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Gettysburg.

The Chicago conventions are now among the events of the past and the results will be passed under the judgment of the people. What the result will be can only be known after the November election. The declaration of principles involved in the platform seems ample and well amplified and the nominees of the Republican convention are men who will command the considerate judgment of an enlightened and patriotic people. These men are better than the platform and are a platform of themselves.

St. Louis is the center of attraction this week and what may result from that deliberation is already a foregone conclusion so far as the head of the ticket is concerned. It will be Wilson, and the only thing in doubt is who will be his running mate. There seems to be a feeling among many that Marshall shall be kept in place with Wilson—present the same men on the ticket as were presented four years ago. With these men the slogan of peace, prosperity and preparedness will be heralded. The wise man has said there is nothing new under the sun, and this slogan is not a new creature. Our nation has been feasting on this ailment for some time, and the people have become somewhat accustomed to diet of the kind as dished up to appease the craving of such as are always wanting something new and untried. It seems so far as nominees and platform are concerned that the whole business is fully determined, is cut and dried and leaves nothing to be done except to meet and adjourn sine die.

After a week's constant rain we have had two days without rain, but how much longer we may be exempt from rain we know not.

Rev. L. E. Carr filled our M. E. pulpit last night under an arrangement to have alternate union services in our churches during the warm weather season. Rev. J. O. Hillery of our M. E. church will hold forth next Sunday night in our Presbyterian church.

On next Saturday night the Campfire girls will hold an ice cream social in our Town Hall for the purpose of raising a fund with which to buy the regulation costumes for their membership. Their purpose seems laudable and I bespeak a generous support of the venture.

Mrs. Kate Kindell of California arrived here this evening to make her relatives and friends an extended visit.

I. B. Miller is attending a meeting of his church at Winona Lake, Ind., in session at that place during the latter part of last week and continuing this week.

P. B. Moul and Mrs. C. J. Miller attended a Sunday school convention held at Covington a couple of days last week.

A lecture on the white slave traffic and a meeting of the W.

C. T. U. will be held Thursday and Friday of this week in our M. E. church, to which everybody is cordially invited to attend and learn something of the machinations of the doings opposed by these reformers.

Z. T. Myers and C. E. Stoltz attended the Republican convention held at Chicago last week and added their influence to the results attained there.

June 12. **XOB**

Why Endure Summer Colds?

It isn't necessary to have a stuffed head, running nose. To cough your head off as it were. All you need do is to use Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. The soothing and healing balsams open the clogged air passages and in a short time you get relief and start on the road to recovery. Your nose stops running, you cough less and you know you are getting better. Get a bottle, use as directed. Keep what is left as a cough and cold insurance.

How Salt Is Obtained.

In speaking of the manner in which salt is obtained in Ohio, Prof. John A. Bownocker of the department of geology of the Ohio State University, said:

"Wells are drilled through one or more beds of rock-salt and then water is poured into the well. After the water is saturated or nearly so with salt it is lifted to the surface and the salt obtained by evaporation. It is the strength of brine that gives this area a great advantage over the old field at Pomeroy and vicinity. The salt is obtained from the brine in two distinct ways:

(1) by grainers, which are long rectangular troughs in which the brine is evaporated by steam heat, and (2) by vacuum pans which are large egg-shaped steel vessels into which brine is poured and over which the atmospheric pressure is reduced by machinery, and hence the boiling point of the brine lowered. This process yields a finer grained salt than the grainer method and the cost is less. The salt may be marketed after drying in the form that it comes from the vacuum pans but that for table use is generally screened. Waste material from the screens is sold for making ice cream and other purposes where fineness is not an important factor."

A Hacking Cough Weakens the System.

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, in use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it: the soothing pine balsam with tar heals the irritated air passages—soothes the raw spots, loosens the mucous and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you.

—Adv

Palestine.

Messrs. Harter Wheeler, Carl Jeffers, Misses Inez Cole, Louvera Stover and Eunice Wilcox left today to attend a summer school.

Basil Ketring and family visited Harvey Arnett's Sunday.

The measles still come and go, and we suppose will be followed by some other disease of children.

Thomas Wenrick entertained a party of young friends last Sunday.

The K. of P.s and other orders will decorate at this place next Sunday.

The Teaford reunion was held in the Teaford grove, southwest of town, Sunday. Norman Teaford spared no preparations which would make the occasion enjoyable. And such a dinner! There were about one hundred and fifty who ate dinner, and we think, even then, twelve basketsful might have been gathered up. Among those from a distance were Marshall Brown and wife of Ansonia; Orville Teaford of Richmond, Ind.; the sons of Sherman Koons; Goldie and Amanda Koons of Greenville; Ernest Teaford and family of Union City, Ind.

June 12. FROM PALESTINE.

Should Sloan's Liniment Go Along?

Of course it should! For after a strenuous day when your muscles have been exercised to the limit an application of Sloan's Liniment will take the soreness and stiffness away and get you in fine shape for the morrow. You should also use it for a sudden attack of toothache, stiff neck, backache, stings, bites and the many accidents that are incidental to a vacation. "We would as soon leave our baggage as go on a vacation or camp out without Sloan's Liniment." Writes one vacationist: "We use it for everything from cramps to toothache." Put a bottle in your bag, be prepared and have no regrets.

Women Dread Operations.

Many cases are made worse by operations, and many lives are sacrificed. Do not go to a hospital unless you have the opinion of more than one doctor. Dr. Kutchin is a graduate of two of the best medical colleges, and has had thirty-seven years' experience in treating diseases of women. He took a special course in the treatment of female diseases and has had wonderful success during the long years of his practice. He has devised a home treatment that you can use with marked benefit. You can call on him with perfect confidence. He can give you the names of many ladies who will tell you that they owe their lives to his treatment.

He also has a special treatment for the removal of moles, warts and blemishes. Every woman knows she owes it to herself and family to look as well as possible. Why not go and see Dr. Kutchin and hear what he has to say about your case? Free consultation.

Dr. Kutchin's next visit to Greenville, will be on Thursday, June 22, at the Hotel James. Call in the forenoon.

—Adv

"Planned your summer vacation yet?"

"No, we haven't even begun to think of the places that are within our means."

See Clubbing List

Old Beaches of Lake Erie.

What would be the consequence to Lake Erie if its outlet, the Niagara river, were closed? "Well, that very thing happened not long ago, as the geologist rates time," said Prof. John A. Bownocker of the department of geology of the Ohio State University, "for the great glacier which once covered the entire basin of Lake Erie receded to the north-east and when its edge stood about where Buffalo does now, the ice completely blocked the outlet of the lake.

"Under this condition the water level of the lake rose and covered the adjacent lowland. The area overflowed was small in northeastern Ohio, but in the western part of the state the area was much larger and extended as far south as Delphos and Van Wert. Finally the water rose so high that it crossed the divide in northeastern Indiana and flowed into the Wabash and finally into the Gulf of Mexico. How long the lake retained this outlet is not known, but it was short, using the geologist's time scale. However, it was long enough for the waters to form a ridge or beach along the shore, and it is by means of this ridge that the old border of the lake is known.

"Later the lake found a lower outlet across the southern part of Michigan and the waters flowed into Lake Michigan. Since this outlet was lower than the old one near Ft. Wayne, the water level of Lake Erie fell and a new ridge or beach was formed. Later the water of Lake Erie found a still lower outlet across southern Michigan and of course the level of the lake was depressed and a new ridge or beach was developed.

"These three ridges can be easily traced across northern Ohio, and where they are close together are commonly known as the north, middle and south ridges. When the pioneers came in to that part of Ohio they built houses and villages on these ridges because they were better drained. In places they laid out roads on them for the same reason, and to this day such roads are commonly known as ridge roads. In time the villages became towns or cities, and among the places located on these old ridges or beaches may be mentioned Van Wert, Delphos, Findlay, Fostoria, Clyde, Bellevue, Norwalk, Elyria, Cleveland and Painesville.

"These ridges, as might be expected, consist largely of sand and fine gravel, and farmers have learned that they are well adapted to fruit growing. The splendid cherry orchards near Bellevue are located on the highest of these ridges."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Crop Conditions.

While the wheat is very generally poor and of thin stand, several counties report marked improvement during the month, but with the improvement noted in some counties, the general condition for the state is only three points higher than shown last month. Present prospects indicate that the average production per acre will be about 10.2 bushels. Under normal conditions, general state average production per acre should be 15 bushels. Not only will the production per acre be low, but the report shows that 14,877 acres of the original area seeded last fall has been abandoned. This leaves 1,577,352 acres now remaining, and as many fields are in such poor condition that they will not pay for harvesting, the area will show a decline from the acreage above quoted.

Following we quote some of Ohio's lowest wheat productions per acre: 1866, eight and one-half bushels; 1875, nine bushels; 1884, ten bushels; 1895, twelve bushels; 1896, eight and one-half bushels; 1900, six bushels; 1912, ten shels.

Oat prospects are reported at 83 per cent, compared with a normal production per acre—30 bushels per acre being normal, represented by 100 per cent in this report. The area seeded to oats for the present harvest is estimated at 1,820,038 acres. From the prospect now reported this should produce approximately 19,668,566 bushels. The crop is badly infested with weeds.

The last of May found a great area of corn not planted. The crop is very irregular. Some ready to be cultivated; some just making its appearance.

The present prospect of rye is estimated at 79 per cent, compared with a normal yield.

Winter barley shows a prospect of 77 per cent, while the prospect of spring barley is estimated at 86 per cent, compared with an average.

Clover is estimated at 89 per cent, compared with a normal yield.

Timothy prospect is estimated at 92 per cent. But small damage is reported by grub worm.

The report shows that the number of hogs being fed for summer markets is slightly in excess of that of last year. The condition of the animals is good.

Fruit prospects are estimated at 82 per cent, compared with a normal yield.

Book Good—Feel Good.

No one can either feel good nor look good while suffering from constipation. Get rid of that tired, drabby, lifeless feeling by a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Buy a box today, take one or two pills tonight. In the morning that stuffed, dull feeling is gone and you feel better at once. 25c at your druggist.

—Adv

SNAPSHOTS OF NOTABLE PERSONS

Sultan Ahmed Mirza, Shah of Persia.



Even Persia, although remote at present from the great war that is devastating Europe, is beginning to feel the influence of the conflict. Recent happenings show that the emissaries of the warring nations have been plying their arts to involve that country in the general mixup. Persia has a population of about 10,000,000 and in recent years has been largely under the domination of Russian and British influences. In 1905 a nationalist movement for government reform began, which resulted in the deposition of the reigning shah in 1909 and the appointment of his son, then eleven years old, to succeed him. For a time a regent ruled the country, but in July of 1914 Ahmed Mirza was crowned as shah.

When made shah the young ruler did not take kindly to his position. He dearly loved his parents. He had literally to be torn from their arms when proclaimed as ruler in place of his father, Mohammed Ali, who was driven into foreign exile.

But the new shah has been carefully trained for his place and now, at the age of eighteen, attends cabinet councils. Court etiquette and western habits he learned from French tutors. European military experts have trained him in military science and how to ride in the saddle. His European tutors have also taught him French and Russian and have instructed him in the elements of international law. The long course of study has not been wasted on Ahmed Mirza, who is very intelligent. His appearance at first glance is not impressive. He is short and already very stout, despite an active life, and he has close set eyes and a drooping mouth. But his chin is determined in mold, and it is said that he is developing an imperious manner.

Noted German Catholic Prelate.

The recent presence in Rome of Cardinal von Hartmann, archbishop of Cologne, gave rise to much speculation as to the meaning of the visit of the prelate to the Vatican. It was asserted that Cardinal von Hartmann was the bearer of a special message to the pope from the Kaiser.

Cardinal von Hartmann is highly esteemed both by Emperor William and the pope. He has been employed by the Roman pontiff in all negotiations



CARDINAL VON HARTMANN.

relating to the treatment of French ecclesiastics who have been made prisoners by the German army and has also been the chief agent in arranging for the exchange of wounded soldiers and civilians unable to fight.

Dr. Felix von Hartmann was appointed bishop of Munster in 1911 and was elevated to the college of cardinals in May of last year. In June of this year Cardinal von Hartmann is said to have caused some consternation in German official circles by the publication of a special prayer for peace which was offered up in all Roman Catholic churches in his archdiocese.

SPOILS CLAIMS OF THE WETS

Internal Revenue Head Makes Statement.

TREMENDOUS SLUMP IN BEER

Commissioner Osborne Explains That Because of the Added Tax on Fermented Liquor Revenue Receipts From Beer Show an Increase, While There is a Big Decrease in Consumption of Nearly Two Million Barrels in Seven Months.

Columbus, O.—(Special.)—Internal Revenue Commissioner Osborne in a statement to the American Issue gives figures on the consumption of beer which disposes of the claims of certain brewery journals that since the close of the last fiscal year, which ended June 30, 1915, the consumption of beer has increased in the United States as compared with the same period of the previous year. This claim is made because the revenue receipts from fermented liquors show an increase.

In his statement Commissioner Osborne points out why this is so. The receipts from fermented liquors for the seven months ending Jan. 31, 1916, were \$51,482,565.82 as against \$43,107,485.33 for the seven months ending Jan. 31, 1915. This shows an increase in receipts for the seven months of this fiscal year of \$8,375,080.49.

However, Commissioner Osborne writes that this comparison for the purpose of showing the consumption of beer is misleading, as during the period from July 1 to Oct. 22, 1914, which is included in the 1915 figures, the barrel tax on fermented liquors was \$1. Congress increased the tax to \$1.50 per barrel and this increase went into effect Oct. 22, 1914.

The revenue commissioner shows that for the seven months ending Jan. 31, 1916, the consumption of beer was 34,302,537 barrels as against 36,209,478 barrels for the corresponding months ending Jan. 31, 1915. This shows a decrease in the seven months of 1,906,941 barrels.

The figures show that while for the seven months ending Jan. 31, 1916, the revenue receipts from beer increased more than \$8,000,000 as compared with the corresponding months of 1915, the consumption for the same period showed a decrease of 1,906,941 barrels. The increase in receipts is due to the extra 50 cents a barrel tax.

The commissioner makes it clear that brewery advocates are wrong in claiming that because internal revenue receipts from beer have increased in recent months, consumption has also increased. There is absolutely nothing in these figures of Uncle Sam to bring any joy or hope to the brewery camp.

RAILROAD OFFICIAL FAVORS WATER WAGON

Accidents Decrease and Drinking Is Reduced.

Greenville, Pa.—(Special.)—The Bessemer and Lake Erie railroad has approximately 3,500 employees. The men have a Water Wagon club with a membership of 2,000. This club is the result of a systematic, educational campaign conducted by means of statistical information on the drink question. Concerning the effect this education has had on the men, Mr. E. R. Hewitt, trainmaster of the road, says:

"The distribution of this information was the greatest factor in bringing our men to a realization of the harmful effects of the use of alcohol. I believe at the present time our men are, as a class, as well, if not better, posted on the harmful effects of the use of alcohol than any other class of workmen in the country.

"I am convinced that drinking has been reduced at the very least 50 per cent, and possibly 75 per cent. We have had very few heavy drinkers, as such men were not tolerated at all. I am absolutely convinced that the reformation is complete and permanent in a large per cent of the cases. The temperance campaign and safety first campaign work hand in hand, and with the same object in view—the protection of the company's property and the elimination of accidents and injuries, and also the moral uplift of the men."

AN INTERESTING FACT

Less Than One-third of Cuyahoga County's Saloonkeepers Are Native Americans.

Cleveland, O.—(Special.)—According to Secretary Kennell of the Cuyahoga county liquor licensing board, of the 1,367 saloonkeepers in the county, only 457 were born in this country, while 910 are from foreign countries. Of these Cuyahoga county saloonkeepers, 171 were born in Austria, 107 in Hungary, 77 in Poland, and 251 were born in 28 other foreign countries.