The Iola Register.

CHAS. F. SCOTT, PUBLISHER.

IOLA, - - - - KANSAS.

GENERAL COMMENTS.

THERE were issued during the year ended June 30th last over 114,000 patents for agricultural lands.

GENMAN officials have discovered that bacilli infection may be communicated by the membranes of telephones.

IT is reported from Gautemala that the life of President Barrillas has twice been attempted recently and that a revolution is inevitable.

LIFE is burdensome in Russia. Nearly 3 million people commit suicide there every year and still the land is full of unhappy men and women.

THE census bureau estimates that 2,225,000 families of the 12,500,000 families in the United States occupy and own incumbered farms and homes.

SWITZERLAND yearly receives about $25,000,000 from foreign tourists, and the hotels in Saratoga are said to take in $2,000,000 a week during the season.

MUCH uneasiness is felt by the Chickasaw freedmen over an effort to decide their status under the law, which may involve their removal from the Indian territory.

THERE now remains in active service in the army but 100 of those who were in service as commissioned officers on April 13, 1861, when Fort Sumter was bombarded.

A LONDON tradesman recently received an order for sixty-four pairs of shoes for the daughter of the Grand Duke Paul of Russia, a child less than a year old.

THE war upon opium smugglers on the Pacific coast has been so effective that the price of opium in San Francisco has increased from $3.25 to $5.20 a tin. All the opium factories have been driven out of Chinatown.

OWING to his desertion of Mlle. Vacaresen, his intended, because she is not of royal blood, the feeling in England is strongly against a union between Prince Ferdinand of Roumania, and a member of the British royal family.

A MAN in Muskegon Mich., has gone to making cuspidors of his own invention, which can be sold two for five cents or thirty cents a dozen—so cheap that people will throw them away instead of cleaning them after use.

A STATEMENT prepared at the pension office shows that the number of pensions granted during the week ended July 18th, was 517, on which the first payments averaged $125. The aggregate of the first payments on these cases was $742,129.

SIR GEORGE STEVEN, president of the Canadian Pacific railroad, who was raised to the peerage in May last, took the usual oath in the house of the lords and subscribed to the roll of peers. Lord Steven is the first native of a British colony to be made a peer.

THE historic Valley Forge property in Pennsylvania, where Washington's army passed the gloomy winter of 1777-78, is to be sold in parcels by the owner, Mrs. Anna L. Carter. That part now offered for sale contains the site of the fort, of the forge and of the headquarters of Washington, Lafayette and Knox.

IT seems that perfumes are not alone appreciated by man. Animals are not insensible to pleasant odors. An investigator of the effect of perfumes on animals in the zoological garden, London, discovered that most of the lions and leopards were very fond of lavender. They took a piece of cotton saturated with it, and held it between their paws with great delight.

A DENSE school of herring has appeared in the White Sea along the Soomski settlement in Archangel. It was a godsend to the people of the whole settlement, who had been reduced to actual starvation by the dearth and want of food. The villagers netted such quantities of herring that there was not salt enough in the whole district to preserve the entire crop, and many hundreds of pounds had to be thrown back into the sea.

THE constitution of the "Holden Improvement Society" of Massachusetts, says: "The object of this society shall be to cultivate public spirit, improve our streets, sidewalks and public grounds, establish good grass borders in the streets, remove nuisances, and in general to build up and beautify the whole village, and thus to enhance the value of its real estate, and to render it a still more inviting place for residence." Every village in the Missouri valley would be benefited if it had a society organized to support and promote these objects.

A LIVELY banana war took place the other afternoon between two rival department stores on State street, Chicago. Each store had purchased a car load of bananas to use in a special bargain sale. It was accidental that the purchases were made at the same time One store opened out by disposing of a dozen bananas for a cent. The other offered three dozen for a cent, and the rivalry waxed hotter until for an hour nice bananas were sold at ten dozen for one cent. Both stores closed out their stocks. Many fruit venders were among the customers at the latter part of the sale.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Happenings of a Week

DOMESTIC.

John D. Kilpatrick, the millionaire railroad contractor and builder of the Central Pacific, died at his home in Beatrice, Neb.

Ameer Ben Ali, the New York "Jack the Ripper," arrived at Auburn prison with fifty transferred Sing Sing prisoners. He gave his name as George Franks.

The fourth installment of treaty funds arising from the sale of the Sac and Fox surplus lands has been distributed among the Indians. But $50,000 yet remains to be paid them.

Eastern and western freight trains on the Pennsylvania line collided near Salem, O., demolishing both engines and eleven cars. Engineer Jonas Baer, Fireman W. Baer and Conductor Bradshaw were seriously hurt.

In consequence of the presence of the United States cutter Levi Woodbury on the Canada fishing grounds Maine fishermen are said to be openly catching fish within the Canadian lines.

Newspaper offices in Brazil indicate that an enthusiastic welcome is being extended to the world's fair commissioners. It is proposed by the people of the city of St. Joao del Rei to construct a cascade of crystals as part of the Brazilian exhibit.

At Columbus, Ohio, W. J. Elliott was found guilty of murder in the second degree for the killing of Albert G. Osborn and W. Hughes.

J. W. Miller, editor and proprietor of the Putnum Democrat of Windfield, W. Va., eloped with Miss Nora Boyer of Winfield. The girl's parents are wealthy and had kept her locked in her room in the second story of the house, from which she escaped.

White caps visited the home of Mary Green, near Grissom, N. C., carried her to the woods and whipped her nearly to death. Returning to the house they served Henry Merritt, a visitor, in the same manner.

The union veteran republicans of Hamilton county, O., held their convention at Cincinnati and nominated three senators, te: representatives and a full county ticket.

The congress of Columbia has appropriated $80,000 in gold to defray the expenses of an exhibit at the world's fair. Commissioners have been appointed.

Constant rains have caused a reappearance of the cotton worm in Alabama, and the entire crop is in danger.

Ramon Wriat and Andros Amya have sailed from San Salvador to Europe to negotiate a loan of 8 million dollars.

White caps took Henry Smith, a resident of Scottsville, Ala., to the outskirts of town, tied him and then shot him to death. No cause is known for the outrage.

Among recently appointed naval cadets are H. W. Hand of Kansas and T. A. Kearney, Alfred F. Morgan and J. P. Morton of Missouri. They are ordered to report at Annapolis for examination in September. H. L. Cox of Missouri is an alternate.

The petition has been granted asking the appointment of a receiver for the American Sugar Refining Company.

Agents of the companies controlling the anthracite coal markets met at New York and decided to maintain the present prices.

A refusal of a "treer" to instruct a boy in the boot and shoe factory of John E. Drake, at Quincy, Mass., resulted in the closing of the establishment and the throwing out of employment of 2,000 hands.

James Gordon Bennett has been indicted for publishing an account of the Sing Sing executions by electricity.

Census returns indicate that 2,491,930 farms and homes in the United States occupied by owners, are encumbered by mortgages. Preliminary returns from Iowa indicate that the average debt for a farm in that state is $1,283 and for a home $719, making the average of both $1,140. At this rate the total encumbrance on farms and homes in the United States would amount to 2,560 million dollars. Judging from the incomplete returns from western states, farms and homes are mortgaged for about one-third of their value.

Brazilian advices announce the appointment of a commission of eight members to take charge of the Brazilian representation at the Columbian exposition. Among the members is Prof. Orville Derby, who accompanied Agassiz in his geological surveys in Brazil, and who for many years has been in charge of the geological and mineralogical sections of the national museum at Rio.

A miner named Wilkins, living near Pittsburg, Pa., insulted Mrs. Joseph Wilson. She resented this and he beat her into insensibility with a ball bat. Believing that he had killed her, Wilkins cut his throat with a pocket knife. Both will probably die.

Frederick C. Havemeyer, founder of the Havemeyer sugar firm, is dead.

Editor William J. Elliott of Columbus, O., who killed two men on the streets February 23d last, was convicted of murder in the second degree by the jury, after five days' deliberation.

William N. Weedon, who developed the Waterbury watch, died at New Bedford, Mass.

The house where Jesse James died will be exhibited at the world's fair at Chicago.

Governor Hovey says the federal government owes Indiana $1,000,000 for war tax, interest and national road claims.

An exploded boiler at Vicksburg, Miss., rose to a great height in the air, falling through the roof of a house and alighting on a breakfast table.

There is a movement on foot to reduce the capital stock of the lead trust from $87,000,000 to $30,000,000.

Proceedings to test the constitutionality of the secresy clause of the New York electrocution law were begun.

At Aiken, S. C., the corpse of a boy supposed to have been killed by his father, was found by some children.

The chared bodies of August Young, aged 5, and Frank Wenzel, aged 4, were found in the ruins of city councilman George Mercherle's stable, which burned at Dayton, Ohio.

The Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Wellington White, their three children, Mattie Hastings, the daughter of a neighbor, and a nurse girl went out for a drive, at Nyack, N. Y. On an Erie railroad crossing stood a freight train cut in halves to allow vehicles to pass. Mr. White drove between the halves in time to be struck by an Erie passenger train on another track. Mr. White, two of his daughters and the nurse girl were instantly killed. The skulls of Mrs. White and the child were fractured and they are not expected to live.

George W. Poor, a deputy sheriff, J. E. Terry, an ex-police officer of Seattle, and Customs Inspectors J. C. Baird and James Buchanan had for several days been on the track of a band of Mongolians who were being smuggled into the United States from British America. The first two men were together and a rivalry existed between the two pairs. Poor and Terry captured the Mongolians, and Baird and Buchanan opened fire, killing Poor and seriously wounding Terry.

Colonel Fred Brackett, chief clerk of the treasury department, has resigned, his resignation to take effect September 1. He has been appointed a special agent of the treasury department to establish a bureau of world's fair information in London for the benefit of intending exhibitors.

W. E. Denny, Eugene Kelly and Phil Hickey were arrested at Butte, Mont., for the murder of Editor W. J. Penrose on the night of July 9. The men are all members of the miner's union and had been assailed by Editor Penrose in his paper.

Rainmaker Melbourne is feeling exultant. Out of eight experiments only one has been a failure, and that is set down to a broken machine.

Employees of a cork factory at Evora, Spain, set fire to the building lately. The men were thrown out of work because of dull times caused by the McKinley bill.

Mrs. Lydia Bacon, a court stenographer in Cincinnati, has been appointed master and refree in the case of George I. King and others against the Mutual Fire Insurance company. Mrs. Bacon is the first woman in the history of the superior court to hold such a position.

"Prof." Campbell was to fly at Fort Wayne, Indiana. Instead, he vanished taking $750 in cash.

The visible supply of grain Saturday showed: Wheat, 14,100,447 bushels; an increase of 1,628,183. Corn, 3,035,876, a decrease of 329,326 bushels.

Near Platteville, Wis., the powder mill of Laflin & Rand exploded. The mutilated remains of a workman named Lowry were picked up 400 yards from the mill.

A mail bag containing warrants issued by Auditor Pavey to various state's attorneys was stolen at Tolono, Ill., July 2. The bag has since been found and the papers have been returned.

Hon. M. S. Quay, president, and Hon. W. W. Dudley, treasurer of the national republican committee, tendered their resignations as officers and members of the committee. The resignations were accepted, and Hon. J. S. Clarkson was appointed to fill Senator Quay's place.

Heavy rains are doing much damage in Arkansas.

It is learned that the so-called wild man of Hartman, Ark., is only a practical joker.

Ex-Treasurer Noland of Missouri, has taken an appeal, and the costs have been taxed to the state.

While the clerks in a Sag Harbor, (L. I.) bank were looking out the windows a thief stole $3,000.

A vote in the Canadian house of commons on an amendment endorsing "the most extended reciprocal trade," stood yeas 88, nays 114.

While Sam Jones was addressing an audience at Houston, Tex., the lights were suddenly extinguished, and the speaker and many of his audience pelted with eggs.

Ralph Lidster, one of the original Wisconsin pearl fishers, says that the industry is dead. No finds of good pearls have been reported since the first excitement ended.

Foreign.

Fifty dead have been accounted for at St. Mande, the scene of the French railway accident.

The Grenadier Guards are back in England from Bermuda, where they were exiled for mutiny about a year ago.

The notorious swindler who for years has been duping Americans through letters from Spain, representing himself as a priest with knowledge of buried treasure, has been arrested in Spain.

The world's fair foreign committee gave a luncheon to the British commissioner and other distinguished persons at which promises encouraging to the fair were made by several Englishmen.

The Czar sent a friendly message to President Carnot in connection with the visit of the French squadron to Russia.

Captain Saunders of the steamer Charles W. Wetmore died in Liverpool from heart disease, resulting from excitement produced by his jumping overboard and saving a man from drowning.

"Economy" is Italy's watchword. The Vatican as well as the government is reducing expenses.

Forty-three dead and 104 injured is the official statement of the casualties at the St. Mande railroad collision. The cause is not definitely known yet.

Berland and Dore were guillotined in the Place de la Roquette, Paris, before thousands of curious, cursing spectators, who kept the police and soldiers busy preserving order. Berland made a scene on the scaffold.

In speaking of the recent social scandals in England the president of the Wesleyan conference condemned the doctrine that while cheating was wrong gambling was right. He said thousands of Christians would be heard from at the polls.

O'Brien and Dillon Free.

DUBLIN, Aug. 4.—William O'Brien and John Dillon, the Irish members of parliament who have been undergoing six months' imprisonment for inciting the tenants of the Smith-Barry estate at Tipperary to resist payment of rents, were released from Galway jail at 9:25 o'clock this morning. Dillon and O'Brien showed slight traces of having suffered from confinement in jail and seemed to be enjoying perfect health.

Large crowds of people gathered outside the jail long before the hour set for the deliverance of the two imprisoned Irish leaders, and when the latter did appear they were greeted with loud shouts of "stick to Parnell." These shouts, however, were intermixed with others equally loud and which had for their tenor, "down with Parnell."

No sooner were the two members of parliament free from the prison surroundings than a deputation of tenant farmers presented them with several addresses of congratulation upon their release from prison.

Mrs. William O'Brien was waiting in a carriage outside the jail for her husband, whom she welcomed back to liberty in a most affectionate manner, amid the cheers of the surrounding crowd.

After replying briefly to the addresses of welcome and shaking hands with a number of the most prominent people present, both Dillon and O'Brien entered Mrs. O'Brien's carriage and were driven, followed by repeated cheers and showers of good wishes, to the residence of Bishop McCormack, where the entire party were entertained at breakfast. At this repast a number of short addresses were made, but the guests as a rule were too much occupied with personal and private conversation of a congratulatory nature to enter very deeply into formal phraseology. The released prisoners and their families will start for this city this afternoon.

The Exchange Telegraph company says that Dillon and O'Brien have declared that they cannot again accept Mr. Parnell's leadership, as they are strongly in favor of supporting the evicted tenants and can't understand how patriotic Irishmen can refuse to assist them.

A Kansas City Girl Hurt.

LEAVENWORTH, Aug. 4.—Last night a driving party of fourpersons on their way to this city from the soldiers' home were overturned on south Fourth street by the wheels of the carriage running over a pile of macadam. The left leg of Miss Ella Hatch of Kansas City, a guest of Mrs. C. A. Van Tuyl, was broked in two places. None of the others were hurt.

A BITTER FIGHT CERTAIN.

Indications in Kansas Point to a Hot Campaign.

TOPEKA, Aug. 4.—There is a disposition on the part of the people's party papers and politicians to laugh at the democratic editors. When asked what he thought of the refusal of the democrats to form a combination with the people's party, Dr. McLallin, editor of the Advocate, smilingly replied: "Nobody asked them, sir."

Even the republicans, who are immensely plehsed with the result, cannot refrain from joking their old-time enemies and new-found friends over their refusal to enter a household where they had been notiged they would be kicked out.

The Kansas Farmer declares that the democrats and republicans are all of "one family." It calls the democratic manifesto "the last will and testament of the party," in which it is stated that "they will have no fusion in theirs, notwithstanding the amusing fact that no one had asked them to fuse."

The desperate earnestness with which the people's and republican parties have entered into the fall campaign is the best indication that a close struggle will take place in this state. Heretofore there has been no such thing as a state central committee in off years. Each county was allowed to make its own campaign, and while there has always been a merry scramble for the county offices, there was no significance attached to it. The republican central committee has been in continuous session since the campaign last fall. It has kept posted on affairs throughout the state, and the action of the democratic editors is the most encouraging development since the returns indicated the re-election of Governor Humphrey.

The people's party central committee will hold a meeting in this city August 11. Levi Dumbould, the Lyon county legislator, who was elected chairman of the people's party central committee when Dick Chase was deposed, will be given an opportunity to display his political sagacity.

The congressional meetings which have been arranged for September, will furnish abundant chance for the alliance politicians to feel the pulse of the farmers. The first meeting will be held at Ottawa, and P. P. Elder, who is an avowed candidate for governor, will in all probability inaugurate the boom. The politicians have already decided that Elder and Willits will be the leading candidates before the alliance convention, and every indication points toward Willits.

There is a feeling among the alliance men all over the state that he was defrauded of his election, and if he wants the nomination again he can get it. Elder hurt himself with the people's party when he made such a bitter fight against the universal suffrage bill last winter, and the Snow faction will fight him to the death.

Notwithstanding their old political prejudices and their recent declaration in favor of an independent fight, there will be a large element in the democratic party which will vote for the republican nominee for governor if a wise selection is made. And this same element will vote for the people's party electors. The 50,000 democratic voters in Kansas absolutely control the situation in this state if they are wisely groomed. It will require much shrewder management than they had last fall, when fully half of their circular letters found their way into the people's party central committee before the ink had fairly dried on Chairman Jones' signature. But no such stupendous blunders as that will be tolerated by the national leaders. The Kansas business men who vote the democratic ticket, will slip in a quiet vote for an acceptable republican state ticket. It is the logic of the situation, as it now presents itself, and the crack of the party whip and warnings of the partisan press will cut no figure.

Minneapolis Flour Output.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 4.—The Northwestern Miller says: "Three mills last week ground a total of 139,515 barrels, averaging 23,252 daily, against 133,935 the week before, 170,686 for the corresponding time in 1890, and 124,000 in 1889. There has been more doing in flour the past week, and millers appear to be in a little more confident and happy state of mind. Spot business has experienced more or less improvement, while pretty heavy sales have been made for September delivery. Foreigners are paying the most attention to bakers, and are free buyers. In the aggregate, sales of patents show up pretty well. Low grades are in good request, but with the production light millers, are cautious about selling too far ahead. The export sales for forward delivery are understood to have been at rather low figures, wheat options being bought to cover them. Some firms have refrained from doing this on account of the uncertainity of freights and the same class argue that with a large crop of wheat, as now seems certain to be realized, there will soon be a good market for flour at a liberal margin, and they do not see the necessity of taking such chances when so little is to be gained by it. Local millers continue to get the benefit of cheap freight rates on flour and millstuff. Taking effect July 27th, the Soo road made an all-rail rate of 27½c per 100 pounds to Boston and New England points. This has been met by the Lake Superior lines, they putting into effect similar rates by lake and rail. The Chicago roads have so far taken no notice of the cut, and this places the country miller, not able to ship via Minneapolis, at something of a disadvantage. The direct export shipments last week were 46,185 barrels as against 51,825 barrels the preceding week. London quotations for 280 pounds c. i. f. are: Patents, 29s 9d@31s; bakers, 26s 6d@27s; low grades, 15s 6d@17s 6d.

Escaped Convicts Caught.

ATCHISON, Aug. 4.—James Lannon and Harry L. Lucas, two of the convicts who dug out of the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Sunday night, were arrested here last night and sent to the fort this morning.

Their arrest was caused by George Martin, a negro who lives in a boat on the river bank. Martin met the two men below town in the afternoon. He suspicioned their identity and told them so. They admitted that he was right and asked him to shelter them until they could get out of the country. They promised to reward him, and he told them to conceal themselves beneath his boat.

Waiting in the woods until dark, the fugitives made their way to the boat, where Martin stowed them away and then went and informed the police. Martin expects a reward from the military authorities, but it is not probable that he will get any. He claims to know the place of concealment of another of the quartette that escaped Sunday night, but says he will not tell the secret unless he is paid for it.

Banker Brown Under Arrest.

SIOUX CITY, IA., Aug 3.—Governor Humphrey of Kansas, recently issued a requisition for S. T. Brown, charged with fraud in the failure of a bank at Grainfield, Kansas, which was running four years ago. Brown was arrested

A CHANGE OF LEADERS.

The Republican Committe Chairman and Treasurer Resign.

Senator Quay and Wm. W. Dudley Step Down and Out of the National Republican Committee—Hon. J. S. Clarkson to be Quay's Successor.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 4.—The executive committee of the national republican commitee met in this city last Wednesday and considered the following communication:

WASHINGTON, D. C. July 29.—Hon. J. S. Fassett, Secretary National Republican Committee: DEAR SIR—This is to appraise you that I have to-day forwarded to Hon. Wm. H. Andrews, chairman of the republican state committee of Pennsylvania, my resignation from the national committee from this state.

Yours Truly,
M. S. QUAY.

Mr. Clarkson offered a resolution regreting the action of President Quay in offering his resignation and expressing the sense of the committee in his ability, integrity and loyalty to the republican party. The resolution was adopted.

The committee of audit made the following report:

Your committee appointed to audit the accounts of W. W. Dudley, treasurer of the national committee, would report that on thorough inspection of the books and accounts we are enabled to state that all moneys received by the treasurer are actually and fully accounted for and sustained in every particular by vouchers and proper receipts. We are enabled from this examination to approve of the treasurer's account and to express to the committee our sense of its great obligation to the treasurer for his faithful and efficient service to it in this capacity.

[Signed] J. S. CLARKSON,
GARRAT A. HOBART,
SAMUEL FESSENDEN,
Committee.

The chairman then read the following letter:

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.—The executive committee of the republican national committee: My Friends and Associates—Inasmuch as you are about to reorganize the executive committee for immediate preparatory work pending the approaching presidential election of 1892, and as my business engagements will demand all my time and attention during the coming year, I am compelled to sever the pleasant relations which have existed and still exist between us. I therefore tender my resignation of the office of treasurer of your committee and of the republican national committee.

Respectfully yours,
[Signed.] W. W. DUDLEY.

The committee immediately adopted a resolution of respect and regret, and accepted treasurer Dudley's resignation, subject to the approval of the full republican national committee, at its next regular meeting.

Mr. Clarkson was chosen chairman of the executive committee, and Mr. Hobart was elected vice chairman, in the place of Mr. Clarkson, the chairman being authorized to select a treasurer to succeed Mr. Dudley.

The committee then adjourned.

In the Eternal City.

ROME, Aug. 4.—The Holy See has just appointed an extraordinary commission of cardinals to reorganize the Catholic missions. Two years ago Cardinal Simeoni prepared and communicated to the pope a plan of reforms in order to better regulate the action of the Propaganda. But the coming of General Simmons from England on a special mission to Pope Leo in reference to colonial questions had the effect of postponing the execution of the projected reform, as the propaganda did not wish to awaken the idea that the reforms were made in consequence of the arrangement with England. Any suspicion of such an arrangement would have roused the greatest jealousy in France. Leo, who has always been in favor of the missions taking a leading part in the work of colonization, had revived these projects of reform. The inquiry of the commission of cardinals, it is said, extend over the whole of the apostolic works.

The vatican does not intend to let the question of social reform drop now that the pope's encyclical letter has been published. It is stated that inquiries are still being made and instructions sent to the prelates, of all countries to encourage Catholics to do their utmost toward ameliorating the condition of the poor and effecting the social reforms urged in the encyclical.

Herr Schloser, the Prussian minister to the vatican, will soon leave Rome for his ordinary vacation. His recent negotiations with the holy see have had little success. The vatican is greatly dissatisfied with the tardiness with which Prussia is inclined to treat the most urgent ecclesiastical affairs.

The recent economic crisis at Rome has almost ruined many of the great ancient families, such as the Borghese, Sciarra and Barberini. The Borghese families appear to have been the greatest sufferers. Paul Borghese, its present head, is said to have ordered the most rigorous economy in the management of his properties in order to get over the great losses recently sustained. He has distributed the works of art which composed the celebrated Borghese gallery among his nine brothers, so as to enable them to lease the apartments given up to the art collection to a bank. One hears expressions of regret on all sides at this action. It is feared that the example may find imitation on the part of the other great families, and that there may thus be a general breaking up of the fine private art gallery collections at Rome.

Bitten by a Mad Dog.

LEAVENWORTH, Aug. 4.—A. H. Corlett of High Prairie, this county, was bitten Wednesday afternoon by a small black and tan dog. The bite made a trifling wound. The dog was a household pet and nothing was thought of the matter until the day following, when the dog went mad and had to be killed. Corlett went at once to Kansas City to try the mad stone. The stone adhered eight times satisfactorily, but to make the cure sure, Corlett was advised to go to the Pasteur institute at Paris, and was to have started last night.

Corlett is a young man and recently graduated from the Leavenworth high school.

Parnell Will Appeal.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The announcement is made that Mr. Parnell will take an appeal from the judgment which ordered him to pay $5,000 costs in the O'Shea divorce suit. A few days since the registrar in the London bankruptcy court decided that Mr. Parnell's objection to O'Shea's notice to pay the costs, on the ground that he was not a resident of England, was untenable. It therefore only remained for Mr. Parnell to appeal, pay the costs, or be declared a bankrupt.

Gold in Washington State.

ELLENSBURG, Wash., Aug. 4.—The finding of gold near Swakin, Wash., has created greated excitement. Many nuggets the size of a thimble have been found. The vein is eighty feet under the surface. Its width is not known.

Building Site Chosen.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Assistant Secretary Crouse has selected the property at Fifth avenue and Merchant street in Emporia, Ks., as the site of the public building to be erected in that city.

The Alliance Invasion of Georgia.

Rome, (Ga.,) Tribune: Why this invasion of Georgia by men who are mouthpieces of strange teachings, the emmisarries of an unknown God? Why this bringing from afar these evangelists of a new doctrine, these propagandists of a mottled and unsanctified faith? Has the glory departed from Georgia, and are there none of her sons brave enough and capable enough to lead their brothers into ways of pleasantness and paths of peace? Has it came to this that the name Georgian is but another for paltroon, demagogue, traitor and coward? Has it come to this that Georgians must be taught their duty as citizens by a crazy-quilt politician from Iowa and an accident from Kansas? Then, God help us! Then, let the angel of oblivion kinkly cover the names of Crawford, of Stephens, of Toombs, of Gordon, of Hill, of Jennings, of Johnson, of Grady, and obliterate forever the story of their lives and their works.

Colonel Livingston, head of the Georgia alliance at Hogansville, Ga: "Our people have not aligned themselves with any political party," said he. "I told you General Weaver and Jerry Simpson did not come down here to talk third party, and they have not done so. They didn't come here to talk democracy or republicanism, and they haven't done it, either. There are some people who think every time you say anything that you are talking about them. The alliance, in or out of Georgia, is not talking about the democratic party or the republican party. I want to tell you that there is no third party. General Weaver will tell you so."

"I am disappointed," said General Weaver. "They are all one way."

"He says he did believe there was a third party in Georgia," continued Colonel Livingston, "but it is not true. He finds every man, woman and child going the same road. The Georgia state alliance has not authorized me to talk third party. The national meeting at Ocala never authorized me to talk third party. They never instructed me to talk democratic party. I will never go to an alliance meeting and talk democratic party. If there is a democratic meeting it may be different. I don't ask Weaver and Simpson what they talk at republican or third party mettings. That is none of my business.

"It is said that a guilty conscience needs no accuser, and when alliance men stand up and talk straight alliance doctrine there is always somebody to call it third party."

Atlanta Constitution: It would be interesting to know how the reforms demanded are to be brought about by breaking up the democratic party in the south, and thus destroying the strength and efficiency of an organization which is not only working with the alliance, but which is practically controlled by it. Such a movement would have neither reason nor common sense behind it for when the democratic party of the south is weakened the alliance is weakened in the same proportion, and its hopes of success postponed. There is no gainsaying this proposition. There is no hope outside the democratic party for the success of the reforms which the people are demanding.

Congressman Livingston hits the nail on the head when he says "there is no third party." It is the declaration of an allianceman who is a democrat, and who understands how vital to the success of the alliance is the success of the democratic party. Reforms that are worth fighting for are worth a few compromises. But when the alliance builds up a third party in the south it deserts the high ground it has taken, and inevitably postpones the reforms which are necessary to the prosperity of the farmers.

They See It in England.

There are none so blind as those who will not see. The free trade organs of this country, that are engaged in fighting its prosperity, and that ignore or deny the most absolute proofs that the tin plate industry is being established in this country, will read with dismay, the following extract from the London Economist, July 11, 1891:

What is patent to the meanest understanding is, that to successfully compete with any American firms who may take up the manufacture of tin plate, our makers must cut their prices. The only way to keep the trade is to show the Americans that they cannot reap any great advantage from taking up this manufacture themselves. If they find that they can do so, whether it be by reason of the English makers indulging in stop months or quarrels with their men, either of hich will raise prices to an artificial level, then we may be very sure that the days of the tin pate trade of this country with America are numbered. And what this means will be readily appreciated when we add that of the entire output of tin plates the United States consumers take about seven-tenths.

The free traders in England see the tin plate situation with eyes opened by actual facts and conditions.—New York Press.

Tariff Pictures.

The McKinley bill increased the duty on linseed oil from 25 cents a gallon to 32. Oil was selling at that time at

62 cents a gallon.

but the increased duty has so stimulated its productions that it is now selling at

47 cents.

—N. Y. Press

Republican Tips.

If Henry Watterson had taken a contract to keep alive the bitter feeling that is known to exist between the Hill and Cleveland factions in the democratic party he could not work more assiduously than he does to that end.—Philadelphia Record.

The British organs of this country have now turned from the effort to embarrass American tin plate manufacturers and are endeavoring to prevent the successful application of the subsidy law to the revival of American shipping.—Rochester Democrat.

The Ohio democrats wish to have incomes taxed. We have always supposed that this was one of the war taxes. Have not our friends the enemy had a good deal to say during the recent years about the injustice and abomination of keeping up "war taxation?" Why do they want to have the most unpopular of the war taxes revived?—New York Tribune.

Mr. Powderly has concluded that it is wise to declare "off" the proposed industrial conference which was to have been held on July 26, to take up the platform of the farmers' alliance and join hands with the third party. Inasmuch as only three officers of other labor organizations have paid any attention to the call, the wisdom of Mr. Powderly's decision at once becomes impressive.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

There are times when we are led to suspect that the New York Sun is boosting Grover Cleveland for the presidency of the United States. "Where are you going, Pat?" asked one Irishman of another whom he met leading a pig. "To Kilkenny," answered Pat in a loud voice. "Whisht, ye fool, don't ye know that this road leads to Cork and that you are laving Kilkenny behind ye?" "Sh-sh!" whispered Pat, "it's to Cork I'm going, but the pig thinks I want to go to Kilkenny. If he gets on to my trick he'll want to go the other way."—New York Press.

HAPPY KANSANS.

Pensions Recently Granted to Residents of the Sunflower State.

David P. Tressler, Charles E. Martin, Alexander McMillen, Thos. S. Tyler, Alexander Stuart, Moses Click, Levi Holt, Fredgrick Yenger, Wm. M. Stout, Benjamin Bolt, Greenup Timbers, Henry C. Woodrow, James V. Davis, James H. Lebrum, Isaiah Smith, John C. Clark, Nathan Martin, Abram H. McCoy, Joshua Eggman, Thos. G. Alley, John W. Uglow, Geo. T. Dissette, Nathan Hudson, Mathias Kendall, Geo. McDaniel, Bailey Webb, Francis B. Andrews, Patrick Rice, Christopher C. Bryson, Edward Jamison, John M. Bryan, Stephen S. Baxter, Wm. A. Phillip, Tillman H. Snyder, Samuel McManis, John M. Kingsley, John Hull, John W. Adams, John M. Bort, Bazillia Tatman, Lewis Doty, Theodore Ackles, Wm. A. Skiles, George Heidel, Rodman P. Blain, Charles T. Bannister, Albert Pearson, James D. Boyd, John B. Alexander, Levi E. Woodruff, Edward M. Converse, Henry A. Hurlbut, Peter Brunk, Wm. W. Yates, Ira Beach, George S. Bennett, Mary Schrumpf, Maria J. McMcClellan, Mary A. Hatch, Sara Compton, Eliza Peters, Cordelia Havens, James Wetherly, Matthew Chestnut, John A. McFarlin, David J. Coulter, Wm. A. Wood, Wm. Williams, Lewis Anderson, Richard Pickett, Robert A. Thompson, Thomas Jones, James R. Rather, Joseph Pays, Christoph Gans, James M. Swift, John R. Scott, Marshall W. Lane, Henry Marquis, Calvin O. Morgan, Lardner J. McCrumb, Jared W. Crampton, Wm. H. McNeill, John M. House, Hugh Thorman, Augustus Wyatt, Wm. C. Garner, Wm. R. Kinion, Samuel Smith, Wm. H. H. Stewart, John A. Kewins, Solomon H. Kinder, Elias J. Gillis, John W. Painter, Nelson Haver, John S. Pears, Alexander Swan, Benjamin H. Sweet, John W. James, Haywood Peel, Benjamin F. Thompson, Peyton R. Symmes, Wyman F. Patten, Wm. J. Hall, James Finney, Benjamin Adams, Ezra Boyle, Samuel C. Adams, Antone Longside, John G. Axtell, Joseph Marshall, Geo. W. Smirl, Jacob Welcher, Charles Naldmiller, Josephus Utz, Josiah A. Hawkenberry, Charles Fordlerer, Edwin E. Faunes, David M. Lillie, Louis Schomer, Alvin E. Semple, John P. O'Meara, Massalon Ritchey, Marion Coats, Enoch Manning, Wm. E. Cummins, David Bickel, Martin W. Blunt, Nicholas Wetzel, James T. Brock, Elizabeth Dewhitt, Andrew T. Kyle, Geo. S. Mooney and Wm. P. Drummond.

To James W. Jesse, George Shearer, Randolph Isard, Benjamin F. Stephenson, Dwigat R. Chappel, William R. M. Wafker, Edwin P. Miner, Charles E. Makemson, Jasper Robinson, George M. Thomas, Willis Hopson, Thomas G. G. Robinson, Alexis Tull, Samuel Rudy, Allen Emery, Joseph W. Anderson, Benjamin H. Fisher, Patrick Ryan, Franklin J. Moore, Hiram Rusel, William A. Berry, Andrew Miller, Frank P. Varoum, Jeremiah Rhodes, Ferdinand Baeder, John W. Hargrove, James R. Nelson, Reason Gilliland, Hiram F. Adsit, Alexander Duncan, James S. Pendleton, James Martin, Stratton Blakeway, John H. Lichtenberger, William H. Eustice, John W. Vanselvat, John Matthews, John Dasey, Jacob H. Pitter, Andrew Prince, John S. Hubbard, Thomas J. White, David Baker, William R. Crawford, Horton Washburn, Eric Nelson, William E. Durand, August Golsh, Job P. Leavitt, Thomas Hunt, Hiram Patten, William H. Rutledge, Charles W. Sparr, Duane Grant, Abraham Metheny, Milton R. Reynolds, Daniel Shlider, Samuel Adams, Stephen D. Pond, Moses Reed, George A. Whitebread, Peter Parse, Patrick Mason, Patrick McGerald, Thomas Rayson, George W. Cable, Ames B. Miller, George W. McMillen, William C. Allen, Levi L. Albrich, James C. Hunter, William Fielder, Edgar H. Austin, Dennis Galloway, Robert Tate, Quinton Westcoat, Francis Berry, Henry R. Moreland, Josiah Grim, Robert N. Farnsworth, William C. Johnson, Margaret Coffman, Daniel Grim, Benedict F. Stauch, James L. Devore, Stephen White, Ferdinand Schwichtenberg, Alexander S. Eunis, Francis M. Shore, George H. Harman, John Dulfer, Samuel Shaffer, James T. Harbison, Gilli D. Cribbs, James A. Adams, Rosabar P. Harvey, Michael Boblen, William L. Mundy, Henry Barger, Jacob Seybold, Aaron Green, Amos Tacker, Gideon Gibson, Madison Huston, Phillip Fitzgerald, John Chenoweth, George V. Duffy, William Roberds, Orin L. Sumner, Samuel Rhodes, William F. Pickett, Hardin F. Goodin, Francis Fitzmaurice, George Boatright, Joseph Kreider, Thomas V. Malone, George Mitchell, John H. Yerkes, Henry Smith, Thomas Hays, Andrew L. Boling, Edgar S. Lewis, Frederick Shmidt, Andrew Osborn, Alex McCafferty, Christopher Bishart, Richard Stone, William Jackson, Isaac W. Hull, Urban Albrecht, Purly Shry, Elic Meek, Andrew J. McCollin, James Gifford, Jonathan Alden, Amos Williamson, Patrick H. Campbell, Silas W. Haynes, Cyrus Haynes, Rudolph Blanchard, James H. Fox, John G. Dodge, Jacob Hayes, Lorin Robbins, George S. Gary, Jesse E. Horne, John S. Brown, Sarah M. Payne, Winnie Birdie, Mary Stringer, Prudence Woodman, Christopher C. Lowrie and Evan S. Purviance.

Stoned to Death.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 4.—James Meers was stoned to death last night by a dozen boys, none of whom is over 14 years of age. Meers was a watchman on the Erie road. He is 60 years old. Small boys have been troubling him for a long time, and last night he discovered a gang of them playing on the coal cars and ordered them off the company's property. They refused to go and began to abuse him.

"Let's pelt him with coal," cried one of the boys, and from the tops of the cars they began to hail great chunks of coal on him. Meers attempted to run away, but he was felled to the ground, where he lay unconscious. Over thirty pieces of coal struck him on the head, and he was frightfully cut and mutilated. The boys ran away, and Meers lay on the ground unconscious for a long time. He was carried to his home, where it was found he was also injured internally. This morning Police Captain Dugan and Coroner Tucker visited Meers. The coroner took his ante-mortem statement. He was able to slowly tell about the case and gave the names of the boys who stoned him. This afternoon Dr. O'Neil said he could not tell whether Meers would survive the shock or not. He was unconscious to-night. His advanced age will work against him, and the doctor said his chances for living were very poor. Meers says that 14-years-old Michael McCarthy, 12-year-old Edward Duffy, 13-year