Barton County Democrat.

WILL E. STOKE, Editor and Publisher

GREAT BEND, KANSAS.

JUNE—1897.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
....	....	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
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20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	....	....	....

THE WORLD AT LARGE.

Summary of the Daily News.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

THE federal supreme court decided a case on the 24th, holding that the interstate commerce commission has no power to prescribe rates on railroads which may control in the future. The decision was construed to mean that the interstate commerce commission cannot pass upon rates before they are put into effect.

THE expected decision of the United States supreme court in what is known as the Nebraska maximum freight case was not rendered on the 24th, and, as the court adjourned for the term, a decision cannot be announced before next autumn.

THE trial of H. O. Havemeyer, president of the American Sugar Refining Co., for refusing to answer the questions of the senate sugar investigating committee, began at Washington on the 25th.

THE most significant development in weather forecasting for years, making it possible to forecast for a period at least 16 hours longer than at present and more accurately, has been attained by the weather bureau by sending up kites. Chief Moore said that this step probably will mark a new epoch in the weather forcasting problem.

SECRETARY WILSON has sent to the senate committee on agriculture a communication in which he declares his opposition to the senate bill regulating vivisections. He says the passage of such a law would have a most injurious effect upon the scientific investigations of the department and that this legislation is unanimously opposed by the great scientific bodies of the United States.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY'S Cuban policy was said to be rapidly coming to a head and that in view of the tremendous importance of the Spanish mission in the near future he had decided to raise it to an embassy and to offer the place to ex-President Benjamin Harrison. Very soon the president will submit a proposition to Spain, and suggest absolute freedom for Cuba, with an indemnity of $150,000,000 for Spain.

THE Washington jury which tried the case of H. A. Havemeyer, the sugar king, returned a verdict of not guilty, in accordance with the instructions of tht court. Havemeyer was on trial for refusing to answer questions propounded by the senate investigating committee.

GENERAL NEWS.

SEVEN hundred convicts, comprising the jute mill force, in the prison at San Quentin, Cal., recently rebelled at the prison fare and refused to work unless an improvement in the menu was promised. The prisoners were ordered placed in solitary confinement on bread and water until they agreed to conform to prison rules.

JOHN F. JOHNSON, late president and cashier of the State national bank of Logansport, Ind., who pleaded guilty to embezzling over $200,000 of the bank's funds, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the Ohio state penitentiary on the 28th by Judge Baker, of the United States court for the district of Indiana.

A TELEGRAM on the 28th stated that the king of Greece was practically barricaded in his palace at Athens and that he was making preparations to leave that city in order to evade the fury of the populace.

DESIRO BRUNO, the well-known bicyclist, was killed at Chicago on the 28th by a fall from his wheel.

THERE were 257 business failures in the United States for the week ended the 28th, according to Bradstreet's report, against 227 for the corresponding week last year.

THE Canadian government is preparing a bill to submit to parliament, which provides for the taking of a plebiscite on the prohibition question.

THE National Republican league has served notice upon the league in the western silver states that delegates to the National Republican league convention in Detroit, Mich., in July must be in accord with the party platform.

DURING a display of fireworks at Nantes, France, the other night four persons were killed and a score injured by the explosion of a bomb.

JAMES T. QUICK, an inmate of the soldiers' home at Lafayette, Ind., made a murderous assault upon Commandant McGrew with a knife. Capt. Havens came to McGrew's rescue and beat Quick into insensibility, but not until he (Havens) had his right ear cut off.

MAY CAMPBELL, a variety actress of St. Louis, overheard her husband and a woman planning to elope together. She then emerged from the clothes closet in which she had hidden and shot both her husband and the woman. The man was fatally wounded, but the woman was only slightly hurt.

THE low districts of El Paso, Tex., were again flooded on the 27th and many of the adobe houses of laboring men were melted away by the water, their household goods floating away in all directions. There were reported 400 homeless families on the streets, a large number of them being without the necessaries of life.

FIRE recently destroyed the William H. Bunge vinegar factory at Chicago, one of the largest in the west. Loss, $175,000.

WILLIAM T. POWERS and John Lattimore, both colored, were hanged in the jail at Chicago on the 28th.

THE Atlantic express, eastbound, on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, collided with a freight train near Grand Junction, Col., on the 28th and the engineer and fireman were killed and several passengers injured.

ALL the journeymen bakers of Fort Wayne, Ind., struck recently for an increase of wages and the use of the label.

THE secretary of the treasury spoke at the dinner given to the commercial clubs of St. Louis, Chicago and Boston by the commercial club of Cincinnati on the 28th. The subject of the discourse was the tariff and the public finances and the secretary said upon the settlement of these two questions enterprise waited and industry languished, but the future was bright.

AN engine and five cars on the Pennsylvania railroad were derailed at Philadelphia the other night, causing the death of the engineer and fireman.

NEAR Tecumseh, Ok., John Stibbins accidentally shot and killed his two-year-old niece. Stibbins had started out of his dug-out with his gun and the hammer hit against a bed post. The gun was discharged and six shots took effect.

THERE was a desperate shooting affray at the little town of Oakman, Ala., on the 27th. Charles Williams, a machinist, while intoxicated, became boisterous in Appling Bros.' store and was ordered out. He then drew his revolver and began shooting, in which the other side joined in. Isaac Appling and Williams were killed and Andrew Richards, Montgomery Appling and William Duncan were probably fatally wounded.

PRIVATE advices stated that the far-away province of Kweisan, China, was the scene of an attack upon the Christian missions recently, and that Rev. Father Mazel, who was in charge of the chapel at Loli, was murdered. It was feared that other whites were massacred.

ON the 27th at Webster City, Ia., was closed the most successful district convention of Christian churches ever held. The committee on resolutions severely censured Gov. Drake and the state legislature for the part they had taken in compromising with the saloon element in passing the manufacturing bill and making it a law.

A HEAD-END collision between a freight and a passenger train at American Falls, 25 miles west of Pocatello, Ida., caused the death so far as known of nine men and the serious injury of eight others. Two of the latter will die.

MRS. ELSIE NEUMILLER, of Milwaukee, crazed by domestic troubles, gave her eight-year-old son carbolic acid and then took a dose herself. She is dead, but the boy may recover, as he rejected a portion of the dose when it was given to him.

REPRESENTATIVES of independent telephone companies throughout the central and western states met in Chicago recently for the purpose of effecting a national organization of all the independent telephone companies in the United States to combat the Bell Telephone Co. and to protect the smaller exchanges against any action that might be taken in the courts by the Bell company in reference to the recent Berliner decision by the United States supreme court.

THERE was a meeting of prominent grain growers recently at Versailles, Ky., with a view to organizing a farmer's trust, comprising Kentucky, Tennessee and Indiana and other states, to regulate the price of the winter wheat crop. A convention was to be held at Louisville, and farmers believed they could force the millers and get their own price.

SNELL & BACON'S elevator at Assumption, Ill., was burned the other day.

FREDERICK DE LA TOUR BOOTH-TUCKER, commander of the Salvation army in the United States, was convicted of maintaining a disorderly house at the big army barracks in West Fourteenth street at New York on the 26th. Sentence was postponed. Complaint was made by residents of the neighborhood of the barracks, who alleged that they were greatly disturbed by the singing and band playing at the army meetings.

A LEVEE broke at El Paso, Tex., on the 25th and the waters rushed through the streets, flooding the houses of hundreds of families. Not less than 120 houses were swept away entirely. The ringing of the fire bell saved the lives of many people who were asleep and ignorant of their danger.

WILLIAM F. PITSTICK, a prominent citizen of Mendota, Ill., committed suicide in his store the other day. He had been considered an upright man, but it was found that he had been a forger and gambler for ten years.

WONDERFUL stories were told of a rich gold find made recently by a sand contractor on the banks of Pony creek, a small stream that flows into the Nemaha river, about a mile from Falls City, Neb.

WILLIAM BARRY, of Grant county, Ok., fell under the wheels of a traction engine and was crushed to death.

A RAILWAY train en route from Chattanooga to Knoxville, Tenn., ran over and horribly mutilated the bodies of two men near Mouse Creek. It is believed that the men had been murdered, and their bodies placed on the track to ward off suspicion.

PERRY NEALE, aged 11, quarreled with his brother, aged 13, over a pet bird at Mingo, Ia., and got a gun and shot him. He then got a cloth and wiped up the blood and went on the streets and played. No clew could be obtained to the matter for some time after, when Perry confessed his crime.

THE body of George Murra, the watchman at Armour's pepsin factory at Chicago, was supposed to be buried in the ruins, as he had not been seen since the fire which destroyed that place.

WHILE returning home from fishing near Smithland, Ky., James, Edward and Park Ghenes were drowned by the overturning of their skiff.

WHILE Frank Hall, a boy of 11 years, was in a wagon which was being loaded at Dallas, Tex., the mules took fright and ran away. The wagon struck a post and parted in two, the boy being dragged on the front wheels and soon after dashed against a telephone pole and killed.

AN earthquake shock occurred at Whitehall and other places in New York about 10:15 on the night of the 27th. Dispatches from Jefferson and St. Lawrence counties stated that the inhabitants were greatly frightened and rushed out of their houses in their night clothes. Windows were shaken, sashes broken and lamps overturned.

FRED BEESON, on the ranch of Harry Morse, at Sunol, Cal., was on an emergency made cook. In looking around for soda to bake biscuits he picked up a baking can and used some of the white powder it contained. The dinner was served. Beeson soon afterward died, another man was reported dying and several others were dangerously ill. The white powder was arsenic.

GEORGE A. DUEY, who has been connected with the Associated press at Cincinnati and other places for many years, was killed the other night by Policeman Booth at Cincinnati. An alarm of burglars was given, calling Booth to the place. Duey was en route home at the time and refused to halt, when the officer shot him dead, mistaking him for one of the burglars, who made their escape.

THE tollgate warfare has spread into Robertson county, Ky. A band of raiders the other night swept over the county and cut down every tollgate except those on Falmouth and Walford roads. The raiders sent a note to the county judge stating they would have their rights or die.

THREE employes were injured as the result of a panic which followed the breaking out of a fire at the Jefferson Chair Co.'s place in Chicago. The fire caused a loss of $40,000.

A FIREMAN and another man were killed and the proprietor and two others injured by the explosion of a boiler in Haney's sawmill at Glen Hazel, Pa., the other day.

CHICAGO'S annual census taken by the directory company is nearly completed and will show a population of 1,800,000, an increase of 600,000 since 1890.

SICK and discouraged over his inability to meet payments on his home, Alexander T. Beckett, formerly a clerk in the National Bank of Illinois, which collapsed a few months ago, shot and killed himself at Chicago on the 26th, making the third suicide resulting from the failure of the bank.

CASSIUS M. BARNES was sworn in as governor of Oklahoma at Guthrie on the 26th.

A WHOLESALE poisoning occurred at a social gathering at Cave-in-Rock, Ill. Shortly after supper 16 persons who had eaten chickens exhibited symptoms of poisoning. Miss Lou S. Barger has died and several others were not expected to live. Dr. Gregory investigated the poisoning and decided that tyrotoxicon in milk caused the poisoning.

A DISPATCH on the 26th said that the peace negotiations between Turkey and Greece, with each of the powers selfishly involved, were proceeding so slowly that the belief was gaining ground that the present armistice will be raised and hostilities resumed.

THE man Crawford, who killed Dick Whitsell near Pleasanton, Tex., a few weeks ago, committed suicide in jail here by swallowing broken glass and phosphorus.

AT Weldon, Ark., on the 24th Carrie Johnson, aged 17, shot and killed Walter Johnson. Johnson was married the day before and the Johnson girl said he had promised to marry her.

ADVICES from Cuba were received by the junta at Philadelphia on the 26th to the effect that Gen. Gomez will temporarily resign as commander of the insurgent forces and come to this country to confer with President McKinley on the Cuban situation. During his absence Gen. Garcia will command.

THE Joseph Sommer Coal Co. has notified the men employed in their bituminous mines at Brazil, Ind., that they would hereafter be required to mine coal at 47 cents per ton, a reduction of four cents. The offer was refused, and the miners abandoned the mine. It was thought that other companies would make a like reduction.

A MAN while walking around the corridor on the 13th floor of the chamber of commerce at Chicago on the 25th suddenly drew a revolver, shot himself and then jumped over the railing into the court, 180 feet below. A letter in the man's pocket showed him to be W. F. Mittman, a dancing teacher.

MANY of the New England cotton mills are talking about shutting down during the summer because of the present unsatisfactory state of the market.

GEORGE GREEN defeated Charles McKeever in 15 rounds at San Francisco on the 26th. The contest was noted for the terrific pace set by Green.

JACOB CONRAD, Joseph Bolum and Carl Eisteben entered into a contest as to who could drink the most whisky at Carl Schoepler's saloon at Chicago on the 26th. All three became unconscious after a time and the police were sent for and Conrad was found to be dead, Bolum dying and Eisteben in a critical condition. The saloonkeeper was arrested, charged with manslaughter.

KID MCCOY and Dick O'Brien, of Boston, middleweight boxers, went in for a 25-round bout at New York on the 26th, but the referee stopped the fight in the tenth round and gave it to McCoy, O'Brien being badly beaten.

A SCHOOLBOY named Oscar Lamb stopped to play in the Iron Mountain railroad yard at St. Louis. He boarded a freight train and when it began to move he ran down the ladder, but was knocked off by a switch engine and fearfully mutilated.

FOUR police officers and the driver of a patrol wagon were seriously injured at Chicago by a collision between the wagon and an electric car. No blame was attached to either side.

CASWELL'S mill at Lowelltown, Me., was blown up on the 25th. Four men were killed and several injured. The mill was totally wrecked and the loss was heavy.

GAGE FULL OF HOPE.

The Treasury Secretary Talks to Business Men at Cincinnati.

Renews Promise of the Administration to Deal with Financial Question—Tariff Problem Will Be Settled Soon and in the Right Way.

CINCINNATI, May 29.—The crowning event in the visit of the commercial clubs of St. Louis, Chicago and Boston was the banquet at the Clifton mansion of Alexander McDonald, who was host for the Cincinnati club. The dinner was most befitting the dignity of such clubs. Lucien Wulsin, president of the Cincinnati club, opened the speaking with an address of welcome.

Secretary of the Treasury Gage was vociferously applauded as he rose to speak. He said, in beginning his remarks, that before coming he had called on the president and asked permission to say for the administration that there must be proper revenue raised and there must be a sound system of currency established. The president said: "That is exactly what I want you to say." Mr. Gage continued:

As I have observed and listened to the words passing from lip to lip among the members of the commercial clubs gathered here, I discover two particular themes which have a first place in the thoughts of all. These two themes are the tariff and the public finances. Upon the settlement of these two questions enterprise waits and industry languishes. Over 50 times I have been asked, "When will the tariff discussion end and the measures proposed receive the final vote which will formulate the measure into law?" Over 50 times more have I been asked, "Have the financial reforms for which the people struggled in November been forgotten?"

Now, it is not to be wondered at that you, who have so long borne the burden of anxiety and fear, who have so long waited and watched for the restoration of conditions upon which some secure estimate of to-morrow can be made, should grow nervous and impatient over every act or word which seems to suggest doubt or delay in the establishment of such conditions. I have thought that, on this occasion, I could do no better service than to give you assurance and hope.

As to the great fabric now before congress known as the tariff bill, I have nothing to say in detail. I want to bear testimony, however, to the good faith of those in both houses who have that measure in charge. They are fully conscious of their great responsibility and are working faithfully to discharge it. Nor do I think that the opponents of these measures are likely to oppose with willful and unjust obstructions the course of legislation. Protest there will be—more or less fencing for position must be expected—but, having now come into contact with many of the representatives of the people in both houses of congress, I deem it my duty to bear witness, so far as it may have value, to the honorable and patriotic motives that inspire the minds of the great majority, whether upon one side of the house or the other, and I prophesy an early result in the national councils to which this great committee question is now committed.

As to the financial question, to which I have already referred, I must content myself with few words. I am glad that they may be words of assurance. If any of you harbor the suspicion that the administration but just now installed into the responsibilities of high office has forgotten, or is likely to forget, the mandate of the people whose vote in behalf of honest money and sound finances rang out loud and clear in November last, put that suspicion aside. It was unjust and unfounded. In good time and in proper order the affirmative evidences of my declaration will appear. In the meantime, my friends, do your part to help those charged with legislative and administrative responsibility. Do not let the inertia engendered by fear and distrust creep over you. We have been passing through a period of great trial, and nobly we have endured the strain. The future is not dark with forbodings; it is illumined with rational hope. The revival of industry is near, and, with the establishment of a revenue law sufficient to bring into the treasury an amount adequate to meet the reasonable needs of our government, and, with the establishment of our finances on a sound and enduring basis, nothing now foreseen can delay the recovery of past losses, and the inauguration of a new forward movement along the lines of material advancement and social progress, which we may humbly trust is in the benevolent mind of God to bestow upon the American people.

A SPECIAL EMBASSY.

Ogden Mills, of New York, Added to the Commission—Letter from McKinley.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The president has added another member to the special embassy which will attend the 60th celebration of the accession of Queen Victoria to the British throne, in the person of Ogden Mills, of New York. Mr. Mills goes in the capacity of secretary and attache to the special embassy. The commissions for the members will be beautifully engrossed, and altogether the occasion is special in every respect so far as the state department is concerned. Whitelaw Reid bears the title of special ambassador on special mission as the representative of the president, and Gen. Miles and Adm. Miller will have special commissions. The ambassador himself will carry for presentation in person to the queen a letter from the president which, in general terms, will be similar to that addressed to her upon the occasion of her jubilee celebration ten years ago. It is formal yet kindly in tone and expresses the appreciation of the president of the great good that has followed the long reign of her majesty and hopes of a continuance of her health.

BIRTHS AND ALLOTMENTS.

Wichita Indian Babies Born Faster Than Agents Can Allot Lands.

FORT WORTH, Tex., May 29.—The government allotting agents sent to Anadarko, Ok., to allot the Wichita lands have, after one month, succeeded in distributing land to 11 members of the tribe. During this time seven babies have been born in the tribe, each one of whom is entitled to an allotment. At this rate the agents will not complete their job until after the opening of the 20th century.

Will Take No Part.

LONDON, May 29.—John Dillon, chairman of the Irish parliamentary party, presided at a meeting of 26 Irish members of parliament, who adopted a resolution declaring that the Irish parliamentary party is unable to take part in the celebration of the jubilee, on the "ground that the demonstration is not simply commemorative of the private and public virtues of the monarch, but is mainly imperial jubilation over the development of the principles of self-government and the growth of prosperity, wealth, comfort, etc., in which Ireland has not shared."

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Condensed Proceedings of the Senate and House in Extra Session.

IN the senate on the 24th Senator Tillman (S. C.) made the formal announcement of the death of Senator Earle (S. C.) and offered a resolution expressing the sorrow of the senate at the occurrence. The senate then adjourned as a mark of respect to the deceased senator.... In the house Mr. McMillin (Tenn.) introduced a resolution for considering the senate resolution recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents "from day to day until disposed of," but the resolution was promptly referred to the committee on rules and the house adjourned at 12:25 p. m. on account of the death of Senator Earle.

THE debate on the tariff bill began in the senate on the 25th. Senator Aldrich (R. I.) laid the measure before the senate and spoke for over an hour in its favor, his speech being the official utterance of the finance committee. Senator Vest (Mo.) followed with a speech in opposition to the bill. Senator Cannon (Utah) closed the debate for the day by urging that protection should be distributed to aid the farmers and offered an amendment for paying bounties on certain farm products. Early in the day Mr. Mallory, the new senator from Florida, was sworn in; Senator Quay (Pa.) introduced a resolution to compensate Wichita Indians for certain lands and Senator Cullom (Ill.) a resolution for a new railroad pooling bill.... The house was not in session.

A DEBATE occurred in the senate on the 26th over the chartering of ships to carry the supplies donated to the starving millions of India. Senator Morgan (Ala.) insisted that American ships carrying the American flag ought to be employed. A motion, however, by Senator Chandler (N. H.) was finally passed to send the supplies by any suitable ships. The tariff bill was then taken up and considered by paragraphs. At five o'clock the bill was laid aside and after an executive session the senate adjourned.... The house was not in session.

THE senate on the 27th disposed of about ten pages of the tariff bill, the drug schedule being under discussion. Before taking up the tariff bill the final conference report on the sundry civil bill was agreed to, including the provision suspending, until March 1 next, the executive order creating extensive forest reserves.... In the house Mr. Wheeler (Ky.) introduced a bill for taxing certain occupations, such as companies engaged in the oil, iron and steel business, railways, banks, etc. Mr. Madden (Ga.) introduced a bill to exclude commercial agencies from the mails. Mr. Lewis (Wash.) endeavored to bring the Cuban question before the house as a privileged question and offered a resolution declaring it to be the sense of congress that the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents should be recognized. Speaker Reed declared it to be out of order and the house by 91 to 57 sustained the speaker. The house then adjourned until the 31st.

IN the senate on the 28th Senator Tillman, (S. C.) presented a resolution for the appointment of a special committee to investigate charges of speculation in sugar stocks by senators while the tariff bill was before the finance committee. In advocating the resolution Mr. Tillman said it was about time these published charges, most of them signed by the names of their authors, should be probed and, if true, the senate should be purged of those who had debauched it. The resolution was referred. Thirteen pages of the tariff bill was gone over. The democrats made an effort to reduce the rates on window glass, but their amendments were defeated. Mr. Cullom (Ill.) presented an amendment to strike out the provision of the bill increasing the tax on beer and to insert a provision making the tax on all distilled spirits 70 cents a gallon.... The house was not in session.

CENSURED GOV. DRAKE.

The Iowa Christian Church Convention Passes Resolutions Against Liquor.

WEBSTER CITY, Ia., May 28.—Yesterday closed the most successful northwestern Iowa district convention of Christian churches ever held. The committee on resolutions severely censured Gov. Drake and the state legislature for the part they had taken in compromising with the saloon element in passing the manufacturing bill and making it a law.

Whipple Loan Company Fails.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 28.—The Whipple Loan & Trust Co. failed Thursday. Clarence Palmer was appointed receiver by Judge Philips. The appointment of a receiver was asked by John W. Hammond, of Chicago, a stockholder in the company to the amount of $10,000. A. A. Whipple, president of the company, stated that the direct cause of the failure was pressure brought to bear by eastern parties, whose money the loan and trust company had put out on guarantee bonds.

The Money Was All There.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 28.—Gov. Lon V. Stephens spent yesterday in the office of State Treasurer Pitts, checking up the books of that officer From the books of Auditor Seibert it appears that there should be on hand in the treasury yesterday the sum of $1,546,663.69. The governor counted every cent of cash in the vault and checked up the various bank statements and found exactly the amount that should be on hand.

All Sheep Must Be Dipped.

CHICAGO, May 29.—The sheep dipping tank at the stock yards is now in operation and all sheep that are shipped from here must be dipped according to the instructions from Washington. The vat is the largest in the world and the charge is three cents for each sheep dipped. Dipping is supposed to eradicate ticks, scab and other skin afflictions.

Is Melton in America?

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 29.—The Gazette prints a letter from Lafayetteville, Ark., which says that Ona Melton, the newspaper correspondent who was captured with the Competitor crew by the Spaniards and held in prison in Havana for a long time, has been released. The letter says that he has reached his home in Madison county, near Huntsville, Ark., where he was reared.

Demands a Physician's Certificate.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Madame Herrmann, wife of the dead magician, has been refused payment of a $10,000 insurance policy on her husband by the Connecticut Indemnity association. The company demands a physician's death certificate, which Madame Herrmann is unable to furnish, as there was no physician present when the magician died.

Havemeyer Acquitted.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The jury trying the case of H. A. Havemeyer, the sugar king, returned a verdict of not guilty, in accordance with the instructions of the court. Havemeyer was on trial for refusing to answer questions propounded by the senate investigating committee.

May Soon Leave for Turkey.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., May 28.—Dr. Angell was called to Washington yesterday by a telegram from the state department. It is rumored that he will probably be ordered to depart for Turkey within a few days.

He Disliked Egotism.

"What is the matter with you?" asked the wife of the peculiar man.

"I'm feeling lonely," was the reply.

"Don't you like this city?"

"I don't like this earth."

"What's the objection to it?"

"People are too egotistical. If there's anything I hate it's egotism. And when I see kings going ahead confidently and doing things wrong, and diplomatists trying all sorts of insincere tricks with complete effrontery, and lawyers seeking applause for arguing on the wrong side of a case, and everybody displaying utter selfishness without a blush, I am forced to the conviction that I am the only consistent, high-toned and moral gentleman on this globe. And it makes me feel lonely."—Washington Star.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets candy cathartic, finest liver and bowel regulator made.

In the Department Store.

Customer (who has purchased a pair of kid gloves)—They will do very well, though they are a trifle large.

Saleswoman—But then, your hands are so small! Is there anything else?

"Yes; there are a few things I wanted. Let me see—oh, yes; a gallon of molasses, a pound of tenpenny nails and a hindquarter of lamb."

"Will you take them with you or have them sent?"

"Perhaps you may as well send them, as I am not going directly home."—Boston Transcript.

Impressing Him.

"Well, you had quite a siege with that real estate agent. I never saw a man gesticulate so violently. What ailed him?"

"Oh, the fellow has just heard of that German professor's theory that the Garden of Eden was located in the United States, and now he claims that he has seen the impression of Adam's fall on a rock in the neighborhood of the land he had to sell."—Jester.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. Buchmueller, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, 1894.

It Meant Something.

"Now," said the fussy old gentleman, putting one of the biggest berries in his mouth and picking up another, "what is the sense of having that sign read 'fresh strawberries for sale?' Don't you know that 'fresh strawberries' would be enough? Don't you suppose everybody knows they are for sale?"

"I dunno," answered the grocer. "Some folks seem to think I am givin' them away," and then the old gentleman put the berry back in the box.—Indianapolis Journal.

When bilious or costive eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed. 10c, 25c.

Splendid Economy.

Mrs. Sweet—Do you find it economical to do your own cooking?

Mrs. Burnem—Oh, yes; my husband doesn't eat half as much as he did when we had a cook.—Judy.

Just as sure as a woman forgets to take her handkerchief with her, some one tells her a tale of woe, and she is compelled to weep under such embarrassing circumstances that she doesn't enjoy it.—Atchison Globe.

Dyspepsia

Is weakness of the stomach. It is the source of untold misery. It may be cured by toning and strengthening the stomach and enriching and purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Many thousands have been cured by this medicine and write that now they "can eat anything they wish without distress." Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

For One Day's Work

THIS WATCH FREE!

No Money Required. We send this nickel-plated stem winding and stem setting watch that with proper care will keep good time for 15 years, to Boys and Girls for selling two dozen packages of Bluing. Send your full address by return mail and we will forward Bluing and our large premium list, postpaid. GERMAN ECONOMICAL BLUING CO., Evansville, Ind.

EARN A BICYCLE

$60 Second Hand Wheels All Makes, Good as New, $5 to $15. New High Grade '98 models, fully guaranteed, $17 to $22. Special Clearing Sale. Ship anywhere on approval. We will give a reasonable amount in cash here every one of our agents who wheel to introduce them. Our reputation is well known throughout the country. Write at once for our special offer. L. B. MEAD CYCLE CO., Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

$75 RIDE A CRESCENT BICYCLE $50

Western Wheel Works MAKERS CHICAGO ILLINOIS

CATALOGUE FREE

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

ROOF IT with FAY'S MANILLA ROOFING—No tar; cheap, strong, best. WRITE FOR SAMPLES. FAY MANILLA ROOFING COMPANY, CAMDEN, N. J.

GET RICH QUICKLY. Send for "200 Inventions Wanted." Edgar Tate & Co., 245 B'way, N. Y.