MORNING LEADER.
THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6.

State Library

Cleveland Morning Leader.

VOL. XVII. CLEVELAND, THURSSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6. NO. 191

"The Record of C. L. Vallandigham."

This is the title of a book which is an important work, as authority, in regard to the opinions of the man who has consented to run as a candidate for the Governorship of Ohio, *"in order to vindicate the rights of free discussion and personal liberty."*

This book is too large for the general reading public, but we propose to extract some of its plain unequivocal doctrines, that the every day newspaper reader may know what are the sentiments of this famously infamous man. The work is published by J. Walter & Co., of Columbus, Ohio, and they will consider themselves highly complimented in being styled Simon Pure followers of their hero. In the publishers' notice we are told *"the object is to furnish the means of a correct judgment in relation to a man, who, through the malignant assaults of his enemies, and the esteem of his friends has become one of the most generally talked-of men of these times. This record shows why Mr. Vallandigham has so many enemies."*

Now, from its pages we propose to glean briefly that the *"many enemies"* of Mr. V. must be the friends of the Union, and *none others.*

The first speech of the series is one made in 1855, at Dayton, before a Democratic meeting. It appears from the Record that this meeting had assembled to consider the cause of the decline of Democratic power; to inquire of their party gods and prophets why the banners of Democracy went down before their opponents; and Mr. Vallandigham, as a great prophet and philosopher, explains to his own apparent satisfaction the reason why the Democratic party had been left to suffer defeat. He finds the cause in their "neglect of good doctrine, vigorous discipline, and true and good men." The latter two causes are barely intimated, while he enlarges a speech of thirty-three pages upon the heresies that have grown into the party—the greatest of which is Anti-Slavery doctrine and Free Soil principles. He says:

"The political parties at the North, gentlemen, have faltered and some of them fallen, before Abolition. The Whig party bargaining with, courting, and seeking to absorb it into its own ranks,' (we smile at the idea of absorption being the end of courting!) "has, itself, at last been swallowed up and lost. Even the Democratic party, never losing its identity, never ceasing to be national—has, nevertheless, in whole or in part, at some period or another in every State cowered before or tampered with this dark spectre." He then questions *"What remains to be done?"* and answers, "I speak it boldly—to be true to your great mission, and to succeed in it you must take open, manly, one-sided ground upon the Abolition question. In no other way can you now conquer."

Let us look for a moment at this high sounding philosophy. The Democratic party has lost power because it yielded *in part* to the *"grim spectre"* of Anti-Slavery. The Free Soil party has triumphed by agitating the Anti-Slavery question.—Ergo—(*Shade of Wheatly!*) The Democratic party can regain power only by coming out boldly against Anti-Slavery. This is a specimen of the would-be Governor's early training in the philosophy of politics.

But, the most remarkable passage in this maiden speech of our Ohio Exile, is one upon the reception given in the North to those champions of Anti-Slavery, who first entered the arena of free discussion. Speaking of the mere moral discussion, before it took on any type of political action, he says, "coming thus in such a questionable shape, even the North started back aghast as at a goblin damned. Its presses were destroyed, its assemblies broken up, its publications burned, and its lecturers mobbed everywhere, and more than one among them murdered in the midst of popular tumult and indignation." Well, exiled martyr to the cause of free speech, why did you not then speak out your Jonahic denunciations against the assaults of free speech? Why not then pour out your Jeremiad's over the degeneracy of a Government that was too weak (or too corrupt?) even in a time of profound internal peace, to protect this sacred right of the people to assemble and discuss their opinions, when no excuse of the overbearing force of civil war held back the arm of administrative justice? You have just now found out, have you, that this interfering with discussion "gores your ox."

But, in his future apology for the South, he says, "But the South has forborne a little. She has not yet (how is it now, Mr. V.?) organized societies, and fostered and protected them by legislation to steal that which our law recognizes as property, and refused restitution on the pretext that by the higher law of conscience, no right of property exists in the thing stolen."—

Well, sir, if she had done these things, we suppose in that pure uncorrupted mind of your political maidenhood you would have given us spicy specimens of rebuking eloquence upon her encroachments. Where are they now, sir? Has she yet stolen anything which, not only our Government but every Government, civilized and barbarous, recognizes as property? Where are the stolen Fersis? the stolen guns? the stolen deposits in treasury vaults? and where, brave rebuker of larceny, is your denunciation of the theft?

There are yet richer views of stump eloquence and political sophistry in this "Record" which we must leave for future comment.

A pretty comment on English policy touching the fitting out of pirate ships, is given in the news that the ship George Griswold, which took out a cargo of produce to starving Englishmen, was overhauled at sea by a pirate—probably fitted out at an English port, and supplied with coal by obliging English traders—and only saved from destruction by giving bonds for $100,000.

The Navy Department has awarded the contract for building the fifteen knot sloop-of-war, proposals of which were published some time since, to Cramp & Son, at Washington. They are to build her with the understanding that she is to be completed in twelve months. The machinery is to be made by Merrick & Son, Philadelphia.

The Wheeling Intelligencer has the assurance from the Provost Guard that they have in charge three rebels whose eyes are as green as grass.

The Douglas and Breckinridge Democracy—The War Policy of the Democracy.

The New York Herald contains the following purported exposition of the designs of the Democratic leaders:

"The National Committee of the Douglas and Breckinridge Democracy are to have a meeting either at Milwaukee or Detroit, between the 11th and 23d of next month, to arrange a programme for the approaching Presidential campaign. It is already agreed to bury the hatchet, and place the Democratic party thus united upon a war platform. Copperheadism is to be denounced, and resolutions in favor of the integrity of the Union to be adopted. The responsibility of the recent riots in resistance to the draft is to be placed where it rightly belongs. The present Administration is to be ignored, and no comment whatever is to be made upon its action. The negro question is also to be treated with utter silence. The leading Democrats who will take part in this movement are convinced that no suggestion they may offer will have any weight or influence with the present Administration, and they are agreed, therefore, to confine themselves to the making out of a programme of their own, by which the two wings of the old Democratic party will be completely united and a strong bid made for the support of the conservatives of other parties throughout the loyal States. This movement is of great political importance. The meeting is not intended to be public, but a plan of operations is to be agreed upon which will settle all differences, and bring together, upon a war platform, all the Democrats of the loyal States."

Draft Riots—The Enforcement in Ohio.

In the late address of Governor Tod, issued upon the capture of John Morgan, are the following opinions regarding the operation of the draft in Ohio:

In some of our sister States, serious riots, resulting in the loss of many lives, and large destruction of property, have occurred on account of the efforts of the Federal authorities to enforce the laws for the preservation of our Government.

I am happy to announce to the people of the State, that there is no just cause for apprehending such disturbances within our border; but, be this as it may, ample provisions has been made to quell any such disturbance, should any be attempted.

Thank God, we have but few bad men in Ohio, and the good and virtuous of every neighborhood are able to preserve the peace and dignity of the State.

The State authorities have but little to do, directly, with the enforcement of the draft. They have looked to it, however, in season, that honest and faithful agents, citizens of the State, have been selected by the Federal authorities to execute the draft. Fairness and justness therefore are guaranteed to every citizen. Additional troops are required to maintain our glorious Government. Our brave and gallant boys in the field require assistance in men from home, and they must have it. I have therefore cheerfully given to the Federal authorities all aid in my power to enforce the draft soon to be made; and I earnestly implore the assistance of all good men throughout the State in this necessary work.

General Grant is a man of great military resources. His latest contrivance is the organization of a Water Department in his army, by which his force will be able to traverse any portion of Mississippi, however destitute of water.

Monday was an intensely hot day in New York. The Tribune reports the mercury at 93 deg. in its editorial room at 10 o'clock P. M. More than fifty cases of sunstroke were reported.

DRY GOODS.

DRESS SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

HOWER & HIGBEE
Have Fully Stocked with
THE FIRST CLASS GOODS,
Which they Sell
At Their Usual Low Rates.
They have just Received an Excellent lot of
PLAIN BROWN DRESS SILKS.
Also—A Large Assortment of Desirable and
Fashionable Dress Goods,
Among which are the New Fabrics
Poil de Noid, Musseline de Soit, &c
With another Extra Arrival of
PLAIN ALPACAS,
In All the Favorite Colors.
CLOAKS,
A Full Assortment of Cloaks always On Hand—those Adapted to the Season!
239 SUPERIOR-ST.
july29

BARGAINS!
200 PIECES
Good Styles and Fast Colored
PRINTED LAWNS,
(Only 12½ Cents per yard.
julyl8 MORGAN, BOOT & CO.

SILK GOODS.
E. I. Baldwin & Co., Offer this Day,
200 pieces Plain and Fancy Silks,
Plain Brocades Poult de Soies,
Striped, shot and figured Silks colors.
The above in all the choice shades of Cuir, Slate, Mode, Pearl, Garnet, Scarlet, Magenta, Brown, Rose, Olive, Tan, Blue Green, Buff, Black and White, comprising the finest line of
PLAIN DRESS SILKS
ever offered in this market.
Canton Crepes,
Canton Poplins,
Rich Silks,
Mourning Silks,
July27 E. I. BALDWIN & CO.

JUST OPENED—
500 Yds MORE of THOSE LAWNS,
At 12½ Cents—worth 20 Cents.
I. P. SHERWOOD,
July29 242 and 244 Superior-St.

VERY CHEAP—
A FULL LINE OF
LACE POINTS & MANTLES,
Which will be sold Cheap to close.
July29 I. P. SHERWOOD.

LINEN DAMASKS, IRISH LINEN, &c.—I will now offer the whole of my Stock of Table Damasks, Irish Linens, Napkins, Doylies, Linen Handkerchiefs for Ladies and Gentlemen, Shirt Fronts, &c., at Reduced Prices. Those in want of new Linen Goods, can now obtain them at LOW PRICES. S. HYMAN,
July29 Cheap Linen Store.

ENVELOPES! ENVELOPES!!—200,000 ENVELOPES, of all sizes, qualities and colors, for sale at the Leader Counting Room, close Cash.

LOCAL MATTERS.

[From Last Evening's Edition.]

BIG GUN.—Another monster gun from the Fort Pitt Works, Pittsburgh, came up yesterday, *en route* for the East.

PEACHES.—Large quantities of peaches are passing through here daily from Cincinnati to Buffalo.

NEW COAL CARS.—Twenty new coal cars for the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, manufactured by the Toledo Car Company, arrived from Toledo this morning.

HOLMAN OPERA TROUPE.—A rare treat is presented each evening at the Academy of Music in the performances of the celebrated Holman Opera Troupe. Go to-night, and see "Cinderella" performed.

BOAT RIDE.—Remember that the excursion to Put-in Bay by Leland's Band comes off to-morrow on board the steamer Morning Star. The boat leaves the Michigan Central dock, at 8 o'clock, precisely. A grand concert will be given by the band on the Island.

SONGS.—We have received a copy of a song entitled "Rebel John," founded on John Morgan's rebel raid through the States of Indiana and Ohio, composed by J. Byron Lewis, of the 115th O. V. I., who has written a number of very good songs. "Rebel John" is quite a comical production, set to the music of "John Anderson, my Jo John." Another song, by the same author, entitled "Our Flag," comes with it.

FROM THE 67TH.—The Toledo Blade says: "A note from Lieutenant George M. Ballard, of the 67th, dated Sunday, the 26th inst., says:

"We have heard by a flag-of-truce boat from Charleston, of the fate of some of our wounded and missing. 2d Lieutenant Baxter, of Company A, is certainly dead; Sergeant John G. Bailey, who had his leg shot off, died on the 22d at Charleston."

FROM TENNESSEE.—Lieutenant John Crable, of Battery G, Captain Alexander Marshall, 1st O. V. A., arrived home this morning, having resigned. He left the Battery on Wednesday of last week, at Deckart, Tennessee, four miles from the headquarters of General Rosecrans, which are at Winchester. The health of the Battery, as of the Army generally, is good. A forward movement will soon be made upon Chattanooga, which is sure to fall into our hands.

ANOTHER REGIMENT GOING HOME.—The 21st Maine infantry, nine months' men, arrived here last night about 7 o'clock by the Toledo Road, and continued on East, by way of Buffalo.

The ladies of Buffalo have taken great interest in the welfare of the Eastern soldiers who pass through on their way home. When a regiment reaches there the ladies bring them refreshments, and are exceedingly kind and attentive to the sick.

SHREWD SWINDLE BY A WOMAN.—The Chicago Tribune of Wednesday gives the following particulars of what it calls "one of the boldest and most ingenious swindles ever perpetrated by any man or woman in this city":

"On the 3d of July, a bright-eyed, intelligent looking woman registered her name at the Briggs House, as 'Mrs. J. E. West, of Sandusky,' giving out that she was a widow of means, desirous of investing her spare funds in Chicago business and residence property. She, by some means, become acquainted with a real estate agent, and bargained for several desirable locations, one on State street for a sugar refinery, and a residence lot on Michigan Avenue. The bargain for these was closed so far that abstracts of title were obtained, and on the 7th of July she took them to Mr. G. H. Reed, of the firm of Rustace, Kiser & Reed, for examination.

"Mr. Reed called at the Briggs House one day, by appointment, and as he entered the parlor, saw Mrs. West standing by the piano with a large amount of Treasury notes, which she was apparently counting. She asked him to introduce her to a respectable banker. Mr. Reed was quite willing, and accompanied and introduced her to L. J. Gage, Cashier of the Merchant's Savings Loan and Trust Company's Bank.—Instead of making a deposit of currency as was expected, she presented a draft for $5,000, endorsed it, and directed the proceeds to be placed to her credit. Mrs. West being properly introduced, the draft was credited without suspicion. On the 8th of July she drew from the bank upon her check $3,600 in currency, and again, in the afternoon, $187 more, the checks in both instances being made payable to "self or bearer." This is the entire amount she obtained from the bank.

"On the 9th of July she left the Briggs House to go to Cottage Grove, leaving behind her baggage and wardrobe, and has not been heard from since. Mrs. West worked with another woman at Sandusky. It required two to complete the circuit. Mrs. West was positive, and Mrs. Blank was negative. Mrs. Blank bought the drafts and Mrs. West experimented upon them with acid, and got them cashed. In the present instance the draft for five dollars was purchased, and the dash after the '5' on the left hand corner extracted, and the straight line after the 'fiv' in the body of the draft, also removed. Of course it was a moment's work to add the 'cyphers' and fill in the word 'thousand.' For several days the officers have been on the track of the guilty parties, and it is hoped they will be secured without further delay. It is, by all odds, the most adroitly managed swindle which has occurred in this city within our recollection."

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

Bryant & Stratton's Chain of National Mercantile Colleges

Bryant, Stratton & Felton's
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.
S. S. FELTON, President Principal.
M. J. DRAKE, Assistant.
This is one link in the great Chain of Nations Colleges, located at
New York City, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, Brooklyn, Troy, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis and Toronto.
Scholarships issued in any College, good in all.
BOOK KEEPING in all its departments, Commercial Law, Commercial Arithmetic, Penmanship and Telegraphing are taught in the most thorough and practical manner.
For further information please call at the College Rooms, or send for Catalogue and Circular, enclosing letter stamp. Address BRYANT & STRATTON.
july26-828

TOBACCO AND SEGARS.
TOBACCO and SEGARS.
A. LIEBER, Commercial Broker in Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco and Segars.
134 Water-St., (Corner of Pine,) New York.
Tobacco and segars carefully selected for exportation. Dealers and Consumers will find it to their interest to call or communicate by letter. The best brands, in any quantity, at lower prices than any other house. [aug3-d3

TELEGRAPHIC.

[YESTERDAY'S DISPATCHES.]

THE ARMIES OF THE POTOMAC

CAVALRY FIGHT ON THE 4th.

LATEST FROM CHARLESTON.

DATES TO THE FIRST

Everything Promising Success.

Sumter Guarded by Cotton Bales.

DISTURBANCE IN COLUMBUS.

Vallandigham Flag Torn Down

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

General Grant's Official Report.

LATE NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

DEATH OF REBEL GEN. BOWEN.

Gen. Sherman's Army Now Undergoing Re-organization.

FROM THE EASTERN ARMIES.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.

The Herald has the following:

RAPPAHANNOCK STATION, VA., Aug. 4.—A force of the enemy's cavalry, with artillery, attacked Gen. Buford's pickets this afternoon at 3 o'clock, and drove them back a mile, when the General went forward with the first brigade of his division under Colonel Chapman, and the second under Gen. Merrill, and drove them back beyond Brandy Station, establishing our picket lines for the night half a mile further out than before.

Our loss was one killed and two or three wounded.

Information gained from scouts and prisoners indicate that the main body of the enemy has fallen back towards Fredericksburg and Gordonsville.

The first corps were all in arms and eager for an attack, which they also fully expected. Generals Newton and Robinson left their headquarters, with their staffs, and awaited the tide of events, but were doomed to be disappointed.

The steamer Northern Light, from Aspinwall the 28th, arrived this morning.

The Herald's Washington correspondent says the official report of Grant's operations at Vicksburg reached here on Thursday last. It is said to be one of the most interesting reports ever made to the headquarters of the army. A copy was immediately prepared for publication, in order to gratify the public anxiety for the details of the splendid achievements which contributed so largely in giving to the country once more the free navigation of the Mississippi. This publication was, however, suppressed, on the ground that such documents should first appear in the Army and Navy Official Gazette, the last number of which, issued to-day, does not contain the report.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 5.

The World's Washington dispatch contains the following: One of the evening papers here in an article on the military situation, says that our army had crossed the Rappahannock, and that if an engagement was not progressing it was at least imminent, though it is thought that Lee's probable retreat to Richmond might prevent it.

Advices from the army to-night show utter falsity of the situation thus presumed in the paper.

Yesterday a reconnoitering force under Stuart crossed the river and attacked some of our forces at Warrenton. They were driven back after slight skirmishing without obtaining the object of their visit.

To-day all is quiet. None of our forces have crossed the Rappahannock, as published here.

FROM COLUMBUS.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 5.

The Gazette's Columbus dispatch says considerable excitement prevailed there yesterday afternoon over the tearing down by invalid soldiers of a flag on which were inscribed the names of Vallandigham and Pugh. The Copperheads commenced gathering, and swore vengeance on the author of the act. Another invalid soldier in the crowd was badly beaten for approving the act.

All the soldiers in the city were arrested and put in the guard-house, to prevent further disturbance.

In the evening, a crowd assembled before the door of the store where the flag hung. After parading the streets they went back to the store and presented the owner with a new flag, which will be hung out again to-day. Further trouble is apprehended.

FROM CHARLESTON.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.

A Charleston letter, of 31st, says the last day of July passes away with everything promising success, though perhaps not as soon as some may wish. All things are working well.

We know what anxiety is felt in Charleston for the safety of the city. Last week there were hanging from the parapet of Sumter, as protection to the walls, lines of cotton bales. It told us plainly that 15-inch shot were equal to its destruction; but the cotton bales are now gone; they were set on fire by their own guns, and they were obliged to take them down, and are now piled into scorched heaps behind the fort. Everything betokens a fearfulness on the part of the rebels here, which is very encouraging to us.

FROM CHARLESTON.

FORT MONROE, August 5.

The Charleston Courier of the 28th of July, says there were about twenty-seven vessels inside the bar yesterday, including the Ironsides and six Monitors, also twenty-five in Stone Inlet.

NEW YORK STATE DRAFT.

BUFFALO, August 5.

The draft commenced here and at Rochester to-day. No trouble at either place.

GEN. BLAIR SERENADED.

ST. LOUIS, August 5.

General Blair was serenaded at his residence last night, in response to which he made a speech, declaring that he was in favor of the Emancipation ordinance, passed by the late Convention, and vindicating Governor Gamble. He regarded the opening of the Mississippi river as the grandest military operation on record, and to General Grant alone was due the glory of planning, and to his men the glory of endurance and valor in successfully executing these plans. Grant's army had killed, wounded and captured more men than it numbered, and had taken Vicksburg with more men in it than were in the army that sat down before it. General Blair favored the draft in Missouri, and censured Governor Gamble for trying to avoid it.

FROM THE SOUTH.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 5.

The Democrat's Vicksburg special, of the 30th, says:

In the late advance upon Jackson letters were captured confirming the treason of James Buchanan. His replies to Davis confirms Gen. Scott's accusations.

The rebel Gen. Bowen died of dysentery a few days ago.

In the late operations against Jackson, Gen. Sherman lost about 1,000 men.

The army is now undergoing complete re-organization.

Gen. Herron's division at Natchez destroyed an immense amount of rebel stores and captured a large quantity of salt from Louisiana for Lee's army, and a great number of cattle from Texas.

Major Febeger, Chief of the Pay Department for the district of Mississippi, has just received a telegram stating that the steamer Ruth, which left here for Vicksburg Monday evening, was burned a few miles below Cairo last night, and the boat and cargo entirely consumed. Major Greenwall, Paymaster, and three clerks, were lost. Several other Paymasters, en route for Grant's army, escaped only with their clothes on their backs. Two million and a half of Government funds consumed. It is thought many lives were lost, but the above are the only particulars yet received.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

CAPE RACE, August 5.

The steamship Hecla from Liverpool 28th, via Queenstown 29th, has arrived with three days later news.

The news of the Federal victories caused the Confederate loan stock to decline from 18 to 20 per cent. Panic ensued in that stock.

The Times considers that the New York riots are an insurrection against the Government.

Cotton had advanced ½d.

Breadstuffs, quiet and steady.

LONDON, August 28.—Consols 92½@92¾ for money.

DRY GOODS.

H. D. KENDALL & CO.
LAWNS AT ONE SHILLING.
The balance of our stock of
English, French & American Lawns
ARE OFFERED AT
ONE SHILLING PER YARD,
TO CLOSE.
—ALSO—
Best French Prints and Percales
AT THREE SHILLINGS.
July29 H. D. KENDALL & CO.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!
At Reduced Prices.
I am now closing out the balance of my Summer Stock of Dress Goods at greatly Reduced Prices. In the stock is a good article of
Checked Dress Goods—12½ Cents a Y'd,
Plain & Checked French Mozambiques
Only 25 Cents a yard.
These Goods will be found to be very cheap, and many others will be sold off at very low prices.
S. HYMAN'S
July29 Cheap Dry Goods Store.

OUR STOCK OF BLACK SILKS is worthy the attention of buyers for Cash—prices guaranteed below market values.
TAYLOR, GRISWOLD & CO.,
aug1 217 Superior-St., late Freeman & Kellogg.

SPRING TRADE
1863.
I. P. SHERWOOD.
NEW MAMMOTH STORE
Nos. 242 and 244 Superior-St.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO,
NOW CONTAINS THE LARGEST and most Attractive stock of
STAPLE & FANCY
DRY GOODS
Of Any House in all the West.
The Stores are the Largest and most Convenient, the Stock is far superior in Quantity and Variety to any previous time and every dollar is bought for cash, a sufficient guarantee for the
Lowest Prices and Greatest Bargains,
AMONG WHICH ARE
1000 Marseilles Quilts at 18 shillings, worth $3,50.
1000 doz. All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 15 shillings, worth $4,00.
500 Napkins at 18 shillings, worth $3,00.
100 pieces Irish Linen at 2s 6d per yard, worth 50 cents.
5000 yards Prints at 15 cents per yard, worth 25 cents.
5000 yards Mozambiques at 2 shillings per yard, worth 50 cents.
5000 yards Valencias at 2 shillings per yard, worth 44 cents.
THE LARGEST VARIETY OF
DRESS GOODS
IN THE STATES
ELEGANT SPRING SHAWLS,
Entirely new designs, extra cheap.
A full assortment of
SPRING CLOAKS.
The Largest Stock of
MILLINERY
in the State, and combines everything in its line.
DOMESTIC GOODS
OF ALL KINDS IN PROPORTION.
To give the community some idea of the extent of the business, we will say that we now occupy FOUR FLOORS, each (One) foot, and all full of every kind of Goods found in a First Class Dry Goods House, and will be sold at prices that will defy competition.
I. P. SHERWOOD,
apr16 242 and 244 Superior-St.

INVALID CORPS.
All Meritorious Discharged Soldiers, Wounded or Disabled in the line of duty, have the right to join the CORPS OF HONOR AND VETERANS. Pay, &c., same as Infantry of Regular Army, except bounty and pension. The right of pension for previous wounds will still be valid. The Corps is to be stationed in Cities and FORTS TILL THE WAR IS OVER. Apply to the Board of Enrollment for the Congressional District in which you reside, which will furnish the Masters-in-Chief with transportation to my office, No. 4 Bank-St., Cleveland, Ohio.
J. N. CROSS, 1st Lieutenant,
July17-423 And Recruiting Officer, Invalid Corps

RAILROAD NOTICES.

CENTRAL EXPRESS COMPANY.
OFFICES:
127 Bank-St., Cleveland, Ohio.
55 La Salle-St., Chicago, W. C. SCOTT, Agent.
193 Broadway, N. Y., F. C. MARKHAM, Agent.
This Company is in successful operation between Boston, New York, Cleveland, Columbus, O., Springfield, O., Dayton, O., Ft. Wayne, Ind., Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison, Wis., St. Paul, St. Anthony, Minneapolis, Minn., and all intermediate points.
Our offices are open, Messengers and Teams on hand, and ready to receive Freight and Packages, which we undertake to forward with dispatch.
Time Contracts given, and for any delay beyond the time specified all damages will be promptly paid.
We are prepared to carry Merchandise with dispatch and at moderate rates.
Special attention will be given to shipment of Butter, Eggs, and other perishable property, which we will receive at the Depots and deliver in New York in Spring Wagons; Rates at a moderate advance on regular freight tariff.
Persons desirous of sending the products of the country to market in small quantities, will find this Express Line much cheaper than Express Freight and ordinary freight, with charges accordingly.
Orders executed from the country, and Money collections made and remitted.
Bills of lading given, with time specified, and sent by mail, if desired.
W. J. GULLEN, Managing Director in the Northwest, St. Paul.
J. NOTTINGHAM, Managing Director, Chicago.
L. W. WEEKS, President, Milwaukee.
SAMUEL W. PHELPS,
Superintendent, Painesville, Ohio.
The Superintendent or Agent in Cleveland will give rates and all informa ion required.
R. N. PARKS, Agent,
July29-481 127 Bank-St., Weddell House Block.

NEW ROUTE FROM CLEVELAND TO NEW YORK, via
CLEVELAND AND MAHONING,
Atlantic & Great Western,
AND ERIE RAILWAYS.
On and after Monday July 20, the Atlantic and Western Express Train on the Cleveland and Mahoning Rail Road will leave Cleveland at 7:20 A. M., making at Leavittsburgh a close connection with the Atlantic and Great Western Express Train at 9:40 A. M., arriving at Greenville at 11 A. M.; Meadville at 1 P. M.; Corry at 2:7 P. M.; Salamanca at 5:45 P. M., and New York at 9:30 A. M.
Passengers choose of through from Cleveland to New York, and but one change of cars on the route.
Fare the same as by other routes.
CHAS. L. RHODES,
Superintendent Cleveland & Mahoning R. R.
H. F. SWAKISER,
Superintendent A. & G. W. R. R.
Cleveland, July 18, 1863.

CLEVELAND AND MAHONING RAILROAD.
On and after Monday, July 20, 1863, Trains will run as follows:
LEAVE CLEVELAND
Atlantic & Great Western Express.....7:20 A. M.
Youngstown Express.....4:10 P. M.
ARRIVE AT CLEVELAND
Youngstown Express.....9:45 A. M.
Atlantic and Great Western Express.....5:20 P. M.
CHAS. L. RHODES, Sup't.
Superintendent's Office,
Cleveland, July 18, 1863.

COAL OIL LAMPS.

WM. P. FOGG,
COR. OF SUPERIOR AND SENECA-STS.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
COAL OIL LAMPS.
—ALSO—
Wicks, Chimneys, Shades, Brushes, &c.
A GOOD COAL OIL LAMP,
Complete with Chimney and Wick, for Fifty Cents.
A MARBLE STAND COAL OIL LAMP,
With best Patent Burner, Chimney and Wick, for Seventy-Five Cents.
COAL OIL CHANDELIERS,
For Churches and Halls, with 2, 3 and 4 Lights.
COAL OIL,
Of the best quality, by the Barrel or Gallon.
PULPIT, STAND AND HANGING LAMPS,
Altered to Burn Coal Oil.
LAMPS FOR CHURCHES.
A Large Assortment of Coal Oil Lamps and Chandeliers, with 1, 2, 3 and 4 burners, can be found at the lowest prices, at
W. P. FOGG'S,
Corner of Superior and Seneca-Sts.
Lard Oil, Fluid and Camphene Lamps altered to burn Coal Oil at a small expense.
Country Merchants are Invited to Call.
july26

FOR EUROPE.
STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN.
From New York to Liverpool.
THE STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN,
WALTER PATON, Commander,
WILL BE DISPATCHED
From LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, Aug. 12th, at 4 o'clock P. M., precisely
From NEW YORK, Wednesday, Sept. 2d, at 4 o'clock A. M., precisely.
And at intervals thereafter of about six weeks from each port.
FIRST CABIN, from ..... $80 to $150.
SECOND CABIN, State Room Berths, meals furnished at separate table ..... $70.
Excursion Tickets out and back, in the 1st and 2d Cabin only, a fare and a half.
Servants accompanying passengers, and children under 12 years of age, half fare. Infants free.
THIRD CABIN, Intermediate State Rooms, passengers found with beds, bedding, table utensils, and good substantial food ..... $50.
STEERAGE, with superior accommodations ..... $35.
Prices of Passage from Liverpool at same rates as above.
All Fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in U. S. Currency.
Each Passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage. An experienced Surgeon on board.
For passage apply only to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, at the office, 26 Broadway, or to
H. P. BRAYTON,
5 Atwater Building, Cleveland, O.
For Freight apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL,
Agents, 54 Broadway, N. Y.
July30-479

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
BALDWIN, DEWITT & CO.,
Manufacture the
Star Grain Drill & Grass Seed Sower, the most simple and complete Seeding Machine now manufactured.
Emery's 1 and 2-Horse Endless Chain Power Threshers & Separators.
A Variety of Sawing Machines, To be run by Horse Power.
The Quaker Cider Mill, which can't be beaten.
A Variety of
Hay, Straw and Stalk Cutters, Corn Shellers,
and everything else in the line of Agricultural Machinery and Implements, from a Mower and Reaper to an ox yoke. Send for a Circular or call at
CLEVELAND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
aug21 39 Centre-St.

IMPORTANT TO OWNERS OF
Saw Mills, Flouring Mills, &c.
You can save one hundred per cent by ordering our
No. 1 Lubricating Oil,
almost equal to Lard Oil for machinery. Will send samples free of charge.
July29 W. C. ROOFIELD & CO.

PIANOS.
F. C. LIGHTE & CO
(Late Lighte & Bradburry)
Piano Forte Manufacturers,
421 Broome-St., east of Broadway, N. Y.
Mr. F. C. Lighte, the original founder of this well-known Establishment, senior partner, and only practical Piano Forte Maker of the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburry," having retained his Two-Thirds interest in the whole business stock, materials, &c., and Sole Proprietorship in his Valuable Patents including of his celebrated Patent Inclined Iron Frames, is the only one who can make the Superior Pianos which this house has been so noted for. All infringements on his right will be prosecuted according to law. All Piano Fortes from this manufactory are warranted perfect in every respect for five years.
F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,
may13-452 421 Broome-St., N. Y.

KNABE'S PIANOS.
GEO. A. BARLOW, Agent,
No. 8 Euclid-St., Cleveland, Ohio,
Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of
PIANOS.
From the celebrated manufactory of WM. KNABE & CO., Baltimore. These Pianos have the full iron frame, overstrung bass, and all the latest improvements; and for volume and evenness of tone, easy and agreeable action, durability, and finish, are superior to any other manufacture. All intending to get a Piano, should not fail to see these instruments before purchasing elsewhere.
Every Piano Warranted for Five Years,
And the privilege of exchange given at any time within six months.
OLD PIANOS AND MELODEONS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
ALSO—ON HAND,
Melodeons, Small Instruments, Strings, &c
Among the many certificates of the excellence and merits of these Pianos, we would refer to the following:—
MR. W. KNABE, Baltimore, Dear Sir:—I have great pleasure in certifying that I have tried you Square Pianos, and find them equal, if not superior, to any in this country. Among their great qualities which distinguish them, is the evenness of tone, the agreeable and easy touch, and volume of tone. Wishing you all the success you so highly deserve,
I am, Sir, yours very truly,
S. THALBERG.
[Translation.—(From the French.)
After having played on the Pianos of Messrs. Knabe & Co., it is impossible not to bear testimony to their qualities, which have acquired for them the eminent reputation which they enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture, on which I have played, are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The Bass is powerful, without heaviness, and the Upper one sweet, clear and harmoniously mellow, (chrystalline,) and I do not hesitate to express in regard to these instruments my entire satisfaction, and to declare that they are equal if not superior to the best instruments of Europe or this country by the most celebrated makers. [Signed] L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
To Messrs. WM. KNABE & Co., Baltimore:—I cannot but congratulate you upon the immense progress and improvements which you continually make in your Pianos, which in my opinion, rank among the very best in the country. M. STRAKOSCH.
Mr. GEO. A. BARLOW:—These noble Instruments possess immense resources of power and expression. The bass is sonorous and grand; the middle register, rich and sympathetic; while the high notes are brilliant, clear and pure as silver bells.
The scale is even without a single flaw; the action is smooth and marvelously easy; and the pedal effects the finest of which the Pianoforte is susceptible.
In a word, Knabe's Pianos are worthy of the great artists, and are capable of rendering the finest compositions known in this realm of Art.
ELISA SHEPHERD,
Cleveland, O.
Mr. G. A. BARLOW, Dear Sir:—It gives me pleasure to state that I consider the Knabe Pianos equal to any and superior to most instruments made in this country, especially in richness and volume of tone.
Having made use of the same for one or more hours of each day, for two years, I feel confident in recommending them to all who are unacquainted with their "great qualities." I am, respectfully, yours,
C. C. P. LEHRER,
Teacher of Music Cleveland Female Seminary.
G. A. BARLOW, Dear Sir:—It gives me much pleasure to be able to say, that I consider Knabe's Pianos the finest, both in volume and sweetness, which I have ever played upon, either in America or Europe.
They also operate with better effect than do any other instruments; and in fact, Knabe's motto may truly be, "Excelsior." MRS. G. S. DOUGLAS,
Teacher of Music, Cleveland.
Prof. B. J. NOTHBAUM, Teacher of Music to the Ohio State Hospital, writes:—"After examining a large number of Wm. Knabe & Co's Piano Fortes, I unhesitatingly pronounce them superior to any I have seen. Their tone is grand and noble; they have great capacity for sustaining the sound; and their volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled. They combine with a fine touch, depth, sweetness of tone, purity and durability."
"That the Knabe Piano is superior to all others made in this country, for brilliancy, sweetness, and volume of tone, needs only to be heard to convince to the fact."—(State Journal, Columbus, Ohio.
aug15-832

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
SPRANKLE & BURGERT,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
FLOUR, GRAIN, PROVISIONS, GRASS SEEDS, BUTTER, EGGS, BACON, &c.,
Nos. 87 & 89 Merwin-St., Cleveland, O.
Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments if desired. apr29-828

JOHN M. HUGHES. 1863. WM. ROCKEFELLER.
HUGHES & ROCKEFELLER,
(Successors to Hughes & Lester,)
Forwarding & Commis'n Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
GRAIN, FLOUR, PROVISIONS, HIGHWINES, HYDRAULIC CEMENT, PLASTER, LAKE FISH, PETROLEUM OIL, CRADLE, FINE AND DAIRY SALT,
Nos. 19, 21 and 23 River-St., and on Dock,
CLEVELAND, O.
Produce of all kinds bought and sold on Commission. Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. Property of every description Received and Forwarded East and West at lowest current rates.
REFERENCES:
T. P. Handy, Pres't Merchant's Bank, Cleveland, O.; Dan P. Rails, Cash'r Com'l Bk. Bank, Cleveland, O.; H. B. Hurlbut, Cash'r Bank of Commerce, Cleveland, O.; J. W. Brown, Cash'r Marine Bk. Bank, Buffalo, N. Y.; E. A. Lincoln, Esq., Indianapolis, Indiana. apr17-839

FEUSIER & BURGERT,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS,
52 and 54 River-St., (formerly occupied by L. F. & S. Burgess, fire-proof building,)
CLEVELAND, O.
Receive and Sell at the Best Market Rates,
Flour, Grain, Pork, Poultry, Butter, Lard, Eggs, Cheese, Seeds, Fruit, &c.
Particular attention paid to the sale of Poultry, Butter, Eggs and Lard.
Remittances prompt