

STATE TROOPS ON WAY TO MEXICO

United States Sends Ultimatum to Carranza Requiring Immediate Answer

Wounded Officer Gives First Account of Massacre at Carrizal

MEXICANS FIRED FIRST SHOT

15,000 Troops on Way to the Border and Other State Troops Are Being Hurried to State Camps—Kentucky, West Virginia and Ohio Regiments in Camp—Situation Very Grave.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

CAPTAIN MOREY IS SAFE.

Field Headquarters (via Radio to Columbus, N. M.)—Capt. Lewis S. Morey, wounded in the Carrizal fight, is safe, after his daring stand against the Mexicans and heroic sacrifice to save his men. This report came in here to Gen. Pershing from Maj. Jenkins' column, of the Eleventh Cavalry, which is scouring the desert for survivors.

San Antonio Texas.—Capt. Lewis Sidney Morey is safe, having reached the main body of American troops with two of his men. Gen. Funston received a message by telephone from Mrs. Morey at Austin, Texas, that she had a wireless message from him from "somewhere in Mexico" to that effect.

MISSING OFFICIALLY ESTIMATED AT 15.

Field Headquarters, Mexico.—Thirty-eight stragglers from the Carrizal engagement had reached camp here, and the number of missing was estimated officially at 15.

New York.—Major General Leonard Wood, commander of the Department of the East, has received from Secretary of War Baker an urgent appeal to start for the border at once some of the National Guard organizations under his jurisdiction. As a result of the request, 15,000 National Guardsmen from the states of New York, Massachusetts, New Jersey and Connecticut started for the Mexican border Monday, Major General Leonard Wood announced.

The selection of the units will be left to the guard commanders in the different states. General Wood specified in his order only the number of troops to move and their classification. Transportation details also will be arranged by the quartermaster's department in each state.

Telegraph Is Abandoned.

So important was the message from Secretary Baker considered at Major General Leonard Wood's headquarters that the telegraph was abandoned as a means of communication and officers of his staff used the telephones to get in touch with the various state commanders and impress upon them the importance of speedy action.

It was announced that mustering officers would be sent to individual armories to swear national guardsmen into the federal service.

The following troops have been ordered out:

New York—Four regiments of infantry, one squadron of cavalry, one battalion of field artillery, the Twenty-second Corps of Engineers, one signal corps battalion, one field hospital company and one ambulance company.

Massachusetts—Four regiments of infantry, one squadron of cavalry, one battalion of field artillery, one signal corps battalion, one ambulance corps and one field hospital.

New Jersey—One regiment of infantry, two troops of cavalry, two batteries of field artillery, one ambulance corps and one field hospital.

Two Regiments Called.

Connecticut—Two regiments of infantry, two troops of cavalry, one field hospital and ambulance corps company.

In all there will be 11 regiments of infantry, one complete regiment of cavalry, one complete regiment of field artillery, with the usual hospital and ambulance units and signal corps for such a force.

The crack commands of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia and Florida will be started for the border Tuesday or Wednesday.

WRIGHTS READY TO SERVE U. S.

Darton, O.—If the nation needs more aeroplanes the Wright Company is ready to drop what work it has here and start in to make machines for war purposes, said an official of the company. At the present time the concern is working on an aeroplane-boat for the French government, and, if it proves satisfactory, a big foreign order will probably follow. A high-powered engine for aerial purposes is also being turned out for the French government.

WILSON'S ULTIMATUM TO MEXICO

The text of the note to the Mexican de facto Government, transmitted to James Linn Rodgers, special representative of the American Government, in Mexico City, says:

"Mr. Arredondo has delivered to this Government the following communication:

"I am directed by my Government to inform Your Excellency, with reference to the Carrizal incident, that the Chief Executive, through the Mexican War Department, gave orders to General Pershing's columns to advance further south, nor to move either east or west from the points where they are located, and to oppose new incursions of American soldiers into Mexican territory. These orders were brought by General Trevino to the attention of General Pershing, who acknowledged the receipt of the communication relative thereto. On the 22d instant, as Your Excellency knows, an American force moved eastward quite far from its base, notwithstanding the above orders, and was engaged by Mexican troops at Carrizal, state of Chihuahua. As a result of the encounter several men on both sides were killed and wounded and 17 American soldiers were made prisoners."

"You are hereby instructed to hand to the Minister of Foreign Relations of the de facto Government the following:

"The Government of the United States can put no other construction upon the communication handed to the Secretary of State of the United States on the 24th of June, by Mr. Arredondo, under instructions of your Government, than that it is intended as a formal avowal of deliberately hostile action against the forces of the United States now in Mexico, and of the purpose to attack them without provocation whenever they move from their present position in pursuance of the objects for which they were sent there, notwithstanding the fact that those objects not only involve no unfriendly intention toward the Government and people of Mexico, but are, on the contrary, intended only to assist that Government in protecting itself and the territory and people of the United States against irresponsible and insurgent bands of rebel marauders."

"I am instructed, therefore, by my Government to demand the immediate release of prisoners taken in the encounter at Carrizal, together with any property of the United States taken with them, and to inform you that the Government of the United States expects an early statement from your Government as to the course of action it wishes the Government of the United States to understand it has determined upon, and that it also expects that this statement be made through the usual diplomatic channels, and not through subordinate military commanders."

KENTUCKY TROOPS ARE MOVING.

Frankfort, Ky.—Orders for the Kentucky militiamen to move to Ft. Thomas were received Monday. Company K, of Ashland, and the Signal Corps, of Lexington, entrained at 5 o'clock Monday morning for the front, where they will prepare the camp. Col. Colston, of Louisville, came to Frankfort to confer with Gov. Stanley regarding the movement of the First Regiment. The governor was out of town, however, and the conference has been postponed until tomorrow.

LEFT ASHLAND MONDAY NIGHT.

Ashland, Ky.—K Company, of the Second Kentucky National Guard, left Monday evening for Ft. Thomas. Capt. Poag was the first captain in the state to report a full company. The flag which L Company, of Ashland, carried during the Spanish-American war, was presented to K Company.

CLARK HAS BEEN MADE CAPTAIN.

Hopkinsville, Ky.—E. W. Clark, former captain of Company D, of this city, left for Murray to take charge of L Company, of which he has been appointed captain. Capt. Clark says he will prosecute a vigorous enlistment campaign to bring the company up to full war strength.

SOLDIERS LEAVE FOR FT. THOMAS

Lexington, Ky.—A Company, Kentucky Signal Corps, Capt. Otto Holstein commanding, left here for Ft. Thomas. M. Middleton, Nicholasville, a private in C Company, Second Kentucky, fell under a train and lost two fingers on his right hand.

AMERICAN CATTLEMEN KILLED.

Douglas, Ariz.—William Robertson and Tom Snyder, American cattlemen, have been killed by Mexicans southwest of Naco, Sonora, according to the statement received here by military officials from Agua Prieta. Officials at El Paso have telegraphed General P. Arispe Calles confirming the death of A. R. Dickson, a British subject, who was wounded in the fight with Mexican cowboys in which Jim Parka, an American prospector, was killed.

CONNECTICUT TROOPS GET CALL

Camp Holcomb, Niantic, Conn.—Adjutant General Cole, of the Connecticut National Guard, received orders from Major General Leonard Wood to move his troops toward the Mexican border as soon as possible. General Cole said the guard probably would entrain within twelve hours. Approximately 3,000 troops now are at camp, about a fourth of them recruits. Most of the latter are not armed at present, and they will not leave with the first detachment.

LONG RIDE TO JOIN GUARDS.

West Virginia Mountain Lad Gains His Desire to Serve Country.

Huntington, W. Va.—Dana V. Craig, 18, rode 160 miles over the mountains from his home in Persinger, Nicholas county, to offer his services to his country. He appeared at a local recruiting station, his father, Arthur C. Craig, accompanying him to give his consent to his enlistment. He was accepted and sent to the barracks at Columbus, Ohio.

COURT-MARTIAL AWAITS RUNNER

New York.—Hannes Kolehmainen, long distance runner, who won athletic fame as one of Finland's representatives at the Olympic games in 1912, has decided not to respond with his national guard regiment, the Fourth, of Brooklyn, for Mexican duty, and it became known. Kolehmainen is a stone mason and has taken out his first citizenship papers. Capt. W. R. Jackson, adjutant of the Fourteenth Regiment, said that Kolehmainen would be court-martialed for disobedience of orders unless he reports.

CIVILIANS LEAVE AGUA PRIETA.

Douglas, Ariz.—Agua Prieta, the Mexican town opposite this city, practically was deserted by its civil population. A handful of soldiers, the staff and guard of General P. Arispe Calles, military commander of Sonora, and the custom officers remained. Fifteen hundred residents, mostly women and children, departed during the night for the south. They were loaded into cars of every description, the women and children huddling on the flooring among their meager belongings.

SCENE OF FIRST BATTLE IN MEXICO



1—Detachment of American cavalry ambushed by Mexicans at Carrizal while on way to Villa Ahumada, bloody fight resulting. 2—Route taken by the scouting party from Colonia Dublin. AA—General Pershing's column and line of communication.

ASKS TWO WARSHIPS PUSH GERMANS BACK

WILSON WANTS TWO DREADNAUGHTS AND SIX CRUISERS.

Secretary Daniels Requests More Men to Give All Vessels Full Crews.

Washington, June 22.—President Wilson wants a bigger battleship building program authorized by the present session of congress than that provided in the house navy bill which is now in the senate committee on naval affairs.

At a conference with Secretary Daniels and Senators Tillman and Swanson he indicated he would approve a program of eight capital ships, two dreadnaughts and six battle cruisers. The house bill provides for five battle cruisers and no dreadnaughts. The three additional ships would add at least \$80,000,000 to the heavy navy budget.

Senators Tillman and Swanson agree with the president and the house committee to certain to add at least two dreadnaughts to the house program. It is believed the house committee on naval affairs and the house itself, in view of present conditions, will agree to the enlarged program.

Following the conference with the president and Secretary Daniels, Senator Tillman, chairman of the naval affairs committee, held a meeting of his committee and the navy bill was referred to a subcommittee consisting of Senators Tillman, Swanson and Lodge, all big-navy men, for consideration and a report to the general committee. This subcommittee is expected to get the bill out with little delay.

The senate committee also approved the house bill authorizing contractors who are building fleet submarines to turn them out with a maximum speed of 19 instead of 20 knots an hour.

Secretary Daniels, backed by the administration, urged congress to authorize a sufficient increase in the enlisted personnel of the navy to permit the manning of every war vessel now in reserve or out of commission.

GERMANS HALT RUSS DRIVE

Teutons Check Line North of Lutsk, But Slavs Continue Advance Toward Lemberg.

London, June 22.—The Russian drive westward from Volhynia and northward from Czernowitz swept the Austrians farther back, crossed the Siret river at several points and brought new peril to Lemberg by the capture of three cities on the way to the Galician capital.

Gilboka, Zolova and Stroginetz fell before the Russian hosts, but northward from Lutsk the Russians suffered the first serious setback of the present offensive.

The defeat of the Russ came at the hands of the Germans. The German successes were won between the Kovel-Lutsk railroad and the Turia river.

German Generals Removed.

London, June 22.—A report that General von Falkenhayn and Field Marshal Conrad von Hotzendorff have been removed from their posts as chiefs of the German and Austrian general staffs was received here.

British Seize Steamer.

Amsterdam, June 22.—It was announced here that the small steamer Pax, carrying 400 tons of rice and 30 cases of coconuts, has been seized by a British warship on the ground her cargo was destined for Germany.

Bombs Dropped on Bassano.

Rome, June 22.—It was announced here on Thursday that a number of bombs have been dropped by a hostile aeroplane on Bassano. No serious damage was done and no casualties were reported.

Pirates Are Convicted.

Belize, British Honduras, June 22.—J. Monsanto and K. Vernon, convicted of piracy in trying the captain of a schooner and making him walk the plank, were sentenced to death. The two men stole the vessel.

TELLS STORY OF MEXICAN AMBUSH

Escaped Trooper Gives Details of Tenth Cavalry Fight.

Carranza Troops Mowed Down Men and Horses With Machine Guns After Leading Them Into a Trap.

El Paso, Tex.—No more graphic story can be found in the record of the United States army than that told by one of the couriers from the ill-fated troops of the Tenth cavalry that was ambushed by Carranza troops. His story of the attack was told to General Pershing and included by that officer in his report to Washington. It was as follows:

The following is the story he tells: "We had been marching since early Wednesday morning when we reached the neighborhood of Carrizal. Capt. Charles T. Boyd was riding ahead of the column. Just behind him was Capt. Lewis S. Morey, Lieut. Henry R. Adair was further back with the column. There were 65 men in the troop.

Outnumbered 5 to 1, we could see some Mexican soldiers in the village. Captain Boyd sent forward a messenger under a flag of truce to ask permission to enter the town in search of the bandits that we were hunting. Gen. Felix Gomez sent back word giving permission to enter.

Gomez himself rode out to meet Captain Boyd. Captain Boyd gave the word for the column to advance. We were just starting forward when we noticed Mexican troops pouring out from behind different kinds of shelter—adobe houses and the like—and peering to the right and left. It was battle formation. From the first glance we saw that they outnumbered us at least five to one.

"Captain Boyd noticed their movement. To any soldier that sort of thing can mean only that an attack is about to be made. I saw Captain Boyd motion to the Mexicans and make some remark about it to Gomez. Gomez wheeled his mount around and signalled with his hands. Then he made a dash for his own lines.

"At the same time a couple of machine guns, one at each end of the Mexican line, opened up on us. We were caught in our saddles in easy range, and we were good targets. I saw Captain Boyd fall. A moment later Captain Morey was wounded in the shoulder.

"Lieutenant Adair gave us the order to dismount. We got out of our saddles in a hurry. Then he told us to throw ourselves on our faces and return the fire. Someone got Gomez just as he was reaching his line. The next minute Lieutenant Adair was hit. Both he and Captain Boyd are dead, I believe.

Horses Goring Down. "The machine guns were still going. I could hear the bullets whizzing over us. Because of Lieutenant Adair's order we saved a lot of men. But the horses did not have the same luck. The bullets started to hit them, and they were going down as if their legs were suddenly cut out from under them.

"The others, stung by the bullets and kicked by the dying horses, began to rear and plunge. The men in charge tried their best to hold them, but they broke away. Some of the men were killed trying to save their mounts.

"When the horses got away we were marooned. We fought back and prevented the Mexicans from advancing in spite of their advantage in numbers and the machine guns. We began to fall back toward the hills as well as we could.

"We recovered four horses and then the four of us were sent here to report. We left the rest of the troops in the hills. The retreat was slow because of the wounded. The Mexicans kept firing, but were kept away by the accurate rifle fire of our men."

Will Fight or Pray.

Washington.—A minister of the gospel, who will either fight or pray, in whichever capacity he is most needed in time of war, has offered his services to Maj. Gen. George Barnett, commander of the United States marine corps. He is Rev. Ferdinand F. Schultz, pastor of the Church of Christ Disciples, Chillicothe, O., a practical engineer as well as minister.

In offering his services Rev. Schultz expressed willingness to serve in the firework of a battleship or as chaplain of marines in the field.

The patriotic and versatile Ohio pastor is fifty-seven years of age, but says he is hale and hearty and ready to respond to a call to serve "Old Glory" at any time.

SPORTING ITEMS

Roger Bresnahan must be sorely disappointed at not being able to set fire to the association.

There is not a baseball magnet in the country that would not like to hold walvers on the weather man.

Rondeau is a new face in the Washington lineup. This rookie fielder is a product of the American association.

Nevertheless, the Washington team shows literary appreciation by saying a kind word for the best cellars.

Manager Griffith is working his star pitcher, Walter Johnson overtime.

Corset Saves Girl's Life. Fresno, Cal.—Miss Olga Baresti, a pretty nineteen-year-old girl of this city, owes her life to a steel stay in her corset. She was accidentally shot in the side by a .32-caliber rifle in the hands of her chum, Genevieve Bernai, and the steel stopped the bullet.

The girl was standing behind Miss Bernai while she was cleaning an "unloaded" gun. The trigger was pulled and Miss Baresti sank to the floor. The nose of the bullet just entered her flesh, but was held by the stay.

German Banker Is Freed. El Paso, Tex., June 22.—Frederick Grise, German banker of Mexico City, was released here by federal agents on the suspicion that he had violated American neutrality, was released on receipt of orders from Washington.

THE HIGH QUALITY SEWING MACHINE THE NEW HOME NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME Write for free booklet "Plans to be considered before purchasing a Sewing Machine." Learn the facts. THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., ORANGE, MASS.

Kill All Flies! They Spread Disease. Daily Fly Killer. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Four-year-old Marjorie was sent by her father to get the egg from a nest in a fence corner, where a certain hen persisted in laying each day. To her great astonishment she found a soft-shelled egg in the nest, and leaving it she ran back to her father, exclaiming, breathlessly: "O, papa, I didn't bring the egg 'cause it isn't finished yet."—Cleveland Leader.

IF YOU OR ANY FRIEND suffer with Rheumatism or Neuritis, acute or chronic, write for my FREE BOOK on Rheumatism—Its Cause and Cure. Most wonderful book ever written. It is absolutely FREE. James A. Case, Dept. C. W., Brooklyn, Mass.—Adv.

Nothing Left. "You don't hear much lately about those terribly destructive tornadoes that used to be so prevalent throughout the Middle West."

"No, you don't. It must be that the politicians out there are using all the available supply of wind."

Methodist Women Gave \$278,000. The amount raised last year by the Woman's Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, for the work in the foreign field was \$278,792.29. The amount given during the week of prayer for the new work in Japan was \$13,751.71.

A Kidney Medicine That Makes Friends Everywhere

Thirteen years ago we commenced selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and during our entire experience we have not encountered a single unpleasant dealing with our customers who have used it. It is a preparation that gives universal satisfaction, and our customers are always pleased to speak in the highest terms regarding it. We have sufficient confidence in Swamp-Root to recommend it and consider we are doing our duty as pros.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You. Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

SCHEME PROVED A FAILURE

Tight-Fisted Old Gentleman More Than Met His Match in Shrewd Physician.

A tight-fisted old man, feeling very sick, asked a friend to recommend a physician. The friend named a certain specialist.

"Is he very expensive," asked the sick man.

"Well, not so very. He'll charge you four dollars for the first visit and two dollars for each one after that."

The old fellow soon afterward walked into the office of the physician named by his friend, and upon being admitted to the consulting room plunked down two dollars, remarking: "Well, doctor, here I am again."

The physician calmly picked up the money and put it in a drawer, which he locked securely. The sick man looked on expectantly, awaiting the next move.

"Well, I'm ready to be examined," he said at length.

"I don't think it's necessary," replied the shrewd specialist. "There's no need to do it again. Keep right on taking the same medicine. Good-day, sir."

Good Cause. "What a lenden color your husband has, Mrs. Jones."

"Yes; he's don't get de plumago, ma'am."

Honesty is a good thing in connection with insurance policies.

Pink loses no time on account of tough luck.

In this Matter of Health one is either with the winners or with the losers.

It's largely a question of right eating—right food. For sound health one must cut out rich, indigestible foods and choose those that are known to contain the elements that build sturdy bodies and keen brains.

Grape-Nuts is a wonderfully balanced food, made from whole wheat and barley. It contains all the nutriment of the grain, including the mineral phosphates, indispensable in Nature's plan for body and brain rebuilding.

Grape-Nuts is a concentrated food, easy to digest. It is economical, has delicious flavor, comes ready to eat, and has helped thousands in the winning class.

"There's a Reason"