NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wanted," "Found," or anything else, not exceeding FOUR LINES each, will be inserted in this column once for 25 Cents; not exceeding EIGHT LINES, 50 Cents.

LOST.

FOUND—An Army Badge belonging to a member of the 1st New Jersey Cavalry. Apply at Prof. THOMAS', under the Johnson House, Cleveland. aug16:252

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—House and Lot 16th Lucille avenue. Lot 45 by 200, well stocked with fruit. House in tip-top condition throughout. Will be sold cheap for cash. aug15:228

FOR SALE—DRIED FRUIT.—Seventy-five barrels Dried Apples for sale, at 65 Merwin st. E. COTTRELL. aug17:237

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—In Meadville. A brick House, nearly new, with 4 large rooms and high ceilings on lower floor; 6 good sized bed-rooms, with a large attic above; a good well, barn, and an abundance of water. Inquire at TOWNSEND'S NEWS DEPOT. aug17:235 Meadville, Pa.

FOR SALE.—A fine chance for a young and active man to go into business with a capital of from $1,000 to $2,000 to engage in the manufacture and sale of a most valuable article, (just patented) used by Druggists, Chemists and Photographers. Address for particulars at once Drawer 22, Ravenna, Ohio. aug16:237

TO MUSICIANS.—The following list of Brass Instruments will be sold cheap for cash: 1 E flat Keyed-Bugle, 1 E & A flat Horn, 1 B flat Sax Horn, Tenor, 2 E flat Sax Horns, Alto, 1 B flat Baritone, 1 B flat Slide Trombone, 1 E flat Tuba, 1 Base and 1 Snare Drum; with 35 or forty pieces of music arranged for the above number. Address C. L. FROST, New Lisbon, Col. co., O. aug16:228

FOR SALE.—A Grocery Business and Stock, doing a good Retail and Jobbing Business. Stock about $2,000. Enquire at No. 90 Merwin street, Cleveland. aug16:226

FOR SALE—KINDLINGS—At HERVEY, BOUSFIELD & CO'S Wooden-ware Manufactory, on the Flats. Call soon, or they will be all gone. aug11:218

FOR SALE—One good Billiard Table at 161 Ontario st., cor. Michigan. aug12:206

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT 145 Lakeset. House in tip-top condition. Enquire on the premises. jy25:240

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE IN BEREA.—Will be sold cheap. This is a rare opportunity for Germans or others desirous of educating their children at the schools of Berea, and to obtain a home at small figures. Address P. O. Box 131 Berea, or "B" LEADER Office, Cleveland, Ohio. Jy15:202

CUT STAVES AND HEADING. The undersigned keeps constantly on hand a large and well made stock of seasoned cut Staves and Heading, at the lowest market prices. Factory near Cleveland & Toledo Railroad depot. All orders promptly filled and satisfaction warranted. JUNE & EDGARTON. Fremont, O July 18:264

FOR SALE—THE LARGE DOUBLE House, 35 and 36 Prospect street, suitable for a boarding house. Terms easy. Enquire of CONWAY W. MOSELE, at the office of Backus & Noble. feb19

WANTS.

WANTED—TEAM—I wish to buy a good, large, true span of Horses; also, a Harness and Wagon. Address GEORGE HALL, Cleveland P. O. Give description, price, &c. aug16:236

WANTED—SALESMEN—For the Life and Times of Abraham Lincoln, from the pen of Dr. J. F. Brockett, the eminent historian, whose name is a tower of strength in its sale. 750 pages. The best biography. Sales unparalleled.—This work to be furnished to subscribers in Sept. ber. We have a number of other first-class works, sold exclusively by canvassers. Terms unusually liberal. Apply for circular. No applicant apply to Lodge not. G. L. VAN SORTWICK, General Superintendent, Johnson's Block, Bank st., opposite Cleveland Hotel. aug17:237:2ttd:twit

WANTED—100 SALESMEN—For Headley's new work, "GRANT AND SHERMAN: Their Campaigns and generals," complete in one large and superbly-illustrated volume, bound in three styles. Prices $3.50, $3.75 and $4.50. A large commission allowed. Agents are meeting with extraordinary success. Send stamp for circular. J. J. WILSON & CO., 3 Atwater Block, Cleveland, General Agents for Northern Ohio. aug17:235

WANTED—TO SELL—Four new Pianos, possessing all the modern improvements, at a lower price than can be bought elsewhere in the city, of the same quality. Pianos are warranted for five years. Call at 104 east side Public Square. aug17:227

WANTED—Two No. 1 Second-Hand FLUE BOILERS, 20 feet long, 34-in diameter. Apply immediately to H. B. CULLUM, Meadville, Pa. aug16:227

WANTED—A COMPETENT COOK. Apply at 120 Lake street. aug16:226

WANTED.—AGENTS for SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, by Col. S. M. Bowman and Lt. Col. R. B. Irwin. 1 Vol. 500 pages. Cloth $3 50. With eight splendid steel portraits, and Maps, Plans, &c. This work—written by Colonel Bowman, Sherman's personal friend, and Lt. Col. Irwin, one of our ablest military writers—is the complete official history of this grand army as a whole, and in all its details. Every Corps, Division, Brigade, and Regiment is awarded its full share of credit and praise; the routes of march are carefully followed; the battles and skirmishes are described with the vividness of actual participation; and the whole narrative is enlivened by the countless incidents, both sad and mirthful, that were an inevitable accompaniment of such campaigns.

No other official and authentic History of this great army will be published, for no other writers can have access to the private and official papers of the several commanders. All such information is furnished for this work, EXCLUSIVELY.

The following letter from General Sherman shows the official character of the work:

LANCASTER, Ohio, July 31, 1865.

C. B. RICHARDSON, Esq.,
540 Broadway, N. Y.:

SIR—Col. S. M. Bowman, an acquaintance of mine since 1853, and more recently in the service of the United States, has had access to my order and letter books, embracing copies of all orders made, and letters written by me since the winter of 1861-2, with a view to publish a memoir of my Life and Services; and no other person has had such an opportunity to read my secret thoughts and acts. I believe him to be in possession of all authentic facts that can interest the general reader.

I am, &c., W. T. SHERMAN,
Major-General.

It will be sold exclusively by subscription, and cannot be had except through our duly authorized Agents. Hence those desiring a copy for their libraries, should subscribe promptly, when the opportunity is presented. It will not be sold in book stores and cannot be had of us directly.

This is positive, and to insure purchasers against all possible risk a guarantee is given, signed by the Publishers and the agents, which obligates the subscriber so take the book only when it fulfils the representations of the Prospectus in every particular.

Agents wanted throughout the War. Exclusive territory given, and liberal terms offered. The following extracts from reports of Agents will serve to show the success of those just commencing to canvass. One reports 18 subscribers for the first day. Another, Monday, 25; Tuesday, 11; Friday, 21; Saturday, 18; total for four days, 65. Another, 26 for four days. Another, 31 for three days. Another, 21 in six days. Another, 56 in one week. Another, 20 in three days. Another, 25 in three days. Another 43 in a week. The average number of subscribers per day for each agent, as taken from the reports for last week, that came in Tuesday morning last, which is an extraordinary result, considering the heavy rains throughout the country, and the fact that many of our agents are disabled soldiers who are unable to work all the time.

Send for a circular and blank application, inclosing $2 for an outfit, and mentioning several counties in the order of your choice. We give only two or three townships to begin with, but hold in reserve a large field for each agent, so that an extension of territory can be granted after a proper trial, if found mutually desirable.

C. F. VENT & CO.,
WESTERN PUBLISHERS.
38 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
94 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill. aug16:235-twae

WANTED—Agents to sell "OUR GREAT CAPTAINS." The Life and Campaigns of Grant, Sherman and Sheridan, in one vol. Address immediately, B. S. GREEN, Room 4, American Building, Cleveland, O. aug14:226

WANTED—Agents for GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS: A MILITARY BIOGRAPHY. By Henry Coppée, Editor of the "U. S. Service Magazine." 1 vol., 8vo., Illustrated. This work will be in every particular trustworthy and accurate—written by the Lieutenant-General's life-long friend, from official documents and private records, put exclusively into his hands, it cannot fail to meet every requirement of the public expectation.

It is being prepared in the most thorough manner, will be printed on fine paper, and handsomely bound, and be illustrated with numerous portraits on steel, and by maps and plans of all the principal battles recorded. The free access enjoyed by the author to the private records of the several Commanding Generals, enables him to present the INNER OFFICIAL HISTORY of these Great Campaigns, and prepare such a work as no one else possibly can do.

No History of the Rebellion, however complete, can fill its place, for all histories are more generic and not so specific in their character and scope. It is but within the province of the general historian to give narratives and incidents such as will lend a popular charm and interest to "Grant and his Campaigns," or such a particular history of each regiment, as will render this work of absorbing interest to all who participated in the events described, as well as to those who had friends and relatives thus engaged and to the general reader.

It will be sold exclusively by subscription, and cannot be had, except through our duly authorized agents. Hence those desiring a copy for their libraries should subscribe promptly when the opportunity is presented. It will not be sold in book stores, and cannot be had of us directly.

This is positive, and a binding guarantee is issued to each subscriber, signed by us and the Agent, to the effect that unless copies when presented for delivery shall be in every particular as good as represented, he shall be under no obligation whatever to take them. C. F. VENT & CO.,
Western Publishers,
38 West Fourth st., Cincinnati, O.
94 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.
aug14:240:twdawtw2w

WANTED—ATTENTION. Something new. I will send by mail, post-paid, a beautiful Military Album, with twenty-four pictures of our Union Generals, for 50 cents. Agents wanted immediately. Price per dozen to Agents $3.60, or $1.75 per half dozen. Send all orders to C. L. BRIGGS, 144 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill. aug:262

500 AGENTS WANTED—In every City, County, Town and Hamlet in Ohio, to sell CROSBY'S LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN. Printed on superior paper and bound in cloth; Library and Parlor Edition; containing the Early History and Political Career, together with the Speeches, Messages, Proclamations and other Documents, Illustrative of his eventful Administration, and the scenes and events connected with his Tragic End. We offer no fabulous inducements to Agents, but will say the work is superior in many points to any now offered to the public, and all who subscribe to the work will contribute to a fund with which a Monument is to be erected in memory of the Great Departed. Books now ready for delivery, July 21st. For terms and territory, address B. S. GREEN, Room No. 4, American Building, over Leader office, Cleveland, O. Jy21:240

AGENTS WANTED.—$6 to $12 a day paid to good Agents, male or female, to sell the Wilson Sewing Machine. It will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, quilt and embroider beautifully. It has been decided in the U. S. Court, that the Wilson Sewing Machine is no infringement. For terms and particulars, address S. M. BENJAMIN, Cleveland, O. Jy24:236

500 SALESMEN WANTED—To solicit and fill orders for the Life of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. By Dr. J. G. HOLLAND.

RETURNED SOLDIERS,

Experienced Agents, Professional men, Lay Preachers, Teachers, Mechanics and Farmers even, will find this a pleasant, and at the same time a lucrative occupation the coming season. "An old agent writes "I take from 75 to 125 subscribers per week."

For further information apply personally to or address by mail, C. E. HOLTON & SONS, Publishers of and General Agents for Books and Engravings, at No. 4, 2d floor, Lyman's Block, near Court House, Cleveland, Ohio. jy22:204

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID for second-hand Furniture and Carpets, at H. Moore's old stand, 151 Ontario st., cor. of Michigan. aug1:203

$50,000 MONEY ADVANCED—In sums to suit—at the old stand and well-known WAGNER'S LOAN OFFICE, on Securities of every kind, viz: Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Silver Ware, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Clothing, Dry Goods, Pianos, Melodeons, and all personal property and articles of value, on the most satisfactory terms. Business strictly private. Established 1851. N.B.—A variety of unredeemed Watches, Jewelry, Guns, etc., for sale at bargains.

Office—corner of Water and Superior streets, over Davis & Feirstein's Clothing Store.
oct22 J. C. & W. WAGNER.

PHOTOGRAPH CARDS FOR GENTLEMEN.—Sample with catalogues sent for 25 cents. Inclose an envelope with your own name, and address D. HENRETTE, 86 Liberty st., New York City. Jel2:244

$150 PER MONTH.—AGENTS $150 wanted in every County and State, to sell the BARTLETT SEWING MACHINE, price $25; fully licensed under patents of Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker and Singer & Co. We will pay a monthly salary and expenses, or allow a large commission on sales. For particulars, illustrated catalogue, territory, &c., inclose a stamp and address PAGE BROTHERS, sole Agents for United States, 221 Summit st., Toledo, O. aug14:237:tmdlnw

DAILY LEADER

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY,
PUBLISHED BY THE
CLEVELAND LEADER COMPANY.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 18, 1865.

The Democratic Party and Repudiation.

It is daily becoming more evident that the extreme Copperheads are already leaning as much as they dare toward the repudiation of the National debt. Two causes influence them to this measure. First; having always preached that the war was a failure and that the Government would never be able to pay its debt, they refused to subscribe to the national loans, and now, they object to being taxed to pay for them. Second; the whole history and character of the present leaders of the Democratic party justify us in the inference that they will cringingly obey the commands of the Southern chivalry, as they have both before and during the war. These Southerners are determined to secure the repudiation of the national debt, and their lead will surely be followed by the Vallandighams, the Woods, the Seymours and the Belmontsof the North. Already are these copperheads making a demonstration in this direction by raising a clamor against the exemption of Government bonds from taxation. The *animus* of this movement is identical with the one for repudiation. It is put out as an experiment, and, should it succeed, it most surely will be followed by an attempt to repudiate.

The spirit of the whole movement is clearly show in the following extract from the Cincinnati *Enquirer*. Commenting on Judge Bishop's warning to the holders of national securities that negro suffrage would insure them pecuniary salvation, it says:

Mr. Bishop's argument is not addressed to the great mass of the people who are to pay the bonds, and of whom, it is evident, he entertains many fears, but is addressed to the privileged class who hold them. They are to save negro suffrage, and negro suffrage is to save them. That is the alliance which Mr. Bishop's party is trying to effect.

That is very clearly put. "Negro suffrage is to save them,"—that is to say, the bond holders—and if negro suffrage fails, the bond holders will not be saved.

Let it be understood that Rebels will find hearty support from Copperheads when they demand repudiation. Let it be borne in mind that the surest way to checkmate both will be to give the franchise to the freedmen.

Canadian Politics.

The Halifax (Nova Scotia) *Colonist* states that Mr. Cardwell, the British Colonial Secretary, acting in concert with the Foreign Office, recommends the formation of a Confederate Council at Quebec, to be presided over by the Governor-General, and to consist of representatives of the British Provinces. The object of the council is to make suggestions to Her Majesty's Government in reference to commercial treaties—and, of course, with special reference to the Reciprocal treaty. On this same subject of the Reciprocity treaty, a report was circulated in Quebec, on the 13th instant, that the Canadian envoy, Mr. Galt, had returned from his Washington mission with no more success than a promise to refer the consideration of the Reciprocity treaty to a commission appointed by Congress to investigate the financial condition of the republic. Mr. Seward, it is said, strongly opposes a renewal of the treaty.

Kentucky Election.

The total vote in sixty-one counties, for State Treasurer, foots up:

J. K. Garrard, Conservative	98,839
Wm. A. Neale, Union	96,826
Conservative majority	2,013

There are yet forty counties to hear from, and our impression is that the vote will be very close, and the chances are that the Conservative candidate will have a small majority. Mr. Garrard, however, having died since the election, the appointment will devolve on the Governor, who will undoubtedly confer it on his opponent, Mr. Neale.

The official returns in the Fifth, or Louisville Congressional district, foot up as follows:

General Rousseau, Union	5,751
R. Mallory, Conservative	4,704
M. Munday	173
Rousseau's majority over Mallory	1,047

A Consistent Article.

The following sentences, taken from the same article in the *Plain Dealer*, read rather curiously when compared with each other:

The LEADER, since its apostacy from the faith of Oberlin, and *its abandonment of the "irrepressible issue" of negro suffrage*, has become exceedingly apprehensive.

Soon after, it remarks in reference to a sentence quoted from the LEADER:

Here comes in the "irrepressible issue"—the inevitable negro. The right of suffrage must be extended to the blacks, in order to preserve the credit of the nation!

In one sentence the *Plain Dealer* charges the LEADER with having abandoned negro suffrage; in the second it attacks it for supporting negro suffrage. The *Plain Dealer's forte* is evidently neither logic or consistency.

But when did the democracy of this country ever go in for repudiation?—*Plain Dealer.*

Twenty-five years ago the States of Mississippi, Arkansas and Texas, all entirely under the control of the Democratic party, with Democratic Legislatures and Governors, formally repudiated their debts, and to this day they are unpaid.

And at the same time, the State of Pennsylvania, then controlled entirely by Democrats, failed, out of pure cussedness, to pay her interest, and it was only when the Whig party, and subsequently the Republicans came into power in that State, that she resumed the payment of her interest.

Is the *Plain Dealer* satisfied now?

Several hundred of the most respectable merchants of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, have been hauled up for neglect of duty under the Revenue acts, and mulcted in heavy fines. Many retail dealers, particularly druggists, photographers and booksellers, have also had fines of fifty dollars and upwards imposed for them for insufficient stamping.

NORTHERN OHIO NEWS.

ASHTABULA COUNTY.

A Company of National Guards, recruited to the maximum, has been formed at Rock Creek, Morgan township. The Commissioned officers are—Captain, H. R. Latimer; 1st Lieutenant, Thaddeus E. Hoyt; 2d Lieutenant, Israel Baker. Success to the First National Guard in Ashtabula.

On Sunday night last, the Woolen Factory of Mr. Butcher, at Rock Creek, was entered by burglars, and robbed of a lot of finished cloths, amounting in value to some $400. No trace has yet been obtained of the robbers.

The Ashtabula *Sentinel* says that Mr. H. L. Reeve of New Lyme, has left it a specimen of Timothy measuring six feet in length, and not over thick, showing the hay to be firm. He had not many acres of it.

Mr. C. P. Giddings, of Jefferson, on Monday evening, driving a young horse of great spirit, by some means lost control of him, when he ran away, upset the buggy into the roadside ditch, breaking it, and smashing up things generally. His two youngest daughters, who were with him, escaped without injury, though Mr. G. was badly bruised.

Last Sunday evening as Colonel T. S. Winship and wife were returning from Conneaut to their home in Pierpont, when crossing the bridge at the Union Mills a plank broke and precipitated the hind legs of his horse through. Of course the animal was scared and floundered badly. The Colonel jumped out and by some means unknown to himself, succeeded in extricating the horse, but after the feat was accomplished found that he had been seriously lamed himself.

"Petroleum" Well is again on the rampage, to use a Scotch term. For three or four days, the pent up sources of the place have surged, heaved and throbbed, ending regularly, once an hour, in a splashing and splurging, throwing up large quantities of brackish water and a world of odor, fresh, apparently, from the bowels of petrolia.—Drilling will be sumed this week.

LAKE COUNTY.

Nothing has been heard from the prisoners who broke jail on the evening of the 9th inst, in Painesville.

On Wednesday of last week the teachers and children of the Presbyterian Sunday School in Painesville, took a pic-nic excursion to Little Mountain.

The Painesville *Telegraph* says that Willard Green was arrested on Saturday last and brought before Justice Doolittle, charged with that most infamous crime—having sexual intercourse with his own daughter, aged about 19. She was delivered of a child about ten days ago, which she claims is her own father's.

The commencement and prospect of speedy completion of the Ashtabula and New Lisbon Railroad, which will supply the Lake Shore road with coal, and the fact that the harbor at Fairport is now being repaired by the Government, have suggested to the people of Painesville the propriety of building a branch railroad from the Lake Shore road at Painesville to the mouth of Grand River, thus utilizing the advantages of Fairport as a coal harbor. It is ascertained that $30,726 have been appropriated by the Government for the repair of Fairport harbor. The proposed branch road has been duly organized—the Corporators being Messrs. R. Hitchcock, C. A. Avery, A. Wilcox, D. R. Paige, and E. S. Pike.

PORTAGE COUNTY.

Brevet Brigadier General D. B. Pritchard, the hero of the capture of Jeff. Davis, has been in Nelson for a short time on a a visit to his parents and friends.

General E. B. Tyler, formerly Colonel of the gallant 7th O. V. I, is now visiting his old home at Ravenna, and will return to his command next week.

On Saturday evening last a couple of drunken rowdies, running a horse and buggy recklessly and yelling like maniacs, ran into the buggy of Messrs. Albert and F. E. Underwood, about three quarters of a mile west of Brimfield, upsetting it, causing the horses to run, and throwing the Messrs. Underwood out, breaking two of the ribs of the elder and injuring the arm of the younger gentleman.

The District Stewards meeting for the Ravenna district was held on Saturday last in Ravenna. The following is the apportionment of the Presiding Elder's salary:

Ravenna, $65; Franklin, $48; Talmadge and Middlebury, $60; Akron, $75; Cuyahoga Falls, $70; Bedford, $37; Twinsburg, $59; Warrensville, $40; Newburgh $60; Caarlestown, $50; Rootstown, $47; Deerfield, $40; Braceville, $47; Solon $30; Hudson, $37; Windham $30; Jackson, $40; Elsworth, 55; Edinburgh, 37, Total $927.

The following named Stewards were appointed to represent the District in the next Erie Annual Conference: Lewis Miller, Akron; T. A. Carter, Twinsburgh.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

We learn that during a recent thunder storm the barn of Mr. John Crowl, in West township, about two miles from New Franklin, Stark county, was struck by lightning, set on fire and burned to the ground. George Crowl, a young man about 22 years of age, was killed, and a Mr. Brooks, a cattle-dealer from New Jersey, who was in the barn, was dangerously hurt. John Smith and William Flory, citizens of New Franklin, were knocked down, but escaped without serious injury.

MAHONING COUNTY.

Andrew Harroff, Coroner of Mahoning county, died at his residence in Jackson township, on Sunday last. He died quite suddenly, while sitting in his chair. He had been unwell for a few days, but was supposed to have nearly recovered when his death took place. His age was about seventy. He was a well-known and highly respected citizen.

SUMMIT COUNTY.

As one of the operatives upon the A & G. W. R. R, at Akron, was under one of the cars of a western bound freight train, on Monday morning last, adjusting something that was wrong with the brakes, the train suddenly started out. Finding it impossible to leave his perch upon the brakebar, without being crushed, he maintained his position the entire distance, five miles, to New Portage, and escaped without injury, except being nearly suffocated by the dust. On being missed, after the train had left, parties started down the road expecting to find his lifeless remains upon the track, and when about half way to New Portage, they met him footing it back. It was indeed a narrow escape.

On Tuesday evening last Sheriff Burlison arrested a young man by the name of Frank Chadmon, on the charge of stealing $36 from one of the brakemen on the train. On searching Chadmon, two notes, which had been executed by the railroad company, amounting to $11,000, and which had been stolen from the office of the company at Meadville, were found upon him. He is now in jail.

A Coroner's inquest was held on the morning of August 12th, at Cuyahoga Falls, upon the body of Robert Allen, found dead on the common, near the corner of Broad and Front streets. The verdict of the jury was that the deceased came to his death by intoxication and exposure, associated with causes unknown to the jury, and without violence.

On Thursday of last week a pair of horses attached to a lumber wagon, belonging to Mr. Adam Botzinn of Northampton, and standing unhitched on Market street, became frightened and started down the street at a full run. After crossing the bridge over the Ohio canal, beyond the City Mill, it overtook and almost entirely demolished a one-horse buggy in which a young man from near Mogadore, named Monroe, a crippled soldier and a student at Hiram Institute, was riding. The young man himself was greatly stunned and badly cut about the head, and severely injured in the back and side.

On Monday night last the office of the County Clerk of Summit county was entered through one of the windows by burglars, who drilled a hole through the safe door and, by introducing and exploding powder, blew it entirely off.

By the use of the crow-bar, a cold-chisel and heavy sledge (since ascertained to have been taken from the Blacksmith Shop of Mr. D. A. Scott) the inner door and the small drawers of the safe were then forced, and the valuables extracted therefrom. The robbers obtained about $2,200 by the operation, $1,300 of which was in Government bonds and the balance in interest-bearing Treasury notes and currency. They also found inside the large safe, and carried off, a small safe, about fifteen inches square, in which they undoubtedly supposed the bulk of the county funds were deposited (evidently thinking they were robbing the County Treasury) but which, besides between three and four dollars in three cent pieces, contained only a few indictments against liquor sellers and other petty offenders.

The office of the Probate Judge was also entered and a small safe rifled for plunder, but nothing taken, the only thing of value to the thieves contained therein—a $100 Government bond—having luckily escaped their notice.

Sheriff Burlison was aroused about two o'clock by persons who had heard the explosion, and hastily dressing himself started for the Court House. About the same time several persons started from Mr. Chisnell's house upon the run, and not noticing from whence they came, and laboring under the impression that they were a part of a gang, Sheriff Burlison discharged his revolver toward them, the ball taking effect in the side of a man named Mason, a stranger in the place, inflicting a severe and it is feared a fatal wound.

LORAIN COUNTY.

The Cleveland and Toledo Railroad are commencing the work of laying the track on their road between Elyria and Oberlin, and intend to have it completed within ninety days.

A battalion drill took place in Oberlin on Friday of last week, participated in by Companies A and B, 39th Battalion O. N. G. The Elyria company was very hospitably received.

Two horses, belonging to Mr. Watts, of Sheffield, backed over the bank of Black River, at the Red Mill in Elyria, on Wednesday of last week, wagon and all, and down a declivity of forty feet, lodging on a table rock, half way down the steep, almost entirely unhurt.

George Gay, of Elyria, was severely bruised last week, by his team running away near the railroad depot, and throwing him from a high load of loose lumber.

HURON COUNTY.

A man named Chapin was arrested near Norwalk day before yesterday, by Marshal Squires of Milan, on a charge of stealing a horse from Mr. F. Hull of Sandusky. He was brought before Justice Barker for examination, and was recognized in the sum of five hundred dollars to the Court of Common Pleas, and in default of bail was committed to jail.

SHOCKING OUTRAGES ON THE NEGROES IN ALABAMA.

Negroes Killed by the Whites by the Wholesale—The Negroes Hiding in the Woods — Negro Churches and Houses Burned by the Whites.

NORTHWESTERN FREEDMEN'S AID COMMISSION,
CHICAGO, August 14.

To the Editor of the Chicago Evening Journal:

The following extract is taken from a recent business communication from one of our teachers at Mobile, Alabama. For the last two months we have been in frequent receipt of similar statements, equally credible. The author of the extract herewith is a gentleman of more than ordinary intelligence, and especially prudent in regard to the repetition of rumors. We have no hesitation in accepting any representations he makes.

Very respectfully,
J. R. SHIPHERD, Sec.

THE EXTRACT.

"With the present tendency of matters in this State, I do not think colored schools can be opened very generally, except in such places as this, Montgomery, etc. By Governor Parson's proclamation, civil law, as it existed before the ordinance of secession was passed, is now in force throughout the State.

"In accordance therewith, the Mayor of this city decides that the testimony of a colored man against a white man cannot be admitted in a court of justice; neither can a colored man sue or collect a debt of a white man.

"The freedman is one only in name, while his actual condition is worse than when a slave. This is the result the rebels wish to bring about.

"A meeting was held here last night, before which statements were made as to the treatment of colored people by white persons, in the interior of the State, which would make you sick of life. One hundred and thirty-three dead bodies were counted in the woods; five bodies were seen floating in the river; two white men were seen to pull a negro down across a log and cut his head off with an axe.

"Women and children were killed, and then boxed up and thrown into the river; a woman was killed by a white man, and burial refused by him to her relatives.

"For a black man to be seen with 'green-backs' in his possession is death. Colored people are hiding in the woods, living on berries, fruits, etc., to escape the fury of their former masters.

"These statements were made by intelligent, candid colored men before an audience of several hundred last night. In Mobile, through the connivance of somebody, churches and negro houses are burnt, women set to work cleaning the streets, men and women arrested in bed and taken to the guard-house, fined or sent to the work-house, etc., etc.

"Last night there was a heavy fire, in which three or four squares, mostly of negro quarters were burned. Men were heard to say that before they were done they would burn every negro quarter and school house in Mobile. These things *might* be remedied."

The Successorship to the Suicide.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* writes as follows in regard to the defalcation of A. P. Stone:

The feeling of horror with which Ohioans first heard of the tragedy that ended the career of the man who was thought of such spotless integrity and financial worth as to be called to the almost bankrupt State Treasury, to restore confidence, after the Brelin defalcation, has already passed away in a contest "for the dead man's shoes." B. F. Martin, Esq., a prominent lawyer of Columbus, and Geo. B. Wright, State Quartermaster General under Gov. Dennison, are the principal candidates. Mr. Martin was the principal opposing candidate at the time Mr. Stone was appointed, and according to usage is, therefore, regarded as having a quasi lien upon the reversion. He has been recommended by the Congressman of the district, Mr. Shellabarger. General Wright, whose military administration is thought likewise to constitute a claim, is urged by Senator Sherman.

When, recently, there was a postmaster to appoint in Columbus, and four good men wanted the place, a piece of political prestidigitation established three out of the four in comfortable offices, and offered the fourth a bureau in Washington! It remains to be seen whether the new Columbus question can be settled with such abounding skill.

Mr. Stone's suicide was none too soon. His removal for some time had been contemplated by the Government, and at the last moment a special agent was dispatched to Columbus to make a report of his case. Before that agent's report had time to reach Washington, its work was accomplished in another way, and the office was vacated.

We learn by telegram that Mr. Martin has been appointed.

Churches in New York City.

The number of churches in New York City was 190 in 1845, 226 in 1850, 283 in 1855, 300 in 1860, and 306 in 1855. The increase of the Catholic Churches in these twenty years was from 15 to 32, of the Presbyterians from 32 to 56; the Baptists from 23 to 29; the Episcopalians from 32 to 60; the Methodists from 29 to 38; the Lutherans from 3 to 9; and the Jews from 7 to 24; while the Unitarians increased from 2 to 3, the Universalists held their own, 4, and the Friends decreased from 4 to 3.

Not Diminishing.

By figures which are furnished by a resident of the Cattaraugus Reservation, it seems that the red men are not diminishing in any such ratio as has generally been supposed. In 1845 there were dwelling upon the Reservation, 922; in 1855, 1,179, and in 1865, 1,347, showing an increase in twenty years of 425.—*Buffalo Express.*

Andrew J. Hamilton to the People of Texas.

It is matter for gratulation and thanksgiving that among the Provisional Governors designated by the President to perform the exceedingly delicate and responsible tasks of guiding the Southern people back into the Union, there are two good and loyal men—Andrew J. Hamilton, of Texas, and William Marvin, of Florida. Both of these gentlemen have resided in New York during the war. They have noted the growth of the anti-slavery sentiment among the Northern people. They go to their duties, therefore, fully in accord with the heart of the nation, and the people will trust the President's experiment to them much more confidently to than the pliant Holden, the infamous Sharkey, or the unrepentant rebel Perry.

Andrew J. Hamilton, Provisional Governor of Texas, addressed a large audience at Houston on the 28th *ult.*, and told the audience of *ci devant* rebels that listened to him some very plain truths. We make some extracts from his speech, which prove him a thorough Unionist and anti-slavery man:

* * * Many valiant gentlemen hereabouts promised to collect all the blood that would be shed in a lady's thimble. All they shed could be so collected. Some of them are here to-day, who still have the audacity to advise you as to whom you may trust. But I shall not make such a mistake in my recommendations, nor advise you to trust them. Remember all that they said and predicted, and how all their predictions have been falsified. They lied to you from beginning to end. It may be said that all this is not conciliatory. I am done conciliating men who are at heart rebels to their government. The man who, after the experience of the past four years, does not admit that his course has been criminal, is an unconquered rebel. He is joined to his idols—waste no time upon him. * * * *

The North, you said, did not love slavery. They had a constitutional right not to love it. You seemed to think God had employed the last twenty-five years of eternity in perfecting this institution. You would not allow free thought and speech. Slavery was too sensitive. You did murder men and maltreat tender women. You would not even allow a man to be silent. If he attempted it you made him run round and hunt up his neighbors to prove his soundness. Talk to me about a free man, with the right of free speech and conscience. The meanest dog in the community could bring you before a vigilance committee. Thank God, if the war did no other good, it secured the liberty of conscience. * * *

The President advised with me as to the good effect of the proclamation, which some doubted, unless enforced by armies. I said, your armies will make it effectual. Slaves escaping to your lines heretofore have been sent back to their masters; but now, wherever the armies go, they will break down the institution. I told him foreign intervention was threatened, but no foreign nation would dare interfere in behalf of slavery after the promulgation of his proclamation. Recognition, after this, never would have come, though the South had waited ten years. Some think the proclamation only a military order, and that slavery can be revived after the resumption of civil rule. This is folly. To say nothing about the constitutional argument, it is the law of war that a commanding general has a right to destroy the property upon which his antagonist depends, and thus break him down. You claimed that slaves were property, and only property, and the President had the right to destroy any of your property, especially slavery, which was the cause of the war. [A voice—"do you proclaim that the slaves are free?"] I do. They are free by the majesty of the law and government, through the voice of the martyred President, and will forever be defended in their freedom. The man who now opposes it is more guilty than the man who first favored the rebellion. * * * *

If we do our duty to the negro he will live and prosper. He is inferior, you say; it is our duty then to elevate him. Some would drag angels down rather than lift others up. Your former slave cannot be forced upon your society, nor upon your table; nor can you force yourself upon his. Conduct and character will prove which is the better man. "I am willing to take my chances with the black man," and if he has a better moral character than I have, or better moral conduct, his claim to be the best man is just.

* * * *

How have the negroes behaved during the whole war? Never was there among a people so situated, and having such hopes, such order, such good behavior, such God-like patience. What do you say to it? (To the negroes. "True, true!" they cried.)

* * * *

"But we must control the labor of the negro." How control it? "Well, he won't work." Well, the laws suppress vagrancy and we shall take up and punish both white man and negro equally for it. They will be treated precisely alike. It is painful to tear you from the idol of slavery. It is like drawing a "cat by the tail." But it has "gone glimmering." "But we want a law to make the negroes fulfill their contracts." Well, pass any law upon the subject you please, so it acts equally on both white and black men, and treats them both alike. Rid yourselves of the idea of treating the negro differently from the white man in any particular. The action of any convention which compels a negro to do what a white man is not compelled to do will not be received.

Gottschalk, who is gradually girding the earth with his hammered wires, is giving a series of farewell concerts in San Francisco. The Californians think he is great on the pound, but wish he would not spend so much time in getting off his gloves and attudinizing before the audience.

PROPOSALS.

SUPPLIES FOR U. S. COURT.—Sealed Proposals will be received by me at the office of the Marshal of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio, at Cleveland, until Saturday, the 26th day of August, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., for the furnishing of the necessary supplies for the Courts of the United States in said District, for the year ending August 31, 1866, in such quantities and at such times as may be required.

Bidders will be required to specify the prices or rates at which they will furnish the several articles, and their proposals will be accompanied by samples thereof in case the same are decided necessary for a proper consideration of their bids.

Separate bids must be made for the supplies embraced in the several classes below enumerated, viz:

I. BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

BLANK BOOKS—Medium, Demy, Crown and Cap, Binding to be "Full Russia Flats," "Full Round Banded," and "Half Round Muslin," per quire. To be according to samples of books now in use in the U. S. Clerk's office. Also Quarto Letter Books.

PAPERS—Legal Cap, foolscap, bill, commercial note, letter, post office writing, per ream; Treasury blotting per quire, 80 lbs to the ream.

ENVELOPES—Large size government, self-sealing, letter size, government self-sealing, per thousand.

INK HOLDERS—Glass, solid, hinged cap; common, each.

INKS—Arnold's Writing fluid, in quarts, per dozen bottles; carmine, per dozen.

MISCELLANEOUS—Red tape, per gross; sealing wax, per lb; mucilage, per dozen bottles; quills, per bunch; steel pens, (Gillott's) per gross; pen-holders, per gross; lead pencils, Faber's best, per dozen; gum elastic bands, assorted, per gross; rubber erasers, per dozen; rulers; letter folders; Congress knives, each.

II. FUEL.

Bituminous Coal per ton of two thousand pounds.
Anthracite " " " "
Pine Kindling Wood per load of 80 cubic feet.

Fuel to be delivered in such part of the building in which the Courts are held as the Marshal may direct, free of all charges for measurement, porterage, or otherwise, and to be accompanied by a certificate of quantity of each load.

III. MISCELLANEOUS SUPPLIES.

Brooms, per dozen; Hearth do, per dozen; Feather Dusters, each; Sponge, per lb; Castile Soap, per lb; Stone Pitchers, each; Glass Tumblers, per dozen; Earthern Spittoons, per dozen; Patent Falls, each; Matches, per gross.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject all bids in case the interests of the Government shall require it, on account of excessive prices or fraudulent combinations.

EARL BILL, U. S. Marshal.
Cleveland, August 15, 1865. aug15:229

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned up to the 12th inst, for the grading and masonry of the line of the C. & T. R. R. from Elyria to Oberlin, a distance of 7¾ miles. The work embraces about 95,000 yards of grading and 400 perches of masonry.

A map and profile of the line can be seen at the office of J. G. Williams, Engineer of the Company, and further information regarding the work can be obtained of him. The company reserve the rights to reject any and all pro