CLEVELAND LEADER,
PUBLISHED
DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY,
AT NO. 143 SUPERIOR ST.,
BY
E. COWLES & CO.
DAILY, TWO EDITIONS MORNING AND EVENING,
(Each issue complete in itself.)

As an advertising medium the LEADER offers greater inducements than any other journal published in the State, outside of Cincinnati. It publishes several columns more reading matter, and its Telegraphic news (both by our own Special Correspondents, the New York and the Western Associated Press) is presented in a more intelligible manner than any other paper in Northern Ohio.

TERMS:

DAILY—Morning or Evening, by mail,	per year,	$10 00
" " " "	6 mos,	5 00
" " " "	3 mos,	2 50
" " " "	1 mo,	1 00
TRI-WEEKLY,	per year,	5 00
WEEKLY,	per year,	2 00
To Agents and News-dealers, per ton,		3 00

Daily, delivered by carrier, (Morning or Evening) 15 cents per week.
Tri-Weekly 12½ cents per week

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1865.

Elegant Household Furniture, &c.,
AT AUCTION.....BY O. CUTTER & SON
At house No. 180 Prospect st., at the junction of Bolivar street.

O. Cutter & Son will sell on Thursday, April 20, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., at house No. 180 Prospect street, the Furniture in said house, consisting of rosewood Sofas, rosewood parlor and arm Chairs, mahogany marble-top Center Table, marble-top Dressing Bureaus, walnut carved Side-Board, Wash-stands, Light stands, 3 sets fancy Chamber Furniture complete, extension Dining Table, cane seat dining-room Chairs, Hat Rack, French, Cottage and Iron Bedsteads, hair and husk mattresses, Feather Pillows and Bolsters, fine Window Cornices, good three-ply and ingrain Carpets, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpets, Clocks, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Utensils. Also, 20 tons Briar Hill Coal

House open at 8 o'clock on the morning of sale. Terms—cash, bankable funds, at time of sale.
apl8 202

CLEVELAND AGENCY OF
WOLFE, HOWARD & CO.'s
Excelsior Glass Works,
85 Merwin st., at Manufact'r's Prices.
apl8 200 CALVIN CARR.

CLEVELAND
Iron and Nail Warehouse.
CALVIN CARR,
No. 85 Merwin st., and 5 and 7 on the Dock.

Cleveland Agency of the
EAGLE IRON AND NAIL WORKS,
JAMES WOOD & Co., PROP'S, Pittsburg, Pa.

Cleveland Agency of the
Hiawatha Nut and Bolt Works,
WOOD, MATTHEWS & Co., PROP'S, Pittsburg, Pa.

Cleveland Agency of the
PATENT WROUGHT IRON GAS PIPE AND TUBING.
JAS. WOOD & Co., MANUF'RS.
Also, Manufacturer's Agent for American and English brands of Steel.
With these superior and well known brands, the increased shipping facilities of this eligible locality, a saving in time and freight, together with prompt attention to orders,
At Manufacturers' Prices,
I hope to merit a liberal share of patronage.
CALVIN CARR,
apl8-210 85 Merwin st., and 5 and 7 on Dock.

THE LATEST AND BEST YET
OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

It is perfectly Easy.
It is free from Noise.
It is Strong and Durable.
It requires no Cleaning.
It has no Refuse for Vermin.
It cannot get Out of Order.
It is warranted to please in every respect.
It can be attached to any Bedstead.
TRY IT!
COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE.
O. WHITTIER, Agent,
apl8-207 112 Water st., Cleveland, O.

MOWERS AND REAPERS.

LIGHT HUSBAND MOWER
AND
Medium Hubbard Mower.
These Machines contain more points of excellence than any other before the public. The MEDIUM HUBBARD cuts a swath 4 feet 8 inches wide. The LIGHT HUBBARD cuts 4 feet 2 inches wide. Draft lighter than any other.
PLOWS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS & SHOVEL PLOWS
The Largest assortment in the West.
Garden and Lawn Rollers,
Horse Rakes, Churns, Road-Scrapers,
And a variety of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS Manufactured and for sale at the
Cleveland Agricultural Works.
Office and Warerooms, 39 Center street.
apl3-213 YOUNGLOVE, MARKEY & CO.

DEPOT OF THE
BUCKEYE
Mowers and Reapers
—AND—
ALL PIECES FOR REPAIRING,
No. 150 Superior Street,
CLEVELAND, - - - OHIO
The BUCKEYE has become the favorite of the Farmers, and in many localities have
SUPERSEDED ALL OTHER MACHINES.
All those in want of Mowers will do well to give their orders at once, either personally or by mail, as the supply will be exhausted very soon.
mh30-216 H. W. LUETHEMEYER.

REAL ESTATE.

JNO. G. JENNINGS' REAL ESTATE AGENCY.
CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.
Huntington Street—House and Lot, $3,000.
Greenwood Street—House and Lot, $1,000.
Lake Street—House and Lot, $1,500.
Scovill Street—House and Lot, $2,000.
Lake Street, near Erie—Four Brick Dwellings, $2,000.
Near Vineyard Street—House, Saloon and Lessen Canal, $1,200.
Perry Street—Two Houses and Lots, $2,500 each.
Wilson Avenue—Large Brick House and Five Acres.
Prospect Street—Brick House and Lot, $7,000.
Prospect Street—Two-story Brick House and Lot, 66 feet front, $8,500.
Prospect Street—Two-story Frame House and Lot, $5,000.
Prospect Street—1½ story Frame House and Lot, $2,200.
Huron Street—1½ story Frame House, $3,100.
Brick Hotel, known as the "Sullivan House," on Columbus street.
Good House and Lot, No. 149 Lake st.
Cottage House No. 131 St. Clair st. Lot 66x165 feet.
Vacant Lot between River and Canal, near City Mills.
Vacant Lot on old river bed, near Pontoon Bridge—first rate for Dock or Manufacturing.
Vacant Lot on Euclid street, 100x200 feet.
Vacant Lot on Prospect street, 50x200 feet.
Vacant Lot on Clinton street, near Kentucky.
FARMS AND OUT PROPERTY.
95 Acres of fine Fruit Land adjoining Bratenahl's, two miles from the city, on the Lake shore. Several good Farms of from 40 to 200 acres, 8 to 20 miles from the city.
A large and nice Stone House, Stone Barn, and 20 acres well cultivated land, with great variety of Fruit, 7 miles from the city, on Euclid Plank Road. Can be bought for less than the value of the buildings.
JOHN G. JENNINGS,
Rec' Estate and Insurance Agent,
apl8 Atwater Building.

MACHINISTS.

THE OLD EAGLE FOUNDRY
Corner Front and Meadow Sts.,
(OPPOSITE DEPOT.)
Is again open, and the subscriber begs leave to inform its old friends and patrons, and the public generally, that he is now ready to build
ALL KINDS OF ENGINES,
Portable or Stationary.
He is also ready to do all kinds of REPAIRING on short notice and in a workmanlike manner.
Particular attention paid to PROPELLER WORK. Our facilities for manufacturing MILL-GEARING are as good as the best. The Patterns have been accumulating for upwards of twenty-five years, and are of the best quality. All orders from a distance promptly attended to.
Address J. RIND, Manager,
lap24-219 Box 370 Cleveland, Ohio.

CUTLERY AND PLATED WARE
at reduced prices, at COWLES & CO.'S,
apl Weddell House.

Cleveland Morning Leader.

VOL. XIX. CLEVELAND, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 18, 1865. NO. 93.

DAILY LEADER.

TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1865.

The Funeral of the President.

The funeral of the President will take place to-morrow in the city of Washington, and will be observed with the solemnity and ceremony due on so grave an occasion. We are glad to see that the people everywhere seem to recognize the propriety of joining as mourners in that funeral. Proclamations have been issued by the Acting Secretary of State, the Governors of nearly all the States, and the Mayors of the leading cities of the Union, requesting the people to suspend business during the day, and assemble in their usual places of worship at the time of the funeral, to unite in religious exercises suitable to the occasion. These calls will universally be complied with, and the funeral sermon of the people's President will be preached from almost every pulpit in the land. Meetings have been held throughout the country to arrange for the proper observance of the day, and it will be universally kept sacred to the sad obsequies.

We would call attention to the proclamation of Mayor Senter on this subject, in another column. His recommendations should be universally complied with.

Rumors of Joe Johnston's Surrender.

A special dispatch to the Commercial *Advertiser* says that Johnston's entire army has surrendered to Sherman. We have had the same rumor several times already, and have learned to receive it with due allowance. A more probable statement is given in another dispatch, to the effect that Sherman has offered Johnston the same terms which Grant held out to Lee, and that he will probably accept them. There can be little doubt but that Johnston will soon surrender, if he has not already done so. There is a general feeling, however, that in view of the last and greatest crime of the rebellion—the assassination of the President,—the terms laid down are entirely too lenient. The people will demand at least that the parole and implied pardon extended to the rebel armies shall not include a single civilian leader in treason.

The Escape of Booth.

The prevalent report that Booth has been arrested receives no confirmation. The telegraph explains the way in which it arise. The latest facts discovered point to the conclusion that the party of assassins crossed Navy Yard bridge into Maryland, and thence, probably, into Virginia, immediately after their bloody work was done, and joined Mosby's guerrillas. If so, they are probably, for the present at least, beyond the reach of justice. One good result, at least, will come from their escape—it will demonstrate the relation of the leading rebels to the assassination. If Jeff. Davis disapproves of the foul murder of the President, he will give up the murderer—if he instigated the crime he will, to the best of his power, protect the criminal.

Port Tobacco, Maryland, to which, says a special, Booth has been traced, is a small town on the Potomac, thirty-three miles south of Washington. The river at this point is very wide, but if Booth could cross it here he would find himself in a portion of Virginia entirely free from our troops and within a few hours ride of Mosby's men.

The storm of righteous wrath which the murder of the President has awakened, is sending terror to the heart of the traitors in Richmond. Their consternation is described as great. They realize that it is the off-shoot of their greater crime, and they tremble lest they should be held to account for it.

Jeff. Davis knows how to feather his own nest. Anticipating the final crash of the Confederacy, he has swindled his unhappy "subjects" out of $160,000 in gold—over sixteen millions of Confederate money—which he has deposited with a banker in Havana to await his arrival.

In Brooklyn they send men to the penitentiary for rejoicing at the death of the President. Whether good law or not this is a good example, and should be universally followed.

A most extensive fire destroyed several bonded warehouses and lumber yards in New York yesterday, doing damage to the amount of over a million and a half of dollars.

At last accounts the itinerant government of the Confederacy was at Macon, Georgia.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES—THE attention of Physicians and all persons wishing
Pure and Reliable Medicines
is respectfully solicited to my stock, which comprises a complete assortment of everything pertaining to
THE DRUG TRADE.
and at prices to insure satisfaction to the purchaser.
DENTAL AND SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, TRUSSES, FINE, VULCANIZED RUBBER AND VULCANITE,
of the latest and most approved patterns, sold at manufacturers' prices.
Perfumery and Fancy Articles,
in great variety. Also a stock of LIQUORS (as to quality) second to none in market.
Agent for DAY'S SPLINTS, the most complete set of Splints ever offered to the Profession. Country Physicians are particularly invited to an examination of my stock, and will find it to their advantage to favor me with their orders.
lan2 G. W. CLARK, 119 Superior-st.

DENTISTRY.

REMOVED.
A. B. HALLIWELL, M. D., Dentist,
Has removed from the corner of Ontario street and the Public Square to his Block No. 85 MICHIGAN ST., first door from Ontario st., north side.
Dr. H. returns many thanks for the great patronage he has been favored with for the past twelve years, and will be pleased to see his old and as many new patrons as may please to call at his new establishment.
March 27th, 1865. mh28

REMOVAL.—M. SCHMIDT HAS REMOVED his Boot and Shoe store from No. 5 Pittsburgh street to No. 10 Orange, corner Cross street, opposite the Knitting Factory.
M. Schmidt takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to his customers for the liberal patronage he has received, and hopes that by strict attention to business he may retain their patronage and receive the work of as many new ones as may choose to favor him with a call. All work warranted. apl8-213

The Latest News
BY TELEGRAPH.

LAST NIGHT'S REPORT.

FROM SHERMAN

He Offers Terms of Surrender to Johnston.

Rumor that he has Surrendered

More About the Plot of the Assassins.

THE PRESIDENT'S FUNERAL TO TAKE PLACE TO-MORROW.

Proclamation in Reference to It

It will be Generally Observed

Booth has probably Escaped

Expected Raid on Rochester!

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

Associated Press Report.

FROM WASHINGTON.
WASHINGTON, April 17.

A meeting of Kentuckians was held last night, and suitable action was taken in reference to the death of the President.—J. B. Stewart and Colonels Shaffer and Duncan were appointed a committee of arrangements.

The Navy Department has issued orders for the closing of business at all navy yards and naval depots on Wednesday, and for observing the day on board of all national vessels in the United States.

The report still prevails that Booth has been captured and is on board a gunboat in the Potomac. The story originated as follows: A prominent military officer came into the Navy Department on Saturday and said that he had just learned that Booth was overtaken some miles out on the road leading from 7th street, and asked whether the Department would consent that he be placed on board a gunboat. The reply was in the affirmative. Unfortunately the same officer received later information that the report was not true. The military authorities have received no intelligence of his arrest, up to 1:30 P. M.

Secretary Seward was represented to be in an improving condition, though he rested rather uncomfortably last night, from the excitement caused by the conversation with friends in relation to the recent event. His son Frederick has partially recovered consciousness, and his symptoms are otherwise favorable.

Mr. Hansell, messenger of the State Department, who was stabbed in the back at the same time, is a great sufferer, but is believed to be out of danger.

Numerous arrests of indiscreet or suspected parties have taken place to-day. They cause much excitement. Reports prevail that Surratt is among the number, but this is not true.

Yesterday, a coat stained with blood, and which had been worn as an overcoat, was found near Fort Bunker Hill, just back of Glenwood Cemetery. In the pockets was a false moustache, a pair of riding gloves, and a slip of paper, on which was—"Mary E Gardner, 419." This coat is supposed to have been worn by the man who attacked Secretary Seward, although the bulk of the evidence indicates that all the conspirators took the same route, that of the Navy Yard bridge.

This morning Detective Kelly, and a detail of the patrol of the second ward, by order of Judge Olin, proceeded to the house of Mollie Turner, on the corner of 13th street and Ohio avenue, and arrested all the inmates—from mistress to cook—eight in all, and carried them to the police prison, to be held as witnesses. This is the house where Booth spent much of his time. Mollie Turner is the woman who attempted suicide, being his kept mistress.

The members of the diplomatic body yesterday held a meeting at the Russian Legation, and have decided to join in all outward demonstrations of sorrow which have been determined upon by the authorities and citizens.

ARMY MATTERS.
NEW YORK, April 17.

The *Herald's* Army of the Potomac correspondent details the work of paroling the rebel prisoners. It appears that Lee surrendered about 16,000 men, including officers, privates and teamsters, 120 pieces of artillery and 700 wagons. A Richmond correspondent says he has gone to Danville to endeavor to prevail on Davis to desist from a further prolongation of the hopeless struggle.

The *Herald's* Winchester correspondent says the soldiers are greatly incensed at the assassination, but are counseled to calmness.

A flag of truce came in from Imboden on Saturday, the object being, it is understood, to surrender his forces as part of Lee's army. The rebel General Rosser, however, refused to comply with the terms of Lee's surrender, but his troops deserted him, and he went to join Johnston.

Many of Lee's paroled men have reached their homes in the Valley.

FROM HAVANA.
NEW YORK, April 17.

By the steamer Havana we have Havana dates of the 12th.

The steamer Eagle brought in the news of the fall of Richmond, her colors flying and her machinery decorated. As she rounded Moro Castle she fired thirteen Unions. The Union men rejoiced exceedingly, and the rebels looked gloomy.

A secessionist named Conner had been sentenced to ten years imprisonment for drawing a pistol on a coachman in an altercation.

Yellow fever and small pox have appeared in Havana.

There is no truth in the report that Capt. Maffitt has been imprisoned in Moro Castle.

The Little Hattie, without a clearance paper, tried to run out on the 5th, but was forced to return by the batteries.

The Firmingo arrived the same day with cotton.

Passports are required to be shown by everybody going to the United States.

Exchange about 35d. Sugar has fallen a little.

FROM SHERMAN,
WASHINGTON, April 17.

Information has been received by the Government from General Sherman that he was in communication with Johnston, with a view to the surrender of the latter. General Sherman would offer the same terms that General Grant did to Lee and it was supposed they would be accepted.

The Post's Washington special says that there had been no fighting between the forces of Sherman and Johnston. It was believed at Sherman's headquarters that the surrender of Johnston's army would take place last Friday.

ABOUT BOOTH.
NEW YORK, April 17.

The Herald's Washington correspondent says: Booth asked the clerk at the National if he was going to Ford's theater that night, telling him he ought as there was to be some splendid acting that night.

The next heard of Booth was a little after seven o'clock, when he, in company with five others, entered the drinking saloon of George Harvy, adjoining Ford's theatre, and all of them drank together. The emphasis of their manner in taking the drink attracted attention. After drinking they formally shook hands with each other, bidding one another good-bye. Upon leaving the bar room two of them rode off on horseback.

After the tragical occurrence as an officer, commanding one of the fortifications east of the city, was hurrying to his command, accompanied by an orderly, between Lincoln Hospital and Camp Razy, they came upon two men riding desperately. There two turned down a lane in which were four others, all mounted. The officer and orderly gave chase and were fired upon. The orderly was wounded and the party pursued rode rapidly away and escaped with those who were evidently waiting for them.

FROM NEW YORK.
NEW YORK, April 17.

The Post's Washington special says: Several additional arrests have been made to-day of Maryland rebels, but no prominent man has been caught yet.

Another Cabinet meeting was held to-day. General Grant was present at General Augur's this noon. There was a confident hope that Booth would be arrested before to-morrow.

The Commercial's special says it is feared the assassins have escaped and taken refuge in the mountains' fastnesses across the Potomac.

Fresh developments point to certain parties in New York.

Lee turned over, in round numbers, 30,000 men. Our losses will probably not exceed 10,000 or 11,000.

Joe Johnston has surrendered his entire army to Sherman. This virtually closing the war. The rebel Generals express their desire to submit to the United States authorities.

The Post's Washington special says that Booth has been traced to Port Tobacco.

Passengers from Richmond state that the assassination of the President created the greatest consternation there. The people expressed their fears of the consequences.

A man was thrown from a Brooklyn ferry boat into the river, for disloyal language, and his life was saved by a passing boat.

Both this city and Brooklyn are envelopes in mourning and the streets were crowded with promenaders all day viewing the decorations.

George Wells, John Gallagher, Wm. Fanning and Peter Britton, the latter Treasurer of the Theater, were to-day each sentenced to six months imprisonment in the Penitentiary for uttering treasonable sentiments last evening.

A squad of patriotic young men visited the house of Mrs. John Tyler, widow of Ex-President Tyler, on Staten Island, and demanded and obtained a rebel flag which had long been hanging prominently in her parlor. Ex-Mayor Lewis, of Savannah, was present, but kept quiet. The parlor of Mrs. Tyler is where secessionists have often met, and was the headquarters of a rebel sewing society. The flag was sent to General Dix.

Several secessionists are reported to have been beaten by infuriated Unionists on hearing the awful comments on the assassination of the President made by these fiends.

An inflamatory placard was posted around the city this morning, concluding with these words: Death to traitors. The Union one and indivisible. Strike often. No more parley.

MESSAGE.
BOSTON, April 17.

Governor Andrew delivered a special message to the Legislature this forenoon on our national bereavement, and appropriate resolutions were adopted by both branches. The Governor, accompanied by a special committee, appointed by the Legislature, will attend the funeral at Washington.

A special meeting of the city government, to-day, adopted resolutions, and appointed a committee to be present at the funeral.

The public meeting in Faneuil Hall was presided over by Mayor Lincoln. It was an immense gathering of the people.—Among the resolutions adopted were the following:

Resolved, That we now and here avow the determination on this solemn occasion to preserve the Union of our fathers, to maintain the Constitution of the United States, to enforce the laws of the country, to remove every vestige of barbarism from our borders to the end that personal freedom, enlightened civilization, pure morality and the sublime principle of Christian religion may everywhere prevail, and to this end we do herein this temple of liberty where our fathers have for generations assembled, pledge our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor, invoking aid and guidance of him in whose hands are the destinies of the nations.

FROM ST. LOUIS.
ST. LOUIS, April 17.

The sorrow at the death of Mr. Lincoln is still unabated, and the number of houses draped in mourning is constantly on the increase.

Several persons were arrested for exulting over the assassination and uttering disloyal language. Two have been shot and two wounded for the same cause.

Business was suspended on 'Change, today, and the time occupied in speeches by several prominent gentlemen and the passage of a series of resolutions expressing great sorrow at the loss of the late Chief Magistrate, condoling with his family, pledging their support to Andrew Johnson, and offering to unite with the civil and military authorities in attending the funeral at Springfield.

MESSAGE.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
FRANKFORT, KY., April 17.

By the hand of an assassin a great grief has been brought upon our country. The Chief Magistrate of the nation, President of the United States, Abraham Lincoln, has fallen a victim to rebellion's hate under the vengeful blow of an assassin. He has fallen at a time when his great qualities of humanity were so hopefully invoked for the healing of our national woes. With no stain of vindictive nature upon his soul, with a great heart of generous sympathies and broad humanities, his untimely fall has bowed a nation's head in mourning.

On Wednesday, the 19th instant, at the hour of 12 o'clock, is the hour of his funeral. Let every church bell be tolled throughout the commonwealth, and on that day let all business be suspended and all business houses be closed, and public offices closed and draped in mourning. The citizens of Kentucky are invoked to pay that homage to the national grief which such a great calamity inspires.

[Signed] THOS. E. BRAMLETT,
Governor of Kentucky.

FUNERAL OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN
WASHINGTON, April 17.

To the People of the State of Illinois.

The funeral ceremonies of the late lamented Chief Magistrate are to take place in this city at the Executive Mansion at 12 o'clock M. on Wednesday, the 19th inst. The Acting Secretary of State has invited the various religious denominations throughout the country to meet within their respective places of worship at that hour, for the purpose of solemnizing the occasion with appropriate ceremonies. Responding to the spirit of this announcement, I call upon the people of Illinois, the home of her martyred son, to meet in their respective churches and places of worship on that day to observe in such manner as the painful occasion shall suggest, the solemn hour.

[Signed.] R. J. OGLESBY,
Governor.

FOREIGN NEWS.
NEW YORK, April 17.

Steamship City of Baltimore, Liverpool 5th, and Queenstown 6th, arrived here this evening. Her advices are a day later.

LIVERPOOL, April 6th.—Madrid papers state that the Portugese government has acceded to the demand of the American minister, for the removal of the commander of Fort Belem for firing into the Niagara, after her commander had signalled that he understood the summons.

The Pirate Shenandoah was still at Melbourne on the 23d day of February.—Capt. Waddel threatens to report to Richmond the conduct of the Australian authorities in refusing to furnish the vessels with supplies.

Cotton sales to-day, 4000 bales. Market dull, with little inquiry. Prices weak.—Manchester market, flat.

Breadstuffs—quiet and steady.
Provisions—dull.
Produce—steady.

LONDON, April 6.—Consols closed 90¼@90¾ for money.

American Stocks—Illinois Central, 61; Erie, 34@35; U. S. five-twenties, 50.

FROM MONTREAL.
MONTREAL, April 17.

On Saturday, the flags on the Court House, City Hall, Custom House, and other public buildings, were displayed at half-mast. In all the churches, yesterday, the clergy, in their prayers, referred particularly to the assassination of the President, and expressed their detestation of the crime. A Union Prayer Meeting of all the different denominations of Christians is to be held to-night in the Wesleyan Chapel to express sympathy with the people of the United States.

Throughout Canada there is but one feeling—that of horror—at the crime, and the warmest sympathy for the nation.

ABOUT JEFF.
BALTIMORE, April 17.

Charles C. Fulton, of the *American*, has just arrived from Charleston and Savannah. At the latter place he learned that on Monday, the 10th, Jeff. Davis was at Macon. He also learned from a bank officer at Havana that Jeff. Davis had on deposit in one of the banks there $160,000 in gold.

TO BE CLOSED.
WASHINGTON, April 17.

To Deputy Postmasters:

The business in all the post offices of the United States will be suspended and the offices closed from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M., on Wednesday, the 19th inst., during the funeral solemnities of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States.

[Signed] W. DENNISON,
Postmaster General.

FIRE.
NEW YORK, April 17.

Yesterday morning a fire broke out in the extensive cooperage of A. T. Briggs, on Water street, which was destroyed, together with four bonded warehouses and their contents, and a lumber yard owned by Mr. Briggs and kept by Mr. Dennison. Total loss estimated at $1,500,000.

REVOKED.
INDIANAPOLIS, April 17.

Governor Morton has revoked the order for rejoicing on Thursday next, and recommends that the day be observed in mourning, humiliation and prayer.

CAIRO, April 17.

General Washburne issued an order at Memphis, officially recognizing the fact that the rebellion is evidently ended, and revoking several of the most stringent orders, previously enforced for the government of affairs in West Tennessee.

LEXINGTON, KY., April 17.

General Hobson's men killed Marion, the guerrilla, yesterday.

Webster, the noted guerrilla, is preparing to surrender his whole command to General Hobson who has his forces so arranged that they must surrender or be exterminated.

NEW YORK, April 17.

The Commercial's special says: The name of the assassin who entered Mr. Seward's house is Thompson.

Special Report.

FINANCIAL.
NEW YORK, April 17.

Business is to a large extent suspended from respect to the deceased President, the understanding being general that transactions shall be limited to the strictest necessity, until after the funeral of our lamented Chief Magistrate.

The Stock Exchange resolved to hold no second Board to-day or to-morrow, and adjourn over Wednesday and Thursday, and no printed lists of sales shall be published The Board adopted suitable resolutions and appointed a committee to confer with other organizations in regard to obsequies of Mr. Lincoln.

The Evening Exchange will be closed till Friday evening.

Railway speculators are very strong to Erie to-day, and a large cash demand for stocks carried it up to 74½ after call, New York Central were better on the passage of the bill, and Hudson River are sympathized. The balance of the list is steady and without any special feature or much activity. Government securities are firm and not pressed for sale. Coal and miscellaneous shares steady. Business light. Gold opened firmer, but in the afternoon it became heavy, and fell off 4 a 5 points. The money market remains very easy.

The Dry Goods trade is very active today, and jobbers houses are crowded with buyers. The market is very animated, and there is a large business doing in nearly department of trade. Domestic cotton fabrics are up from 1 to 2c per yard. Prints are eagerly sought after, and the stock is being reduced.

LETTER FROM EDWIN BOOTH.

The Boston papers publish a letter from Edwin Booth to the manager of the Boston Theater, relative the suspension of his engagement. The letter closes as follows: in only limited demand. Petroleum stocks active this afternoon and firm, except on Oceanic. Sales of Bergen 170, Buchanan Farm 140, Cherry Run 65, Excelsior 460, German 60, Oceanic 235, Rynd 850.

While mourning in common with all other loyal hearts the death of the President, I am oppressed by private woe not to be expressed in words. But whatever calamity may befal me or mine, my country, one and indivisible, has my warmest devotion.

The Post publishes an advertisement which appeared in the Selma, Ala., Dispatch, offering to take the lives of President Lincoln, Vice President Johnson and Secretary Seward on the payment of a million dollars in Confederate money.

THE LATE PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

The Tribune says, editorially: The lamented head of the Republic was never provoked to the exhibition of one trace of hate not even toward those against whom he was compelled to battle for the life of the nation. He was perpetually represented to the southern people as a libel on humanity and a tiger ravenous for blood.

He not only put forth no speech, no paper, no manifesto that gave the least countenance to calumies, but he never, in his most intimate and confidential moments, indicated a hope that evil should befall one of these enemies, save as it should be necessary for the salvation of the country. The blow that struck down Abraham Lincoln bereft the Union assailants of the firmest and most powerful opponent of all the avoidable severity in suffering for their rebellion. President Lincoln fell a sacrifice to his country's salvation, as absolutely as though he had been struck down while leading an assault on the ramparts of Petersburg.—His death sets the seal of fate to the decree that dooms slavery to speedily perish, not in this country alone, but throughout the civilized world.

To the human vision it would seem that Mr. Lincoln had fallen at the very moment when his loss would be most keenly and justly felt.

NEW YORK, April 17.

THE ASSASSINATION.

The excitement with which the news of the assassination of the President was received has somewhat abated, but the sorrow of the masses is not less profound. The draping of buildings is still in progress and will be continued probably until the day of the funeral. A large proportion of our citizens are wearing badges of mourning.

The British Consul has issued a notice calling a meeting of the British residents to-morrow, for the purpose of giving expression to their sentiments on the assassinate of the President.

Archbishop McCloskey has issued a circular desiring appropriate honors to the memory of the illustrious President.

Upon which the gentleman walked on, supposing Booth would enter the hotel. About seven o'clock Friday evening he (Booth) came down from his room at the National, and was spoken to by several concerning his paleness, which he said proceeded from indisposition. The door-keeper at the theatre noticed Booth as he passed in, and shortly after the latter entered a restaurant next to the theatre, and, in a hurried manner, called for brandy.

The Star says a clue has been discovered to the assailant of Mr. Seward. A man named Atrewward from Port Tobacco, and another named Harld, from the same place, hired horses at a stable on F street, a few hours before the assault and disappeared very suddenly. It is known that one of them went in the direction of Port Tobacco.

This forenoon several prisoners from Prince George county were brought to Washington, as they were being taken to the Old Capitol from Provost Mrsshal Ingraham's office a crowd followed increasing in numbers at every corner, although as a precautionary measure, the route taken was down the back streets. The crowd was a motley one—of all ages and colors—it being represented and reported that the parties were Booth and Surratt. This report gaining credit, as they reached the Baltimore Depot, the cry was raised, "Hang them!" "Kill them!" and at the same time they attacked the prisoners with stones, hitting them and the guard several times.

The proceedings were soon quieted. After the guard were struck a number of times, they faced about and made to defend themselves with their muskets. The prisoners were delivered to the Superintendants of the Prison, each of them having been somewhat bruised by flying missles. Among other arrests to-day were, it is said, several men in female apparel

MEETING OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

A meeting of the members of the Senate and House convened at the capitol on Monday, April 17, 1865, at noon. The Hon. Lafayette S. Foster, of Connecticut President pro tem of the Senate, was called to the chair, and Schuyler Colfax was chosen Secretary.

On motion of Senator Fuller, of Mass., a Committee of five members from each House was ordered to report at 4 P. M. to-day what action is fitting for the meeting to take relative to arrangements for the funeral of the deceasard President.

The Chairman appointed Senators Sumner, Harris, Johnson, Ramsey and Conness, and Representatives Washburne, Smith, Scheack, Pike and Coffrath; and on motion of Mr. Schenck, the Chairman and Secretary of the meeting were added to the committee, and then the meeting adjourned until 4 P. M. The meeting again met, pursuant to adjournment. Mr. Sumner, from the committee heretofore appointed, reported that they had selected as pall-Bearers on the part of the Senate are Messrs. Foster, Morgan, Johnson, Yates, Wade and Conness On the part of the House—Messrs. Dawes, Coffrath, Smith, Colfax, Worthington, Nevada. Washburne also recommended the appointment of one member of Congress from each State and Territory to act as Congressional committee accompaning the remains of the late President to Illinois, and presented the following names as the Committee. The Chairman of the meeting to have authority to appoint hereafter for States and Territories not represented to-day, from which members may be present at the Capitol by the day of the funeral.

Maine, Pike; New Hampshire, Rollins; Vermont, Foote; Massachusetts, Sumner; Rhode Island, Anthony; Connecticut, Dixon; New York, Harris; Pennsylvania, Cowan; Ohio, Schenck; Kentucky, Smith; Indiana, Julian; Illinois delegation; Michigan, Chandler; Wisconsin, ——; California, Shannon; Minnesota, Ramsey; Oregon, Williams; Kansas, Clarke; West Virginia, Whaley; Nevada, Nye; Nebraska, Hitchcock.

Yesterday Evening's Edition.

THE LATE ASSASSINATION.
NEW YORK, April 17.

The *Times'* Washington special of 10 A. M. yesterday, says that Secretary Seward is decidedly better. Frederick is still unconscious, but resting quietly as an infant sleeping. The pistol with which he was struck is very heavy.

Mr. Seward's throat and face were frightfully cut. In this terrible conflict, the wounded soldier clinging to the assassin, Mr. Seward throw himself from the bed upon the floor. When it was over he lay in a pool of blood. Augustus, Mr. Seward's eldest son, who interfered, was severely cut, as was the invalid soldier. Fanny, Mr. Seward's daughter, was sitting by them. The colored boy ran to the sentinel on the corner, telling him there was a murderer in the house, but the sentinel did not feel at liberty to leave his post.

Mr. Seward had information of the plot, but this information was so common that the admonition was disregarded. The assassin was a large athletic powerful man, armed with a heavy revolver and bowie knife.

Governor Seward is not quite so comfortable to-night. Frederick is still unconscious.

The *Tribune's* special, 4.50 P. M., says no hopes are entertained of Frederick Seward's life. The Secretary shows wonderful vitality. There is no danger from his wounds. It is the prostration of his system received from his first injuries which excites apprehension.

Secretary Stanton inclines to the belief that the murderer Booth is secreted in the city, but if he and his accomplice have escaped it was across the Eastern Branch.

Of the movements of Booth on Friday, this correspondent says that about 8 A. M. three men called at the National and inquired for Booth. The clerk informed them he was not in. After an earnest conversation between themselves, they left. Knowing Booth's acquaintances to be respectable, the clerk thought it strange that he should be called upon by such shabby looking persons. They had the general appearance of Southern refugees. They left their cards, which the clerk did not look at.

About 11 A. M. Booth was in the office, but presented no unusual appearance, except that he was unusually pale. At 4 P. M. he asked the clerk if any letters had been left for him, and on being answered in the negative, appeared disappointed, and nervously called for a sheet of paper and an envelope. He was about to write, but, as if some one might see what he was writing, asked to be admitted inside the office. The clerk asked him if he had made a thousand dollars that day. With a startled look, he replied, *sotto voce*, "No, but I have worked hard enough to have made ten times that amount." He had written but a few words when he said, earnestly, to the clerk, "Merrick, is this the year 1864 or 1865?" Merrick said he must be joking, and Booth said, "Sincerely, I do not." Mr. Merrick said then he noticed he was entirely at variance with his usual department. He sealed his letter, put it in his pocket and left. He reappeared and took tea at half-past six o'clock, and left his key at the office as he went out.

Mr. Brady saw him on the avenue opposite Grover's theatre on a horse at half-past four P. M. in conversation with Mr. Mathew's of Ford's theatre. He talked with him, but noticed nothing extraordinary in his demeanor.

The assassin of Governor Seward is believed to be a man named Sattack, a noted Maryland rebel. At least six persons were engaged in the conspiracy, four of whom neglected to perform their parts.

The murderers have probably escaped across the potomac to Mosby.

The ball entered the head of the President in the back part near the base of the brain, and took a direct course toward the right eye, struck the orbital bone, rebounded and lodged several inches from the surface. The ball was flattened.

The following is a copy of a note sent to Vice President Johnson last Friday, but which was only found on his table yesterday among other papers:

"I do not wish to disturb you, but would be glad to have an interview.

(Signed,) J. WILKES BOOTH.

Mr. Johnson was out at the time and never saw the note until yesterday.

The wounds inflicted on the Secretary's face have greatly reduced the inflammation and pain caused by the fractures of his jaw caused by the accident. The contrivance of adjusting the jaw on wire prevented the assassin's knife from severing the artery.

It appears by the Herald's account that Rathbone was not aware of the presence of the assassin in the box until he heard the pistol, when turning he saw the man within six feet of the President.

The Major sprang forward and seized him. The man struggled and at the same time made a thrust at the Major's breast with a knife. The Major received the blow on his arm near the shoulder, and at once again sprang for him, but only seized his clothing, which he partly tore from him. As he sprang from the box he cried, "Stop that man!" and thinking it impossible for him to escape from the crowd below, turned to the President.

The President had not changed his position except that his eyes were closed and his head slightly bent forward. The whole time consumed by the assassin from entering the box and disappearing did consume thirty seconds.

Major Rathbone has suffered much from loss of blood. He is, however, in good condition and progressing rapidly.

THE SUFFERERS.
NEW YORK, April 17.

The following is a private dispatch, received by Colonel Sanford this morning, from C. A. Seward:

WASHINGTON, April 17.

To E. S. Sanford:

I have great hopes of Fred this morning. He has recognized me with voice and eye. The medical testimony is concurrent as to the favorableness of the change in his condition. I will send you word latter as to the Secretary.

[Signed,] C. A. SEWARD.

LATER.

We think that the Secretary is gradually improving. His arm has been re-bandaged, and he appears to feel easier.

C. A. SEWARD.

SECRETARY SEWARD.
WASHINGTON, April 17.

The deep interest felt in Secretary Seward has thronged his house with visitors, among them the Cabinet Foreign Ministers. He was yesterday informed for the first time, of the assassination of President Lincoln, and of the attempted assassination of himself and of the Assistant Secretary, and the condition in which the latter lay.

Mr. Seward, though moved with the most intense sorrow and horror at the recital of the awful facts, nevertheless bore