

Great Britain and Liberia.

The following from the New Orleans Bulletin is one among many articles of similar import which we observe in our exchange papers:

We are glad to see among the friends of African colonization a determination to arraign Great Britain before the bar of public opinion, for the aggressions committed by her naval officers against the infant State of Liberia. We copy this morning the proceedings of a meeting held at Easton, in Pennsylvania, relative to this subject. The resolutions are just, though severe, conveying a scorching sarcasm upon the boasted philanthropy of England. They relate to a recent interference of British cruisers with the commerce of Liberia. Ever since the colony has been organized into a regular government, it has been a rule to impose a certain duty or tariff on imported goods, for the purpose of raising a revenue for the State, as is customary in every other independent country. The British importers acting, no doubt, under orders from head quarters, have refused to pay the custom house dues, on the ground that Liberia is not a Government, nor an organized independent sovereignty. The colonial authorities have proceeded to enforce the payment of duties, by seizing goods of British subjects, imported in contravention of the tariff. By way of relation, the officer in command of the English squadron on the coast, ordered the seizure of the only revenue cutter belonging to the colony. Thus the affair stands, the powers and capabilities of sovereignty being wrested from the Government of Liberia, by the illiberal and arrogant pretensions of Great Britain. If such a policy be persisted in, the result will be the breaking up of the infant settlements, which may well be regarded as the last hope of civilization in Africa. It is thought by many that the proceeding of the British officer will be disavowed by his Government. But we have our doubts. England never allows her philanthropy to interfere with her commerce or her aggrandisement. The establishment of a Republic founded on American principles, on the African continent, may greatly embarrass the all grasping schemes of her commercial rapacity. Hence a movement is made to crush in the bud a formidable competition. In reference to this matter, the Baltimore (Md.) American very judiciously suggest that Congress, at the next session, should pass a joint resolution recognizing the Liberian right of sovereignty in the soil, and authorizing the President to use the influence of our Government in procuring a similar recognition from France and other continental European powers. Such a proceeding would not commit our Government to any embarrassing responsibility on account of the Liberian Colonies, while at the same time it might have the effect of concentrating the moral force of public opinion throughout Christendom on the side of an infant commonwealth, whose rights have been outraged, notwithstanding its peculiar claims on the sympathies of mankind.

UNFORTUNATE FAMILY.

A family of Germans, by the name of Hauptman, consisting of five persons—an old lady, her two sons and two daughters-in-law—left Philadelphia on the 23d ult., to come to St. Louis by the way of Ohio. A short time before reaching Pittsburgh, the son a young man about 25 years of age, fell from the canal boat during the night, and was never afterwards seen.—At Pittsburgh, the disconsolate mother and the widow of the unfortunate man, together with the boy and the other young woman took passage on a steamboat for Cincinnati. During the first night out, a boy, a lad of 10 or 12 years of age, fell from a barge which the steamer had in tow, and sunk to rise no more. Almost overcome with grief, the two women concluded to continue their journey; and accordingly, after reaching Cincinnati, took passage on board the steamer Ohio Mail for this city. It would seem that this severe loss would have been sufficient, under the circumstances, to have born down the strongest mind, but still the widow's cup of affliction was not full; laboring under the greatest distress of mind from having lost her only dependence in old age, and anticipating what reception she would meet with in a land of strangers, she was the third time startled by the cry of some one overboard. She had barely time to rush to the side of the boat and see the agitated waters close over the head of her family—her daughter-in-law; the next instant she had passed under the wheel house, and the paddle wheel finished the work. This last misfortune happened night before last, when the boat was opposite Liberty. The young woman went forward of the cook-house to draw a bucket of water, and in the attempt to get it on board, her feet slipped, and the current which filled the bucket drew her overboard. The two survivors reached here yesterday morning; and we have this statement from them.—St. Louis New Era, September 4.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE.

Columbus, O., Sept. 29, 1845. To the Township Clerks of Portage Co.: The statistics of the Common Schools of the State of Ohio, which have been transmitted to this Department have, for the last three or four years, been so deficient as to present a very imperfect exhibition of the condition of this cause. No one can form, from the annual returns, an accurate idea of any of the important particulars embraced in the requirements of the School Law, nor can a Report comprehending information desired in reference to the operation of the Common School System, be presented to our Legislature. No efficient or salutary measures for the advancement or improvement of our system of education can be expected, without a vigorous compliance with those provisions of the School Law which relate to the returns to be furnished annually to the Auditor of your county.

You are respectfully solicited to use appropriate diligence in obtaining from the Clerks and Teachers of the districts in your townships, full information upon the points specified in sections 9, 10 and 23 of the volume of School Laws, and designated in the forms on page 88 and 110 of that volume. If as Superintendents of Common Schools, in your respective townships you will furnish to your County Auditor a full representation of the condition of the schools under your care for the present year, you will materially advance the interests of Education in our State.

SAM'L. GALLOWAY,

Superintendent of Common Schools.

ROBBERY.—A most daring robbery was committed on yesterday morning, September 30th in Bolivar, Tuscarawas County. As far as we have ascertained, the particulars are as follows: About 3 o'clock yesterday morning, some person called at the store of A. D. Thayer & Co., and after awakening the Clerk, who slept in the store, said he wished to purchase some oats. Whilst the Clerk was engaged in procuring a light, six or seven men rushed upon him and knocked him down. After a severe struggle, they succeeded in tying his hands and feet, and placed a gag in his mouth. They then proceeded to rifle the desk and drawer, out of which they obtained \$50.00, and then decamped, leaving the Clerk bound and gagged upon the floor, in which situation he was found in the morning. No clue has yet been obtained as to the whereabouts of the Robbers.—Massillon Gazette.

QUICKEST TRIP ON RECORD.

The steamer Oregon is a screamer to run, or rather fly. She left New York at six o'clock, Tuesday evening, and arrived opposite this city at half past one o'clock yesterday morning—making the trip in seven hours and a half! Capt. St. John says he can do nearly an hour better than this, when all circumstances of tide, water and light are favorable. If so, the night trip up and down the river will be but an evening's work, and passengers will reach their journey's end at quite respectable bed time. If our noble steamers are to make such time as this, we can see no great necessity for the establishment of the magnetic telegraph. The Oregon ran from her pier, near the Battery, to Caldwell's Landing, 17 miles, in two hours. This was her average speed to Hudson, from which place the state of the river rendered it necessary to slack her speed.—Albany Citizen, October 2.

Great Fire in Montreal.

OVER ONE HUNDRED HOUSES DESTROYED.—A slip from the office of the Montreal Herald contains the following: A dreadful fire occurred in Griffin Town this morning, which destroyed nearly one hundred houses, as near as we can reckon; two houses have been blown up under the direction of Major Evans, and several others torn down for the purpose of preventing the fire progressing. Griffin Town now forms a compact portion of Montreal; it was formerly connected with the city as 'Greenwich village' was to New York. The fire originated in a building on Queen street, occupied as a coffee manufactory and copper smith's shop, where it could have been confined had there been decision and power to demolish a few small wooden buildings in the vicinity. The fire spread rapidly from building to building, over nearly the entire block, from Queen street on the North to Prince street on the South, from Wellington street East to Gabriel street West, one house at the corner of Queen and Gabriel street, and part of a building at the corner of Wellington and Queen streets, were saved in a damaged condition; the part of the one at the cor. of Wellington and Queen was cut in two, and the burning end served from the other. The fire crossed Prince street, consumed the next block through to Nazareth street; and crossed Nazareth street, burning one or more buildings on the South side of the street two or three were blown up to arrest the fire. The buildings consumed were many of them of a rather ordinary kind, occupied by families in the humber walks of life; the distress and privation therefore caused by this fire are great. There were a nail factory and a casting shop, several grocery and tavern stands, dwellings occupied by numerous poor families, a building where Church service has been held during the Summer; also a handsome Methodist Church and parsonage, several fine stone and brick stores and dwellings, and quite an amount of property destroyed.

FIRE.—At Pittsburgh, on Sunday morning, the brass foundry of Stephens & Reed, on sixth street, was entirely destroyed.

The clothing store of Faxon & McGurk was nearly destroyed; the contents, however, principally saved.

WELL DONE.—Out of thirty-one Senators, in Maine, the federalists will have but three! In the lower house the federalists have done proportionately but little better. Who says Maine didn't do it right?

VERMONT.—Slade falls short of an election about 3000 votes. In the Legislature the federal majority will be between 20 and 30 on joint ballot.

The burnt district, in New York, has been nearly built over. It is thought by November it will be covered with new buildings.

Morgan L. Martin, dem., is elected Delegate to Congress from Wisconsin Territory by about 1000 majority.

Bank Note List.

Table listing various banks and their notes, including Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Missouri, Canada, New York, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, New Jersey, Virginia, Indiana, Illinois, and Exchange.

Married.

In this village, on the 14th inst., Mr. GRIFFITH W. FOX to Miss EMILY E. WOODS, of this place.

In this village, on the 9th inst. by Arba Twitchell, THOMAS J. CHARLTON to Miss M. C. CARTWRIGHT, both of Brimfield.

At the Pavilion House, in Ravenna, on the 9th inst. by E. Spalding, Esq. Mr. WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, to Miss SARAH ANN SAINT, both of Atwater.

Died.

In Ravenna, on the 12th inst., MARGARET, daughter of Daniel and Jennett Morrill, aged 8 years.

In this village on the 11th inst., GEORGE KIRKUM, son of James H. and Lucilla Leffingwell, aged 4 years and 4 months.

In Rootstown on the 9th inst., THADDEUS M. ANDREWS, aged 21 years.

In Charlestown on the 1st inst. HELEN, daughter of Seth and Sally Maria Palmer, aged 1 year and 7 months.

Cease fond parents, O cease in pain to weep Thy infant child lays wrapt in peaceful sleep, In death's cold arms, its tender form is laid, While guardian angels watch around its peaceful slumber.

"I take these little babes," said he, "and lay them on my breast, Protection they shall find in me, in me be ever blest."

THUNDER AND GUNS.

Franklin against the Field!!!

M. & C. H. KENT

ARE now opening their Fall & Winter Goods comprising as usual the choicest and best stock of Goods to be found in Portage county and what is better they will continue as heretofore to sell their Goods at lower prices than they can be found anywhere in this region. Bring on your produce and cash and you will find us "right side up with care."

Franklin Mills, Oct. 10, 1845.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

WE pay at all times the highest market price for Wheat delivered at the Mill. Also the highest market price in Cash for good Beef Hides delivered at the Tannery.

M. & C. H. KENT, Franklin Mills, Oct. 10, 1845.

ATTENTION THE WHOLE!

Head quarters for Cheap Goods.

M. KENT & Co., are now receiving M. one of the Best, Finest and cheapest stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

ever before offered in this market embracing a complete and well selected assortment of almost every kind and quality of Goods which they are enabled to offer upon such terms as cannot fail to give the most ample satisfaction to the closest buyers. In view of the Drought and Hard times we have our goods at a trifle from cost. Goods can be sold as invited to "Pop in" as we consider it no trouble to show our Goods and we intend to set a peg below any other establishment in town at all events, if our lives and health are spared we shall not suffer any other establishment to out do us in the matter of prices. As usual almost all kinds of produce received in exchange for Goods and Cash not refused.

M. KENT & Co. Ravenna, Oct. 10, 1845.

DRESS GOODS.

ALPACA, Rep. Brocade, and silk warp. Cashmere, Coburg and Muslin De Lains, very rich patterns and extremely cheap

at GILLETTS, October 1845.

BEAVER, Pilot and Broad cloths, Satinets and fancy Cassimeres a large assortment can be found at GILLETTS, October 1845.

Various styles and qualities at GILLETTS, Oct. 1845.

MUFFS.—Ladies Muffs from \$2.25 to \$8.00 at GILLETTS, October 1845.

SHAWLS.—Plain, Magnolia, Terkars Damask, Lady's Style, Embroidered, and Kabyle Shawls. For sale at GILLETTS, Oct. 1845.

FLORENCE Braid Hats, Silk and Velvets for Winter Hats, for sale at GILLETTS, Oct. 1845.

FEATHERS and Winter Flowers for sale cheap at GILLETTS, Oct. 1845.

VESTINGS.—A good assortment of Vestings can be found at GILLETTS, Oct. 1845.

HEAVY Cotton Sheetting at 84 cents per yard at GILLETTS, Oct. 1845.

HURRAH FOR COLD SHOULDERS. PRIME article of sole Leather for 16 cents per pound at GILLETTS, Oct. 1845.

"The times are not as they used to was," "Old things are passing away" and "somethings are becoming New"—when the people can buy Goods 25 per cent less in the county seat of Portage than they could when the Old dynasty ruled the market. Oct. 1845. GILLETTS & Co.

"GREETING."

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

K NOW all men, women and children that CYRUS PRENTISS is now receiving and opening the LARGEST, richest, rarest and decidedly the CHEAPEST STOCK OF GOODS ever offered in this market embracing every variety of STAPLE and FANCY goods. They were purchased at such rates as will enable him to offer inducements to those wishing to purchase GOODS that cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Persons wishing to buy Goods, good, new and cheap, will find it to their advantage to call on CYRUS PRENTISS, October 8th, 1845.

STONE COAL.

CYRUS PRENTISS has just received at his warehouse Forty Tons of Mount Noto Stone Coal of a superior quality for smith and general use, call and try it, Ravenna, Sept. 8, 1845.

The benefit of the "ready Pay" System can be demonstrated by calling at the Store of GILLETTS & CO.

WHERE they are now receiving their Fall Stock of New Goods. We have not time to tell any "Long Yarn," but we would say that we are aware of the extreme drought and have marked our Goods accordingly, and will sell them at such rates as to give satisfaction. We have a large assortment of dress Goods of the latest style, which were brought over by the GREAT BRITAIN. She was sent expressly to supply those who were not able to obtain any of the Goods from the Great Western, among which may be found an Alpaca which paid a duty of 80 cents that we will sell for 25 cents per yard, and other qualities in proportion. And we can safely state that we can offer greater inducements to those who have any Produce or loose change to spare, than was ever before offered in Portage County. Ravenna, October, 1845.

PURIFY THE BLOOD. MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.

The high and envied celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for their unrivaled efficacy in all the diseases which they profess to cure, has rendered the usual practice of pulling out only unnecessary, but unworthy of them. They are known by their fruits: their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous. IN ALL CASES OF ASTHMA, ACUTE and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, AFFECTIONS OF the BLADDER and KIDNEYS, BILIOUS FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.—In the south and west, where these diseases prevail, they will be found invaluable. Pleasants, farmers, and others, who once use these Medicines, will never afterwards be without them. BILIOUS CHOLIC, and SERIOUS Loosenes, BILES, COSTIVENESS, COLIC & COUGHS, CHOLIC, CONSUMPTION. Used with great success in the disease CORRUPT HUMORS, DROPSIES, DYSENTERIA. No person with this distressing disease, should delay using these Medicines immediately. ERUPTIONS of the Skin, ERYSIPELAS, FLATULENCY. FEVER and AGUE. For this scourge of the western country these Medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines have been systematized to return of the disease—a cure by these Medicines is permanent. TRY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED. PREPARED BY DR. W. W. MOFFAT, GENERAL DEBILITY, GOUT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL, HEADACHES, of every kind, INWARD FEVER, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, IMPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, LOSS OF APPETITE. LIVER COMPLAINTS, LEPROSY, LOOSENESS, MENTAL DISEASES.—Never fails to eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury indelicately soother than the most powerful treatment of Sarsaparilla. SCURVY, SCALDS, NEURALGIA, DEBILITY, FEVER, COMPLAINTS of all kinds, ORGANIC AFFECTIONS, PALPITATION of the HEART, PAINTER'S CHOLIC, PAINS in the head, side, back, limbs, joints and organs. RHEUMATISM. Those afflicted with this distressing disease, will be relieved by Life Medicines. RUSH of BLOOD to the HEAD, SCURVY, SALTHERUM, SWELLINGS. SCROFULA, or KING'S EVIL, in its various forms, of every description. WORKS, of all kinds, are effectually expelled by these Medicines. Parents will do well to administer them whenever their children are suspected. Relief will be certain. THE LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS PURIFY THE BLOOD, and thus remove all disease from the system. A single trial will place the LIFE PILLS and PHENIX BITTERS beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient. The genuine of these Medicines are now put up in white wrapper and label, together with a pamphlet, call "Moffat's Good Samaritan," containing the directions, on which is a drawing of Broadway from Wall street to our Office, by which strangers visiting the city can very easily find us. The wrappers and Samaritans are copyrighted, therefore those who procure them with white wrappers can be sure they are genuine. He cautions, do not buy those with yellow wrappers; but if you do, be satisfied that they come direct from us, or don't touch them. DR. W. W. MOFFAT, 233 Broadway, corner of Anthony street, New York. For Sale by B. B. DAVIS, State Agent, Salem, Ohio. LOCAL AGENTS IN PORTAGE AND SUMMIT COUNTIES.

ON HAND AGAIN WITH LOTS OF NEW GOODS.

WE are now receiving a choice Stock of Fall and Winter Goods of late importations which we will sell for Ready Pay or good credit as cheap as any this side of the Gulf Stream. Please call and examine Goods and prices, if you want to buy cheap. H. L. DAY & Co. Sept. 29, 1845.

SALT for sale by GILLETTS & Co. Sept. 29, 1845.

PURE Brandy, Rum and Holland Gin for sale by SWIFT & HATCH.

ORANGE Shellac for sale by SWIFT & HATCH, Oct. 1st, 1845.

SULPHATE Quinine and Morphine, selling cheap SWIFT & HATCH, Oct. 1st, 1845.

PREP. Ext. of Bark, this preparation contains the sulphates of Quinine and Cinchona with the other active principals of Peruvian Bark, for sale by SWIFT & HATCH Oct. 1st, 1845.

OSGOOD'S Indian Chologogue that never failing cure for Fever and Ague a large supply. Just rec'd and for sale by Oct. 1st. SWIFT & HATCH.

CORN.—C. PRENTISS has just received a Corn Boat load of old corn and a portion of it is not engaged and is for sale. Ravenna, Sept. 24, 1845. 14lf.

SUGAR CAN now be found at GILLETTS, Sept. 27, 1845.

GUM Copal, Spts. Turpentine, Linseed Oil and White Lead for sale by Oct. 1st. SWIFT & HATCH.

HATS & CAPS. LARGE assortment of Mens & Boys Hats and Caps for sale cheap by Sept. 29, 1845. DAY & Co.

FASHIONABLE FRENCH BOOT & SHOE MAKING.

Opposition to Imposition.

Hurrah for the Cheap Boot & Shoe Store!

Whereas, Maloway & Shannahan have dissolved partnership by mutual consent, the business is to be conducted by Maloway, at the old stand, 3 doors south of C. Prentiss' store. He intends to sell his boots and shoes as cheap as any other vendor in Ravenna. He has already reduced 50 cents on his fine boots, also on other articles. His prices on coarse work are as follows: Cow hide Boots \$2.50 Do. do. Shoes 1.50 Ladies boots and shoes in proportion. Ladies work warranted to be real Morocco and not sheep skin. Mr. Maloway requests a visit from the farmers before going elsewhere, as the object is to exterminate all pretended abolitionists. Shame on such bullfrogs. 18lf

THAT TEA HAS just arrived, and the best ever sold for 50 cts. per lb. Also that celebrated Twankay Tea from 50c. to 75c. at H. L. DAY & Co. Sept. 29, 1845.

DRESS GOODS.—Repp Cashmere, De Cosee, Pais De Laines Alpaca &c. &c. just received by DAY & Co. Sept. 29, 1845.

SHAWLS of all kinds just received and for sale cheap by DAY & Co. Sept. 29, 1845.

CLOTHS and the best for over Coats ever you did see. Also Cashmeres, Sattinets and Broad cloths, amazing cheap by H. L. DAY & Co. Sept. 29, 1845.

OVER COATS. ONE case of Good over coats lined and wadded throughout. All for a five dollar bill by H. L. DAY & Co. Sept. 29, 1845.

BONNETS.—Velvet and Silk, some very pretty winter Bonnets, also tussan and Leghorn, just received and for sale cheap by Sept. 29, 1845. H. L. DAY & Co.

PRESTON'S Pure concentrated extract of Lemon for flavoring Sauce, Jellies, custards, Puddings, Pies, &c. Sold by SWIFT & HATCH.

BOOTS & SHOES OF every description, quality and price. Just received by DAY & Co. Sept. 29, 1845.

HOODS.—The best articles for children Winter Bonnets, just rec'd by Sept. 29. H. L. DAY & Co.

GOLD Leaf and Bronze for sale by Oct. 1st. SWIFT & HATCH.

DR. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION.

Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Pain in the Side, Breast and Chest, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all diseases of the Liver and the LUNGS.

Beware of that fall disease which in perpetually fastens upon your system the threads of destruction, and hastens you to the grave. Read the following certificate from one of the most respectable farmers of Licking county.

In the fall of '41, I was attacked with a severe cough, and more or less pain and soreness thro' the chest, which continued unabated through the winter. As warm weather approached I became somewhat relieved, but still the soreness and cough did not entirely leave me. At the commencement of the winter '42-3, I began to get much worse; great soreness through my whole chest, difficulty of breathing, severe and constant cough, followed in a short time by a copious expectoration of mucus, rapid emaciation, &c. These symptoms continued to grow worse and worse, until I was so much prostrated as to be mostly confined to my room, and scarcely able to help myself. Having little confidence in the ability of physicians to relieve or cure a consumption which I supposed to have become already seated upon me, I had entirely neglected the use of any prescriptions whatever, until I saw in the Advocate an advertisement of Dr. Duncan's which induced me to purchase of Mr. Briggs who was then agent, one bottle of his medicine, hoping it might afford me some relief from my sufferings, although I expected nothing more. In March '43, I commenced using it, and in four days time soreness in my chest was entirely removed, my cough was much relieved, expectoration freely, and began to mend in every respect. In short, I continued taking until I had used ten bottles when I found myself entirely cured and have remained so until the present. I need not say that I consider the expectorant a most valuable medicine for lung affections, and as such have, and do still most cheerfully recommend it. WESLEY BLIZZARD, Newark, April 1845.

The above testimonial from Mr. Wesley Blizard of our township, who is personally known to many of our citizens, we entirely concur in with interest.—Constitutionalist.

Dr. Duncan.—Dear Sir: Having had occasion to witness the effect of Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy on Mr. Eli Young in the case of pulmonary consumption I feel it my duty to make a statement in order that others that are or may be afflicted with the same complaint may be benefited by the same remedy. He was attacked with inflammation on the left lobe of the lungs in March, 1843, attended with acute pain, great difficulty of Breathing, and a severe cough which proceeded rapidly to suppuration and notwithstanding the use and application of the best remedies prescribed by our authors, the complaint in a few days began to exhibit evident symptoms of ulceration. In this distressing stage of the complaint, I had recourse to Dr. Duncan's expectorant Remedy for Consumption, which had the effect of checking the disease immediately, and in a few days the pain ceased, the breathing became free and easy, the cough left him, and the expectorant soon subsided the consequence of which was that in using six bottles of the medicine he has recovered and is restored to his family and friends. J. UPSON, M. D. I do hereby certify the above to be a true statement of my case as far as comes within my knowledge. ELI STRONG.

The case of Mr. Young is also known by many persons in the town of Mt. Vernon, those wishing any further information of the wonderful efficacy of Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy are requested to call upon the following persons: G. A. Jones, Jno. Hamer, Samuel Israel, Esq. Mt. Vernon, Amos Hipsley, Wm. Findly, Morris Tp. John Ross, Pike Tp.

Be careful and call for the above Medicine at the Drug store of SWIFT & HATCH, Ravenna, Ohio, who are the only agents in Portage county. 24lf