harry J. Kirchenthal,	"	Hodsendale street
Casper Maier,	"	Railroad street
Lawrence Tarleton,	"	Main street
Sarah Hartz,	"	Railroad & second sts
Henry Schaeder,	wholesale,	Railroad street

LEHIGHTON BOROUGH.

Thomas Mantz,	tavern,	First st., opp. Public Sq.
Emanuel Chrass,	"	Bankway
Alexander Kistler,	"	First street
Z. H. C. Hom,	"	Bank street
Jonathan Kistler,	"	First and North sts
August K. Miller,	restaurant,	Bank street
Wilson A. Peters,	"	First street
C. F. Clark,	"	Bank street
Valentine Schwartz,	"	Bank street
Frederick E. Miller,	"	Bank street
Frederick Roelacher,	wholesale,	Lehighton
J. W. Rabenhush,	"	First street

WEISSPORT BOROUGH.

Henry Christman,	tavern,