

# THE GREENVILLE JOURNAL.

"EXCELSIOR."

VOL. 83—Established 1832.

GREENVILLE, OHIO, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1914.

No. 12.

## Examination Questions Used Sept. 5.

### ARITHMETIC.

1. A cylinder is 10 in. in inside diameter and 14 in. long. After subtracting 150 cu. in. for the space occupied by the piston, etc., how many cu. in. of steam can it contain?
2. If 268 sheets of 8x13 size weigh one pound, find the weight of 1000 sheets of 10x7½ size of paper of the same quality.
3. Find the proceeds of a note for \$950 discounted for 3 mo. 16 da. at 7%.
4. I sold a carload of wheat at 88¢ cents per bu. I bought it at 82½ cents. What was the per cent of gain?
5. Eighty-eight persons successfully applied for an equal share of a fund to be divided equally between them. Had four more applied each would have received \$5 less. What was the amount of the fund?
6. Find the square root of 3994.24.
7. A man sued for damages. The jury first voted what part of the damage each thought should be awarded. The votes read ½, ⅓, ¼, ⅕, none, ⅙, ⅛, 3-5, ⅔, and 60%. They decided to award the average of the sums voted. It came to \$699.17. What was the amount sued for?
8. If natural gas at 50¢ per M costs 60% as much as electricity at 5¢ per kilowatt hour, what per cent of the cost of electricity at 7¢ per kilowatt hour is that of gas at 27¢ per M?

### THEORY AND PRACTICE.

1. Name four objectionable school incentives and four which are not so. State why each of the first four is objectionable.
2. "There should be threads of correlation making the work of each week, each month, and each term more or less a unit." Explain the meaning of this quotation.
3. Should the recitation periods be longer in proportion to the study periods in lower than higher grades? Why?
4. Discuss the question of fatigue. What are some ways of avoiding or relieving it?
5. Why is the daily program important?
6. Teachers often assert that pupils cannot do the work satisfactorily at the beginning of the year, but do it well after several months. Show that this may indicate a fault of the teacher, rather than an improvement in the pupil.
7. What movements or activities of the pupils should be so nearly automatic as not to require direction each day? Speak of the importance in school and life of reducing some acts to habit.
8. What should be the teacher's policy in regard to the reading of the pupils—supplying or securing books, etc., directing the reading, utilizing it in the school work, and affording time for it?

### GRAMMAR.

1. (a) What sorts of conjunctions are there? (b) Into what classes may each kind be divided? Give an example of one of each class.
2. Define transitive and intransitive verbs. What differences are there in the way the verbs are used in the five following sentences: (a) It is growing cold. (b) I have fought a good fight. (c) He then arose. (d) He built a new house. (e) He raised the ladder.
3. Punctuate and capitalize: he reasoned with his heart with his heart he loved in his heart he lived moved and had his being and what a strange wild hot large heart Lambs was this heart taught lamb to love the outcasts of society to associate with the excommunicates to cry halves to every pelt of calumny which assailed their devoted heads.
4. Diagram:  
(a) Lilies grow where the ground is moist.  
(b) Oh, what a tangled web we weave  
When first we practice to deceive!
5. Parse italicized words in the following:  
Oh! what is so rare as a day in June?  
Then, if ever, come perfect days;  
Then heaven tries the earth if it be in tune,  
And over it softly her warm ear lays
6. What determines the number of a relative pronoun? The case? Give a sentence containing a compound relative pronoun. Use "which" as a substantive or noun and as an adjective.
7. (a) Express this thought in one sentence in six different ways: This man is to be pitied. He has no friends. (b) Mention four ways in which an infinitive phrase may sometimes be expanded.
8. Give a synopsis of write in all forms of the active voice except the indicative. You may select any person and number that you wish. Do not fail to state what form each given is. You may abbreviate, as: Subj., Fut., Per., etc.

### GEOGRAPHY.

1. What are the several industries and natural advantages of California?
2. In what climate does coffee flourish? Rubber? Tobacco? Rice? Sugar beet? From what places does the greater part of our supply of each come?
3. Make a sketch of southern North America which will show the relative positions of New Orleans, Mexico (country and city), Central America, Panama, Panama canal, Cuba and Florida.
4. Locate Servia. What countries bound Austria-Hungary on the north?
5. What parts of Ohio were reached by glaciers? Mention at least three effects of the glaciers.
6. Discuss the value of the Suez canal. What are some of the principal products carried

through it? What countries border the Red Sea?

7. Name the states which border the Great Lakes and give the capital of each. Name a Canadian province which borders the Great Lakes.
8. Mention an industry which you would expect to see in each of the following places: (1) Pueblo, Colorado, (2) Zanesville, (3) East Liverpool, Ohio, (4) Kansas City, (5) Switzerland, (6) Leipzig, Germany, (7) Southern France, (8) Minneapolis, (9) Valley of the Rhine, (10) Columbia River.

### PHYSIOLOGY.

1. What are the principal ill-effects of tobacco? Why are cigarettes rated as especially dangerous?
2. How do we "catch" most diseases? How can we avoid them? Especially, what can be done to protect the school from disease? Show the folly of the theory that it is better to let the children catch the measles when little.
3. Of what advantage to the body is salt? For what is phosphorus especially needed?
4. What work is done by the kidneys? What is the result of their failure to work? How can disease of the kidneys be detected?
5. What is the condition of a sour stomach? Why is nausea usually accompanied by headache?
6. What is in the interior of bones? Is this fed with blood-vessels or is it dead matter? How do the ends of bones differ from their shafts?
7. What are adenoids? How indicated or detected and how corrected?
8. Describe the intestines, their anatomy and work.

### ORTHOGRAPHY.

1. Distinguish between pertinent and impertinent, stationary and stationery, site and cite, to lay and to lie, respectfully and respectively.
2. Are any of the above synonyms? Define a synonym. When a word of the same spelling is both a noun and a verb what difference is there often in the accent?
3. What are some of the significances of the following prefixes and suffixes: prefixes—con-, fore-, intro-, trans-; suffixes—ness-, -ian, -ose.
4. Divide into syllables and mark diacritically: grievous, guardian, genuine, infamous, medicine, salmon, peony, incipient.
- 5-6. Spell and define: credulity, initiate, derision, probation, efface, arbitrary, vague, candid, expedient, impregnable.
- 7-10. Spell: technical, impression, substantiate, feasible, irreparable, perseverance, leniency, idelity, eminence, eligible, exaggeration, incidental, beguile, aesthetic, hypnotism, proselyte, plausible, emaciated, encompass, paramount.

### HIGH SCHOOL AGRICULTURE.

1. If you had a 40 acre tract of rich, level, grass-covered land in your county explain how you would farm it through a period of five years.
2. Explain how the separator works, making a drawing to illustrate. How does it increase the dairyman's profit?
3. When and with what should my trees be sprayed? Does the law require me to have them sprayed?
4. What machinery should a potato grower use to do the work economically? Explain how one of these machines works.
5. Why are so many of the seeds used here northern grown? What advantages in planting varieties of apples that thrive in Dakota?
6. Write a paragraph on hog raising, mentioning the best kinds, their care and feeding.
7. If a farmer appealed to you to tell what his soil needs to make it more fertile how would you proceed and how determine this?
8. Under what circumstances is it desirable to deepen the soil under tillage? What is subsoiling, its purpose and effects? What is a water-table?

### ELEMENTARY AGRICULTURE.

1. What are the proper methods of retaining the fertility of the soil?
2. Write briefly on the living, swarming and feeding of bees. Speak of the advantages and profits of this branch of industry.
3. What animals other than insects are injurious to the farmer, and how can they be controlled?
4. What is the object of harrowing? Mention four devices or machines used for the purpose. What is the object of rolling?
5. Mention three methods of planting by machines. State some of the seeding to which each method is adapted.
6. What is the object of a tile drain? How does the water enter the drain, and how are the drains prevented from filling up? What can you say of the size of the tile?
7. Give five directions for preventing the multiplication of germs in milk. Why can butter be made more economically in a creamery?
8. If you start school this fall and the school ground is entirely unimproved, what steps would you take this fall to improve it? Next spring? Do you favor giving names to farm homes? If so, why?

### UNITED STATES HISTORY, INCLUDING CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

1. Of what did the ill-treatment of the United States by England between 1783 and 1812 consist?
2. State definitely what service was rendered to our country by each of the following: Baron Steuben, George Rogers Clark, Zachary Taylor, U. S. Grant, George Peabody.

3. How have the following figured in the history of our country: Aguinaldo, Genet, Captain Wilkes, Benjamin F. Butler?

4. What were the objects of De Soto? Tell the story of his expedition.
5. Why did the United States easily defeat Spain? What were the decisive manoeuvres of that war?
6. What are regarded as the Jeffersonian principles of government? In what public acts was Jefferson especially prominent?
7. Discuss the rise and movements of the Mormons and the progress of their communities.
8. Mention three of the panics which our country has experienced and discuss their causes.

### Stop that First Fall Cough.

Check your fall cough or cold at once—don't wait—it may lead to serious lung trouble, weaken your vitality and develop a chronic lung ailment. Get a bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey today; it is pure and harmless—use it freely for that fall cough or cold. If baby or children are sick give it to them, it will relieve quickly and permanently. It soothes the irritated throat, lungs and air passages. Loosens phlegm, is antiseptic and fortifies the system against colds. It surely prevents cold germs from getting a hold. Guaranteed. Only 25c at your druggist.

### Palestine.

Mrs. Clara Saylor and Mrs. Malinda Wilcox returned home from Glenwood, Mo., Sunday.

Mrs. Anna Woods and Mrs. Ella Perry visited P. D. Groendyke's Sunday.

Miss Nellie Tucker and Miss Johnson of Richmond, Ind., visited Mrs. Ellen Tucker Sunday.

Philip Norton and family, who have been visiting Harvey Hill, will start on their return trip to Los Angeles, Cal., on Tuesday of this week.

The Disciple Sunday school will have Rally Day services on October 11.

T. J. Wilson and wife motored to George Mills's, near Greenville, last Sunday afternoon.

Sept. 21 FROM PALESTINE.

### Rheumatism Pains Stopped

The first application of Sloan's Liniment goes right to the painful part—it penetrates without rubbing—it stops the rheumatic pains around the joints and gives relief and comfort. Don't suffer! Get a bottle today! It is a family medicine for all pains, hurts, bruises, cuts, sore throat, neuralgia and chest pains. Prevents infection. Mr. Chas. H. Wentworth, California, writes:—"It did wonders for my rheumatism, pain is gone as soon as I apply it. I recommend it to my friends as the best liniment I ever used." Guaranteed. 25c at your druggist.

Lost—Between Greenville and Woodington or Woodington and Union City, a cover for automobile top. Finder please leave at this office.

### Troy Letter.

It may be interesting to the readers of the Journal to be apprised of the political situation in Miami county, which is the Republican part of the present senatorial and congressional districts. The primaries being over, the various candidates have taken the field for the regular election. Miami county this year presents several tickets, including one just nominated by the Socialists, who do not expect to cut any figure in the campaign. The Prohibitionists, who had remained quiet for some years, have also made nominations, while the Progressives have brought out a short ticket. The Progressive vote was so ridiculously small at the primary that it will not prove a factor at the November polls, the bulk of the original organization having returned to the Republicans.

Much interest is centered here in the hoped-for redemption of the senatorial ticket. Much Democratic disaffection exists regarding Senator Kiser, Democrat, who is seeking a second term and this, with a full Republican vote which is expected to be cast, will swell A. R. Garver's majority in Miami. Mr. Garver, who is a prominent manufacturer of Tippecanoe City, seems an ideal candidate and his opposition to Coxism and all it stands for promises to draw to him many Democrats who are not in accord with the present state administration. Democrats of the anti-Cox persuasion are turning to Garver as against Kiser, who was a member of the Cox legislature, knowing that he will stand against the "machine" should the Governor win a second term.

The internecine war which has disrupted the Democracy of Miami for some years is by no means settled and this is another factor which promises to aid the Republicans. In fact, the present organization is actively opposing the Democratic nominee for sheriff. The organization has been recognized by Governor Cox, who has given it the loaves and fishes, and it lately sat down on the Coombs faction, which is by no means appeased. This merry war in the Democratic camp goes on without abatement, neither faction yielding an inch of ground to the other. This was shown in the late Democratic congressional primary, one party newspaper championing Cunningham while the other advocated the nomination of Goeke. The latter's defeat has but added to the old strife and will add votes to Russell's list.

The strong vote received by Whitacre within the county is an indication of what is in store for Cox in November. This vote came largely from the farmers of Miami who assert that they are going to follow up the blow by supporting Willis. They object strenuously to the Warnes law, as well as to the Governor's support of the Vonderheide con-

servancy bill, which is objected to by ninety per cent of the tax payers of Miami county. These voters cannot be whipped into line by Cox's lieutenants, and it is now claimed by Democrats that the Progressives will really draw from them instead of from the Republicans. This, however, seems problematical, but Republicans here no longer fear the Bull Moose contingent.

Altogether the outlook in Miami this year presages an old-time Republican majority, with the election of the entire Republican county ticket. If Darke and Shelby come up to expectations, the election of Garver seems assured and once more the twelfth district will have a Republican senator. The small vote cast at the August primary is no indication of a meager vote in November. The primary was held at a busy season for the farmers, but they will answer the call at the regular election and bring Miami again to the front as one of the substantial Republican counties of the state. Tarcomed.

Troy, O., Sept. 21, 1914.

### Dizzy? Bilious? Constipated?

Dr. King's New Life Pills will cure you, cause a healthy flow of bile and rid your stomach and bowels of waste and fermenting body poisons. They are a tonic to your stomach and liver and tone the general system. First dose will cure you of that depressed, dizzy, bilious and constipated condition. 25c all druggists.

### Oak Grove.

Well, here we are once more. The weather is fine and everybody busy as can be.

Tobacco cutting and corn cutting is the order of the day. The Oak Grove Sunday school held Rally Day services at the school house Sunday. Mr. Mar of Greenville delivered the address.

Quite a number from this vicinity attended the temperance lecture at the U. B. church in Greenville Sunday night.

Miss Bonnie Judy and Mr. Cox called on Sylvan Cashman and wife Sunday evening.

There will be a temperance lecture at the Oak Grove Sunday school next Sunday, immediately after Sunday school services.

Mrs. Sherman Baird of near Nashville called on her parents, James Cashman and wife, Sunday.

Glenn Michael of Lexington, Mich., has returned to make his home with his brother, Elza Michael, of this vicinity.

Sept. 21. Bos.

### Judge of Probate Court.

Nominated by petition, I am a candidate for Judge of the Probate Court of Darke County, Ohio, at the November, 1914, election, non-partisan Judicial ballot. I solicit the support of all voters who desire an HONEST and EFFICIENT administration of the affairs of this Court.

Respectfully,  
O. R. KRICKENBERGER,  
Adv-8w10