DELAWARE GAZETTE.

ALFRED E. LEE. GEORGE H. THOMSON.
LEE & THOMSON, Publishers.

Delaware, O., March, 10, 1871.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

One hundred and sixty large guns, captured at Metz, arrived in one day at Berlin.

The majority in the House in favor of repealing the duty on coal was 99.

Ribor's bill legalizing primary elections is now a law.

The Germans completely evacuated Paris on Friday.

An early adjournment of Congress is considered certain.

Marshal Prim, it is asserted, was not killed by Republicans.

The French Assembly ratified the terms of peace by a vote of 548 to 107.

The expenses of the war to France are calculated to be $1,200,000,000.

A real-tration law has been adopted by the Missouri legislature.

Subscriptions to the French relief fund in New York city amount to $115,000.

Fred Douglass is being pressed as a delegate to Congress from the District of Columbia.

Senator Sherman, of Ohio, subscribed for the first bond in the new five per cent. loan, and N. Y. will be second to him.

The bill to create a new judicial district in Ohio was defeated in the Senate by two majority.

In two years, a Republican Administration has reduced the public debt $204,754,413.

The coal famine in New York city ceased with the opening of navigation on the Hudson river.

Congress has decided that the Cincinnati and Newport railway bridge must be not less than 100 feet above low water mark.

Henry D. Cooke has declined the appointment as Governor of the District of Columbia.

Maine people are talking about sowing the seeds of forest trees for lumber, and especially of the white pine.

After a long controversy the Minnesota legislature has decided against the removal of the capital from St. Paul.

Bismarck is preparing a diplomatic circular, reviewing the events of the war. He comments severely on the conduct of the British government.

Governor Scott, of South Carolina, has made a requisition on the President for troops to quell the outlawry in parts of that State.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company are reported to be selling immense amounts of rolling stock to other companies, their business not requiring it.

Before the December casualties, the total number of German soldiers reported killed wounded and missing, in the war with France, was 103,000.

The Pope expresses extreme displeasure with recent Italian events and rejects the guarantee of his spiritual power proposed by the bill which recently passed the Italian Parliament.

Governor Hayes has nominated M. F. Cowdery, of Sandusky, Erie county, to be Trustee of the Reform and Industrial School for Girls, vice M. D. Leggett, resigned.

The new trowel bayonet is being made at the Springfield armory. It serves either as a picket shovel, hatchet or weapon, and will be very useful in field service.

The United States frigate Worcester, with a cargo of provisions for the French, went to sea from Boston at two o'clock, on the 5th inst.

The wife of the Hon. Ben. Wade has fallen heir, or heiress, to a large estate left her by her brother Samuel H. Parsons of Middletown, Conn., recently deceased. Mrs. Wade is his only living relative.

A dispatch from Peoria, Illinois, says Christian Nillson has purchased some property on the river bluffs near that city, and will erect a French villa thereon.

The annual income of the Peabody Educational Fund is about $120,000. $10,000 are deducted for contingent expenses, and the remainder appropriated to educational purposes.

A memorial window commemorative of Alice Carey is to be placed in the church of the Strangers, in New York city. It is announced the leading publishers will receive subscriptions.

One Andrew Kennison, of Norridgewock, lately coughed up a head of hardgrass, which had been on his lungs more than thirty-six years. The head had become a hard as stone, but still retained its shape.

The Mercantile Library, of Cincinnati, is now kept open on Sundays. The School Board of the city voted, 29 to 10, to open the public library also to Sunday visitors.

The Methodist Book Concern Investigating Committee have adjourned until the 20th inst., having failed to select experts to conduct the examination into the affairs of the Concern.

Garibaldi is reported to have said, if France restores the Napoleonic dynasty, or even puts a Bourbon or an Orleanist on the throne, that she will undergo another terrible revolution, and that the streets of Paris will run with blood.

According to Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House of Representatives, the new House contains 130 Republicans, 96 Democrats, 2 vacancies, and 14 in States not having elected yet. Two, possibly three, of the Democrats are ineligible under the 14th Amendment.

The Democratic organ sheds no further light upon the authorship of the new liquor law. We languish for light.

Dr. Wm. S. Williams, Representative from Jackson county, died suddenly of pneumonia, at his boarding house in Columbus, on Monday.

The books were opened for subscriptions to the new United States loan on Monday last. On the same day thirty millions were taken—ten in the United States and twenty in Europe.

The bill to create a Third United States Judical District in Ohio has been laid to rest in the Senate. May its rest remain unbroken. The State is not pining for a Third Judicial District.

New Hampshire will elect a Governor, members of the Legislature, town and county officers, and three Congressmen on the 14th inst. Connecticut will elect members of Congress and State officers on the first Monday in April.

The Butler County *Democrat*, the sheet that mourns over the martyr Wilkes Booth and weeps in behalf of his last words, received $3 791 23 in the year 1870. For "printing blanks."—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

This may be taken as a sample of the official patronage given the Democratic press in Democratic counties. In Marion county it ranges from $1,000 to $2,000 a year. In this county—much more wealthy and populous—the entire amount of public printing done *at the office of the Republican paper* averages considerably less than five hundred dollars a year.

The Democratic bosom is now being rent by a painful quarrel between the friends of Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, and the friends of Mr. Hendricks, of Indiana. Mr. C. W. Woolley, who was one of the most active advocates of Mr. Pendleton's nomination for the Presidency in 1868, has published a series of letters charging Hendricks & Co. with all manner of double-dealing and unfairness.—To show how extremely wicked is the Hendricks clan, Mr. Woolley asserts that they imported ten thousand fraudulent votes into the State of Indiana to make sure of Democratic success at the October election of 1868. This is a very melancholy disclosure. A few more such may injure the reputation of the Democratic party.

The French having settled their little difficulty with Bismarck now threaten to fight each other. Civil war is said to be imminent. Demand has been made in the Constituent Assembly for the arrest and impeachment of the Chief of the Paris Provisional government on a charge of high treason. If this step is taken violence will, in all probability, follow.

Any one who desires to satisfy himself as to who was the author of the new liquor law may do so by referring to the last official report of the House of Representatives, pages 203, 249, 631, 703, 709, 710, 764, 890 and 892. An inspection of these pages will, we think, satisfy any reasonable person that in attributing the authorship of the law to the Hon. William Adair, of Carroll county, we were entirely correct.

The constitutional right of Congress to regulate the exercise of suffrage in the election of national officers is clearly conferred, and has been righteously exercised in the passage of a stringent law to prevent fraud at such elections. As might be expected the measure has created a great outcry from the Democratic press because of its supposed invasion of State sovereignty, which means, really, its infringement upon naturalization frauds and the practices of repeaters.

Theodore Tilton has commenced the publication, in New York, of a newspaper called the *Golden Age*, of which we have received the initial number. It avows the utmost independence of discussion, and opens its columns to every shade of political and religious opinion. The first number is more readable than it looks, and presents more attractiveness of matter than of manner. If its financial success shall be commensurate with the writing ability of its chief editor it will be a profitable enterprise.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The preliminary terms of peace having been ratified, the German forces evacuated Paris on Friday last, and were afterwards reviewed by the Bois de Boulogne. After the definitive treaty has been signed and part of the war indemnity paid, the German armies will be gradually withdrawn from the right bank of the Seine, but will continue to hold the departments of Marne, Ardennes, Meuse, Vosges, Meurthe and Belfort until the payment of two milliards of francs. After the payment of three milliards but a small German force will remain on French soil.

The city of Paris is now under command of Gen. Aurelles de Paladine, who finds great difficulty in preserving order. The factions are violent and threaten war upon each other. Rochefort and other violent Republicans have resigned their seats in the Constituent Assembly.

The friends of Napoleon are intriguing for the restoration of Bonapartist rule.

The Prohibitionists have held a meeting and nominated a township and corporation ticket, which temperance people are asked to support in order that we may get a prohibitory ordinance. The election of any number of township officers of the Prohibition persuasion will not secure such an ordinance, because, when elected they have nothing to do with passing ordinances, nor do they have any connection whatever with the city government. The way to get such an ordinance is to elect Councilmen who will vote for and pass it, and that the Democratic party certainly never will do and the Prohibition party never can do, chiefly for want of a sufficient number of votes. If the town ever gets a prohibitory ordinance it will come through some other agency than either of these organizations. The Prohibition movement may, however, materially aid the Democracy in obtaining absolute control of the city government, and can have, indeed, no other practical result. With a Board of Councilmen all Democratic, in the Republican town of Delaware, the Prohibitionists would no doubt be happy in the extreme.

It would be a good thing for France if the seat of government could be kept permanently removed from Paris. That city has been accustomed to make and unmake governments according to the passion or caprice of the hour, until revolution has become habitual, and it is doubtful whether any government located there can be permanent. For the last fifty years the history of the country has been a constant illustration of the fact that one of the least desirable forms of despotism is that of a great city, and that the people is unfortunate whose political destinies are subject to the dictation of metropolitan mobs.—Again and again, at crises when the calmest deliberation and utmost independence of action were necessary, the governing power has been compelled to yield to the ignorant clamor of infuriated factions or cease to exist. Any leader adroit enough to inspire and organize an armed mob could force himself into power, and mould the national policy to suit his ambitious purposes.—Accordingly the existing government has been almost invariably either a military despotism strong enough to hold the mobs in check, or else their weak, fickle and purposeless creature, wearing whatever complexion might be impressed to it by the dominant faction.

It is time now that France should govern Paris instead of Paris governing France, and an excellent preliminary step would be to take the seat of government away from the great metropolis.

A SUGGESTIVE COINCIDENCE.

Only a few short days ago two great powers—the one ecclesiastical, the other secular—put forth all their strength, each determined upon a grand effort. The one determined to lay hold upon the divine attribute, and declared itself infallible—"Sitting in the temple of God, showing himself that he is God." The other power, after having triumphed over different rivals, thought that there was yet one whom he must conquer to enable him to attain to the summit of glory. And what was the result? At the moment when these two powers had risen to the highest pinnacle of pride the Almighty struck them down. I will not say that those who are fallen; but who dare say that those two events, which occurred almost the same day, were merely the work of man?—*Dr. Merle D'Aubigne.*

The New York *Tribune* says the XLIst Congress, just terminated, deserves the credit of having refused to pass a great many measures of unqualified jobberry, and that it has protected the Government from the lobby with more than common fidelity.

A cable dispatch of yesterday says: A committee of the French Assembly made a report in favor of annulling the election of Garibaldi to the Assembly from Algiers. Victor Hugo proceeded to make a speech warmly defending Garibaldi, but he was interrupted by great tumult in the Chamber, and when he attempted to continue, met with a storm of hisses. He thereupon announced his immediate resignation, and abruptly quit the Assembly.

NEW JUDICIAL SYSTEM.

Mr. Little, member of the Legislature from Greene county, has presented in the House a resolution proposing to submit to a vote of the people at the next October election amendments to the Constitution of the State as follows, in substance: To provide for the election of one District Judge for each Judicial District for the term of five years. The General Assembly may provide by law for the election of additional judges. District Judges may sit in any District in the State, and after February, 1873 District Courts shall be held exclusively by District Judges. Subdivisions of Common Pleas are so modified that each county shall be constituted one subdivision. Probate Judges shall not be elected after a certain time in any county not containing 45,000 inhabitants, and after the expiration of the term of Probate Judges, on or before a certain date, to be fixed by law, the Common Pleas Courts, shall exercise jurisdiction in probate matters. The first election of Judges in several subdivisions under this amendment is not fixed. By this resolution, as offered the General Assembly is authorized to provide for supplying the place of any Judge during disability.

MODES OF TAXATION.

It was a man of genius that first introduced indirect taxation, in the room of its more robust and intrusive predecessor. The idea of making the liege go of their own accord to the tax-gatherer, in the shape of the grocer, or the silk mercer, or the draper, and pay their dues, without knowing it, instead of awaiting the stern publican at home was a master-stroke of civil strategy. Whether it were a happy idea or not we will not here consider. People have, undoubtedly, submitted to have their money thus gently solicited from their pockets with much less remonstrance than if they had had to encounter the tax-collector in person. And they thus have submitted to be fleeced more patiently and more completely by kings and parliaments than they would have done had the attack on their purses been more direct and peremptory. It was like having the root of all evil conjured out of their pockets by the gentle legerdemain of the pickpocket, instead of being told to stand and deliver it in the coarse accents of the highwayman. It was a skillful physician of the State that first devised this toothsome vehicle for the bitter pill of taxation, as Tasso says that the cup of medicine is touched on its lip with honey before it is offered to the child.

Emile de Girardin, when he was editor of the *Presse*, suggested a plan which he held to be the grand reconciliation of the eternal grudge between the tax-layer and the tax-payer. Though we are not sure that it was not analogous to the *Garantisme* of Fourier. His specific was to convert taxation into insurance, by which the government would engage to guarantee all the members of the State against all losses, besides its ordinary obligations, in consideration of the premium paid as taxes. Government was to become a great Benefit or Mutual Insurance Society, all the partners in which were to have the benefits, in proportion to the amount of premium they had paid. All accidents, fines, robberies would thus be paid for in full, and all losses promptly settled. Thus all danger of insurrections would be at an end, for none but an Irish mob would attack the insurance office in which all had invested; and there would be no more concealment of property, or endeavors to escape taxation, because one's chance for compensation would be just to that degree diminished. We are by no means certain that this specific would have the magical effect its author hoped from it; and it is by no means likely that our doubts will ever be removed by the trying of the experiment.—*N. Y. Independent.*

END OF THE XLIST AND BEGINNING OF THE XLIID CONGRESS.

[From a Washington Letter.]

At 11:40 a motion was made to concur in the Senate amendment to the House bill abolishing the rank of Admiral and Vice Admiral in the navy. This brought Butler to his feet. It was a pet measure of his, intended to strike down Porter. The Senate had taken out the point; therefore he set about to kill it, and the shortest way to this end was to call the yeas and nays. These were ordered, and at 11:45 the Clerk commenced calling the roll. He had reached the name of Karr when the Speaker's hammer fell—once, twice, three times, the hour of twelve having arrived. There was instant silence. Not a whisper was to be heard. The House was as silent as the chamber of death. All eyes were fixed upon the Speaker, who, in a few well chosen and most appropriate remarks, returned thanks for the kind manner in which he had been treated by members, and closed by saying:

"I perform the only remaining duty of my office in declaring, as I now do, that the House of Representatives of the Forty-first Congress is adjourned without day."

With the last word the hammer fell. Mr. Blaine instantly vacated the chair and took a seat on the floor with his delegation.

The fall of that hammer dissolved the connection of over one hundred members with the Congress of the United States. Many of these had been active and prominent; some had been members for ten years; a few had voluntarily retired, but most of them had been defeated for a renomination or at the polls. In a moment they had become ex-members. No more could they address the Speaker. No more would their names be heard in the hall. In obedience to the dictates of the people they gave place to others. Their faces, as they gathered up their papers, indicated regret and disappointment. This was especially the case with those who had been involuntarily retired.

I arrived at the conclusion that the feelings of a retiring Congressman on such an occasion are not to be envied. A lady whose husband is a member and was re-elected remarked that she would not care to witness the closing scene of a congress if her husband had been defeated. Such undoubtedly are the feelings of a good many husbands, and not a few leave Washington in advance of the 4th of March.

As soon as the Speaker left the chair the Clerk of the last House rose behind the Clerk's desk and called the members of the Forty-second Congress to order. He then called the roll, and this having been concluded, he announced that the first business in order would be the election of a Speaker. For this office Blaine was nominated on the Republican side, and Morgan, of Ohio, on the Democratic side. Tellers were appointed, and as names were called members answered "Blaine," or "Morgan." Blaine was, of course, elected. It was a strict party vote, and stood 96 for Morgan and 126 for Blaine. The Democratic side was nearly full. A good many Republicans were absent. With a full House the Republican majority will be about 40. This is not two-thirds, but it is better for the country and better for the party than two-thirds. It will keep the party closer together, and will check reckless legislation.

The Norwalk Reflector suggests the name of Gen. JOHN C. LEE, of Toledo, as the next Republican candidate for Governor.

COLORED MEMBERS OF THE NEW CONGRESS.

A Washington correspondent who witnessed the inauguration of the XLII Congress on the 4th inst. says: I had expected that under the modified terms the best class of the Southern people would appear in Congres, but from the looks of the men I infer such is not the case.

The rising of the colored members to be sworn attracted much attention on the floor and in the galleries. On the Democratic side members rose to their feet and stretched their necks to get a sight of the four gentlemen from the South. Two of these men are full blooded, and one of them has a first-class education and is able to write and speak four languages. Two are of mixed blood, and one of these, I was assured, would make his mark in the Forty-second Congress. His whole appearance indicates that he has first-class white blood in him. The admission of these members was received as a matter of course. Ten years ago three of the men were slaves. Now they are members of the American Congress. Ten years ago the Southern members vacated their seats to fight to perpetuate slavery. Now they return to see their former slaves occupying seats then vacated. Such is progress. A member of Congress on the Democratic side, who was formerly an antislavery Whig and leader of his party in the House several years ago, remarked to me that he never had expected to see this day, and now he could not say that he was glad. I did not sympathize with him.

The Ohio and Indiana delegations presented a fine appearance. Ohio is well represented on the floor. Two of the most useful members of the last Congress, Lawrence and Welker, are out; but in Shellabarger, Monroe, Sprague and Foster there is an excellent addition, and I do not think there is a better delegation on the floor, taking the members of both parties, than that from Ohio. Campbell, counting politics out, will make a useful member; and all parties concede Morgan and Van Trump to be capable and honest men.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POETRY & FACT.

"Puppies bark at the Moon."

Puppies bark at the Ætna. Ætna & Moon shine right along.

marl0'71tf

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer for sale, at his residence, one mile east of Stratford, and three miles south-east of Delaware, on *Friday, March 24, 1871,*

Two thousand dollars worth of property, consisting in part of 6 head of Horses, 3 fresh milch cows, young Cattle, 1 brood Sow, 1 Reaper and Mower, 2 Cows, Harrows, Wagons, Sleds, one new Buggy, one wood Saw, Hayforks, eight stand of Bees; also all my Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of three Bureaus, four Stoves, Chairs, Bedsteads, and in fact all my property; all in good condition.

Terms made known on day of sale.
Sale to begin at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOSHUA KLEIN.

W. T. WATSON, Auctioneer.
March10-4w

PUBLIC SALE.

WE will offer at public sale, on our premises, three and one half miles east of Delaware, and half a mile north of the Delaware, Berkshire and Sunbury Turnpike, on

Thursday, March 16, 1871,

The following property: two Horses, two Cows, seven Calves, Sow and Pigs, a lot of Sheep, forty-two head of Sheep, one two horse wagon, one hacker, Reaper and Mower combined, double Shovel Plows, Horse Rake, nearly new, a lot of Household and Kitchen Furniture, and many other articles.

Term made known on day of sale.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

CLARKE & RIGDON.

W. T. WATSON, Auctioneer.
March10-1w

ALL goods bought of us delivered free of charge within corporation limits.
E. A. ADAMS.

A pure article of Coal Oil, cheap for cash.
E. A. ADAMS.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for all kinds country produce.
E. A. ADAMS.

WANTED, one hundred thousand pounds of Butter immediately.
E. A. ADAMS.

WANTED, one hundred thousand dozen Eggs immediately.
E. A. ADAMS.

CASH paid for wheat or rye straw.
E. A. ADAMS.

FOR your pure Spices, Cream Tartar and Candies, cheap, call at
E. A. ADAMS'.

E. A. ADAMS has just opened his nicely furnished *new* Grocery, where every thing to his line can be had at much reduced prices.

WE sell for *cash* only, as we can give you great deal better bargains than otherwise.
E. A. ADAMS.

A splendid assortment of fresh fine and stick Candies, Nuts, Oranges and Lemons, at
E. A. ADAMS'.

A full stock of Cigars and Tobacco, cheap for cash.
E. A. ADAMS.

LARGE lots of good Teas, at reduced rates for cash.
E. A. ADAMS.

A splendid article of Tea for one dollar per pound, call and examine.
E. A. ADAMS.

IN selling goods on credit, Grocers are compelled to wait for such a great length of time for their money that it is absolutely necessary to sell their goods at a larger margin than if they sell for cash. Hence the reason must be apparent to every one why we have started a cash system, as we are not in danger of losing bad debts, (it made and they are made,) and also losing the interest on money invested.
E. A. ADAMS.
March10-tf

THE report has been made to the effect that we went to so much pains and expense in fixing up our room that, necessarily, some one must pay for the same, and rumor *has been* afloat that customers would pay for all this. Now this is certainly an error as all can testify who have once been here and priced our goods.
E. A. ADAMS.
March10-tf

NORWAY OATS.

FOR sale, some 50 bushels of the celebrated Norway Oats, at one dollar per bushel. The seed cost me five dollars per bushel, and I know them to be genuine. They are left at Buck's Warehouse, East Delaware.

ALSO 600 Peach Trees of budded and natural fruit. Price 12 cents each, and any quantity of the Miami Raspberry sets at 2 cents each. They are prolific bearers, and excellent fruit. Likewise a good supply of the Kittatinny Blackberry, sets at three cents each.

HORACE ALLEN.
March10-6w

A NEW ERA IN MUSIC.

Unparalleled for Cheapness and Completeness.

LOOK AT THE PRICES!

Ditson & Co's Standard Operas.

Ernani.	Faust.
Lucia de Lammermoor.	Norma.
Martha.	Lucrezia Borgia.
Traviata.	Sonnambula.
Trovatore.	Precious.

Marriage of Figaro.

Price $1,00 each; Handsomely Bound $2.00.

Also Instrumental Arrangements of Der Freischutz, Don Giovanni, Ernani, Faust, Lucia, Lucretia, Martha, Norma, Sonnambula and Trovatore.

Large Pages, Elegantly Bound, $1.00 each. Sent by mail postpaid on receipt of price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO. Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

For Sale on Time.

A LUCRATIVE BUSINESS.

Being otherwise engaged, I will sell my Varnish Factory upon the following terms:

ALL VARNISHES

at the appraisement of any good judges *after thorough trial.*

ALL MATERIALS

at present New York cost and freight.

ALL BUILDINGS

and Implements at cost, with proper deduction for injury.

With satisfactory security I will give time enough to convert the entire stock into money. Owing to my unfortunate accident while experimenting with the tannin and my introducing varnish without age, the community misjudges my stock of varnishes. I have not a barrel of Benzine varnish on hand and will GUARANTEE every article to *prove after trial* as represented and fully equal to any varnishes sold for the same money any where in the United States; also that my best are as good as can be bought any where at any price.

A rare chance for a good man to engage in a money making business, reading accompany invoice. ISAAC RANNEY.
mr-10-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

A full supply of Hoes, Steel, Iron and Wood Rakes, Forks, Scythes, Spades, Shovels and Spading Forks, for sal by
M. L. STAIR,
Dealer in Hardware,
2 doors below American House.
March10-tf

PLOWS.

A large stock of Diemer's, McDonald's or Millson's & Gibbs' Plow—no better in the market—for sale at lowest price, by
M. L. STAIR,
Dealer in Hardware,
2 doors below American House.
March10-tf

Soldiers of the War of 1812.

BY an act of Congress approved Feb. 14 h 1871 Soldiers and Sailors of the war of 1 12 who served sixty days and were honorably discharged or their widows who were married to such Soldiers or Sailors prior to the treaty of peace which terminated the war, (Dec. 24th 1814) and have not remarried are entitled to pensions at the rate of Eight Dollars per month from Feb. 14th, 1871

Application for such pensions can be made through the undersigned at the office of Reid & Powell.
F. M. JOY,
Att'y and Claim Agent.
Delaware, Ohio, March 10 1871 3t

J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.
S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.

DEALER IN

Crockery, Glass Ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Forks, Spoons and Tweezers, Razors, Shears and Scissors; Children's Carriages, Boys' Carts, Wagons and Hobby Horses, Step-Ladders, Bird Cages, Clothes Wringers and Washing Machines, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.,

AMERICAN BLOCK,
Delaware, Ohio.

C C C C C C C C
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mr-10-tf

FOR SALE!

A Good Bay Horse.

A New 3 spring Waggon.

1 Single Set of Harness.

1 Singer Sewing Machine.

6 Tailors' pressing Irons.

1 good Counter Show Case.

Extremely cheap. Enquire of

mr-10-tf Reydolds & Frank.

LANDS FOR SALE!

NEAR to Schools, Churches, Stores, Villages, and Railroads, in a Thickly Settled and Improving part of Union County, Ohio. Will be sold in Lots to suit Purchasers.

1,087 ACRES,

2 Miles East of Broadway, on A. & G. W. R. R., and 7 Miles North of Marysville, the County Seat. On a great portion of this the timber has been deadened, and is used for grazing purposes. Portions of it are under cultivation.

558 ACRES,

3 Miles North of Pleasant Valley, and three Miles East of Unionville (stations on C. C. & I. R. R.), and 7 Miles Southeast of Marysville. 138 Acres of this, is more than half under cultivation, balance in grazing, and can be divided to advantage.

Another 100 acres of this, has 30 acres cleared, 25 acres old deadening, 600 sugar trees a good sugar house, plank dwelling stabling corn cribs &c.

I mean business, and put the price of these lands down to $32 to $35 per Acre.

D. MULFORD,
Room next door to Robinson & Piper's Law Office. Marysville, Ohio. mr-10-3m

NOW FOR LIVERY.

THE subscriber having extensively repaired and thoroughly refitted the

LIVERY, SALE and FEED STABLE

Formerly owned by S. B. Weiber, Corner Winter & Drake Sts., is provided with a *first-class* stock of horses and carriages to which he respectfully invites attention.

He has taken great pain in the make-up of his stock and proposes to furnish accommodations unsurpassed in this line. Carriages new and ele ant, horses all in good condition and careful drivers furnished when wanted. Experienced and careful supervision given to the feeding department.

Horses Bought, Sold or Exchanged.

And kept for livery or boarded by the day or week.

mr-16-tf J. A. SALISBURY.

MARCH 10, 1871.

Bright and Fresh New Goods.

J. H. MENDENHALL & CO., are now opening for the early trade choice selections of Spring styles in DRESS GOODS. Lace articles.

Embroideries and Edgings,
Beautiful White trimming edges,
Shawls—Silks and Poplins.

OUR NEW CARPETS are handsome, and will be sold at the lowest CASH prices.

A FULL assortment of Curtain Material and Shades, Plain Reps, Satin Striped Rep, English Damasks, Lace Curtains in Pairs and by the yard, Self adjusting Rollers, Loops, &c.

JUST look at our stock before you purchase

Very Respectfully,

mr-10-tf J. H. MENDENHALL & CO.

Settlements of Estates.

THE accounts in the following Estates have been filed in the Probate Court for Settlement and the same are set for hearing and settlement on the 21-t day of March next and will then be settled to wit:

1. George W. Wells, Administrator of John Nettleton deceased.
2. John Huff, Administrator of James H. Van Houton, deceased.
3. Louis Smith Guardian of Catherine Smith and others.
4. H. Cornell, Guardian of Sarah Cornell.
5. O. Peasley, Guardian of Eliza Ayers.
6. James Liggett Administrator of Amos Carr, dec'd.
7. Sarah Wise, Administratrix of Jacob Wise, dec'd.
8. George Hooster, Administrator of Mary E. Hoester, Guardian of William E. Hoester and others.
9. John J. Lasher Administrator Elizabeth Gook.
10. John James Administrator of John R. Davis, deceased.
11. L. S. Wells, Administrator of Richard Wells d'cd.
12. James Cutler, Administrator of J. A. Freshwater.
13. James Cutler, Administrator of Mary Freshwater.
14. David G. Edwards Administrator of David Griffith.
15. Angeline Jennings, Guardian of Jas. Jennings and others.
16. David Gousch Executor of Nathan Gousch dec'd.
17. Robert McClure Administrator of Richard McClure, dec'd.
18. Monroe Orcutt Administrator of Joseph Bowers.
19. Alexander Marsh, Guardian of Mary C. Bright and others.
20. John Robison Administrator of B. Cunningham dec'd.
21. Alvin & E. P. Tuller Executors of Roswell Tuller dec'd.
22. Everett S. Sherman Executor of David S. Sherman dec'd.
23. James Jamison Administrator of Hannah Carpenter dec'd.
24. A. H. Jennings Guardian John H. Fry et al.

B. C. WATERS,
mr-10-4t Probate Judge.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Rent.

BUILDING on Main Street, suitable for business and residence for family, next to C. C. Chamberlain & Co's. Apply to J. H. Mendenhall.
mr-10-tf

INSURANCE.

S. K. Donavin & Charles O. Little have formed a co-partnership in the

General Insurance & Real Estate Business.

under the firm title of DONAVIN & LITTLE, office No. 18 Sandusky street, up stairs, where they will be pleased to see persons who desire either

Life, Health or Fire Insusance.

The firm represent the following reputable Companies:

Union Central Life,
Cincinnati Mutual Health,
Home, of Columbus, Fire,
Phœnix, of Hartford, Fire,
Pacific, of San Francisco, Fire,
Underwriters, of New York, Fire,
Republic, of Chicago, Fire,
Commercial, of Chicago, Fire,
Merchants, of Chicago, Fire,

We call especial attention to the fact that these Companies are well established and prosperous, and afford the most ample security.

DONAVIN & LITTLE.

Desirable Real Estate for Sale.

Persons who desire to purchase Homes or Farms are invited to call, as we have for sale most desirable properties, of which we name a few:

A two-story Brick Dwelling, finished in the best manner and style, with gas and fixtures in every room, situated on the North side of Hill street. This is a new, large, convenient and very desirable property.

Two two-story Frame Dwellings, in excellent condition, very conveniently arranged, and well situated, on Spring street.

A new two-story Brick Dwelling, situated on one of the most desirable streets and neighborhoods in the town. This dwelling was constructed with care, the outlay having intended to make it a family residence, but is going to leave town.

A two-story Brick dwelling, situated on Griswold street, north side. This is one of the nice t homes in the city, convenient and pleasant.

Also Dwellings to Rent.

Persons having property for sale or rent will find it to their advantage to place it in the hands of this firm.

febl0 tf DONAVIN & LITTLE.

Fine Property For Sale.

On Tuesday the 30th day of March 1871 we will sell at Public Sale, the property now owned and occupied by R. Mitchell, situated on the east side of Depot Street in the town of Delaware Ohio, containing 10 acres. There is a comfortable dwelling erected thereon. This is a very desirable property located just within the City limits and is growing in value each day. The grading, paving and guttering are all done. Persons who desire a comfortable home and a few acres of land will find it to their advantage to examine this property.

mr-1-3t DONAVIN & LITTLE.

NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN.

Safe! Profitable! Permanent!

JAY COOK & CO.

Offer for Sale at Par and Accrued interest the 1st Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds OF THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

These bonds are secured *first*, by a First Mortgage on the Road itself, its franchise, stock, and all equipments; *second*, by a First Mortgage on its entire Land Grant, being more than Twenty-Two Thousand Acres of Land to each mile of Road.

The Bonds are free from United States Tax; the Principal and Interest are payable in Gold. The Principal at the end of Thirty years, and the Interest Semi-annually, at the rate of *Seven and Three-Tenths Per Cent.* per annum.

They are issued in denominations of $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000.

The Trustees under the Mortgage are Messrs. Jay Cooke, of Philadelphia, and J. Edgar Thomson, President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company.

These Northern Pacific 7-30 Bonds will at all times command a premium of *Ten Per Cent. Premium* (or 1,10), in exchange for the Company's lands at their lowest cash price.

In addition to their absolute safety, these bonds yield an income larger, we believe than any other Bond now offered. We consider the United States 5-20's can, by converting them into Northern Pacifics, increase their yearly income *one-third*, and still have a perfect reliable investment.

HOW TO GET THEM.—Your home Bank or Banker will supply these bonds in any desired amount, and of any needed denomination. Persons who have Exchange stocks or other bonds for these can do so with any of our Agents who will allow the highest current price for all marketable securities.

Those living in localities remote from Banks, may send money, or other bonds directly to us by express, and we will send back Northern Pacific Bonds at our own risk, and without cost to the investor. For further information, pamphlets, maps, etc., call on or address the undersigned, or Banks or Bankers employed to sell this loan.

J. V. PAINTER, Banker,
Cleveland.
General Agent for Northern Ohio.

For sale in Delaware by
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
DELAWARE CO. NATIONAL BANK,
DEPOSIT BANKING CO., of Delaware.
[feb8-'71-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOODALL & LANE,

PORK PACKERS.

WE have opened a Pork Packing establishment in the basement of Hyatt's Warehouse, near the Depot, where we keep constantly on hand, and for sale, a large quantity of choice smoky lard, sugar cured hams, fine sausage, mess pork, &c. We would be pleased to see all of our old customers.
jan20-3m

TO HOUSE BUILDERS.

WE the undersigned Architects, Contractors and Builders beg to state that we have used in our work, Doors, Sash, Mouldings, Brackets, &c., made at the manufactory of Clippinger & Powell, and that in our opinion they are the best the market affords, and at the lowest Cash prices.

R. N. JONES, Builder of the Delaware Female College, Ohio Wesleyan University.
J. W. NEWELL, Contractor and Builder.
F. A. GARDNER, Architect.
ZERBEE & FRANTZ, Contractors and Builders.
CONWAY & BROTHER, Contractors and Builders.
JOEL RHUBRECHT, Contractor & Builder.
L. J. TORWIN, " " "
J. H. FOSTER, " " "
J. M. FOSTER, " " "
and others.

Orders for the above work will be filled promptly. Agencies will be established in the surrounding Counties for the sale of the above work. Lumber Yard and Manufactory near Delaware Depot.

CLIPPINGER & POWELL.
jan-20-tf

Pure Norway Oats,

AT $1.25 per bushel, sacked and delivered at railroad, free, or free at the premises.

ALEXANDER BUCKINGHAM,
Orange, Delaware county, O.
Feb24-6w

"ARE YOU GOING EAST?"

"Well, neighbor H——, are you going East this season?"

"Don't think I shall; that trip last year rather used me up."

"You didn't go by the Broad Gauge Erie Railway, then, did you?"

"No, sir; if I had, I'd have been a happy man to day."

"Why, how's that?"

"Well, in the first place, if I had gone by the Erie I should have reached New York in season to meet an important engagement; as it was, I went by another Line, and was several hours late, and lost thousands of dollars by it."

"You recollect my advice before you started, don't you?"

"Yes, and I wish I had followed it. Why, I am told that the Erie cars are a foot wider than those in ordinary use, and that a man can live in them both day and night just as comfortably as he can at the Sherman or Astor Houses."

"Yes, and get just as good and regular meals at the Company's hotels along the line."

"That's an item, for I always get hungry in traveling. But where do you connect with these Erie coaches? I might take a notion to run on East before long, for they say it is worth the price of a ticket to see the Drawing-Room Cars."

"They run four Daily Express Trains, starting from Cincinnati, from Cleveland, from Dunkirk, from Buffalo and from Rochester, and running through without change to New York. You can take the Broad Gauge at either of these points, and in either case will have a view of such Welled c'd. You never saw before in your life, unless you've been to Switzerland."

"No, I never have, but I am going to New York by the Erie Railway the first week I can spare, and shall take my whole family along. Where do you buy the tickets?"

"Oh, anywhere! All the principal ticket agents throughout the West and South have them for sale. Our agent there says he has all he can do to supply the demand."

"Does he? Well, I'll hurry over to the depot, I'm kon and invest right away.—Good-day, sir."

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $250.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition per annum, $250. President: The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D. D., Dean of Huron. For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
oct-26-1yr

CYRUS PLATT,

JEWELER, NO. 3 WILLIAMS' BLOCK,

offers for the Spring trade

TO HOUSEKEEPERS,

a full assortment of

Solid Silver and Silver-plated Table Ware, consisting of Tea sets, Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitchers, etc.

Spoons, Forks, Butter Knives, &c., in solid Coin Silver and Silver plate,

the best goods in the market.

Silver Plated, Ivory and Hard Rubber Handle Table Knives,

OF BEST QUALITY.

Persons who are fitting up for housekeeping can buy goods in this line very low for CASH at

No. 3 Williams' Block.

TO LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

who are wanting watches—I offer a full line of

AMERICAN and ELGIN WATCHES,

in all styles of

GOLD and SILVER CASES,

as low as the same grades are sold elsewhere. Also

IMPORTED GOLD and SILVER WATCHES,

at greatly reduced prices.

WOSTENHOLM & SONS'

Fine Pocket Knives and Scissors, Fine Wallets, Photo Albums, Jet Jewelry, Gold Pens, Seth Thomas Clocks, &c.

Repairing done as usual in the best manner. The BEST workmen only employed.

C. PLATT.

mr10-tf

Great Announcement!

CALL AT

Reynolds & Frank's.

Regardless of former prices, we announce a

Great Reduction in Price

OF

CLOTHING,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, CLOTHS & CASSIMERES, FOR

60 Days!

Times are hard and money scarce. We invite all who may want Clothing to visit our Establishment, while we assure all that we will sell at

LOWER PRICES and B