

CHEAP ADVERTISING.

Advertisements not exceeding five lines will be inserted in this column for 25 cents. Each additional line, five cents.

REMOVAL.

C. S. CURTIS, new store and Tin Shop has been removed to No. 2 Empire Block, North Chestnut St., Ravenna, O., June 24, 1878.

FOR SALE.

DOWN THEY GO, New Stores, new patterns, cheaper than ever. Come and see. I will sell for less than cost. Solid and Polished Gold JEWELRY, Ladies' Sets, Gents' Chains, Masonic Emblems, Gold Pens, Rings, etc. C. S. CURTIS, New Store and Tin Shop, No. 2 Empire Block, North Chestnut St., Ravenna, O.

WHITEWASHING.

PROFESSOR POUTNEY is ready to do all jobs of whitewashing what may be entrusted to him with neatness and dispatch. All orders left at his residence on West Bovey Street, or at the Post Office, will receive prompt attention. 50-47

THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS.

SAMUEL D. HARRIS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.



RAVENNA, THURSDAY, NOV. 13, 1878.

The Press for \$1.50 a Year, in advance.

The Ohio River has never been so low before in the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

An attempt was made by incendiaries early Sunday morning to burn the business portion of Delaware, Ohio.

Starve the laboring people in Europe to make good times in the United States, is John Sherman's American policy on the European plan.

PHILADELPHIA with a population 300,000 less than New York registered 50,000 more voters. And still the Radical howlers continue to shriek for "honest elections!"

Nobody wants gold for business. The bankers and money monopolists are only able to know where it is and to be able to control it. Verily redemption is a hambug.

A FIRE at McKeesport, Penna., Saturday morning, destroyed the Washington House, a large grist mill, and several other buildings, involving a loss of \$80,000.

On Thursday morning a man named Hiram Henry, while working on F. Schumacher's elevator, at Akron, fell a distance of thirty feet, but miraculously escaped without serious injury.

The First National bank of Chicago reports capital stock paid in, \$1,000,000; surplus and undivided profits, \$834,217.48. How is this, and who wouldn't like to be a national banker?

A YOUNG man named Ross E. Powers, walked from the Cleveland Viaduct while the draw was open into the river beneath, falling a distance of about seventy-five feet, and was drowned.

A large part of the business portion of Napoleon, Henry county, Ohio, was destroyed by fire on Sunday. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. It is supposed to be the work of incendiaries.

VANDERBILT of New York, and Mackay of Nevada, have each \$5,000,000 in United States bonds upon which they pay not one cent of tax, and upon which each of them draws \$500,000 interest every three months.

WEEK General Grant declares that he "has nothing of any importance to communicate to the Army of the Tennessee, or to anybody else," people generally will feel disposed to give him credit for truthfulness.

This year's cotton crop is estimated at 5,000,000 bales, and more than half of it was produced by white labor. Texas furnishes 1,000,000 bales. The largest product in the State in any year before the war was 200,000 bales.

Two men have been victimizing the farmers of Richland county by asking to put a hay fork in their barn for exhibition, and then ask the farmer for his address and hand him a piece of paper for his signature, which turns out to be a promissory note.—(Akron Tribune.)

On Friday last Governor Bishop pardoned Matthew Powers who was convicted at the September term 1878 of the Court of Common Pleas of this county of manslaughter for killing M. M. Lada at Mantua Station and sentenced to three years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

FOURTEEN GENERAL KEY has decided that a letter with only New York City, Philadelphia or Chicago on it, without the State's name, must go to the Dead Letter Office. Next he will pass a law declaring if you write a letter to John Smith and address it J. Smith you must petition Congress to pass special law for its delivery.

The Republicans would reduce all the States of the Union to the condition the Southern States were reduced under Grant, and rule them by the power of the bayonet. That is the Republican idea of republican government. That is what they mean by the shout of "this is a Nation," with a big N.

Mrs. MARGARET EATON, widow of General John H. Eaton, Secretary of War under President Jackson, died in Washington, Saturday last. She was 81 years of age, and had been in feeble health for several months past, and her death was not unexpected. Mrs. Eaton had been married three times, and in the course of her life occupied a very conspicuous position of attention in fashionable and political circles.

The Democracy believe that the Union was created by the States for the benefit of the States, while the Republicans claim that the States were created by and derive all their powers from the Federal Government. Now, in the light of history, which is the true position? If the Nation created the States and clothed them with their powers what was the sense of reserving to the States and the people the powers not delegated (by whom?) to the United States by the Constitution?

A WASHINGTON telegram of the 30th ult. says: "The Comptroller of the Currency says the increase in National Bank circulation for October will reach about three millions of dollars. The 'hard-money' men don't seem to be in the least alarmed about an increase of paper money circulation if it only comes from their pet National Banks, who are in no way responsible to the people. But in their opinion it will never do to trust the people's agents and representatives to create the money of the country and regulate the amount and value thereof. The whole aim and object of the Republican party is to give the entire control of the financial affairs of the nation and people into the hands of a few private corporations and thus enable them to control the destiny of the country. Against this doctrine the Democrats following the teaching of Jefferson and Jackson have entered their solemn protest and demand that, so long as we must have paper money, the Government itself shall issue it instead of hiring private corporations to do it. There is not and never was a more vital issue in American politics. It matters little what may be the result of an election this year, the great question will never be settled till it is settled right and the Government in regard thereto assumes its full constitutional powers and functions.

While the Republicans are shouting so lustily over the result of the late elections, they forget that they are not yet entirely out of the wilderness. In 1876 Ohio, Iowa, Maine, Wisconsin, Minnesota, &c., all went Republican, and yet they were beaten for the Presidency. They concede that the "solid South" will be against them, and the result in New York demonstrates that with a united vote the Democracy will carry that State. That, with Indiana added, renders the election of a Democratic President a sure thing, without counting Maine, Connecticut, New Jersey, Oregon, California, and two or three more States which the Democracy stand an even chance of carrying. The Republicans are not yet out of the wilderness. The arrearsances pretty clearly indicate that they will not be able to hold the fort.

CAN THESE THINGS BE?—Many of our exchanges are talking about damages to the next season's wheat crop. In some localities the warm, dry weather during October caused 'rust,' and in others, the 'fly' is going for it. Can this be while John Sherman has command of the Treasury Department of the Nation? Don't he hold supreme control of the sunshine and the storm, and can't he direct them in the future as in the past so that our fertile fields shall produce the golden grain in abundance while the granaries of the Old World shall be empty and their famishing peoples be compelled to pour their glittering gold into our treasuries or see giant famine staring them in the face? Is John Sherman going to abdicate?

ARE NATIONAL BANK notes better than Government bonds by which alone they are secured? Are Government bonds any more valuable in the hands of bankers than they would be in the hands of the people? If not why not get rid of the paper that is issued by these banks and upon which they are drawing double interest from the producing people and to that amount place non-interest bearing bonds of the Government directly in the hands of the people to the extent of the National Bank issues? The people would have all the security they now have besides getting rid of the interest paid to the banks on the bonds as collaterals.

The resumption act was a Republican measure, supported, advocated and voted for by Republican Senators and members of the House, and a single Democrat in either house of Congress. It has been adhered to and successfully executed by that party.—(Sherman's Speech.)

The resumption was a Republican measure; and it is safe to say that it would have carried death and destruction through the ranks of our industries if the Democrats had not compelled the resumption of silver and the acceptance of greenbacks for customs duties. Democratic legislation removed the fangs from the Republican serpent. That is the exact truth about it.—(Plain Dealer.)

SATURDAY night a span of the railroad bridge over the Missouri River at St. Charles gave way beneath a stock train. A wind storm was raging at the time. The train, which was from Kansas City, contained seventeen cars, and on board a conductor, engineer, five stock men, and two brakemen. The train fell eighty feet into the river. The engine and one car, with the conductor, engineer and fireman, were saved by the breaking of the connection between the cars. Three dead bodies and three badly injured men have been recovered from the river.

GARFIELD is almost certain to be chosen U. S. Senator in place of Thurman. There is not a more subservient tool of the gold ring in the State than DeGolyer. While professing to be in favor of the resumption of silver he voted against every bill which proposed to secure that object. He was willing to consent to remonetization only on condition that the capitalists and creditors should be enabled to demand a larger and more valuable dollar than that which was promised them. He would be a worthy representative of the robber class.

ARMY service does not seem to agree with the colored race. The report of the surgeon general for the last fiscal year shows that the average number of troops in service was about 21,000 white and 1,977 colored. The aggregate number of deaths were whites 447, colored 231. These figures show that the mortality among the colored soldiers has been about one in eight, while the deaths among the white soldiers have averaged but a fraction more than one in forty-seven. It is very evident that the Caucasian race is far better adapted to enduring the hardships of military life than the African.

By a collision of a ship with steam-er Champion off the coast of Delaware on Friday, the steamer was instantly sunk and thirty-two persons are reported to have found a watery grave.

No business man ever made a cent by giving an order for printing to a foreign office, because there are forty times during the year when the editor can say a little something of benefit to the merchant, and he will be sure to do it if he gets his patronage. Otherwise it is unreasonable to expect it.—(Ex.)

The Cincinnati Enquirer of the 5th inst. says: "The holders of claims against Jay Cooke and company were surprised to discover that the estate will pay in the aggregate \$1,127 on every \$1,000 he owed at the time of the collapse. Something complimentary to Mr. Cooke will be in order now. Say a testimonial dinner with plenty of speeches and a long set of resolutions engrossed on vellum."

A VERY heavy rain and wind storm, almost a tornado, swept over the vicinity of Independence, Mo., Saturday afternoon. A report from Strasburg Station, on the Missouri Pacific Railroad, twenty miles east of Independence, says the storm there was the worst of the season. Almost the whole town was destroyed. Two or three persons were killed, and a number injured. It was almost as severe as the Lee Summit tornado on May 31st. The telegraph lines are all down. No report can be had from there.

A Treasury official explained to an Enquirer correspondent what caused the ten million reduction of the public debt for October, just on the eve of the November elections. He said: "To tell you the truth, the reduction is a forced one, and was brought about by holding back moneys due to government creditors. Had all the warrants drawn upon the Treasury during the month been paid, the decrease in the debt would not have exceeded one million dollars. The Treasury and the Pension Office do not draft should be made by the latter during October for the payment of arrears of pensions and interest on bonds. It is now \$2,000,000 in claims had been adjudicated and were ready to be paid."

Thus the soldier pensioners of the Government are defrauded that Mr. Sherman may make political capital for himself and his party in the November elections. The prediction is made that the next year will show an increase, as the warrants held back during October will be paid during the present month.

TO show the dawn of better times, Mr. Porter presents in the International Review some of the following evidences: "Our cotton goods are sold in Manchester, a city which has lost its monopoly of the world in cottons, for half a cent a pound cheaper than the same quality can be produced in that city. Our coals are sold in Newcastle, and one enterprising American gives away the weight of every ton of American coal. American street cars are sold in New Zealand, and our locomotives find a ready market in Italy. The English wool offices use American locks, while Continental post offices have introduced the Yale lock box. Russia has declared America the standard of her cottons for the empire. We have invaded the German markets with our nickel plating, and the Prince of Wales, purchasing American goods for his own use, reminded the British dealer that in at least one 'high industrial' he had found a new competitor. The cotton produced in the United States is sold at a higher price than any other American goods, and one hundred brewers of Austria and Bavaria, at Paris, while a Philadelphia firm captured the grand prize for lager beer in cases."

It is probable that both of the National Conventions will be held in Chicago next year. Prominent Democrats of that city have agreed to furnish a hall of sufficient capacity for the accommodation of the Convention, and a fund of twenty thousand dollars for the incidental expenses of the convention. The Republicans offer equally liberal inducements to the Convention of that party, and it is reported that the members of both committees are inclined to accept the offers. No city in the country has better facilities for the accommodation of the large crowds that will flock to these gatherings. The hotels of Chicago are commodious, centrally located, and in every way first class, while the city offers access from every section. We trust that both assemblies will be held there, but certainly be no question about the location if the Convention of the public is taken into consideration.—(St. Paul Globe.)

Why the South should be Trusted. The Southern people abandon, and abandon forever, both secession and slavery. They admit that superior physical force has settled what argument was unable to settle. They accept in good faith the constitutional amendments. They desire to exercise only their proportion of power under the Constitution, and they will not allow any one to prevent it, any more civil or sectional war. They voluntarily submit to all fair minded men in the Federal Union. They will not under any circumstances "starve" the Government nor seek any control over the North. But they intend to preserve their self respect, and to deserve the respect of all brave and honorable men everywhere and for all time, and this they can do by continuing themselves to the support of the Republican party as demanded and still demands.—(Senator Hill, of Georgia.)

BRIMFIELD. Now that the election excitement is subsiding, I ask the privilege of a little space in your columns for items from this nook of creation. Birth-day parties, glass-weddings, dime parties and many novel entertainments, brought about to promote the social nature of our inhabitants. On Wednesday evening our good people celebrated the fiftieth birth-day of Mr. Charles Moulton in the manner of a modern surprise party. The affair was a happy success.

Mr. O. Smith has been seriously ill for some weeks, but is now improving under the treatment of Dr. McCConnell. It is worthy of remark that the Doctor although an unassuming man, has battled against the tyrant, disease, so effectually that its very seed comes to rule. An able physician is a blessing to a community.

The select school after a very pleasant term, will close next Thursday. Uncle Tom's Cabin will be played Friday and Saturday by the school. Good music will be in attendance by the Hilltop Orchestra.

General good health prevails and we are happy and contented. H. Nov. 10, 78.

SHALERSVILLE.

DEAR PRESS:—For the last two weeks we have had very interesting temperance meetings, quite a number of young people signing the pledge, there being large audiences present. Last Saturday evening after the program was finished, the Rev. Mr. Hyatt gave a very interesting and able address. All the inhabitants of Shalersville, more or less, were present to come out and help us, and we rest quite sure that there are no secret forces to go through and no payment demanded before taking part in the meetings.

Rev. Mr. Hyatt will preach in the church next Sunday at 2:30 p. m. It is hoped that the people will turn out and hear him. He is a very energetic young man and his sermons are well received here in Shalersville.

Mr. Hurd's cheese factory closed last Monday, but he will take milk every other day until further notice. Nov. 10, '78.

FREEDOM.

NEW STORE.—Mr. F. P. Chapman having completed his new store, gave an early warning by moving on November 6th, the store being filled to its utmost capacity with friends and neighbors. The Union Orchestra of Charlestown being present, the company were entertained with some excellent music; after which the Chapman with good things agreeable to the season, and well recommended from Charlestown.

Mr. W. C. Rawdon, for several years agent at Freedom, has been promoted. He goes to Clarksville, Pa. Mr. A. W. Beach, of Brimfield, has been installed agent at Freedom. G. E. O.

Washington, Letter.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7, 1878. Our so-called National Fair has proved a decided success. Peculiarly it has exceeded all anticipations, for the attendance has been much larger than was deemed possible in the outstart, and this, too, under the large admission charge, 50 cents. The running and trotting races were excellent, for the best horses in the country participated. The mile track is an excellent one and certainly has not a superior anywhere. The best herds of cattle of Virginia and Maryland competed for premiums and make a show fully equal in extent and worth to that of any State Fair in the North. So with horses. Gen. Grant's Arabian Stallions were among these, and of course attracted universal notice, for everybody wanted to see them. These two horses are as gentle and playful as kittens, allowing all who wish to fondle and caress them. Ladies will put their faces close to the noses of the horses who will gently attempt to nip and bite, taking care, however, not to touch the face or clothing. I saw one nipping at the lapel of a gentleman's coat, first one side and then the other, as playfully as a puppy would, every action indicating a familiarity and fearlessness as great as a petted dog. Alongside of these docile animals were ranged our American Stallions, caged and strapped up as if dangerous beasts, and in some cases even closely appressed, making an interesting contrast and arousing the natural query, why should our native horses not be as gentle and kind as the Arabian? The contribution of paintings to the Fair Art Hall were very great. Several large manufacturers of Agricultural Implements fairly emptied their warehouses into the competition, and the result was a fine display of the grand show of cattle, horses and swine, the extensive contributions to the Fine Art, Domestic and Machinery Halls, we feel we have done wonders and have just cause for pride. To raise \$50,000, buy 150 acres of land and cover it with buildings and make a success of a Fair; all inside of 90 days, shows that we have live, energetic men, and that Washington may now be taken out of the category of old fogy cities. We take pleasure in chronicling our success because it is the first step in that direction by our people, and while grand Fairs are common to your readers, ours is new to us, and we must be permitted to exult, just as a boy is when rigged out in his first pair of boots and piggs. The weather was quite cold but of the time, yet as the sun shone brightly and no rain fell to make the racing track heavy, or even to lay the dust, the number of daily visitors was quite large—on some days reaching an estimate of 20,000.

Next to the Fair in interest stand the unending ceremonies of General Grant's funeral. The funeral will be held on the pedestal built under the appropriation of \$20,000 by Congress, and the re-union of the Army of the Cumberland, both ceremonies to take place on the 19th and 20th insts. The State has been pronounced perfect and a masterpiece of art, and will arrive here and be placed in position by a committee to be organized by the 15th, and every arrangement completed so that nothing may occur to mar or prevent the unveiling on the 19th. Thousands are expected to be present, as the committee, Gen. Garfield, Young and McCook, have received assurances to that effect from comrades in all parts of the country, and an immense tent, capable of seating 10,000 people has been provided for the reception and exercises. It will be erected in the grounds of the White House, and will be lighted with the electric light. As Gen. Grant has consented to participate in the ceremonies a mass meeting was held at Lincoln Hall and 100 citizens were appointed by the chairman to arrange for his reception when he arrives. Just what arrangements will be made towards him by our people is not as yet determined, but party lines will evidently not be drawn in the matter as a number of such bitter partisans as Don Platt appear among the committeemen, and we may therefore expect a hearty greeting will be extended him as in the West.

One of our well known grocers, Mr. Frank Golden, was lured to death in his store. It is supposed he set fire to his heard, which was very long, and the flames communicated with his clothing.

Michigan Letter.

TORCH LAKE, MICH., Nov. 6, '78

Ed. Press: Having finally settled in one of the most beautiful villages in Northwestern Michigan, I must give a brief description of the same. Torch Lake is located on a narrow waterway about three miles from the mouth in width at this point, and between a lake of the same name and Grand Traverse Bay; its population is about four hundred, of which many are from Ohio. It has a hotel about the size of the Phenix Block of Ravenna and another now in course of erection, about the same size as the Elma House and notwithstanding the immensely of these hotels, private families are making arrangements for the entertainment of tourists next spring and summer. The location of the village, its Park, Hotels, Stores and streets resemble Ravenna very much, after substituting a grand bay sixteen miles wide instead of Diamond street, and a beautiful lake for Prospect street, it being about the same distance to either from the business center of the village. From the bay to the lake is a Street Railroad, running freight cars and a passenger coach, connecting the inland boat lines with those of the great lakes.

From the shore of the bay we have a splendid view of the Michigan coast, a distance of eighteen miles boats may be seen crossing the entrance of the bay on their way to and from Macine. The lake is eighteen miles long and from three to seven miles wide and is one of the most beautiful lakes in the world. Its waters are so peculiarly transparent that one could almost see the bottom of the lake. From the shore of the bay we have a splendid view of the Michigan coast, a distance of eighteen miles boats may be seen crossing the entrance of the bay on their way to and from Macine. The lake is eighteen miles long and from three to seven miles wide and is one of the most beautiful lakes in the world. Its waters are so peculiarly transparent that one could almost see the bottom of the lake. From the shore of the bay we have a splendid view of the Michigan coast, a distance of eighteen miles boats may be seen crossing the entrance of the bay on their way to and from Macine. The lake is eighteen miles long and from three to seven miles wide and is one of the most beautiful lakes in the world. Its waters are so peculiarly transparent that one could almost see the bottom of the lake.

MARRIED.

WERNER-WITZEL.—November 6th, 1878, at the residence of the bride's mother, the marriage of Mr. W. M. Werner, of Middleburg, Stark county, Ohio, and Miss Laura L. Witzel, of Ravenna.

THE MARKETS.

RAVENNA, Nov. 12, 1878. ATLANTIC MILLS FLOUR AND FEED. FLOUR—New Process, \$1.90; Pastry \$1.90 per sack; O. K. \$1.70. FEED—Bran, 75c per 100 lbs.; Middlings, 55c; Chop, 45c; Corn Meal, \$1.15; Oat Meal, \$2.00. WHEAT—\$1.10 per 100 lbs. CORN—shelled brings 50c; ears, 35c. OATS—30 c. BARLEY—No. 1 brings 50c. RYE—None in market. HAY—Selling at 85c per ton; according to quality. DRIED APPLES—4c. BEES—Per ovary, \$4.50. HOGS—Dressed, \$4.00 per cwt. LARD—City rendered 8c. SMOKED MEATS—City Sugar Cured Ham selling at 9c; Country 8c. Shoulders, City cured selling at 6c. Dried Beef selling at 15c. POULTRY—Small supply in the market. Chickens, un-dressed, buyers pay 6c; Turkeys, un-dressed, 7c. BUTTER—30c. CHEESE—Retail, 12 1/2c. Nov. 10; boxed EGGS—buyers pay 15c per doz. FEATHERS—Buyers pay 25c-30c. DRIED APPLES—4c. BEANS—Common handpicked in small demand at 15c per bushel. Medium 12c. VINEGAR—Pure cider, retail 20c per gal. TALLOW—Buyers pay 5 1/2c. HIDES—Green, trimmed, No. 1, 7 1/2c. FEATHERS—Best retail at 7c. WHITE LIME—\$1.00 per bushel. WATER LIME—\$1.50. SALT—Coarse sells at 25c 100; fine 35c. WOOD—Soft \$1.50 per 1000; foot wood \$3.00 @ \$5.00 per cord. SUGARS—Coffee A sells for 10c. Extra C 9c. Molasses 10c. Polverized 10c. Crushed 10c. Brown 10c. MOLASSES—New Orleans 10c. White Drip Syrup 10c. O-tideen Drip 10c.

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CHILDREN.

Cry for Fitcher's Castoria. They like it because it is so sweet. Mothers like Castoria because it gives health to the child; and Physicians, because it contains no morphine or mineral.

Castoria

The natural remedy for assimilating the food. It cures Colic, the Indigestion of Sour Curd and Diarrhoea, allays Feverishness and Kills Worms. Thus the Child has health and the Mother a clear conscience. Pleasant, Cheap, and Reliable.

CENTAU LINIMENTS

The most effective Pain-relieving agents for MAN and BEAST. Over 1,000,000 Bottles sold last year! The reasons for this unprecedented popularity are evident: the Centaur Liniments are made to deserve confidence; they are absorbed into the structure; they always cure and never disappoint. No person need longer suffer with PAIN IN THE BACK, Rheumatism or Stiff Joints, for the

CENTAU LINIMENTS

Liniments will surely exterminate the pain. There is no Strain, Sprain, Cut, Scald, Burn, Bruise, Sting, Gall or Lameness to which Man, Beast or Bird is not subject. They are not sold to be used in any part of the globe for 25c. and \$1.00 a bottle. Trial bottles 5c. Swallowing

Swallowing

Spurs of disgusting mucus from the nostrils or upon the tongue, Yellow Eyes, Scalds, Burns in the Hair, Deafness, Cracking sensations in the Head, Intermittent Pains over the Eyes, Chronic Catarrh of the Nasal Tissues, Sores in the Nostrils, and Tickling in the Throat are

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IT'S COMING!

The cold weather is coming—it's bound to come. Our patrons seem to forget this. So we would say to all, make your purchases this week.

If you need a New Fall Suit, BUY IT NOW! If you need an Overcoat, BUY IT NOW!

Whatever you need, BUY IT NOW!

And another word—as an additional incentive to your purchasing this week, we shall offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS in every department.

Our entire stock has been purchased early in the season, and WE CAN'T BE UNDER-SOLD.

Boston Clothing House,

RAVENNA, O.

THE NEW

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

Is the place to buy your Boots and Shoes. We have a large stock to select from, and at prices to suit everybody. We invite you all to call and examine our Goods, as we know we can do you good on Shoe wear, as

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD!

We have a Shop in connection with our Retail Store to do Custom Work and Repairing of all kinds on the shortest notice.

Also, Leather and Findings for sale. Give us a trial.

RUMBAUGH & STURDEVANT, Opera Shoe Store, No. 3 Reeds' Block, RAVENNA, OHIO.

CLOTHING!

THE OLD RELIABLE CLOTHING HOUSE

P. FLATH!

Is in receipt of its stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

Which is complete in every department, and includes the latest novelties, which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Gents' Furnishing Goods

Prices as Low as the Lowest!

P. FLATH.

Ravenna, October 31, 1878.

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Spurs of disgusting mucus from the nostrils or upon the tongue, Yellow Eyes, Scalds, Burns in the Hair, Deafness, Cracking sensations in the Head, Intermittent Pains over the Eyes, Chronic Catarrh of the Nasal Tissues, Sores in the Nostrils, and Tickling in the Throat are

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Teachers' Examinations.—An Examination of Teachers will be held at the Union School Building, in Ravenna, commencing at 9 a. m., and closing at 4 o'clock p. m., on the following Saturdays: September 20, 27, October 4, 11, 18, November 1, 8, 15. SPECIAL NOTICE.—No certificate will be granted by order of the Board. C. A. REED, Clerk. Ravenna, Oct. 27, 1878.