

THE IOLA REGISTER.

Official paper of Allen county and of Iola City. CHARLES F. BOOTH, Publisher.

THE WORLD AT LARGE.

Summary of the Daily News.

WASHINGTON NOTES. The sundry civil appropriation bill of last year carried an aggregate appropriation of about \$28,000,000, while the bill this year amounts to a little more than \$28,000,000, being in the neighborhood of \$12,000,000 less than the act of the current fiscal year.

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THE president of the St. Louis city council has been charged with running a pool room in disguise.

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ON his recent visit to Ann Arbor, Mich., ex-president Cleveland was elected to membership and initiated into the Sigma Chi, a college secret society.

THE doctors of Gary, S. D., reported new cases of diphtheria, and the city board of health suspended the schools and placed the city under a rigid quarantine.

FIRE at Dunlap's Island, Minn., the other day destroyed seven buildings, valued at \$25,000. One man lost his life.

INDY, JOHN TEMPLE, of Evansville, Ind., has been sentenced to serve seven years in the penitentiary for manslaughter. He killed Warren Gray, who was acting as peacekeeper between Temple and his wife.

THE SOUTH. HON. J. S. CLARKSON, ex-postmaster general, arrived at Hot Springs, Ark., on the 23d accompanied by his wife and C. F. Meek and Charles McAtter, of New York.

A BIG milk trust has been formed in Chicago.

AN undivided trust containing \$13,000 in cash and papers valued at twice that was left in a Turkish bath room, at the Palmer house, by ex-Senator Thomas M. H. Brown, of Denver, recently. It was found half an hour later by Colored Attendant Watson, and returned after Bowen had been very much excited.

THE Lindell hotel, at St. Louis, known the country over to the traveling public, which cost when it was built fourteen years ago \$1,300,000, was sold recently by the Marmaduke estate to the present lessee, Messrs. Howe and Chas. Taylor, for \$775,000. The building is 181x225 feet and six stories high.

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BRITISH troops have been repulsed in Senegambia.

THE failure of an important grain firm at Antwerp has been announced. The British admiralty has given an order for two gunboats to be built for special service on Lake Nyanza to assist in suppressing the slave traffic.

JOSEPH JOYCE, a supporter of the Parnellite section of the Irish parliamentary party, was at Cork on the 23d, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Patrick O'Leary, an anti-Parnellite. The only motive for the crime was his feeling Joyce entertained for O'Leary because of his different political views.

THE National Zeitung, of Berlin, says that the German minister of justice has instructed the public prosecutors not to take proceedings against newspapers without first procuring his sanction.

IT is expected that a Japanese colony will be established in Sonora, Mexico. Mr. Gomez, editor of the Columbia, has given notice of his intention of introducing a bill amending the Chinese immigration act by increasing the poll tax on Chinese immigrants from \$50 to \$100 per head.

THE Standard oil trust, it is stated, had in its cash box at the date of its dissolution \$23,000,000 in cash and government bonds, which represent the cumulative profits since the stock division of two years ago, which then amounted to \$20,000,000.

M. RIBOT, minister of foreign affairs, and M. Ricard, minister of justice, have submitted to the French cabinet the text of an extradition treaty with the United States.

SEVENTEEN passengers were seriously injured in a collision on the Ohio & Mississippi railroad on the 23d. HENRY HAZEL, editor of the Lelpais Tagesan, has been expelled from that country by order of the Saxon ministry for slandering Minister Schellin. Bauer is a Russian.

IT is announced that Premier Abbott, of Canada, will be knighted shortly by Queen Victoria.

THE bishop of Rimouski, Canada, has cited three priests from the county of Rimouski to appear before him to answer to charges of undue influence in the recent provincial election.

MINISTER RIBOT made a farewell speech at a banquet tendered him in Paris on the 24th.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA is declared extinct in Great Britain and there have been only a few sporadic outbreaks of the foot and mouth disease.

THERE has been a severe drought in South Australia. Sheep died by the thousands.

THE Chilean fiscal's report on the Carlsen case in Valparaiso, says the evidence falls entirely to show that the police had any hand in his death. However, as Consul McCreech claims they had, the fiscal directs the judge of crimes to order the police to continue the investigation.

THE new law of Denmark imposing a penalty of 250 or per 100 kilograms on wheat meal and rye meal and of 125 on corn or whole wheat and rye has gone into effect.

A PARTY of Mexican laborers while digging in the extension of the Santa Cruz canal came upon one of the stragglers of the old Aztec cities. They struck the first ruin in cutting through the desert about twenty feet below the surface, where it had doubtless been covered up by sand storms.

NEARLY READY.

The Cheyenne and Arapahoe Lands Will Soon Be Opened.

SECRETARY NOBLE IS INTERVIEWED.

Town Sites Have Been Selected—The Lands to Be Opened For Settlement Have Been Divided Into Six Counties—Many Anxiously Waiting.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Secretary Noble was found at the interior department. The secretary was hard at work, but suspended readily to permit an interview. The questions asked related entirely to the coming opening of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe lands.

"We have the preliminaries virtually completed now," said Secretary Noble. "There is but very little to do before the lands are thrown open. The surveys and allotments are all completed and the reports are on their way and should be here Monday. The president's proclamation will follow almost immediately. All of the preliminary work has been done, as you know. I have already proclaimed and fixed the county seats and transmitted all necessary papers and maps to Governor A. J. Sney of Oklahoma, so he will be in perfect readiness and equipment for the opening."

"I have struggled for two things in this matter: To open the lands as soon as possible and to have everything clear and understood so that no one could go astray, and at the same time discourage the more speculators and fast horse and hard rider men from picking out the best lands as against bona fide settlers who are actually and honestly seeking a home."

"We can hardly open by April 1, as I had set my heart on. The rains have been against us and rivers high. Maj. Weigel, the inspector, was almost drowned crossing the Canadian and lost his horse and buggy. But it's all over now and early next week we ought to get the president's proclamation. I have already secured an order for troops to occupy these lands, and by the way, the Cherokee strip also, as I learn that in defiance of the executive order the cattlemen are again beginning to occupy the strip."

"The principle underlying the use of military ought to be understood. The lands—all of them—are part of Indian territory until the hour of actual opening, and all law as to the occupation of the Indian territory applies to them. The troops are meant only to preserve order and protect the weak from the lawless. Yes," said Secretary Noble in conclusion, "you can say that we can't quite make it by April 1, as I wanted, but we'll have it open before the 10th, several days before the war, we'll soon open 500,000 acres at Sisseton, Dakota, too."

TOWN SITES SELECTED. Secretary Noble has issued an order locating and reserving from settlement and entry, under the act of March 3, 1891, certain lands in the unallotted portion of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indian reservation in the Indian territory soon to be opened to settlement under the proclamation by the president soon to be issued, for county seat purposes.

The lands to be thus opened to settlement have been divided into six counties and the lands to be reserved for the purpose stated are described as follows: For county "A," the south half of section 19, township 14 north, range 11 west. For county "B," north half of section 13, township 18 north, range 17 west. For county "C," the south half of section 13, township 17 north, range 22 west. For county "D," the south half of section 8, township 13 north, range 23 west. For county "E," the north half of section 15, township 13 north, range 17 west. For county "F," the north half of section 13, township 9 north, range 16 west.

GETTING READY FOR THE FISH. ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., March 28.—Hon. C. F. Davis, inspector in the public land service, arrived here yesterday afternoon to remain in the city for several days. He is here for the purpose of looking after the interests of the government and of the settler as soon as the Cheyenne and Arapahoe lands are opened to settlement. He is unable to state at what date the lands will be opened but thinks that it will not be later than April 15.

KANSAS TEACHERS. Session of those in the Southeastern portion of the State closed. CHASUR, Kan., March 28.—Saturday afternoon closed the third day proceedings of the district teachers' association, which is conducted by all to have been more successful and profitable than any previous meeting.

IT is conceded by those in a position to know that the exhibit of schools far exceeded one of like character held at the state meeting at Topeka recently. A selection of the same will be sent to the world's fair to increase this portion of the Kansas display.

The officers elected for the ensuing term are as follows: President, J. H. Ramsey of Garnett; vice president, J. C. Gray of Fredonia; treasurer, C. E. Merwin; secretary, Miss Nellie Mettley of Chetopa; executive board, H. C. Ford of Sedan and J. D. Orr of Fort Scott. The fall meeting will be held at Parsons during Thanksgiving vacation.

The Coupling-Pin Broke. SALINA, Kan., March 28.—Conductor Peck, of the Missouri Pacific mail and express, was carried through the city Saturday morning on his regular train, but unconscious and probably dying, while near Holington a coupling-pin broke and struck him on the forehead, inflicting a deep wound, from which the surgeons state he cannot recover.

Lost With All on Board. BLAINE, Wash., March 28.—Report has just reached here that the iron tug Tippie, of Vancouver, British Columbia, went sink with all on board in English bay, Thursday. It is supposed the vessel struck a rock and sank immediately.

Gov. Francis has signed the Missouri congressional redistricting bill.

WALT WHITMAN.

End of the "Leaves of Grass" Sketch of His Life.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 28.—Walt Whitman, the poet, died at his home here Saturday.

Walter, or Walt, Whitman was born at West Hills, Long Island, May 31, 1819. His father, whose name he bore, was a farmer, and the boy, the eldest of the family, was brought up with slight knowledge of even the few refinements obtainable in the country sixty years ago. He was strong and sturdy, a good rider and swimmer, fond of outdoor exercise, and impatient of all the amenities of life.

What book education he had he received in the public schools of New York and Brooklyn. It was not much, for when only 16 he was back in the country teaching others and learning from them rather than from books. After a year or so of teaching he became a carpenter for a time; then he learned printing, working at the case in New York and Brooklyn, and editing papers in New Orleans and Huntington, L. I. In 1847-48, with his brother, Jefferson Whitman, he went on a long pedestrian tour of the country, covering his way along by doing carpenter's jobs—tramping it, one might almost say. For two years the brothers wandered about, down the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, in Louisiana and Texas during the Mexican war, along the lakes into Canada, and down the Hudson back to Long Island, where Walt Whitman betook himself once more to the printer's case. In 1855 appeared his first and most famous book, "Leaves of Grass," a volume of rhapsodical poems, always without rhyme, generally without rhythm, dealing especially with interests involved in American life and progress of time. The book called forth a great amount of praise and a still greater amount of blame. At the beginning of the war Whitman was living in New York, but his brother George was wounded at Fredericksburg in 1862, and the poet went to the front to nurse him. He remained with the army until the close of the war, afterward giving in his experience in two volumes—"Drum Taps" (1865) and "Memoranda During the War" (1867). At the close of the war he obtained a clerkship in the interior department, from which he was dismissed when his superior officer learned that he was the author of "Leaves of Grass." He obtained a clerkship in the attorney general's office, however, which he kept until 1874. In February, 1874, he had stroke of paralysis, resulting from the exposure of his army life, and went to Camden, N. J. He was recovering rapidly when in May his mother died suddenly, in his presence. The shock caused a relapse, and he was incapacitated for any work for many months.

DEATH OF A JOURNALIST. Dr. Morrison Munford, late editor of the Kansas City Times, Passes Away. KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 28.—Dr. Morrison Munford, for nearly twenty years the owner and editor of the Kansas City Times, died yesterday afternoon at 4:20 at his residence in this city at the corner of Eighth and Vine streets, from pneumonia, after an illness of five weeks. He was conscious to the last and his death was painless and peaceful.

Dr. Munford had for years been a sufferer from pleurisy. During the past winter the attacks of this malady had been acute and frequent. He was several times confined to the house by them, and ventured out again before quite recovered induced a return of the ailment. In January last after a particularly severe visitation, he left his home in a storm, bent upon important business, and upon his return was confined with a violent attack of the grip. It was early in February before he had even partly recovered strength from this last assault, but the projected issue of his newspaper, the World, stimulated him again to venture out of doors under unfavorable conditions and about February 20 he was seized with incipient pneumonia and his physicians prematurely ordered him to keep within.

For three or four days he was able to leave his sleeping room, but as his symptoms developed greater severity he was compelled to take to bed. Gradually he grew weaker. His condition required little medicine intended to combat the disease, but his system refused to assimilate food, even when offered in concentrated form. At times he exhibited a high temperature—104 degrees one day. But it was lack of vitality which prevented the successful ministrations of his faithful nurses and family physician.

Clippings. The late Mr. Spurgeon received into his church over 25,000 members, first and last, and founded over fifty chapels in different parts of London. Jar Gould's \$16,000 contribution, says the Chicago Times, was about one five-thousandth part of his income. If a man with an income of \$2,000 a year should make a contribution of forty cents to the church he would be making an equal sacrifice, but would not get any glory.

Two hundred and twenty-four wine-growers from the Rhine region will exhibit at Chicago. It makes no difference how worthless a man is, his mother thinks it no sacrilege to detain the best girl in the world into marrying him.

Rev. Charles E. Parkhurst, whose recent attack upon the municipal government of the city of New York has caused such a sensation, is the successor to Dr. Crosby as president of the society for the prevention of crime and one of the most eloquent and trenchant pulpiter orators in the big city.

Few people are aware that Mr. Spurgeon was never ordained. He began and ended his remarkable ministry as a lay preacher.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Epitome of the Proceedings of Both Houses the Past Week.

THE senate met on the 27th. The house passed a bill amending the Arizona funding act and then took up the resolutions of respect on the death of Senator Platts. Eulogies were delivered by Messrs. Dyer, Curtis, and J. D. Taylor. Otis, Davis, Burton, Cato, Baker, Post and others and the house adjourned until Monday.

ON the 28th a communication was presented to the senate from the president in regard to the purchase of the unpublished manuscript of President Jackson, several other communications were also presented. Over half an hour was occupied in the presentation of memorials on a variety of subjects. Several bills passed and several were introduced, all of a local nature. Senate bill to amend the statutes so as to prohibit the introduction and sale of intoxicating liquors into the Indian country was taken up, amended and passed. The calendar was then taken up and many bills introduced. Among the bills passed was one appropriating \$5,000 for a public building at Joplin, Mo. After an executive session the senate adjourned. In the house the committee on printing reported in the matter of Mr. Williams' resignation of a public building at Joplin, Mo. After an executive session the senate adjourned. In the house the committee on printing reported in the matter of Mr. Williams' resignation of a public building at Joplin, Mo. After an executive session the senate adjourned. In the house the committee on printing reported in the matter of Mr. Williams' resignation of a public building at Joplin, Mo. After an executive session the senate adjourned.

IN the senate on the 29th the credentials of Senator Walthall, of Mississippi, for his new term were presented, and Senator Turpie made a personal explanation. He was asked to explain about his position in regard to Judge Woods. The bill for the relief of settlers on Indian lands was taken up and passed. The Missouri river appropriation bill was then debated at length and finally passed. It appropriates \$14,750,000. The bill appropriating \$1,445,516 for the canal and improvement of the Columbia river appropriation bill was then debated at length and finally passed. It appropriates \$14,750,000. The bill appropriating \$1,445,516 for the canal and improvement of the Columbia river appropriation bill was then debated at length and finally passed.

WHEN the senate met on the 23d a petition was presented from a citizen of Maryland praying Congress to discontinue the removal of certain slaves emancipated during the war. A message was received from the president relating to the correspondence with England about the Behring sea trouble and several were introduced at the session. When the doors were opened the appropriation bill was considered until adjournment. In the house the bill was returned on the 25th. Mr. Pierce (Iowa) spoke in favor of the bill and Mr. Stone (Pa.) spoke against it. So did Messrs. Lynch (W. Va.), Booth (Mich.) and Fitch (N. C.). The speaker (Nash.) favored free coinage; also Messrs. Standish (Wis.) and Livingston (Ga.). The debate continued into the evening session and until adjournment.

IN the senate on the 24th Mr. Wolcott's resignation of the day before as to government employees not appointed under civil service rules was taken up, discussed and passed. The senate then went into executive session on the Behring sea matter and after four hours the doors were opened and the message continued for seven hours in the house on Mr. Bland's free coinage bill. At five o'clock Mr. Bland moved the previous question and the bill came to a vote. Mr. Burrows (Mich.) moved to lay the bill on the table and a call of the house was ordered, which resulted in a vote of 118 yeas and 100 nays. Mr. Crosby voted against the motion, which was lost. Again the battle was renewed and at nearly one o'clock Mr. Bland announced that it was impossible to reach a final vote and moved an adjournment which was carried. The 26th, therefore, goes on the calendar.

AFTER minor business on the 25th the senate went into executive session. When the doors were opened the message concerning the Behring sea matter was read. Mr. Stanford in respect to the late Senator Hearst. Eulogies were delivered and the senate adjourned until Monday.

WHEN the house met there was a scant attendance. The silver bill of the day and night had been too much for the members. After correcting and amending the document the house went into committee of the whole on the private calendar. When the committee rose the house adjourned.

GRAVING ASSISTANCE.

The United States to Be Asked to Protect the Gilbert Islands. SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—King Tenbrino, of Butarati, who arrived in this city on the bark Towara, recently, announces that his mission to this country is to secure the protection of the United States for the Gilbert Islands. He says he feels that these islands would be much more prosperous under such a protectorate, and if this government will accept the proposition and raise the American flag over the islands, he will agree to transfer to the United States the base of the island of Butarati, and to keep the harbor in good condition as a coaling station and for refuge at all times. He will also assist to the utmost in promoting commercial relations between the two countries.

King Tenbrino will return to the islands in a few days, but states that he has arranged that his proposition be laid before the authorities at Washington.

Dr. Sessler Again Indicted. CHICAGO, March 24.—Dr. Sessler was indicted anew yesterday for the assassination of his wealthy mother-in-law, this time being charged with poisoning her as well as poisoning on her skull. The poison is said to have been administered with a hypodermic syringe. He is also charged in the second indictment with having strangled his victim. The additional accusations were taken as indicating that the prosecution had gained possession of sensational evidence regarding which the public knew nothing.

Foretold the Hour of His Death. UPHAW, Ga., March 25.—Two weeks ago Calvin Edwards, while working on Friendship Baptist church, mashed his finger, and thinking to ease the pain put some paint on the wound. It caused what was supposed to be blood poisoning. He told his family and friends at noon that he would die at 4 o'clock. He counted the hours as they went by, telling those around him: "I will leave you at 4," and sure enough about 4 o'clock he breathed his last.

WORTH MENTIONING. JOHN HOGAN, who died in St. Louis recently, laid out the site of Chicago in 1836. In Ireland Dennis Koorebe died possessed of 45 children, 228 grandchildren and 944 great-grandchildren. He had been married seven times. FARMER HARBIN and Lawyer McKinney, of Moberly, Mo., went to law over a ten-cent dog. The farmer lost the suit and over one hundred dollars in costs. MRS. LEUCY MARTIN, a full-blooded Chippewa Indian, who died at her home in Allouez, Brown county, Wis., recently, made a will testament to a priest before her death that she was one hundred and eight years old. She gave corroborative evidence. She was born in a wigwag near Green Bay, Dr. Jessep, of Mackinac, certified that eight years ago Mrs. Martin out her third set of teeth.

MILITARY uniforms were first used in France in a regular manner by Louis XIV., about 1665. In England the uniform was adopted after the battle of the Marston military service. But with little analogy to the modern dress.

Are You Interested

In the progress of the World's Fair? If so, and you desire to form an idea of the work being performed and the grandeur and magnitude of its conception, when completed, send a two-cent stamp to Mr. F. H. Lord, General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City Railway, Chicago, Ill., and a valuable and handsome souvenir will be sent to you by return mail, giving you a full view of the buildings under construction, the dimensions of each and total cost and area of same, besides other useful information.

HUMANITY appears to be very unequally divided between those who can't stand property and those who can't get any to stand.—Binghamton Leader.

Both in the way it acts, and in the way it's sold, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for women.

It acts in this way: If you're weak or "run-down," it builds you up; if you suffer from any of the painful disorders and derangements peculiar to your sex, it relieves and cures. It improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores flesh and strength. For all functional weaknesses and irregularities, it's a positive remedy. Hence, it's sold in this way: It's guaranteed to give satisfaction, in every case, or the money paid for it is refunded.

They're the smallest, the cheapest, the easiest to take. But all that would be nothing, if they weren't also the best to take. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets prevent and cure Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

"German Syrup"

William McKeekan, Druggist at Bloomingdale, Mich. "I have had the Asthma badly ever since I came out of the army and though I have been in the drug business for fifteen years, and have tried nearly everything on the market, nothing has given me the slightest relief until a few months ago, when I used Boeschee's German Syrup. I am now glad to acknowledge the great good it has done me. I am greatly relieved during the day and at night to sleep without the least trouble." @

DR. HARTEN'S IRON TONIC

THE ONLY TRUE IRON TONIC. Will purify BLOOD, regulate KIDNEYS, remove LIVER obstructions, build strength, remove impurities, restore health and vigor, cure all ailments of the blood, and all ailments of the system. It is the only safe, specific cure for all ailments of the blood, and all ailments of the system. It is the only safe, specific cure for all ailments of the blood, and all ailments of the system.

The casting out of the devil of disease was once a sign of authority. Now we take a little more time about it and cast out devils by thousands—we do it by knowledge. Is not a man who is taken possession of by the germ of consumption possessed of a devil? A little book on CAREFUL LIVING and Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil will tell you how to exorcise him if it can be done. Free.

Scott's Emulsion, Chas. H. & Co., New York. Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere. @.

SALVATION OIL

KILLS ALL PAIN, 25 CENTS BOTTLE. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cough for 25c. "OSCOOD" SCALES U. S. STANDARD. Best and Cheapest on the Market. Live AGENTS Wanted in this Country. OSOOD & THOMPSON, Binghamton, N. Y.

EPSS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING. LABELLED 1-2 LB. TINS ONLY. Patents! Pensions