

THE ANTI-SLAVERY BUGLE.

logues upon our black Southern brethren through the whole of the half-century which our memory covers. And with such horrible and systematic cruelty have they used this power as not only to ravish and murder at their pleasure through this whole period, but to adjust the laws of the State, with devilish ingenuity, to the accomplishment of a perfect legal impunity for these crimes, when committed by their party!

Mr. Clay—I saw it in a newspaper supporting his party, where it was highly commended. Mr. Wade said that he was at the time alluding to the irritation in consequence of affairs in Kansas and the manner the pro-slavery persecutions were persevered in, the removal of the Missouri restriction, &c. Then he declared that unless some means could be found to prevent these things it would ultimately result in just what he was charged with saying in making the different sections as great enemies as two hostile nations.

SENSATION WRITING—A VIRGINIA REQUIEM.

[The Richmond (Va.) News, says of Dec. 3rd, a requiem over the ashes of Brown, in the following line and happy style:] Execution of Old Brown.—At 10 minutes past 11 o'clock yesterday morning, the old nefarious sinners expiated his most unholiest crimes upon the gallows. He dangled in an element for some time entirely too pure for his loathsome carcass, and steeled the atmosphere with that polluted breath which had given vent to his fiendish purposes.

Such has been the wretched condition of our black "Southern brethren," with these barbarous freebooters "let loose" upon them, for the last half-century. Edward Everett knew it, but raised not a finger for their relief. Matters were growing worse and worse. Even some of our Northern brethren, passing through, or temporarily residing in, that region of violence, were insulted, assaulted, lynched, for a merely verbal expression of sympathy with the sufferers. Still, Edward Everett sat quietly in his luxurious Northern home making not the slightest movement towards the redemption of his solemn, voluntary, public pledge. What then happened?

MR. FISK TARRED AND FEATHERED.

We learn that last night, about 12 o'clock, a party who had reason to doubt the orthodoxy, or who believe in the heterodoxy of Sewall H. Fisk, a dealer in shoes in this city and a native of Massachusetts, waited upon him, and using some persuasive peculiar to themselves, induced him to exchange his usual habiliments, and don those that transmogrified him into a pretty fair representative of Plato's definition of a man—a cock. He was not game, however, for he had no spurs; nor did he exhibit any inclination to make fight or crow, being, we suppose, off from his own dunghill. The charges against him were, that he generally expressed Abolition sentiments, and that on last Sabbath evening he read to negroes in his store. These charges Mr. Fisk denied. He was called out of his store at night, and gagged before he could make either noise or resistance. He was then placed in a carriage and driven a short distance from the city, and the application, as above, made to his nude person; he was then left to find his way back as best he could. His first appearance in the limits near the hospital, where he came in sight of a watchman, who was so alarmed at the sight that he gave a spasmodic jerk at his rattle and took to his heels, not willing to face so dreadful an apparition. A reinforcement, however, was brave enough to approach him, when he was conducted home, the most pitiable object it is possible to imagine. Not a spot of his skin was visible, and his hair was trimmed close to his head.

CONGRESSIONAL EXPLANATION.

It is hardly safe to commend a politician for anything he may utter, for although he may promise years to pass without explanation, the time is almost sure to come when he says "Please, your worship, I didn't mean that." Take, as illustration, the following passage at arms in the Senate between Clay and Wade. He (Wade) would like to know when he had done so. Mr. Clay quoted from the speech of Mr. Wade in 1850, where he said this intended union was all meretricious; there was not a business man anywhere, who, if he had such a partner, would hesitate to kick him out at once and have done with him—meaning such a partner as the South.

MOBS AGAINST FREE SPEECH.

Attempts were made in Philadelphia and New York simultaneously, on Thursday night, to break up anti-slavery meetings by main force. The New York meeting was got up to raise money for the relief of John Brown's family; and while the speakers were addressing the crowd, large numbers of well-dressed men, engaged, the Tribune says, in the Southern trade, tried their best to break the meeting up by creating an uproar, hissing the speakers, and indulging in the most turbulent conduct. The police in effort to quiet the well-dressed gentlemen, "engaged in the Southern trade,"

As it was, the Governor did everything that he could to prevent the Legislature to spare Coppock, and quite a number of the members of the Senate were inclined for a time to do so, but in the House, some considerable unwillingness was manifested, and a general disposition expressed to let things take their own course. But notwithstanding, had it not been for an unfortunate letter to Mrs. Haney, having Coppock's signature, which made its appearance, most inopportunistly, in which the writer speaks of the Virginians as 'venomous' &c, he might, for all, have had his sentence, if not commuted, at least respite for thirty days, in which time his pardon, most likely, could have been secured. But when that was read, being published in the N. Y. Tribune, there seemed to be no longer any hope. It is, however, due to Gov. Wise and to several of the efforts about Charleston and Richmond, both civil and military, to say, that those above named friends of Coppock, speak of them in very high terms of praise—stating that they could not have been better or more gentlemanly treated by anybody than they were by them.

The object of both these demonstrations, as was the case with similar demonstrations twenty-five years ago, when Pennsylvania Hall was burned and the Tappan mobbed, is to show the South that the loss of the North, particularly those who have goods for sale "shipped to the Southern trade," are the abject slaves of that section, and ready to do its meanest bidding. Every one of these fellows would go down upon his belly and eat dirt if by that degradation he could conciliate the fire eaters and secure his custom. It is a mere bid for trade, aided by a few political aspirants who fancy the South may win in the next Presidential contest.

THE ANTI-SLAVERY FAIR BROKEN UP.

The Anti-Slavery Fair, which opened in Concert Hall, Philadelphia on Monday evening the 12th, was broken up on Thursday by the Sheriff, who took possession of the building and closed it up! It is stated that, in the lease of the building, there is a clause stating that the lessee shall not underlet the premises for any purpose calculated to create disturbance and endanger the property. The agent of the property concluded (if his oath is worth anything) that such danger lurked in the Anti-Slavery Fair, although no such Fair was ever disturbed in Philadelphia. On the representation of the agent, the Sheriff took possession of the building in behalf of the owner, Mrs. Watson. The flag of the fair had previously been ordered to be taken down by Mayor Henry.

GOV. MAGOFFIN ON THE SLAVERY QUESTION.

From his Message to the Kentucky Legislature—"I had not intended to have alluded, in this paper, to the Slavery question; but in view of the recent occurrences, and the extraordinary doctrines avowed by the Black Republican party, which I think are directly hostile to the longer continuance of the Union, I have thought proper to refer to the subject. I do not believe slavery to be wrong. I do not believe it to be a moral, social, or political evil. Many distinguished patriots of the South committed, in my judgment, a great error when they made this admission in the earlier days of the Republic."

THOUSANDS OF AGENTS.

John Randolph, a distinguished Southern statesman and slaveholder, said, "The curse of Slavery, an evil daily magnifying great as it already is, embitters many a moment." But then John Randolph had never read the messages of Gov. Magoffin.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CLEVELAND WEEKLY LEADER FOR 1860.

The year of 1860 is destined to be the most eventful known in the history of our country. That year will witness the election of a Republican President. That year will be pregnant with stirring events. The most exciting presidential election probably ever held in this country will then take place. Hence that year will be the year when a good newspaper will be appreciated by a reading community.

THE ANTI-SLAVERY BUGLE.

"PROVIDENCE HAS MADE ME AN ACTOR, AND SLAVERY AN OUTLAW."—John Brown of Osawatimie.

AN APOLOGY.

Our paper goes to press a day earlier than usual this week; and having unexpectedly received a subpoena to Magadore, our readers will have to dispense with editorial until our next number.

EDWIN COPPOCK—HIS FUNERAL, &c.

The execution of Edwin Coppock, for his complicity in the Harper's Ferry raid, took place, promptly, according to the programme laid down by the State of Virginia. For two weeks or more, previous to the fatal day, Thomas Wion, a member of the Society of Friends, a former acquaintance of young Coppock, left Springfield, Iowa, the late home of the latter, at the request of his mother, who sent with him a petition largely signed, praying for his pardon, or at least commutation of sentence. We had the pleasure of an interview with this gentleman on Monday last, who gave us with others a full statement of the effort made in behalf of the condemned young man, by himself and John Butler, John Stanley, and Joshua Coppock, (uncle of Edwin) or of living near this place, who several days before the execution, joined him in his exertions to save his life. From the consideration of the fact that Coppock, up to the time of the outbreak at the Ferry, sustained an unimpeachable character; and that during the fight, he made an effort to save, rather than to destroy life, and told the citizen prisoners where they could take positions out of the way of the bullets of the outside soldiery, and himself, as he stated in court, being desirous to some extent as to the

object of the expedition, and that during the entire fight, not a drop of blood was shed by his hands, and from a general candor and good deportment during his confinement in the Charleston jail, Gov. Wise was induced to look upon his case with much leniency, and had it been in his power, would, as he expressed it to the above named friends of Coppock, "not only commuted his sentence, but pardoned him and sent him home to his mother."

As it was, the Governor did everything that he could to prevent the Legislature to spare Coppock, and quite a number of the members of the Senate were inclined for a time to do so, but in the House, some considerable unwillingness was manifested, and a general disposition expressed to let things take their own course. But notwithstanding, had it not been for an unfortunate letter to Mrs. Haney, having Coppock's signature, which made its appearance, most inopportunistly, in which the writer speaks of the Virginians as 'venomous' &c, he might, for all, have had his sentence, if not commuted, at least respite for thirty days, in which time his pardon, most likely, could have been secured. But when that was read, being published in the N. Y. Tribune, there seemed to be no longer any hope. It is, however, due to Gov. Wise and to several of the efforts about Charleston and Richmond, both civil and military, to say, that those above named friends of Coppock, speak of them in very high terms of praise—stating that they could not have been better or more gentlemanly treated by anybody than they were by them.

THE BOOK FOR THE TIMES.

IN PRESS: THE LIFE OF CAPT. JOHN BROWN, THE LIBERATOR OF KANSAS, AND THE HERO OF HARPER'S FERRY, BY JAMES REDPATH.

An elegant 12mo volume of 400 pages, illustrated, and embellished with a superb STEEL PORTRAIT of the glorious old man. Price \$1. This book will be issued before the first of January, 1860, and will be a work of thrilling and fascinating interest. Its sale will be immense. A liberal per centage of the PROFITS resulting from its publication, will be given to the Family of Brown.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY LEADER.

Hereafter we shall write the name of every subscriber on each paper sent. One copy for six months \$1.00 One copy for one year 1.50 Ten copies 13.00 Fifteen copies 17.00 Twenty copies 20.00 Thirty copies 28.00 Forty copies 37.00 Fifty copies 46.00 One hundred copies 90.00

TERMS OF TRI-WEEKLY LEADER.

Single copy one year, \$3.00 Two copies one year, 5.00 Five copies one year, 12.00 Ten copies one year, 20.00

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE WEST & WILSON, DOUBLE THREAD FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

PRICE THIRTY DOLLARS. ALL MACHINES WARRANTED! AT MRS. GRIFFING'S Boarding House, Main street, the Machine and its work will be exhibited to all, and those who purchase will be taught how to use it gratis by H. P. WILSON. Ag'ts for Columbus and Mahoning Cos. Dec. 3, 1859.

AGENTS WANTED.

TO SELL for our \$15, \$20, and \$25 Patent Sewing Machines. Salary \$40 per month, with expenses paid. It is a practical machine for every family; so simple in its construction that a child can learn to run it, and half an hour's experience will enable a lady to operate with it well. Warranted equal to any high priced machine. Address I. HALE Jr. & Co., Newburyport, Mass. November 28, 1859-Gw.

J. & L. SCHILLING.

Begin leave to announce the opening of their Second Large Stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, Purchased to accommodate the requirements of cold weather and consequently embraces a full line of Ladies Winter Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloaks, Hoods, Furs, Gaudlets, Embroideries, Men and Boys' Wear, Blankets, Carpets, Flannels, Ladies and Children's Shoes, &c., &c. Together with a General Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Queensware and Groceries. All of which have been purchased, owing to the lateness of the season at unusual low rates, and consequently we can sell you many kinds of Goods at enormously low prices. Thankful for past favors and soliciting an early examination of the above Stock. We remain yours, Truly, J. & L. SCHILLING. Salem, Nov. 19, 1859.

SIXTH ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION.

From all sections of the country subscribers to this popular Art Institution, (now in its sixth year), are being received in a ratio unparalleled with that of any previous year. Any person can become a member by subscribing \$5 WHICH WILL ENTITLE HIM TO First, The beautiful Steel Engraving, "Shakespeare and His Friends." Second, A Copy of the elegantly Illustrated Art Journal, one year. Third, A Free Season Admission to the Galleries, 548 Broadway, New York. In addition to which, over Four Hundred valuable Works of Art are given to subscribers as Premiums, comprising choice Paintings, Sculptures, Outlines, &c., by the first American and Foreign Artists. The superb Engraving, which every subscriber will receive immediately on receipt of subscription, entitled "SHAKESPEARE AND HIS FRIENDS," is of a character to give unqualified pleasure and satisfaction. No work of equal value was ever before placed within reach of the people at such a price. The Engraving is of very large size, being printed on heavy plate paper, 50 by 25 inches, making a most superb ornament suitable for the walls of either the library, parlor or office. It can be sent to any part of the country, by mail, with safety, being packed in a cylinder, postage pre paid.

Enlargement M'MILLAN'S BOOKSTORE.

A full assortment of Historical, Poetical, Scientific, Biblical, Juvenile, Law, and elegantly bound Gift Books. SCHOOL AND MUSIC BOOKS, Wholesale and Retail. A large stock and great variety of Poeticals, Mercantile Post, Bath Post, Commercial Note and Bill Paper of various sizes, plain and fancy. Envelopes, plain and fancy, and all sizes; Unruled Papers, Drawing Paper in roll, Tracing Cloth, Patterns & Tissue Paper, and materials for flowers. Arnold's Copying, and Indelible Books, Memorandums and Pass Books in great variety. Writing Books, State Pencils, Peobon's Outline Maps, Steel Pens, &c., Warranted Gold Pens. Inkstands, Artists' Colors and Brushes, Purses, Pocket Books, Pictures, Penholders, &c. Printers' Cards, Reward and Visiting Cards. A large assortment of Wall Paper; cheap Window Features, consisting of Rollers, Brackets, Cord, Tassels, Oil Cloth, Oil Shades, plate and fancy Paper, all of which the public is invited to call and examine. "All of our customers, who come by night, will see our name in letters of living light." J. M'MILLAN. Salem, Nov. 5, 1859.

George W. Stanley, AMBROTYPE AND PHOTOGRAPH ARTIST.

SCHILLING'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET, SALEM, OHIO. Salem, June 23, 1858. JOB WORK NEATLY EXECUTED. BLANK DEEDS, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Executions and Summons for sale at this Office.

Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Table with columns: Leave, Mail, Express, Pittsburg, Columbus, Salem, Alliance. Rows for GOING WEST and GOING EAST.

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THE FAIR OF THE WESTERN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY.

Will open on the twenty-third of December, eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the Town Hall of Salem, under the auspices of more favor and interest than any Fair hitherto held in this community. The object of this gathering is already well understood, and we need only add that each succeeding year with its increased guilt of slaveholding, and its sorrowful sacrament of agony and death increases our obligation to the slave, and should give a new impulse to indefatigable and unflinching labor.

While the Slave in the South writes and groans in his fetters unheeded by all, and the demand is more than for the captives of a foreign shore—while the free north is blushing with shame and dismay at the insult and outrage of a pro-slavery Government, our course is plainly forward and revolutionary. Light, love, and labor only, will secure the unconditional emancipation of the slave.

The results of the Fair are, without exception, appropriated to the dissemination of faithful, radical Anti-Slavery sentiments.

- JOSEPHINE S. GRIFFING, SARAH N. M'MILLAN, SARAH BOWN, MARGARET HISE, EMILY ROBINSON, J. ELIZABETH JONES, ANGELINA DEMING, ANN PEARSON, LAURA BARNABY, MRS. CHURCH.

TWENTY-SIXTH NATIONAL ANTI-SLAVERY SUBSCRIPTION ANNIVERSARY.

In the month of January next, in Boston, 1860.

In a year when Americans find themselves citizens of a country where the African slave trade is going on, and slave-hunting unforbidden, and sheltering the fugitive indicted as a crime, and the leading religious and political influences so lead to this public shame as to discountenance legislative reform, we are confident that we have only to open our subscription in order to be becomingly and effectually sustained by the awakening virtue of the people, in the enterprise to which our lives are given.

We entreat, then, all the friends of Liberty, and all the foes of Slavery, everywhere in the South as at the North—in Europe as in America—philosophers as well as Christian, Catholics no less than Protestants, to subscribe to a fund and a mode of expenditure which prepares the way before every sect, every party, every association; which makes all other men's anti-slavery labor light, and which has, for six and twenty years, been laying the foundations of many generations so as to exclude slavery from American institutions, and secure to posterity those blessings of liberty which the last generation passed away without enjoying.

The endorsement, while asking the favor of their subscribers' company, on their customary Anniversary occasion, are impelled by the goodness and the grandeur of the enterprise, by its indispensable necessity, by the universal and fundamental character of its principles, to entreat also the assistance of all. The crisis in the nation's life makes the occasion—one which will be worth crossing the ocean to participate in. And while thanking our European friends for their generous co-operation of last year with America, we ask its continuance yet a little longer, till a spirit of devotedness adequate to this great world-enterprise shall have been awakened.

From this day forward through the year we beg to arrange our efforts, and economize our means, greater or smaller as the case may be, to meet this great national claim; and we desire all who would see slavery abolished, and truth, honor, peace, liberty and safety in righteousness restored to most us at its close, for cheer, counsel, sacrifice, resolve and generous co-operation.

- MARIA W. CHAPMAN, LYDIA F. PARKER, MARY MAY, ELIZA F. EDDY, LOUISA LORING, ABY FRANCIS, ELIZA LEE FOLLEN, SARAH RUSSEL MAY, L. MARIA CHILD, ABY KELLEY FOSTER, HENRIETTA SARGENT, SARAH H. SOUTHWICK, ANNE WARREN WESTON, EVELINA A. S. SMITH, MARY GRAY CAPMAN, ANN REBECCA BRAMHALL, HELEN ELIZA GARRISON, AUGUSTA G. KING, FRANCES SHAW RUSSELL, ELIZABETH VON ARNAY, FRANCES MARY ROBINSON, ANNA SHAW GREENE, CAROLINE WESTON, ELIZA APTHON, MARY WILLEY, ANNE LANGDON ALGER, SARAH BLAKE SHAW, MARY ELIZABETH SARGENT, SUSAN C. CABOT, MATTIE GRIFFITH, ELIZA ANDREW.

Editors of journals friendly to the cause are, for its sake, earnestly entreated to oblige us by giving the above invitation an insertion; and our friends everywhere will confer the greatest favor on us, and a benefit to the cause and the country by bringing it to the notice of the friends of Freedom.