CLEVELAND LEADER
PUBLISHED
DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY,
AT NO. 142 SUPERIOR-ST.,
BY THE
Cleveland Leader Company.

DAILY TWO EDITIONS, MORNING AND EVENING.
(Each issue complete in itself.)

As an advertising medium the LEADER offers greater inducements than any other journal published in the State, outside of Cincinnati. It publishes several columns more reading matter, and its Telegraphic news (both by our own Special Correspondents, the New York and the Western Associated Press) is presented in a more intelligible manner than any other paper in Northern Ohio.

TERMS:

DAILY—Morning or Evening, by mail, per year		$10 00
" " " "	6 mo.	5 00
" " " "	3 mo.	2 50
" " " "	1 mo.	1 00
TRI-WEEKLY	per year.	5 00
WEEKLY	per year.	2 00
To Agents and News-dealers, per 100		3 00

Daily, delivered by carrier, (Morning or Evening) 15 cents per week.
Weekly 12½ cents per week.
"All business letters should be addressed to the "Cleveland Leader Company."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 19TH, 1865.
LINENS,
AT AUCTION.....BY O. CUTTER & SON
O Cutter & Son will sell on Tuesday, September 19th at their Auction Room, 134 Bank street, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., a large lot of 8 4 Pure Linen Goods, consisting of Linen Sheeting, Pillow Case Linens, Irish Linens, Linen Towelings large White and Brown Linen Table Cloths, Napkins, Linen Handkerchiefs, Huckaback Towelings, Linen Threads, splendid Woolen Blankets, &c., presenting a rare opportunity for great bargains in first rate goods, as the goods must positively be sold without reserve.
Terms cash. sep16:255

GREEN APPLES.—100 Bbls. in good shipping order, just received on consignment, and for sale by
sep15:265 J. FEUSIER & CO.

WITHDRAWAL.—George W. Woodworth has this day withdrawn from the firm of O. A. Read & Co by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted under the same partnership name by the remaining partners.
CHAS. A. READ,
FRANK H. READ,
GEO. W. WOODWORTH.
Cleveland, September 13th, 1865. sep15:246

IMPROVE YOUR TEA AND COFFEE!
BY USING THE PATENT
"Fast" T & Coffee Pot.
FOR SALE AT
WANSER'S STOVE STORE,
sep14:245 Public Square.

CLEVELAND ELECTRICAL MANUFACTURING CO.
FENN & KRAMER
MANUFACTURERS OF
Dr. Young's Electro-Thermal Bath,
AND
ELECTRICAL APPARATUS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Models and Small Machinery of all kinds made to order.
Brass Finishing, Repairing and Jobbing done with care and dispatch.
NO. 64 CENTER SERRET,
ver Dennis Holt's Machine Shop,
jel9:n4:1mp CLEVELAND, OHIO

ELECTRO-THERMAL BATH CURE,
4 AND 36 PROSPECT STREET,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.
MRS. J. YOUNG.....PROPRIETRESS.
BATHS ONE DOLLAR EACH.
D. T. KRAMER, M. D., Physician.
Office Hours, 9 A. M. to 12 M., and 2 to 6 P. M.
Patients can be accommodated with Board at the Cure. jel9:n4

DAILY LEADER.
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1865.

The Fire Lands Historical Society.

This association, a society organized for the purpose of preserving historical relics and mementoes of the early pioneers of the "Fire Lands," which comprises Huron and Erie counties, met at Vermillion on Wednesday last. The venerable President, Platt Benedict, Esq., of Norwalk, was present. The most interesting feature of the gathering was the exhibition of a large number of relics and curiosities connected with the Fire Lands. Among these were the following:

By S. A. Pelton, of Vermillion—A portrait of Captain Barlow Sturgiss, born in Fairfield, Connecticut, A. D. 1766, and who came to Ohio, A. D. 1809; also, a hatchet which was in possession of Eunice Sturgiss, grandmother of Mrs. S. A. Pelton, in 1790.

By Charlotte Austin—a basket sent to her mother, Eunice Osborn, from the East Indies, full of oranges, A. D. 1792; also, a Book of Psalms and Spiritual Songs, being a present to her mother, Eunice Osborn, in the year 1789, and published in England A. D. 1785.

By Miss Albina Liscomb—an acrostic composed by her grandmother, Mrs. Lydia Benjamin, in the year 1797. Mrs. Benjamin was born on Long Island in the year 1782, and emigrated to Ohio in 1812, and died in Amherst, Ohio, at the age of 75. By the same—a pair of ancient spectacles bought by her great grandfather Caleb Franklin, in the year 1785. He was born in Westfield, Connecticut, in the year 1735, and served his country in the Revolutionary war. He emigrated to the State of New York in 1809, and died at the age of ninety.

By Eunice Pelton—a bottle which had been in the possession of relatives 150 years. It contained the first tea brought to America.

By Mrs. Atkinson—a platter which has been in her possession forty years.

By Jonathan Brooks, of Vermillion—a fork, presented to him by his grandfather, Jonathan Brooks. Its history has been traced back to the year 1725. How much older it is, is not known.

Prof. Hartsepee, of Elyria, delivered an address on "The Dawn and Development of Religious Interests on the Reserve, and especially on the Firelands."

Short addresses were also made by the Rev. Mr. Marks, of Huron, Rev. S. B. Gurley, of Delaware, and Philo Wells, Esq., of Vermillion.

Light in the West.

We learn with profound satisfaction that the representatives of our Government in the great Indian Council of Peace at Fort Smith, understand and are faithful to their trust, as is shown by the following dispatch:

ST. LOUIS, September 12, 1865.

The plans proposed to the Indians in council at Fort Smith, further stipulate that slavery must be immediately abolished, and freedmen have the right of being incorporated into the tribes on an equal footing with the other members thereof.

Good! Excellent! Unsurpassed! Are there not some remnants of Indian tribes left in Georgia and the Carolinas? They are badly needed there.

Blaglake, Napoleon and Kate Howard.

The New York correspondent of the Chicago *Republican* revives an old scandal about the gifted author of Eothen and the Emperor of the French. He says:

It may have escaped your recollection that, in the death of Kate Howard, the former mistress of Louis Napoleon, died the cause of that personal rancor which Kinglake in the introduction to his "American War," displayed toward the French emperor. At the time the lady first encountered the wandering French prince, she was the favorite and "in the protection" of the English author, who never forgave her or her seducer for the desertion.

Hon. John Brinkerhoff is the Union candidate for the Legislature from Wayne County. He was a member of the last Legislature, and his constituents have testified their appreciation of his ability by renominating him. He has rather a hard district but we think he can carry it.

The Cleveland Leader.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1865. MORNING EDITION. VOL. XIX—NO. 221

OHIO STATE FAIR!

FOURTH AND LAST DAY.

Largest Attendance Ever Secured.

THE RECEIPTS SATISFACTORY.

Awards on Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Poultry, Cheese, Fruits, Flowers, Fabrics and Machines.

SUCCESS OF NORTHERN OHIO EXHIBITORS.

The Grand Plowing Match.

[Special Correspondence of the Cleveland LEADER.]

COLUMBUS, September 15.

Yesterday was of truth the Holiday of the People. The throng at the State Fair grounds has never before been equalled in Ohio, and the great grove of majestic oaks presented the most animated of spectacles during the entire day. The best of order prevailed, and no serious accident occurred to mar the universal zest.

The Fair, in all its Departments, is a complete success. The display of Horses is pronounced by judges one of the best ever made in our State, and the Cattle Kings of our fertile valleys and plains reign in all their glory. The Horse Ring was the centre of attraction to the multitude, and the scene of frequent and exciting contests. The reports of awards are yet incomplete. The first premium for matched carriage horses was given to T. W. Talmadge, of Columbus, and the first for matched roadsters to Mr. Ellison, of Cincinnati. The Messrs. Crain, of Galena, Ohio, took the first premium on stallion seven years old, and S. A. Campbell, of Circleville, the second. The Cattle Ring drew thousands of admirers of fine stock, and the first premium for Short Horn Durham Bulls over three years old was awarded to Mr. McMillen's "Gen. Grant," and the second to Mr. Hankin's "Duke of Highland." The Sheep Ring was full of interest to wool growers, and the collection of blooded Bucks was pronounced by them the finest ever exhibited in this country. The first premium for Spanish Merino Buck over two years old was awarded to Mr. Perrine of Pennsylvania, and the second to Messrs. Delano & Wright of Mt. Vernon, Ohio. For Buck under two years to Delano & Wright first premium, and second to Bingham & Eels of Vermont. The first sweep-stake premium for best Buck of any age or breed was taken by Delano & Wright, of Mt. Vernon, and for the best Ewe by H. J. Starr of Wyandott county. For best pen of not less than five Ewes of any age or breed, by D. P. McMillen, of Newark. For best Silesian Buck, by John Singer, of Harrison county.

The collection of Cashmere Goats, eighteen head, exhibited by Mr. James Baker, of Licking county, had a constant throng of admirers. These pretty imported animals flourish and prove to be profitable in this country.

The Reserve Cheese exhibitors were awarded prize cards to day. The Committee reported great difficulty in deciding between the cheese shown by H. F. Giddings & Co. and L. E. & H. N. Carter, but from the large number (34) of all good cheese shown by Messrs. Carter, they finally awarded the sweepstakes premium to them, and say that Messrs. Giddings & Co.'s cheese (four new and one old) are of a very superior quality in all respects.

The poultry show is very good, the principal exhibitions being from Columbus, Springfield, Cardington and Xenia. The Reserve is not in the chicken ring. The first premium for the best exhibition of poultry was taken by J. C. Cox, Xenia.

The following premiums have been awarded on fruits:

John H. Long, Hamilton, Ohio—plate of peaches, 1st premium.

T. P. Johnston, Osborn, Ohio—plate of peaches, 2d premium.

A. B. Buttles, Columbus, Ohio—10 varieties of pears, 1st premium.

George Powers, Perrysburg, Ohio—10 varieties of pears, 2d premium.

W. E. Mears, Milford, Ohio—5 varieties of pears, 1st premium.

George Powers, Perrysburg, Ohio—5 varieties of pears, 2d premium.

C. Limperi, Groveport, Ohio—3 varieties of pears, 1st premium.

George Powers, Perrysburg, Ohio—2d premium.

C. Limpert, Groveport, Ohio—peck of one variety, 1st premium.

G. S. Innis, Columbus—peck of one variety, 2d premium.

George Powers, Perrysburg, Ohio—best display of pears, 1st premium.

R. G. Hanford, Columbus—best display of pears, 2d premium.

C. C. Norton, Columbus—12 quinces, 1st premium.

A. B. Buttles, Columbus—12 quinces, 2d premium.

G. W. Campbell, Delaware, O.—bunch foreign grapes, 1st premium.

Other premiums have been awarded, the fruit list not being complete. Mr. Barney, of Sandusky, and Mr. Campbell, of Delaware, have red cards on grapes, the latter on foreign varieties. His clusters are very inviting. Mr. Campbell is one of the most intelligent and successful of grape-growers. His famous Delaware grape has become a universal favorite. The spring frosts greatly injured his crop of grapes this season. The following is the grape list:

John Kelly, Cleveland, O.—best six varieties grapes, 1st premium.

D. C. Richmond, Sandusky, Ohio—for same, 2d premium.

W. Z. Barney, Sandusky, O.—3 varieties, 2d premium.

C. Limpert, Groveport, O.—for same, 2d premium.

W. Z. Barney, display 10 varieties, 1st premium.

John Underwood, Columbus, Ohio—for same, 2d premium.

G. W. Campbell, Delaware, O.—foreign grapes, 1st premium.

A. B. Buttles, Columbus, O.—for same, 2d premium.

Among the premiums awarded to Northern Ohio we notice numerous cards on the fruits, vegetables and dahlias of John Kelly, Cleveland, and a first premium on the new refrigerator invented by Mr. A. Forbes, Cleveland, and admirably got up by Forbes & McBeth, Cleveland. It is simple, neat and useful, being dry as well as cool, and free from many defects of most refrigerators. We are glad to hear that Messrs. Forbes & McBeth will manufacture largely the coming winter, so that our citizens will be able to supply themselves with the best refrigerator before the next heated term. Mr. Forbes had many opportunities to sell his large sized, elegant specimen, on the Fair grounds, but will take it back for the inspection of Clevelanders.

Another Cleveland invention and manufacture, which attracts much attention and admiration, is C. L. Bander's Patent Invalid Travelling Chair, the invention of Mr. B, and manufactured by Messrs. Bander & Haines. It was awarded the first premium, and deservedly so. To invalids it must prove a real comfort and pleasure, as it enables them to move about readily and rapidly with but slight effort, and in the most agreeable of positions. It is, withal, an elegant article of furniture.

Our home manufactures of wool are matters of much interest and importance to the people to be clothed, and the following awards have been made on Mill Fabrics:

Alton Pope & Sons, Cleveland; 10 yards woolen cloth, $5 premium.

Columbus Woolen Manufacturing Company, Columbus; 1 yard of cassimere, $5 premium.

Same; 1 yard satinett, $5 premium.

Same; 10 yards jeans, $5 premium.

Same; 1 piece tweed, $3 premium.

Alton Pope & Sons, Cleveland; 10 yards flannel, $5 premium.

Columbus Woolen Manufacturing Company; 1 piece of kersey, $3 premium.

Same; 1 pair woolen blankets, $5 premium.

Same; stocking yarn, $3 premium.

Messrs. Sage and Baker, of Huntington, Lorain county, have been awarded a first premium on their simple, but excellent, sheep shed, rack and fold. It is portable, durable, and can be built by any farmer not entirely destitute of mechanical genius, being without mortice or tenon. The invention is worthy the Reserve Yankees, and universal use by sheep growers.

The Safety Oil Can of Messrs. Grover and Wilson, Cleveland, has been awarded the first premium on real merit. The can has been subjected to the severest tests and proves to be a perfect safe guard against explosion. Every family and person using explosive oil should have the Safety Can.

Mr. L. C. Tanney, of Olmstead, Cuyahoga county, has been awarded a $3 premium on his Self-Presser Cheese Press, and Mr. George Purple, of Wellington, Lorain county, a first premium on his excellent harness and buckle.

Messrs. J. W. Penfield & Co., of Willoughby, Lake county, have deservedly been awarded the first premium on Drain Tiles. The Improved Tile Machine works very satisfactorily and attracts much attention. It makes the smoothest tile in use, and delivers them directly on the drying board, a great improvement on former plans. The machine also has great strength and durability.

A very nice and convenient patent coffee pot exhibited by Mr. L. Marvin, of Cleveland, is much observed by the lovers of the fragrant, and is in the list of "commended" by committee.

C. S. G. Griffin, of Geneva, Ohio, has the first premium for Portable Farm Fence, an ingenious and useful invention. Any farmer can build it with an axe and saw, as there are neither mortices nor tenons.

The first premium was awarded to Mr. John Ledgebeer, of Painesville, for the best Farm and Feed Mill. The mill has real merit, and meets with great favor.

The Plowing Match yesterday excited much interest among plowmen and spectators, and lasted five hours, the competition being spirited. Some splendid furrows were turned by the improved plows entered by the Columbus, Urbana, Canton, Cincinnati and Springfield manufacturers.

To-day closes the Fair, and the aggregate receipts will put the Agricultural Board in the best of humor.

J. A. H.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

The President declines to release Mallory, ex-Secretary of the rebel navy, but gives his family permission to visit him.

The Provost Marshal General places the whole number of troops furnished by Illinois during the war at 256,297.

A boy of 15 lately committed suicide in London because the servant maid took away his candle while he was reading "Pickwick Papers." Dickens should immortalize him in his next novel.

[illegible] Adrian next week. The Iowa Fair opens at Burlington on the 26th, the Wisconsin at Janesville on the 25th, the Indiana at Fort Wayne on October 2d.

Harry Leslie crosses on his rope at Niagara, on Thursday, taking with him cooking utensils, chair, table, &c., and will give a dinner party midway between the two shores. The public are invited to partake of the viands.

Unmistakable traces of poison have been found in the body of Mrs. Caruthers, another of the victims of Mrs. Grinder, of Allegheny city, and the jury have rendered a verdict that Mrs. Grinder is her murderess. It is not yet known how many persons fell victims to the horrible mania for poisoning.

The emigrants on the foreign steamer Villa Franca were so barbarously treated by the officers on their passage to New York that they made complaint to the United States District Attorney on arrival, and caused the arrest of the offenders.—Their treatment as represented was brutal in the extreme.

The ocean race between the yachts Fleetwing and Henrietta—the former owned by George A. Osgood, and the latter by James G. Bennett—resulted in favor of the former by one hour and eighteen minutes. The course was from Sandy Hook to Cape May and back.

The Union men of New Jersey are working with energy, determined that their candidate for Governor shall be elected and the constitutional amendment be passed by the new Legislature. The campaign is fairly opened and the issues clearly drawn. An immense mass meeting, convened at short notice and with but little preparation, was held in Newark on Tuesday night, the 12th, at which General Kilpatrick made the principal address. His appearance was greeted by a burst of enthusiasm.

Notice.—The National Equal Rights League will hold its first Annual Meeting in this city, on Tuesday next, September 19th, and will continue in session about three days. The meeting will be held at Garrett's (late Chapin's) Hall, organizing at 10 o'clock A. M. On Wednesday evening, the Cuyahoga County League will give a grand entertainment at National Hall, the avails to be applied in promoting the elective franchise to colored citizens of the State of Ohio, and to the education of the freedmen in the South. The Committee will spare no pains to make the occasion one of interest to all. It is hoped that a generous public will give the League a hearty support, as the object they are seeking to accomplish is humane and just.
Committee of Arrangements—C. M. Richardson, J. E. Bankhead, J. A. Davis, E. G. Hazel, John Malvin, Jos. Williams. sep16:11

The Rev. J. S. Crane, of Michigan, will preach at the Disciple Church, West Side, on Sunday, the 17th inst., in the morning and evening. sep16 245

For Lake Superior.—The new staunch and elegant steamer IRONSIDES, Captain J. E. Turner, will leave our Dock for Ontonagon and intermediate ports, on Wednesday, Sept. 20th, at 8 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
MALONE, PETTIT & CO.,
sep16:246 127 and 129 River street.

We have a few gross of Lyman Fruit Jars in store this morning.
sep16:245 S. S. BARRIS & CO.

September, November and January Gold Coupons and U. S. 6 per cent. Compound Interest Notes of 1864, bought at highest market rates by E. J. FARMER & CO., Bankers, No. 145 Superior street, under Weddell House. sel4:254

Catching a Tartar.—Neglect your Teeth and you will soon catch a tartar there. Manipulate them daily with that rare vegetable compound Sozodont, and neither tartar nor canker, or any dental disease, can ever infect either them or the red cushions in which they are inserted. sl4:o1lw

Railroad Shipping Books—New style, got up on short notice, at the LEADER office. sep12

Ice for Sale.—300 tons Ice for sale in quantities to suit purchasers.
ROSE & PRENTISS,
sep1:250 142 and 144 Ontario street.

To Printers.—We have for sale in quantities to suit, Bingham's Celebrated Roller Composition, also, Palmer's Patent Composition, the best and most durable extant. All orders by mail promptly attended to. Address LEADER CO., Cleveland, Ohio. aug7

The Latest News

BY TELEGRAPH.

LAST NIGHT'S REPORT.

SOUTHERN NEWS

The Convention in Alabama

Re-organization in Texas!

The People Petitioning for a Convention.

Methodist Conference in Kentucky.

Our Dead at Andersonville.

The Murder of Captain Healy.

Troops Not to be Withdrawn from the South.

Important Retrenchments of the Government.

FROM THE WEST

The Treaty with the Indians

Depredations of the Pirate Shenandoah.

Her Total Captures Thirty.

Rumors about Captain Wirz.

The Fire in Nova Scotia.

The Assassination Rewards.

Large Sale of Railroad Stock

GOLD LAST NIGHT 142 1-4.

Associated Press Report.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, September 14.

Cotton 44@45.

General Banks has gone North to stay.

Judge Daniel G. Kaley, Ex Congressman from Indiana, late Deputy Collector of this port, died this morning. His body goes to St. Louis.

General Swain has issued an order in Alabama that all contracts with freedmen for labor must be reduced to writing, and approved by the Agent of the Bureau. For plantation labor, employers will stipulate to provide sufficient food, quarters, medical attendance, and such further compensation as may be agreed upon, such contracts to be a lien upon the crops, of which not more than one half shall be removed until full payment is made and the contract released by the Agent of the Bureau. Absentees from labor, without good cause, shall be proceeded against as vagrants, and freedmen committed as vagrants may be set to work on roads or other labor, or turned over to the freedmen's Bureau. Governor Parsons has approved the order and directed its enforcement.

The Times' Montgomery special of the 10th says: The Convention [illegible] fied by Governor Parsons.

The Convention organized by electing ex-Governor Fitzpatrick permanent President by acclamation.

A resolution was adopted for the President to appoint a committee, consisting of one member from each Judicial District, to report an amendment to the constitution, restoring relations with the Federal Government. Also a similar committee to report relative to the act of secession, and also as to whether certain acts passed during the war can be ratified without interfering with the Constitution of the United States.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

A large meeting at Hempstead, of the people of Austin, Grimes and Washington counties, Texas, resolved to accept the situation, and expressed a desire to co-operate with the President and the Governor in their efforts to effect a re-organization. The Governor was also earnestly solicited to call a Convention.

NEW ORLEANS, September 14.

Cotton very firm; sales 4,000; middling 45; week's sales 1,400; receipts 14,000; stock 83,000.

Sugar fair at 13¾@16.

Exchange on New York, 8½@8¾ discount.

Clearances will hereafter be made for all ports in Texas.

The Collector of Customs refuses the 1 per cent. per pound shipping fee on cotton and 3 cents merchandise fee, heretofore erroneously collected.

Influential citizens of Marengo and adjacent counties, have petitioned Gov. Parsons, asking his interposition for the removal of Colonel Lynch, of the 5th Wis. Cavalry, as his openly avowed sentiments would lead to a negro insurrection.

JUDGE HOLT'S REPLY.

NEW YORK, September 15.

Judge Holt in his reply to Mr. Blair denies the latter's charge that he, Judge Holt, made or was in any manner a party to an armistice with the rebel Secretary at the time the question of succoring the garrison of Fort Sumter was before Buchanan's Cabinet. He also says he never signed or was in any way a party to an agreement that no act of war would take place on the part of the United States during Mr. Buchanan's term. Nor does he believe any such agreement was authorized by Mr. Buchanan or ever existed. He quotes from a letter which he wrote as Secretary of War, in January, 1861, to Colonel Hayne, saying that should Major Anderson's safety require reinforcements, every effort would be made to supply them. At that time, however, the Government did not deem it necessary to send him reinforcements, because he made no such request and felt quite secure in his position.

The Post's Washington special says the Secretary of the Treasury reports that he intends issuing 5-20s in exchange for Treasury compound interest notes.

The statement that all troops will soon be withdrawn from the Southern States is entirely groundless.

The force in the Treasury Department is gradually being reduced to the lowest limit consistent with the necessities of public service.

Important retrenchments are also in progress in other departments of the government.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 15.

Mr. Dickerson contradicts the statement that the Algonquin has broken down, and it appears that the official trial has not yet commenced. It will commence as soon as both vessels can be put in order. The Winooska is to be furnished with 1,600 lbs. of coal per hour and is to make fifteen revolutions per minute for four days. The Algonquin is to have the same allowance, and if she uses more coal or makes more revolutions per minute than the Winooska she wins, if not she loses.

Fifty thousand dollars worth of Government bonds were abstracted from the counter of a banking house on Wall street yesterday afternoon, while the attention of the clerks was diverted. The payment of them has been stopped and $2,000 reward offered for their recovery.

GOLD MARKET.

NEW YORK, September 15.

Gold continues dull and the tendency lower. Considerable amounts have been sold on 30@60 days, sellers' option, the transactions being based upon the expectation of a reduction of currency by a funding loan. The price has ranged at 143¼@143½.

FROM FORT SMITH.

FORT SMITH, Ark., September 14.

The following tribes to-day signed the treaty of permanent peace with the United States, as represented by the loyal delegates: Osages, Seminoles, Creeks, Chickasaws, Cowedins, Senecas, Senoes, Shawnees, and Choctaws. The treaty concludes as follows:

The undersigned do hereby acknowledge themselves to be under the protection of the United States of America, and covenant and agree that hereafter they will, in all things, recognize the government of the United States as exercising jurisdiction over them, and will not enter into any allegiance or convention arrangement with any state, nation, power, or sovereign whatever; that any treaty of alliance for the cession of land, or any act heretofore done by them, or any of their people, by which they renounced their allegiance to the United States, is hereby revoked, cancelled and repudiated in consideration of the foregoing stipulations made by members of the respective nations and tribes of Indians present. The United States through these commissioners promises that it will re-establish peace and friendship with all nations and tribes of Indians within the limits of the so-called Indian country; that it will afford ample protection and security of the property of persons of the respective tribes or nations, and declares its willingness to enter into treaties to arrange and settle all questions relating to, and growing out of former treaties with said nations, as affected by any treaty made by nations with the so-called Confederate States, at this council now convened for that purpose, or at such time in the future as may be appointed.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

WASHINGTON September 15.

The Government has decided to allow 20 days further time for the acceptance of bids for the purchase of the Chattanooga rolling mill, i. e., to October 5th.

The U. S. revenue cutter, Kankakee, has arrived at Norfolk, where she is to remain on duty.

The flag-ship Malvern, Com. Radford, has arrived from Port Royal, Charleston and Beaufort, from a tour of inspection.

The ship Europa, from City Point, with tobacco from Richmond, has sailed for Bordeaux.

Major General Webb and staff left for Richmond, to-day, on the steamer Culyer.

The census of the colored population is being taken in this district, by order of Gen. Miles.

A riot took place at Hampton last Monday night among the negroes, which was quelled by a detachment of the District of Columbia Cavalry, under Lieutenant W. H. Wonderly. Twenty-one negroes were captured, all armed with revolvers, cutlasses, carbines or shot guns.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 13.

Honolulu dates to August 16th have been received.

The whalers James Maury, Joseph Maxwell and Richmond had arrived from the Arctic ocean, the former under bond with 150 sailors comprising crews of different vessels burned by the Shenandoah. She left the Arctic about the time the Nile left this city, and reports the total captures by the Shenandoah at thirty, twenty-six of which were burned and four bonded.

The Maxwell reports that ten whalers escaped without giving their names.

The ship Cyclone from Boston arrived at Honolulu on the 22d of July.

THE CABLE.

HALIFAX, September 15.

Lieutenant Gamble, R. N., of Her Majesty's ship Urgent, in a letter to the [illegible] to have been placed, and with the best lookouts, of officers and men, saw none of them. He concludes that if the Great Eastern's reckonings were correct, the buoys must have parted from the cable and drifted about the ocean.

A MONOPOLY BROKEN UP.

NEW YORK, September 15.

Collector Ring has broken up the monopoly of carting and lightening goods at this port, and thrown the business open to all who can furnish the necessary bonds.

GENERAL GRANT.

CAIRO, September 15.

At a meeting of the citizens to-day a Committee was appointed to invite Gen. Grant to visit Cairo, where he began his illustrious career, and partake of the hospitalities of the city.

Special Report.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 15.

The dullness in stocks continues. The transactions at the Board were lighter than for some days past, but prices are without any material deviation.

The extreme heat of the weather interferes somewhat with business, but the reason of the present dullness is due to an almost entire absence of the public from the street. The activity in legitimate trade keeps a large number of outsiders away from the stock market. Merchants are not likely to come to Wall street to speculate upon an uncertainty, while making such large profits in regular business.

Governments were dull but without any marked change.

State bonds were decidedly in better demand.

Miscellaneous shares were firm without much activity.

The gold market has been quiet. There is little or no speculative feeling, and the only demand is for custom.

The money market is easy at 5@6 per cent., with only a limited demand from stock brokers.

PETROLEUM.

The Petroleum stock market continues dull, with slight sales at the following rates: Palmer 34, Cherry Run 28, Oil Run 65, Webster 161, Pithole Creek 870, Buchanan Farm 70, Oil Creek 200, Excelsior 120, Tack 34, United States 2640, Maritana 850, First Nail 28.

Petroleum is dull and heavy, with slight sales at 34c@35c for crude, 56c@58c for refined in bond, and 76c@78c for refined free.

COMMEMORATIVE.

Flags were hoisted over the City Hall and a number of other buildings, yesterday, in commemoration of the capture of the city of Mexico by Gen. Scott.

NEW NAVY REGULATIONS.

The following is an abstract of the new navy regulations: After the 1st of June, 1866, neither ensigns, masters or lieutenants will be promoted to the next higher grades respectively until they have established to the satisfaction of a board of examining officers, or others duly appointed by such board, that they possess sufficient knowledge of the French and Spanish languages to speak the same with a fair degree of fluency.

REPLY OF THE SECRETARY OF TREASURY.

The Secretary of the Treasury has sent the following reply to a letter from the Committee of the Associate Banks: "They ought to redeem their notes at commercial centres, and that system shall compel, when it will not be done voluntarily, as the redemption at such points is needed to give uniform value to the notes of National Banks, and that the effect of such a system would be advantageous to the people and to the banking system. The points at which the redemption should be made are those at which interior banks, in conformity with the current of trade, keep their bank balance.

I am, very truly yours,
[Signed,] H. MCCULLOCH.

LETTER FROM MR. CLARK.

The following is an extract from a letter from Mr. Clark, Comptroller of Currency: I can see no objection whatever to your proposed plan of clearing or assorting the house. It will make notes of the National Banks what they cannot otherwise be, of equal value in every part of the country. If they are redeemed at par in New York, Philadelphia and Boston, they will be at par in every section of the land. I am confident that the measure if adopted, will meet the approval of all sound banks and may be the means of preventing disastrous results to all material interests of the country.

OFFICE SEEKERS.

NEW YORK, September 15.

The World's Washington special says: There is just now a large pressure for office in the various executive departments. A goodly proportion are men discharged from the military service, who are seeking positions. The Treasury Department has given notice that it will only make appointments to fill vacancies, and the Government Printing Office is out in a card declaring that no more employees are needed in that Bureau. A large number of females are seeking positions in both departments.

A NEW PAPER IN NASHVILLE.

A new daily journal will soon be started in Nashville, by a gentleman formerly attached to the Press, of this city. It will support President Johnson.

REPORT.

The State Department has issued, several months in advance of the usual time, a printed report on commercial relations for 1864. It is a larger document than any heretofore issued, containing more elaborate and interesting details. Bound copies authorized by Congress will be furnished in a few days.

PRESENTATION.

The Tribune's special says: The board of managers of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church yesterday presented, through Secretary Harlan, to the President and Secretary of State, a beautifully engraved copy of their resolutions on the death of President Lincoln.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Post to-day received a dispatch from South Carolina saying that the State Convention had convened and of all the delegates present three-fourths of them were original secessionists and had been active participants in the rebellion.

ROLLING MILLS.

The Times special says bids for the government rolling mill at Chattanooga were opened by the Quarter Master General yesterday. There were but two bids and the figures were such as to suggest a collision. The matter has been referred to the Secretary of War for decision. This mill is the only one in the South in successful operation at present. This mill [illegible] an immense amount of work in prospect [illegible] Southern railroads.

BALTIMORE, September 15.

The steamer Sumpter, [illegible] set, the first of the new line from Baltimore, [illegible] will sail for Liverpool on the 28th inst.

APPOINTMENT.

WASHINGTON, September 15.

The President to-day appointed Chas. H. Canfield to be appraiser of merchandise for the port of Savannah.

PARDONS.

The pardons granted to day up to two o'clock by the President, under the provisions of the Amnesty Proclamation, were, Jas. L. Orr, of South Carolina; Henry C. Wagner, of Georgia. Mr. Orr was once Speaker of the House of Representatives.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts from the Internal Revenue to-day were nearly $1,500,000.

CIRCULAR.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued circular letters to collectors of customs in charge of revenue cutters. It says, among other things, that the requirements of law will not be satisfied by simply speaking incoming vessels, they must be boarded and actually examined, and a manifest certified copy received, and hatches fastened, if on such examination there be just ground of suspicion that the vessel contains dutyable good not on the manifest, and designed to be smuggled into the United States, the commissioned officer of the cutter, or if one be not available, a petty officer of the cutter will be placed on board of vessel to remain with her till she arrives at her destination. Their duties are imperative and a faithful performance of them will be vigorously enacted. The regulations are modified so as to forbid the diversion of a cutter under any circumstances or on any pretext whatever, from the service, except by express authority of the Department. One of the objects of this modification is to prevent cutters from being used for mere pleasure excursions. In addition to the duty especially devolved upon cutters by the law, of boarding incoming vessels and certifying to manifests, they will maintain a general surveillance of the coast, lying within their cruising limits with a view to preventing the unauthorized landing of foreign goods and evasion of important duties. When cutters are supplied with both sails and steam power they should ordinarily depend upon the former and use the latter as propelling power only on emergencies, when it may be necessary to increase the speed of the vessel to accomplish some important and definite object. This is required as a measure of economy.

COUNTERFEIT.

A dangerous counterfeit was received at the Treasury to-day of a $100 compound interest note, bearing date May 15th, 1865. It is much better executed than any counterfeit heretofore presented and requires some scaning for detection. Both the face and back are printed in paler ink than the genuine, and on careful examination the lettering on the face appears defective. The brokers, bankers and others should compare those offered with the genuine before accepting them. No other denomination than the $100 compound interest note has been counterfeited, and all compound interest notes except the $100 note can therefore be taken without special examination.

One of the counterfeits was sent from New York and the other from Philadelphia.

MASS CONVENTION.

It is proposed to hold a State Mass Convention of the original loyal people of Virginia at Alexandria in a short time. All loyal refugees who have not returned to the State will be invited. Alexandria is proposed as the point at which the convention shall assemble because it is easy of access to those in the interior both by rail and water, and because of its proximity to Baltimore and Washington, where a large number of loyal Virginians yet reside, though still claiming a residence in Virginia. Hon. H. Winter Davis, Senator Wilson, of Mass; and others are invited to address the convention.

FREDERICK SEWARD.

The recovery of Frederick W. Seward, since his return from Cape May, has not been as rapid as was expected, owing to the intensely hot weather. His case seems to require a change of air, and accompanied by his father, the Secretary of State, he left Washington this afternoon for the shores of the Chesapeake, intending to return on Monday.

THE NEW STEAM PROPELLER LINCOLN.

The new steam propeller Lincoln, built at Baltimore as a revenue cutter for the Pacific Coast, has been ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury to start for its destination to-morrow.

CAPTAIN FOX.

The recently published statement of Captain Fox has led many to suppose that he and Mr. Seward are not on amicable terms, but it is understood that there is no divergence of views or feelings between the Secretary of State and the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, whose relations are as they have always been, of a friendly and cordial character.

COMMUNICATION FROM GEN. MEIGS.

Q. M. General Meigs has written a letter in regard to the Sumter and Pickens expedition. He deems it proper that he should call attention to some facts in the case to show that he was not liable to the charge of having deceived the President, or of having caused the Powhattan to be diverted from the purpose to which the President assigned her. "I, myself," he says, "suggested to the President the name of the Powhattan and of her commander. I wrote the orders in relation to her movements for his signature. This I did on 31st of March or 1st of April, three or four days before the Sumter expedition was resolved upon. The Pickens expedition was planned and ordered with the knowledge of the President, Secretary of State, Lieut. General Scott, Col. R. D. Keys and myself. When Lieutenant Porter was detailed to command the naval portion of the expedition, its object was communicated to him. When Colonel Harvey Brown was assigned to the command of the troops his instructions were made known to him. Its destination was known to none others until we were nearly in sight of the sand hills of Pensacola. This very successful military expedition of the war originated with Mr. Seward until it sailed. The United States had declared everywhere the fortress had been lost. He carried me to the President, merely remarking that he thought the President ought to see some officers, and not consult with men who, if war broke out, could not mount a horse. When the President struck out of the instructions prepared for the commander of the expedition the authority to declare martial law at Key West and on the Gulf coast. Mr. Seward induced him to programme, of another expedition, it seems, arose from the Secretary with which both were organized, but most of the important ports and fortress in the Gulf harbors of Pensacola, Key West, and Tortugas, were saved to the United States, all well fortified, and fleets which would have been necessary for the reduction or blockade made available at other points which had been lost by the supiness of the proceeding of the administration. Secrecy has cost its lives, consciences, but upon perfect secrecy depended the success of these great States, and so well kept was the secret that I brought back to New York the news of the destination and success of the expedition."

Yesterday Evening's Edition.

BURYING OUR DEAD.

NEW YORK, September 15.

The World's Washington special of the 14th says: A letter has been received here to-day from Andersonville, containing interesting particulars to the friends of deceased soldiers buried there. The national grave yard is being improved and beautified. There are 13,019 bodies lying in it. The enterprise is under the immediate charge of Captain W. A. Griffin, who has been at work there since May last.

All the old buildings are standing, stockades, hospitals, &c. They are just as they were when they contained 35,000 prisoners, being the largest number ever there.

No bodies can be removed from the national grave yard until November, as the military authorities prevent such action. After the first of November the relatives of those who are interred there can procure metallic coffins at