

Barton County Democrat.

WILL E. STOKES, Editor and Publisher
GREAT BEND, KANSAS

THE WORLD AT LARGE

Summary of the Daily News.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The postmaster-general has made an order to take effect at once for the payment of all railway postal clerks twice a month instead of once.

The secretary of the interior sent to the senate on the 19th the agreement between the Dawes commission and the Choctaws and Chickasaws.

The fourth assistant postmaster-general has inaugurated a new policy of providing mail facilities wherever there is a sufficient number of people or amount of business to make it pay, disregarding the rule that post offices should not be closer together than three miles.

Gen. Horatio King, who was postmaster-general during a portion of Buchanan's administration, died in Washington on the 20th, aged 86.

Many old soldiers of central Illinois signed a petition and sent it to President McKinley asking him to stop the atrocities perpetrated by Spain in Cuba under the guise of warfare, peacefully or forcibly, as might be necessary.

The action of the senate in passing the Morgan Cuban resolution was the subject of discussion at the cabinet meeting on the 21st and it was clearly manifested that President McKinley had come to the determination to use his powers to stop bloodshed in Cuba, so far as it could be done without involving the United States in war.

GENERAL NEWS.

Oriental news received recently told of a famine existing in the Chinese provinces of Szechuen and Hupeh.

People in the lower or southeastern end of El Paso, Tex., on the 20th were using boats to leave and return to their homes on account of the rise in the Rio Grande.

The American Baptist Publication society met at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 21st. The annual report of the board of managers for the past year showed the society kept 98 missionaries in the field, gave away 7,798 books and distributed 638,928 pages of tracts. The receipts for the year were \$1,112,017 and the expenditures the same.

Pearl Waters, colored, who deliberately killed Lillian Waddell, also colored, was convicted of murder in the first degree at St. Louis on the 21st. When the verdict was read she sprang up and shrieked like a mad woman and in that condition was led back to jail.

The business failures in the United States for the week ended the 21st were 245, according to Bradstreet's report, against 216 for the corresponding week last year.

President Porter called the American Baptist Home Mission society to order at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 20th, about 1,000 delegates from all parts of North America being in the saddle.

A farmer named Thomas Biddle, his wife and three children were cremated in their house in Tennessee, across the line from Monticello, Ky. Some tramps had asked permission to make a fire in his barn during the night and Mr. Biddle had refused their request. Some hours afterwards Biddle's house burned down and the family were roasted. It was supposed the tramps applied the torch out of revenge.

A cyclone passed over the northern part of Minor county, S. D., the other night. The greatest damage was done at Carthage. No lives were lost. The damage was extensive to farm property.

A DISPATCH from Danville, Ky., on the 19th said that 1,500 coal miners in the Cincinnati Southern railroad district were on a strike against a proposed reduction of 15 cents a ton for digging, which operators claim was necessary to meet competition. The strike will result in a long shutdown.

The 100th general assembly of the Presbyterian church convened at Eagle Lake, Ind., on the 20th. Dr. Sheldon Jackson, of the home missionary board, was elected moderator.

The territorial encampment began at Hennessey, Ok., on the 20th. Mayor Overton delivered the address of welcome and Department Commander Carter responded.

WILLIAM L. MYERS, for many years in the employ of J. V. Farwell & Co., dry goods merchants at Chicago, was arrested on the charge of embezzling \$10,000 of the firm's money by a system of raised vouchers.

The St. Louis Medical society will wage war on free dispensaries.

The government building at Nashville has been completed and the exhibits put in place. A salute of 45 guns was fired when the doors were thrown open.

The Mutual Protection association of Oklahoma has been chartered by Secretary Lowe for a period of 99 years. Its purpose is to suppress robbery and lawlessness.

Twelve firemen were frightfully burned by the explosion of a gasoline tank in a grocery store at Chicago.

W. J. MCCONNELL, the noted temperance lecturer of Cleveland, O., became suddenly deranged while speaking at Whitesville, Ky., the other night.

Twice during the night of the 20th fire visited Hoboken, N. J., and the loss was heavy. One whole block was reduced to ashes, 140 families were rendered homeless and a big factory was destroyed. Later the big dry docks at Seventh street caught fire. The loss was over \$650,000.

SENATOR RUDOLPH LEHFELD, of Crawford county, Ia., returned the warrant for \$675 for his services as senator during the special session of the Iowa legislature to the state treasurer. Lehfeld claimed that he had not earned the money and only went to Des Moines once when his vote was required on the liquor manufacture bill.

THE steamer Florida, bound from Chicago to Buffalo, N. Y., with grain and general merchandise, was sent to the bottom of Lake Huron, between Middle Island and Presque Isle, by a collision with the steamer George W. Roby, during a dense fog. The crew of the Florida were all saved by the Roby.

An explosion of gasoline at St. Louis resulted in the deaths of Mrs. Adama Mohr, her 18-month-old baby, Mrs. Bessie Howard and Hugo Howard, her 15-month-old child, William Howard, a five-year-old son, being also fatally burned. Several other persons were seriously burned in attempting to rescue the unfortunate victims.

Two children of Ed Driscot, who lives on a branch of State creek, near Pike Hill, Ky., were bitten by a copperhead snake. Their cries attracted Mrs. Driscot, and in attempting to kill the reptile she, too, was bitten. All three died within an hour.

LUCRETIA BORGIA, brown coat, four years old, now holds the world's record for four miles. She covered the distance in the wonderful time of 7:11 at San Francisco on the 20th and that, too, in the face of a strong wind blowing down the back stretch. The record for four miles against time has stood for 21 years, having been made by Ten Broeck, the celebrated distance horse, on September 27, 1876, at Louisville, Ky.

The news of the passage of the Cuban belligerency resolution by the United States senate created great interest in the City of Mexico, Mex., where anti-Spanish sentiment is strong. The recognition of Cuban belligerency by the United States is likely to lead to similar recognition by the leading Latin American countries with the exception of Chile.

An armistice between the Turkish and Greek troops in Thessaly to extend over a period of 17 days was formally concluded on the 20th. An armistice was also formally concluded for 17 days between the Turkish and Greek troops on the frontier of Epirus. The supreme court of Nebraska has affirmed the finding of the district court which sentenced Henry Bolln, the defaulting city treasurer of Omaha, to 19 years in the penitentiary. Bolln, who was out on bail, has disappeared.

OSCAR WILDE, the author and playwright, who was sentenced at London to two years' imprisonment at hard labor for immorality, was released from prison on the 19th. One of his first acts on regaining his freedom was to refuse \$5,000 for a story of his prison experiences.

JIM JEFFRIES, the giant Californian who was a punching bag for Jim Corbett in his training for the Fitzsimmons fight, knocked out Harry Baker, the Chicago heavyweight, in the ninth round in a glove fight at San Francisco the other night.

A MOB of Finlanders at Maple, Wis., in a drunken riot assailed three residents with knives and clubs and one was fatally injured.

FIROHOJI, Japan, has been wiped out by fire. Nearly 4,000 houses were destroyed and 40 or 50 lives lost.

NEAR Polo, Ok., the wife of J. J. Bowman was endeavoring to extinguish a fire when she fell through the rafters and hung head downwards, where she was literally roasted alive before the eyes of her husband, who was unable to help her.

WINTER wheat millers from all parts of the country were in attendance at the annual convention of the Winter Wheat Millers' league at St. Louis, over 500 delegates being present.

WILLIAM H. HAMILTON, his wife and a grown son and daughter were found murdered near Helena, Mont. Robbery was the motive, as their house had been ransacked.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN has reopened his claim to the city of Omaha, and intends to press it to the last. If he wins he will be worth \$20,000,000. The claim grows out of the old Union Pacific litigation and subsequent proceedings in which he was legally declared a lunatic.

The Missouri river has been cutting banks badly between Bismarck and Omaha, south of Sioux City, Ia., many farms being entirely lost. Near Sloan the river has been washing away a cemetery and coffins have been tumbling into the river at the rate of four or five a day and indications were that the cemetery would soon be entirely swept away.

On the 18th orders were telegraphed from Constantinople to Edhem Pasha to cease hostilities and it was believed that terms of peace would be now negotiated directly between Turkey and Greece.

The losses in Louisiana by the Mississippi overflow are estimated at \$1,750,000 in Mississippi, at \$8,500,000, and in Arkansas, at \$4,250,000, or a total of \$14,500,000.

A FIRE started at Newark avenue and First street, Jersey City, N. J., early on the morning of the 19th and 60 families in tenement houses were rendered homeless. Loss, estimated at \$100,000. No fatalities were reported.

HENRY SCOTT and a man named Cornell were shot to death in a four-hand shooting affray in Leslie county, Ky., during a primary election on the 18th and two other men were seriously wounded. An old grudge was the cause.

CARLOS AGUIRRE, who was captured in a wounded condition by the Spaniards in Cuba, was ordered by Capt. Canas to be tied by the neck with a rope to the tail of a horse and dragged to the camp of Gen. Obregon. Aguirre died on the road.

The 16-year-old daughter of Tom Kanady, of Ridgeway, Ill., was burned to death by her clothing catching fire while she was cooking.

MARTY WICKS and wife, who live near Freshman, Wis., left their home to look after some stock that had strayed away. During their absence forest fires destroyed their house and three small children who had been left alone perished.

The city council of Galesburg, Ill., has passed an ordinance prohibiting the sale or giving away of cigarettes under a penalty of \$100 for each violation.

LABOR delegations of Baptist women from various sections of the country arrived at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 17th to attend the 20th anniversary of the Baptist Women's Home Mission society.

MOSS LEE, an aeronaut employed with a show which was exhibiting at MeKeesport, Pa., fell from his balloon, the wind being too strong, and was fatally injured.

The four sons of George Bearden, a farmer in Caldwell county, Ky., and Carrie Woods were bitten by a mad dog and were said to be in a serious condition. The dog died soon after biting them.

A CLOUDBURST at some point near Asotin, Wash., sent a wall of water down the valley. Stock was drowned, houses wrecked, bridges washed out and orchards ruined. So far as reported no lives were lost.

THERE was said to be considerable excitement in Havana over Washington matters. The publication of the consular reports has also worried them, and a great many maledictions have been uttered against the United States officers and Gen. Lee. The Spanish officials have placed a guard of troops around the American consulate.

By the bursting of a still in McGarrity's distillery at Hazelton, Pa., the proprietor and a laborer were scalded to death and Mrs. McGarrity was badly burned in trying to save her husband.

BENITO LOPEZ, 70 years, paralyzed and feeble, was hanged in the state prison at Folsom, Cal., on the 21st for the murder of George Washburn, a neighbor, with whom he quarreled over their water supply and shot.

Gov. BLACK, of New York, refused to sign the graduated inheritance tax bill passed at the recent session of the legislature on the ground that the proposed law would bear unequally upon the taxpayers.

The brigantine Galilee, which recently arrived at San Francisco, confirmed the news that Lichtenstein, a wealthy Englishman, and a missionary, had been killed by cannibals on the Santa Cruz islands.

E. S. FLEISCHER, a prominent man in Pittsburgh, Pa., was robbed of all his valuables and then deliberately thrown over a bridge. He was found living a short time after the occurrence, but died on his way to the police station. No clew to the murderers.

The Southern hotel at Meridian, Miss., was damaged \$150,000 by fire on the 20th. The hotel was well filled with guests and a panic ensued, but so far as known no lives were lost. The fire was miserably managed by the volunteer firemen.

The afternoon session of the lower house of the Illinois legislature on the 20th was marked by a riot among the legislators. Waste baskets, books and other articles were hurled back and forth, and Representative Novak, of Chicago, made an attack on the speaker. The trouble was caused by the speaker's refusal to recognize Novak.

WILLIAM H. PHILLIPS, a locomotive engineer, was almost instantly killed in the presence of his wife at Jeffersonville, Ind., by being run over by a Baltimore & Ohio train. The engine struck the wagon he was in and threw him under the pilot of the locomotive and horribly mangled him.

The Oklahoma quarantine board has invited the quarantine boards of Kansas and Texas to attend a meeting to be held early in June at Oklahoma City for the purpose of reaching an interstate quarantine agreement by formulating a system of rules by which cattle can be transported between the states and the territories without the tedious formality now existing.

JUDGE FRENLAND MARSHALL and Capt. Berryhill, chief of the light horsemen, with other Creek officials, were cutting down illegal pasture fences near Okmulgee, I. T., when a cowboy employed by the Texas stockman, whose fence was being cut, appeared with a Winchester and killed both of them and wounded two of the light horsemen.

JOSEPH H. EARLE, United States senator, died in Greenville, S. C., on the 20th. He had been ill for several weeks.

The Arkansas senate passed the Prince good-road bill, and the measure is now a law. The bill provides for a commission to lay off counties into not more than 12 road districts, to be approved by the county court.

ALBERT M. KING, a 19-year-old messenger of the Bolyston national bank, at Boston, was reported missing on the 19th, with about \$20,000 in cash and a \$10,000 United States certificate. King started for the clearing house and had not been heard of since.

DAVID DAVIDSON, formerly of St. Louis, hunted up his divorced wife, the proprietress of a restaurant at Randsburg, Cal., and, after a vain attempt to persuade her to return to him, shot and killed her. A mob tried to lynch him, but officers got him out of the way.

FIFTEEN business houses and several dwellings in Calumet, Ia., were destroyed by fire on the 19th, causing a loss of \$50,000. There was no fire apparatus in the town and surrounding cities sent aid.

A DISPATCH from Houghton, Mich., on the 18th stated that forest fires were burning at many points in the upper peninsula and that unless heavy rainfalls came soon serious losses in logs and timber, as well as the wiping out of settlements, might result.

WILLIAM JOHNSON, aged 13, fell from a wagon as he was trying to set the brake and broke his neck at Guthrie, Ok., and his father, who came along in another wagon, found him lying in the road dead.

The little son of John Huffman, living near Chandler, Ok., was killed by lightning. He and his stepmother were in the yard feeding chickens when the lightning struck two trees close by, tearing them to pieces. The boy was instantly killed and the woman knocked senseless, but not fatally injured.

A FIRM in Clarksville, Tenn., has closed a contract by which they will furnish the Italian government 15,000 hogheads of fine dark tobacco, almost the entire crop of that section. The contract was made directly with the Italian government. The sale amounted to about \$2,000,000.

CIVIL SERVICE TALK

Senate Committee Hold a Session—Hear From Witnesses.

A CHANGE IS ADVOCATED BY SOME

Which will Permit Heads of Departments to Select Their Executive Staffs—Regardless of Recommendations.

Washington, May 24.—The civil service committee of the senate continued its sessions today. Several letters were received from chiefs of bureaus, among others one from Mr. Miller, acting commissioner of internal revenue, who suggested the propriety of amendments to the civil service rules. He thought the number of excepted places should be increased. These exceptions should in all cases include the chief deputy and cashier of revenue collectors in the larger districts. He also suggested that the collector should have control of the selection of a large number of his subordinates.

Commissioner of Patents Butterworth advocated a change permitting heads of departments to select their executive staffs, regardless of the recommendations of the civil service commission.

The first witness of the day was Mr. Almon Barnes, of the agricultural department. Mr. Barnes said there were employees in the agricultural department who came in as temporary per diem employees and have remained there as clerks without passing the civil service examinations.

Albert Baker, who was the private secretary of Public Printer Benedict during his term of office, said that the civil service had proved a more desirable means of securing employment than the old system of appointment on the advice of congressmen.

Harold Benedict, of the printing office, brother of the recent public printer, also expressed the opinion that the results under the present system were 50 per cent better than under the "spoils system."

According to the witness, Public Printer Palmer had begun making appointments immediately after Mr. Cleveland's election in 1892, and during the eighteen months thereafter in which he had been in office had made appointments at the rate of fifty a month until the office was greatly overcrowded. Four-fifths of the appointees were Democrats, appointed by Mr. Palmer, although a Republican, to secure the friendship of Democratic congressmen.

Senator Elkins was desirous of knowing how many appointments had been secured by any one member of congress, and the witness answered that about seventy-five were credited to Representative Richardson of Tennessee, chairman of the house committee on printing, and about 200 to Senator Gorman, chairman of the senate committee.

Mr. J. L. Kennedy, formerly of the printing office, explained that Mr. Palmer had made many appointments during the time specified by Mr. Benedict because of "the hard times," and it had been thought better to give employment to many a man part of the time than a few men constantly. The civil service law, he said, failed to protect employees, because it did not prevent their discharge.

Mr. Machen, superintendent of the free delivery service of the postoffice department, appeared, to deny statements recently made by a witness, Mr. Hill, that the secret service force had been used as a political instrument. He denied that the agents had been assessed for Governor Campbell's Ohio campaign of 1895, asserting that about half of them had held a meeting and agreed to contribute of their own accord.

The committee then adjourned for one week.

DEMOCRATIC SENATORS CAUCUS

Will Say Their Say on the Tariff Bill and Let It Go at That.

Washington, May 22.—The Democratic senators held a caucus today and decided to inaugurate their fight upon the tariff bill as soon as the bill is taken up in the senate, by a motion to strike out the internal revenue features of the bill relating to beer and tobacco.

This result was reached after a discussion in which practically all the senators present participated. The conclusion was unanimous that this was the wise and politic course to pursue. The talk was based largely upon the proposition to increase the tax upon beer, which was generally criticized as an effort to increase the price of "the poor man's beverage," which was pronounced wholly unjustifiable in time of peace and with \$120,000,000 of idle money in the treasury. The proposed beer tax was condemned as a war tax.

At the conclusion of the caucus, Senator Gorman, chairman, gave out the following statement concerning it:

"The conference of Democratic senators was held today, and it was unanimously agreed by them that notwithstanding the delay in furnishing the comparative statements which would enable them intelligently to consider the bill, there would be no opposition to immediately proceeding with the consideration of the same on Tuesday, as they recognized that the business interests of the country require as speedily a disposition of the question as is consistent with an intelligent consideration of the measure. They were further unanimously of the opinion that the excessive increases in rates on imported articles, provided for both in the Dingley bill and as reported to the senate, should be antagonized only to the extent of exposing their enormities.

"Recognizing, however, that the Republican party is committed to these increases, the Democrats will be content with only a fair discussion upon these propositions. The Democrats were further unanimously of the opinion that they would oppose the increased tax on beer, tobacco, cigars and the other items embraced in the internal revenue schedules. Neither party was committed to such increases and there is no governmental necessity for such increased burdens upon those articles."

Washington, D. C., May 22.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance \$22,842,162; gold reserve \$145,683,121.

KANSAS STATE NEWS.

Lightning Has No Terrors for Him.—A. A. Soren, a Norwegian farm hand near Ottawa, was struck by a bolt of lightning recently and his escape from death is miraculous. The bolt struck him on the back of the head, tearing off a piece of scalp, passed across his left shoulder and breast and continuing down his left leg where it burst open his shoe, leaving a bright red mark the whole length of his body. The hoe he was using was torn into splinters. Medical aid was summoned and after three hours he regained consciousness.

Free Silver Republicans.—The state meeting of free silver republicans at Topeka last week was not well attended. The resolutions adopted declare against the retirement of greenbacks; advocate the payment of all demands on the treasury with silver instead of gold; favor a protective tariff; condemn trusts, and endorse President McKinley in appointing the international bimetallic committee. Webb McNeill was chosen chairman of the state central committee and D. G. Tillotson secretary.

May Solve the Drought Problem.—Eastern capitalists have put a large force of men and teams at work in Butler and Greenwood counties building dams and reservoirs across small streams. These dams, it is claimed, will prevent soil washing, store and hold water, increase humidity and solve the drought problem. Thousands of dollars will be expended in the experiment.

Taylor Will Return to Kansas.—C. H. J. Taylor, the well-known negro democratic politician who served as minister to Liberia and register of deeds of the District of Columbia under the Cleveland administrations, announces that he will return to Kansas and "stir up the negroes of Kansas and Missouri and lead them to break away from the republican party."

Knights of Pythias.—The grand lodge of Knights of Pythias, in session at Wichita, elected W. A. S. Bird grand chancellor; Gus J. Neubert, grand recorder, and A. C. Jones grand treasurer. The Rathbone sisters elected Mrs. Mamie Holcraft grand chief; Mrs. Mary Higgins, grand secretary, and Minnie Weigant, grand treasurer.

Methodist Home Missions.—The yearly meeting of the Kansas Home Missionary society of the M. E. church was held at Topeka recently. Officers chosen are: President, Mrs. Elizabeth Parker, Topeka; secretaries, Mrs. A. Salkeld, Manhattan, and Mrs. H. B. McBride, Clay Center; treasurer, Mrs. Robert Hawthorn, Atchison.

Finances of the State Penitentiary.—During February, March and April of this year the receipts at the Kansas penitentiary were \$93,287 against \$26,535 for the same period last year. The total expenses were \$38,627, against \$32,995 last year. This left a balance of \$600 for this year, while there was a deficiency of \$6,459 last year.

Expenditures More Than Receipts.—The state grain inspector is having trouble enforcing the new inspection law. At the time the law was enacted it was said that it would net the state many thousands of dollars, but so far the receipts from the operations of the law have not been equal to expenses.

Minor State News.—Coolidge, in Hamilton county, has compromised its \$39,000 indebtedness for \$22,000.

Anthony is trying to compromise her bonded debt of \$170,000 at 25 cents on the dollar.

Ex-Gov. Humphrey is out in an interview booming William Martindale, of Emporia, for governor.

An Atchison woman accompanies her girls to all the dances, and when ten o'clock comes she yanks them home.

A number of Kansas editors who are odd fellows have begun a fight to retain the De Boissiere home in Franklin county.

The jail at Syracuse was not strong enough to hold a man who was to start the next day for a stay of ten years in the penitentiary.

Mrs. Annie L. Diggs has been in Washington recently arranging for free silver picnics throughout Kansas this summer and fall.

Charley Cooper, of Fort Scott, has just won a \$5,000 damage suit against the M. & T. railroad after waiting 15 years on the slow process of law.

Over 20 fire insurance companies doing business in the state have notified Superintendent McCall that they will no longer use the Clarkson rate book.

The Kansas Philadelphia centennial exposition wagon, which was made at Leavenworth at a cost of \$900 and took first prize, has been sold to a Stillingsville (Mo.) farmer for \$50.

The sound money democrats of Kansas will hold a series of meetings throughout the state this summer. Ex-Congressman W. D. Bynum, of Indiana, will be one of the speakers.

Glenn Skinner, of Oak Valley, won the examination for a cadetship to West Point from the Third district. W. G. Gamble, of McCune, was second, there being a difference in their grades of only one-third of one per cent.

Margaret Guifford, of Fort Scott, for 18 years an incurable insane patient, was recently taken from the asylum and again adjudged insane, because the jury which found her insane years ago had made a technical error in returning its verdict.

Joseph Ralph Burton has assured Lucien Baker that he will not be in the race for the United States senatorship in 1901. All he asks is that Baker shall take care of some of his friends.

The Kansas State Medical society closed its annual session at Topeka, electing C. A. McGuire, of Topeka, president, and W. F. Sawhill, of Concordia, secretary.

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Returns from the various assessors in northwestern Kansas counties show a gradual increase in population over the past three years.

FOREIGN PICKINGS.

England's Grand Lodge of Good Templars recently rode in full regalia from London to Brighton 100 strong.

Gerrard Wallop, Esq., is the name of the secretary of the British National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

The total number of periodicals published in the language of Holland is 973, of which 49 are printed in "foreign" countries.

M. Levasser, one of the pioneers in the horseless carriage movement in France, who generally comes in ahead in road races, recently died suddenly at the age of 53 years.

Can't Sleep, Why?

Because the nerves are weak and easily excited and the body is in a feverish and unhealthy condition. Nerves are fed and nourished by pure, rich blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives sweet, refreshing sleep because it purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1.50 for 60 days. Get only Hood's. Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate.

GROVES



TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 CTS. GALATIATA, ILLS., NOV. 26, 1898. Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo. Gentlemen—We sold last year 600 bottles of GROVES' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. It is the best medicine of 14 years. In the drug business, we never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly, ABNEY, CARR & CO.

Every ingredient in Hires Rootbeer is health giving. The blood is improved, the nerves soothed, the stomach benefited by this delicious beverage.

FULL OF HEALTH

Quenches the thirst, tickles the palate; full of snap, sparkle and effervescence. A temperance drink for everybody. Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A quartage makes five gallons.

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