

Weekly Gazette, free for the inspection of all parties.

James Clark, of these signs, was at that time a member of Congress from Mr. Clay's former district, and the others of similar were the Administration men in the highest respectability in Lexington & Fayette counties, many of whom are now living.

Now, reader what are you to think of Henry Clay? If Mr. Burr was innocent of treason, why does Henry Clay stimulate John Binns, Pleasant, Hammond, Smith, Worsely and the other pressmen under his party, to assail Gen. Jackson as a traitor? If Burr was innocent, Mr. Clay is guilty of supporting false witnesses against Gen. Jackson. If Burr was guilty, then was Henry Clay a traitor.— Turn this subject as you will, it ends in his guilt and shame. And are we American people to be sold? Are we to barter our birthrights, the suffrages of millions of freemen, to continue ill-gotten power in such hands? Forbid it Heaven!—Cia. Eq.

BURR and CLAY! hail companions well met. The one barely escaped the gallows and died in infamy. The other, now asks to be placed in the Presidential chair of this great Republic!

**THE JOURNAL CONVINCED OF FALSEHOOD BY ITS OWN PARTY PAPERS.**

The Journal says:

"The 'Native' candidates for Congress, are all locofocoes. They have elected Levin over Morris, Whig, in the 1st district; John H. Campbell, native loco, in the 3d district, and Shearer, native loco, over C. J. Ingersoll, in the 4th district. In the 2d district, composed of the city proper, J. R. Ingersoll, whig, is elected over both the locofoco and Native American candidates."

Every body knows that this is false, for the whigs would not unite with the natives, to elect 'locofocoes,' of course.— Neither would any democrat, until corrupted enough to unite with the whigs, become a bigoted, church burning Native. To at every body knows. But hear the Uniontown whig paper, in its glowing over the news from the City. It says:

"Levin, the Native American candidate in the 1st district, is elected by a 1000 majority. E. Joy Morris is defeated. Levin, however, was a Whig before he was a native, and is a strong tariff man."

"Tory Ingersoll is re-elected in the 4th district, by 70 votes, over Shearer, native."

"In the 3d district, John H. Campbell, Native, has beaten Smith, the present Locofoco member. Campbell used to be a whig."

"The Natives have carried the Senators and Assemblymen in the county of Philadelphia."

What must every honest man think of the organ of Ohio whiggery, after that it is any wonder such an organ, in four years, lost its party 23000 votes! G. ahead—Statesman.

**OLD COUNTRYMEN, LOOK AT THIS!**

**HENRY CLAY AGAINST THE RIGHT OF FOREIGNERS TO VOTE!**

The constitution of the State of Michigan authorized aliens to vote. When the subject of the admission of that State into the Union was before the Senate, Mr. Clay moved to amend the bill by inserting after the word 'confirm,' the following words: 'except that provision which admits aliens to the right of suffrage.' (See Gales & Seaton's Register of Congressional Debates, vol. 12, part 1, pp. 1047-8.) The question on Mr. Clay's amendment was taken by yeas and nays and decided in the negative, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Black, Calhoun, CLAY, Crittenden, Davis, Ewing of Ohio, Hendricks, Leigh, Nauclain, Porter, Southard, Swift, Tomlinson, and White—14.

Nays—Messrs. Benton, Brown, Buchanan, Cuthbert, Ewing of Illinois, Grundy, Hill, Hubbard, King of Alabama, King of Georgia, Linn, Morris, Nicholas, Niles, River, Robinson, Ruggles, Shelby, Tallmadge, Tipton, Walker and Wright—22.— [Chicago Democrat.]

Citizens of foreign birth will see in the above what they may expect if Henry Clay gets into power. The adoption of Senator Archer's plan for prohibiting foreigners from voting until they shall have been 21 years at least in the country, will be one of the very first moves made by the 'whig' party, with the sanction of Mr. Clay.

Look out for the establishment of 'Native American' presses, and associations, all over the Union, if the 'whigs' succeed. That that defunct faction, in such an event is to be revived here, is now well understood. Naturalized citizens, look to it in time! Cast your votes for the candidates of the democracy, if you would prevent it.—[Missourian.]

**BANNER FOR LEAN MEN.**

"My Negroes are fat and sleek." Henry Clay's reply to Mendanhall, Ind. 1841.

**ANTI-BANK BANNER.**

"I conceive the establishment of this bank as dangerous to the safety and welfare of this republic."—Henry Clay, 1811.

**WHIG FARMER'S BANNER.**

"Agriculture needs no protection.— The habits of the farmers generation after generation, pass down a long track of time in perpetual succession, without the slightest change, and the ploughman who fastens his plough to the tail of his cattle, will not own there is any improvement equal to his." HENRY CLAY.

The following is an extract from the speech delivered in the United States Senate by Mr. Clay in February 1839.

"I know there is a visionary dogma which holds that Negro Slaves cannot be the subject of property. I shall not dwell long upon this 'speculative abstraction.'— Two hundred years have sanctioned and sanctified Negro slaves as property."

The following is an extract from Mr. Clay's speech in the U. S. Senate in 1838.

"Discussion implies deliberation deliberation is preliminary to action; the people of the North have no right to act upon the subject of Southern slavery, and therefore they have no right to deliberate—an right to discuss."

In Mr. Clay's letter to the Editor of a Kentucky paper, dated September 2, 1844 he says—

"In my speech, addressed to the Senate of the United States, and in resolutions which I offered to that body, in my address to Mr. Mendanhall, about two years ago, and on various other public occasions, I have fully, freely, and explicitly avowed my sentiments and opinions, on the subject of the institution of slavery and abolition. I adhere to them without any reservation."

**CLAY'S VERACITY!—THE CHILLEY DUEL.**

In a letter written by Mr. Clay to Henry A. Wise of Virginia, dated February 28, 1842, which treats of the Chilley duel he says:

"Being the friend of Graves, I could not invoke the authority of the police to prevent the duel."

Note reader, the italicized sentence.— Under date of August 1, 1844, he replies to a letter addressed to him by some ten or twelve citizens of Western Pennsylvania, interrogating him as to his present views of the practice of duelling and as to his agency in the Chilley duel. In this letter he asserts the following:

"Contrary to the impression which you entertain, I did advise the employment of the police to arrest the parties, and prevent the duel. The constables accordingly went out in search of them."

Here is a flat and unqualified contradiction, and either the one or the other of these assertions must be false. Both cannot be consistent with the truth, for he first says he did not endeavor to prevent the duel, and then, with equal emphasis, declares that he did.—We leave it to those who have greater faith in Mr. Clay's integrity than we, to assist him out of the dilemma.—Dem. Union.

**VOTES OF JAMES K. POLK IN FAVOR OF REVOLUTION SOLDIERS.**

In House of Representatives, Thursday, April 27, 1835.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the bill for the relief of the surviving officers of the army of Revolution. A motion was then made by Mr. Michell, of Tennessee, that the father consideration of the said bill be postponed until the first Monday in July next. And the question thereon being put, & decided in the negative, yeas 39, nays 121. John Sloane the Joseph Vance, Samuel F. Vinton and John C. Wright, of the Ohio delegation, voted with the 39 yeas, to defeat the bill, and Mordecai Bartley did not vote at all.

JAMES K. POLK voted with the nays to sustain the bill. (See House Journal, 1st sess. 19th Congress, p. 479.)

In House of Representatives, Monday, May 1, 1835.

On a motion to amend the above mentioned bill, so as to provide for the widows of officers and soldiers who fell or died in the Revolutionary war.

MORDECAI BARTLEY voted in the negative.

JAMES K. POLK voted in the affirmative. (Ibid, page 497.)

On a motion to lay the bill on the table Sloane, Vance, Vinton, Wright and MORDECAI BARTLEY voted in the affirmative.

JAMES K. POLK voted in the negative. (Ibid, p. 499.)

In House of Representatives, Tuesday, May 2, 1835.

Sloane, Vance, Vinton, Wright and MORDECAI BARTLEY again voted to lay the above-mentioned bill on the table.

JAMES K. POLK voted against it. (Ibid, p. 503.)

In House of Representatives, Tuesday, Jan. 16, 1837.

The bill for the relief of the surviving officers of the ARMY OF THE REVOLUTION being under consideration, JOHN WOODS, of the Ohio delegation moved to lay it on the table. Sloane, Vance, Vinton, Wright and MORDECAI BARTLEY voted for this motion.

JAMES K. POLK voted against it. (See House Journal, 2d sess. 19th Congress, pp. 167-8.)

In House of Representatives, Saturday, Feb. 28, 1839.

The question being on ordering to a third reading a bill to compensate Susan Deatur, the widow of Capt. Stephen Deatur; John Sloane, Joseph Vance, Samuel F. Vinton, John Woods and John C. Wright voted in the negative. MORDECAI BARTLEY did not vote at all!

JAMES K. POLK voted in the affirmative. (Ibid p. 359.)

But later, when most of the above bargainers of Mr. Clay were dismissed by the people for their want of honesty and principle, viz. in 1832, JAMES K. POLK succeeded in getting the law passed, a liberal and just law, the one under which the old soldiers now receive their just reward.

In House of Representatives, Tuesday, May 1, 1832.

On a motion to grant Pensions to those who defended our frontiers in the Indian Wars, from 1776 up to the Treaty of Greenville, in 1795.

JAMES K. POLK voted in the affirmative.

[Ibid p. 792.]

In House of Representatives, Thursday, May 31, 1832.

JAMES K. POLK voted for the previous question on the passage of the last mentioned bill. [Ibid, p. 820.]

**WHIG PROTECTION.**

Protecting laboring men.—Making them pay 25 to 35 per cent, higher for their store goods than they did under a revenue tariff—so that what they bought under a low tariff for \$1.00, now they pay \$1.25 and 1.35.

**CHURCHMAN'S BANNER.**

"Go home G—d damn you—go home, where you belong!"—[Henry Clay to Speaker Polk, in the U. S. House of Representatives.]

**Postscript.**

The mail yesterday brought returns from about two thirds of the counties in GEORGIA. In 1843 the federal majority in these counties was 3053; the democratic majority now is 1484. A gain for democracy since 1843, when the whig Governor by 3388, of 4,938. At the same rate of gain in the counties to hear from, the dem. maj. in the State will be near FOUR THOUSAND.

**Mass Meeting.**

**GENERAL TURN OUT OF THE DEMOCRATIC ARMY!**

**AT DOVER MASON COUNTY KY. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30TH.**

The Democracy of Mason county invite their friends; and all others in Kentucky and Ohio, to unite with them in GRAND CONVENTION at Dover, on the Ohio River, on WEDNESDAY the 30th of OCTOBER, to interchange opinions and sentiments, preparatory to the final struggle in November.

We promise all who may attend a cordial welcome, and liberal and bounteous entertainment.

The Hon. THOMAS F. MARSHALL, the gifted and patriotic orator of the west, will be present to entertain the assemblage with one of his soul-stirring and eloquent speeches.

The Hon. ALEXANDER DUNCAN, the successful coin disserter of Ohio, has promised to be present, and will address the meeting.

The Hon. THOMAS L. HAMER, Ohio's eloquent champion of Democracy gives assurance that he too will be in attendance, and entertain the meeting with a speech.

The following distinguished men have also been invited and are expected to be present—

Hon. ROBT. WICKLIFFE, of Ky. JOHN W. TIBBATS, " RICH'D FRENCH, " Gen. JOHN M. McCALLA, " Hon. JOHN B. WELLER, of Ohio. JOS. J. McDOWELL, " PATRIC COLLINS, esq. "

We tender an invitation to all parties to be present at this festival and partake with the hospitality of the occasion.

Let our German and Irish friends come—we bid them a cordial welcome.

Let the Ladies come and cheer us with their smiles.

Steamboats will be in readiness at Maysville, at 8 o'clock in the morning to take persons to the convention who desire to go from that point; and it is expected boats will leave Cincinnati for the meeting on the evening before.

R. H. STANTON, PETER LASHBROOKE, JOHN BROUGH, WM. SINTON, A. A. WADSWORTH. Oct. 8, 1844.

**OBITUARY NOTICE.**

Died, in Ripley on the 1st instant. Mrs. CATHERINE CONNORS of Jas. C. Campbell, after suffering six months with the dreadful disease of consumption. She left a large family to mourn her loss.

**FIRE WORKS.**

TO the citizens of Georgetown and the vicinity.—This is to notify you that the exhibition of FIRE WORKS that was to be given on the 16th is postponed on the account of rainy weather, until Saturday the 26th, if the weather will permit.

Georgetown, Oct. 16th, 1844.

RESERVILLE, Oct. 9th, 1844.

"The Election is now over," AND People can now turn their attention to other matters, especially to that of purchasing cheap & desirable goods for fall and winter: I have lately received a large addition to my former purchase of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware.— Such as Boots & Shoes, fur Caps, Blanket Shawls, Cassinets, Janes, Coffee, Sugar, Cotton thread, Indigo, Nails, &c., &c.— I am determined to sell cheap, let either Clay or Polk be elected. Call and see for yourselves. L. NOWLAND

Next to Shaw's Tavern in the Large Brick.

**Proclamation.**

To the Qualified Electors of the State of Ohio:

WHEREAS, It is provided, by the 1st section of the Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the election of Electors of President and Vice President of the United States," passed February 15, 1820, "That the Governor of this State, sixty days previous to the time provided by this Act for the election of Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, shall, by Proclamation, to be inserted in one of the News papers printed in each county in this State, where any such paper is printed, give notice of the time of holding such election, and the number of Electors of President and Vice President there to be chosen." Therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of the aforementioned Act,

I, THOMAS W. BARTLEY, Governor of the State of Ohio, do hereby notify and require the qualified Electors of this State, to assemble in their respective Townships, at the usual places designated for holding elections, on the first Friday, being the first day of November next, and then and there proceed to elect twenty three Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, in pursuance of the Constitution and laws of the United States and of this State.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I THOMAS W. BARTLEY, Governor of the State of Ohio, have hereunto subscribed my name, and caused the GREAT SEAL of the State to be affixed, at Columbus, this nineteenth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty four, and in the sixty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

THOMAS W. BARTLEY, By the Governor: SAMUEL GALLOWAY, Secretary of State.

**Proclamation.**

To the qualified Electors of Brown County, Greeting:

You are hereby notified to meet at the usual or proper places of holding elections in your respective townships on the first Friday, being the first day of November next, and then and there, according to law, vote for twenty three Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, in pursuance of the Constitution and laws of the United States and of the State of Ohio. Given under my hand at Georgetown, this 10th day of September 1844, in the 42nd year of this State, and of the Independence of the United States the Sixty Ninth.

WILLIAM SHIELDS, Secy. B. C. O. September 10th, 1844.

**THE CINCINNATI AND MAYSVILLE PACKET, DANIEL BOONE**

WILL run as a regular Cincinnati and Maysville, leaving Cincinnati every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 o'clock A. M. and Maysville every Monday Wednesday and Friday at 9 o'clock A. M. stopping at all intermediate ports.

The Dual Boxes is entirely new, was built expressly to run a jacket between Cincinnati and Maysville, and the public may rely on her continuing in the trade.

GRAFTON MOLEN, Master. July 23, 1844.

**LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post Office at Georgetown Ohio, on the 1st day of October 1844, which, if not taken out in three months, will be sent to the General Post office as dead letters:**

A. Johnson Barney  
Abbott Rhoads  
Anderson Deliah  
Bingamon Solomon C  
Clerk of Court of com. Mijler Benjamin  
Pleas of Brown co. 3.  
Culter Allen  
Case Lazer Esqr.  
Cumberland William  
Cren Lemuel  
D. Ross Edward  
Elliott William  
F. Ferree J. H.  
German George St  
Garrard Henry  
H. Hardisty George  
Hopkins George  
Hendy John  
Hall Mary  
Hill James  
Hann Sanford  
J. Johnas  
Johnas Barney  
McLaughlin John  
Meyer Simpson  
Myers James  
McNitt John  
O. Ojima Emily Mrs  
P. Fairer Adam  
R. Ross Edward  
R. R. R. R. R.  
Rooney John  
Rose Joseph  
Ryuwels Joseph  
Rosse Gottlieb  
S. Sullivan Valentine F  
Squires Reuben  
T. Thompson Gaylord  
V. Virey Barnett  
W. Wells Jacob  
Wallman Kane  
Woods John  
JAS ALLEN, P. M.

**New Map of Ohio.**

The subscribers propose publishing a new edition of their map of the State of Ohio.

This Map is compiled from the Surveys in the Surveyor General's Office at Cincinnati, in part by Mr. Samuel Morrison, whose skill as a draughtsman, experience and known accuracy are fully attested, not only by the present Surveyor General, but confirmed by the certificates hereunto attached, of Robert T. Lytle, Esq., the predecessor of Mr. Haines; and will exhibit the sections, fractional Sections, Virginia Military Surveys, principal roads, Public works and contemplated public Improvements, together with the Lakes, Rivers, Indian Reservation, counties, Towns, cities and villages, which will be laid down with the greatest possible accuracy.

There is no doubt that this map will contain the most minute and authentic information of any state map ever published. One of the proprietors has visited every county in the State, for the purpose of gathering every information requisite, to insure correctness. This fact of itself will necessarily give assurance to those who may purchase the map, that for real utility, it must supersede any map got up East, for the purpose of state, but without the advantage of the personal inspection and labor that has been bestowed exclusively on this.

The size of the map will be between 4 and 6 feet square, neatly colored in counties, mounted and varnished; and sold to subscribers at the price of six dollars.

Agents or companies taking telescopes, will be allowed a deduction of forty per cent.

DOOLITTLE & MUNSON.

Engravers and map publishers, Cincinnati

I have examined the compilations made from the public surveys in this office by Mr. Morrison, for Messrs. Doolittle & Munson, who are about to publish a sectional map of the state of Ohio, and so far as they relate to the public Surveys they are correct. ROBERT T. LITTLE Surveyor General of Cincinnati August 3, 1844.

**Administratrix's Notice.**

THE undersigned has been appointed, by the court of Common Pleas of Brown county, Administratrix of the estate of Adam E. Day, late of Brown county deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment; and those having claims against said estate are requested to present them legally proven, within one year for settlement. MELINDA DAY, Adm'x. Sept. 3, 1844.

**Georgetown Female Seminary**

WILL open on Monday the second of September, under the superintendence of the subscriber assisted by E. W. Maxwell.

The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty-two weeks each. No pupil will be received for less time than half a session, and no deduction for absence will be made, except for sickness of two or more weeks at a time.— There will be arrangements made for a primary class, which will not at all interfere with the higher class.

**TEXT BOOKS.**

Colburn's first Lessons; Ray's third part, and Adams' Arithmetic; Davies' and Co. New Algebra, Playfair's Euclid, Smith's and Kirkham's Grammar, Mitchell's Geography, Worcester's ancient Geography, Goodrich's History with Emersion's Questions, and supplement, Whelpley's Compend, Philip's Botany, Good's Book of Nature, Smellie's Philosophy of Natural History, Lacey's Rhetoric, Whately's Logic, Comstock's Natural Philosophy, and Chemistry, Wainwright's Moral Science, Alexander's Evidence of Christianity, Butler's Analogy, Paley's Natural Theology, Watts on the mind, McCullough's Geography of the Heavens with the maps, Constitution of the United States and of Ohio, Mansfield's Political Grammar, and Sullivan's Political Class book, Mason's Harp and the Bible.

A Catalogue of General History will be furnished, together with the Globes. Occasionally lectures upon Moral and Natural Philosophy by the Superintendent and Teachers.

**TERM BILL.**

Tuition including all the primary studies Calisthenic \$7.00  
For more advanced studies, including Vocal Music, \$8.00  
Board per week, \$1.50  
Washing per month, \$0.75  
There will be a small charge for fuel and other contingent expenses.

**EXTRA.**

French \$5.00  
Latin 5.00  
German 3.00  
Satin Embroidery 3.00  
Drawing 2.00  
Mechanical Painting 2.50  
Lessons on the Guitar 10.00  
Music on the Piano by Miss Hall of Boston per qr. 9.00

SARAH T. JOHNSON. August, 1844.

**TAXES FOR THE YEAR 1844.**

TREASURER'S OFFICE Brown Co. Ohio

The taxes levied in said county for the present year, will be as follows: For State and canal purposes 7 Mills; For County School and Poorhouse 4 Mills; and for Road 14 Mills; amounting to \$1.30 cts. on each one hundred dollars on all property subject to taxation in said county, exclusive of township tax, which will be in Union 4 Mill; Huntington 2 mill; Byrd 1 mill; Jackson 1 mill; Washington 1 mill; Franklin 14 mills; Pleasant 1 mill; Lewis 4 mill; Clark 2 mill; Pike 1 mill; Stearns 2 mill; Perry 3 mill; and in Scott 1 mill to the dollar.

I will attend at the following or usual places of holding elections in the several Townships in said county for the purpose of receiving taxes on the following days, to wit:

In No 9 Lewis on the 2nd of Sept. next.

10 Clark, 3rd  
11 Pike 4th  
15 Green 5th  
14 Scott 6th  
8 Pleasant 7th  
3 Byrd 9th  
4 Jackson 10th  
5 Eagle 11th  
6 Washington 12th  
7 Franklin 13th  
12 Stearns 17th  
13 Perry 18 & 19th  
1 Union 21st  
9 Huntington 23 & 24th

And I will attend my office in Georgetown, from the 1st of Oct. until the 29th of December next for the purpose of receiving taxes from those who may wish to pay them there.

It is expected that all taxes will be paid against the 20th of December, as no indulgence can be given after that time.

July 30th, 1844.

TH. MIDDLETON, T. B. C.

**Important!**

**B. Fosgate's Anodyne Cordial,** A SAFE and effectual Remedy for the ASUMMER COMPLAINTS, viz: Diarrhoea, and Cholera Morbus, also, Flatulent and Spasmodic Cholera.

This invaluable Medicine for the above complaints, surpasses any other remedy now in use. Hundreds of cases have come to the knowledge of the proprietor, where a speedy cure has been effected by the use of the Cordial, after a resort to the common remedies had proved unavailing. It has been extensively used throughout this State and elsewhere, for many years—has been approved, and is used in practice by a great number of the most respectable physicians, as may be seen by their certificates and recommendations accompanying each bottle.

This medicine is discovered to be a certain and effectual remedy for the intestine disease, produced by the drinking of the waters of the rivers in the southern and southwestern States, which renders it of inestimable value to those who reside or travel through those sections of the country.

N. B. To secure the public against deception, the external label of each bottle is secured by a copyright, which was entered according to act of Congress in the Northern District of New York, on the 9th day of November, Anno Domini, 1840.

A fac simile of the proprietor's signature will be found on the outer label of each bottle, genuine. Price 31 cts.

FOR SALE BY D. J. Stewart, W. P. Macklem, Georgetown—Palmer & Campbell and Ridgway & Credit, Ripley—Zeklen & Lamb, Aberdeen.

**Worm Powders,** A certain, safe, and effectual Remedy for this disease. Price 25 cents.

**Also,**

**Aromatic Bitters,** FOR strengthening Weak Stomachs, and restoring the Appetite. Price 12 1/2 cents.

FOR SALE BY D. J. Stewart, and W. P. Macklem, Georgetown—Palmer & Campbell and Ridgway & Credit, Ripley—Zeklen & Lamb, Aberdeen.

**Justices' Blank** for sale at the office of the S.

**LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office at Ripley Ohio, on the 1st day of October 1844, which, if not taken out within three months, will be sent to the General Post office as dead letters.**

Harmon Allen John Little  
William Bowers Miss Eliza Lindsey  
Richard Brookover Anna McPerson  
Mary Bama James Maan  
Catherine Bayles Dennis McCafferty  
Richard Brown Joseph W Mann  
Elizabeth Burnetha Dr James B McCon  
John Beasley 2 nel  
Wilson Cowasa John Norris  
John Crockbaum Jr. Stephen Pangburn  
Robert Carr Bernard Purcell  
Eliza Ellen Chambers C L Parker  
Anos Church John Pearce  
Harriet A. Dinmore French Pettit  
George Danton John Porter  
James Deer or M C Robinson  
Elizabeth Hillman Rebecca Rodgers 2  
Richard R. Dent Joseph Renshaw  
David Epy 2 Joseph Ramsey  
Henry Esat Sarah Rice  
Rev James Elliott Mary Stephenson  
David Flaughter 2 J & E C Stout  
Margaret Fullen Mary Ann Stephenson  
Maria Gardner  
James G Hopkins Silas Skelton  
Anthony Hiller Salem Shaw 2  
Archibald Hopkins Elizabeth Tate  
Gerdon Hopkins Harriet Whiener  
Hanner Habb Elizabeth Wilson  
Sarah Hoff Miss M E Willoughby  
James Jordan D H Young  
Samuel Killpatrick R. J. BENNETT, P. M.

**RAN AWAY,**

PROMISO subscriber living in Byrd township an indentured boy named Wil son Hatfield, aged about seventeen years. All persons are hereby forbid harboring or trusting said boy on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting.

DAVID HATFIELD. Sept. 21, 1844.

**RAN AWAY,**

1,200 LBS. Juniatta Nails 3, 4, 6, 8, 10 & 11 for sale by L. NOWLAND, Russellville.

50 GALLONS superior Flaxseed Oil for sale by L. NOWLAND, Russellville.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the following Executors, Administrators and Guardians have filed their respective accounts and vouchers for settlement, which were ordered by the Court to be advertised and continued until next term.

Nathaniel Bausley Executor.  
John Gallagher do.  
Joshua Jordan's do.  
John Murphys do.  
John Neils do.  
Joseph N. Campbell Adm'r.  
Margaret McPerson's do.  
July Delays do.  
Wm. Maxwell's do.  
Harvy Stearns do.  
Wm. Huggins do.  
Philip Gordon's do.  
Guardian of Joseph N. Harlan's heirs.  
do. William Hamer.  
do. John Angubower.  
do. Abram Darlin's heirs.  
do. John Gray's heirs.

Sept. 30, 1844.  
JOHN H. BLAIR, Clerk B. C. O.

**Jew David's, or Hebrew Plaster.**

THIS is becoming one of the most popular medicines now before the public. For removing all seated pains, such as rheumatism, pain in the back, side, or breast, it has no equal in the world. It is also efficacious in removing wens, tumors, cures, &c. We do not design to puff this medicine with old fictitious certificates, but will simply mention a few recent cases, where it has effected a cure.

Mr. Sloan, of Zanesville, after having suffered with Rheumatism for nine years, was cured by using the Hebrew Plaster.

Mr. Anderson of Putnam, was troubled for a long time with a lame back, occasioned by over-lifting, and was cured by using this plaster.

A man (name not recollected) of Granton, in Licking county, was entirely cured by using this plaster.

The following certificate from Mr. Worstell, editor of the Western Gazette, was furnished us a few days since:

Messrs. Constock & Co.—During last winter and spring, I was so troubled with a pain in my breast, as to render me unfit for the duties of the office; and hearing your Jew David's or Hebrew Plaster, highly recommended, for similar cases, I was induced to give it a trial. I had worn a plaster on my breast but a short time when all the pain left me, and I was enabled again to engage in the duties of the office. My sister residing in Steubenville has also received much benefit from its use. J. P. WORSTELL.

Mansion, Nov. 12, 43.

Messrs. Constock & Co.—Last Spring I was afflicted with weakness in my back, accompanied with a severe pain in my side, for which I used your Hebrew Plaster, and I take pleasure in stating that I received immediate relief from it, and I cheerfully recommend its use to all similarly afflicted.

D. R. APAWATER.  
Mansion, November 9th, 1843.

Each box contains sufficient to spread 6 or 8 large plasters. Price 50 cents per box.

For sale by James Crawford, Georgetown; Palmer & Campbell, Ripley; E. W. Smith, Higginport; C. Shreve, Russellville; W. D. Wright, Hamersville; Knowles & Powell, Fayette; J. S. Johnson, Batom, B. W. Whitman & Co. Wheeling, M. B. Riggs, Sandusky.

**Take Notice.**

**FARM FOR SALE.**—A valuable farm, containing one hundred and thirty nine acres of land, situated about four and a half miles west of Georgetown, on the middle fork of Bullskin, and within a half a mile of Feesburgh, well watered and well cultivated. For the purpose of providing for paying my debts I will sell the farm very cheap. Terms—One half of the amount of purchase (part in produce) to be paid at or about the time of sale; and the other half to be paid in two yearly payments, in money or produce, as may be agreed upon. For further particulars, inquire of the subscriber on the premises. Possession can be had immediately if desired.

GEOR. M. MARTIN.  
July 3, 1844.

**Blank Deeds** also at the office of the Democrat Standard