

THE IOLA REGISTER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

CHAS. F. SCOTT.

COUNTY S. S. CONVENTION.

The 24th annual assembly of the Allen County Sunday School Association met at Humboldt, Nov. 24 and 25. The threatening weather deterred a number, who had planned to be present...

General Secretary J. H. Eogle, of Abilene, was present during all but the evening session of Wednesday and although a new man in so large a field as the State work, seems one well fitted, by a rich experience, in a more humble sphere...

Sec. Eogle, upon the suggestion of Rev. Squier, occupied part of the latter's time on the program, and among many other points, mentioned the following: "Is it a fact that because the church does not live up to its duty many other societies spring up and are encouraged?"

The people who have done things for the good of humanity and eternity are those who have definite plans and work towards an object. Co-operation in every county, township, or individual Sunday School adds to its power.

Wednesday morning, although the clouds and dampness hindered, the enthusiasm of visitors seeped unabated through the day and such questions as "Use and abuse of lesson help," "Model S. S. teacher," "Scholar," "Parents in the home," "The S. S. Secretary Primary Teacher and Librarian" were discussed in short but pointed remarks by many participants.

Home department work was highly recommended as one plan for work that where tried had proved a most valuable aid to the main school in building it up in numbers and usefulness besides reaching a large number of persons who are, for good reasons, deprived of regular study of the lessons.

A question box was conducted by Rev. C. V. Penn, which elicited much good thought and many brief answers. Rev. McGinnis of Neosho Falls addressed the convention on Wednesday evening upon "The Sword of the Spirit" which was a most acceptable and able effort by a devoted exponent of the S. S. cause as a means of grace.

Executive Com. W. C. Moore, Humboldt; Rev. H. W. Goodhue, Humboldt; J. W. Johnson, Iola. Com. on Resolutions report received and adopted unanimously. An invitation from Elmore township for the convention of 1897 was, with the time of meeting referred to the Executive com., and with song and benediction the 24th Annual Assembly of S. S. Workers ended a successful and pleasant convention.

A HAPPY WEDDING.

Decidedly the pleasantest event of the season in the Diamond neighborhood was the marriage at the home of the bride's parents, of Mr. C. E. Schlemmer to Miss Anna Nadler, and Mr. W. S. Lust to Miss Sophia Nadler. At high noon on Wednesday, November 25, in the presence of about forty friends and relatives of the contracting parties, beneath a lovely arch of flowers and evergreen, Rev. Faust of Iola, in the beautiful service of the Reformed church united, "Till death doth us part," the lives of four of our most estimable young people, all of this county.

The brides were becomingly attired in suits of grey, with white lace, silk, and ribbon accessories, the grooms wore the conventional black. All are too well and favorably known in this county to need comment from us. But the verdict of those who know them best is, that the gentlemen, at least have drawn grand prizes in the matrimonial market. And the beautiful new houses which both had erected and furnished for the reception of their wives are enough to turn their young lady friends green with envy, if there was one spark of that spirit among them.

They received many beautiful and useful presents. After the ceremony and congratulations the company was conducted to the dining room where was served such a dinner as only Mrs. Nadler and her very efficient assistants could get up. Our space forbids any attempt at description, and we only wish the REGISTER man had been there to share with us the pleasures of the table, for little as is said about it, we know his love of a good dinner.

L. P. J.

IN THE WRONG COMPANY.

Topeka Capital: If any other evidence is desired to prove that Kansas is wrong and the United States right in relation to the question of 50-cent dollars the following interesting table from the Cincinnati Times-Star supplies it:

Table with columns: POPULATION, States carried by McKinley, States carried by Bryan, ASSESSED PROPERTY VALUE, States carried by McKinley, States carried by Bryan, ANNUAL WAGES PAID, States carried by McKinley, States carried by Bryan, PERCENTAGE OF ILLITERATES, States carried by McKinley, States carried by Bryan.

That is to say, states having nearly 75 per cent of the population of the country, 80 per cent of the property, 90 per cent of the wage earners, paying annually 90 per cent of the wages, voted for McKinley; while states containing less than 30 per cent of the population and 13 per cent of the wage earners voted for Bryan.

The illiteracy statement is still more convincing and decisive of the right and wrong of this question. The percentage of illiteracy in the Bryan states is four times that in the McKinley states. That Kansas is in the wrong column is settled by these figures. With a very low rate of illiteracy itself it touches elbows with all the states of the country noted for their high percentage of illiterate population and is not within gunshot of any states distinguished for their intelligence, progressiveness, their love of the union, their material and intellectual advancement and their high individual and public credit.

The sooner Kansas gets back into the company in which it was born and brought up and saw its best days, the happier for every citizen in the state.

THE REMEDY OF REFORM.

Marion Record. One of the things Mr. Breidenthal is promising in behalf of the next Legislature is a constitutional convention. This is glorious news to the toiling masses of Kansas. It is especially glorious to the poor down trodden farmers. The trouble all along has been the measly old constitution the State has been lugging around. That's the reason wheat has been so low. That accounts for all our fifteen cent corn. That ruined the hog market. That's what has killed the Kansas farmer all the time.

We thought awhile back, it was the crime of '73, but we were mistaken. It was this blasted old constitution. Just as soon as we squander two or three hundred thousand dollars on a constitutional convention, and get a brand new constitution, everything will be lovely in Kansas. Of course the probabilities are that the people will reject at the polls any constitution a convention might submit to them, but doesn't matter. Us Pops have to get around this re submission question in some way. We dare not resubmit the prohibition amendment fair and square, because that would offend lots of the "people." And so we will go at it in the round-about way of a constitutional convention, even if it is awfully expensive. We must fool 'em in some way.

Inter-Ocean: Bryan claims this is "a country ground under the wheels pliotracy." And yet he expects his managers to pay him \$50,000 for fifty speeches, delivered to this "downtrodden and oppressed people."

RAILROADS WILL HELP US.

The Santa Fe will do its Share Toward Building up Industries by Making Special Rates for Raw Material.

Topeka Capital.

The plan of Mr. Paul Morton, third vice president of the Santa Fe, to encourage manufacturing along the line of his road by offering rate inducements is something as practical as it is new in railroad business. The plan appeals especially to Kansas as an agricultural state old enough to look about and find some new means of growth and development. It is a truism that an agricultural community, while conditions prevailing in it may be finely equalized and actual suffering on the part of the people rare, is of slow growth. It is an important matter for Kansas to consider. This state produces the hides that are shipped to Boston, and buys the boots and shoes shipped back from Boston, made of those hides. Just south of us, Texas produces the wool that is shipped to Philadelphia or Fall River, and we buy the woollen goods shipped here for consumption. It needs no argument to prove that this is wasteful and unbusinesslike. Boots and shoes, other leather goods, canned goods, woollen goods and a multitude of smaller articles, the raw materials of which originate within our borders, ought to be manufactured within the state and sold to our own people and to the large market now built up in the middle west. For many years it would have been impossible to build up manufacturing business on large scale in Kansas because the state lacked the labor, the railroads and the near market to insure success for any such enterprise. But conditions have changed. There is an abundant market within easy reach. There are abundant competing railroads. Labor is to be had without difficulty. Nothing is lacking but the enterprise and the capital.

Kansas would be in better condition to branch out into manufacturing business along the lines suggested if her election returns had been more encouraging to capitalists, but whatever the obstacles may be the development of manufacturing is necessary to the prosperity of the state and the commercial clubs of the cities of Kansas no more important field to cultivate than this. We hope Mr. Morton's liberal and enterprising plan will encourage them to work out some permanent good to the state in the diversification of industries.

THE SORROWFUL STORY.

Told When the Daylight Fails.

Topeka, Kansas, Nov. 24. The state canvassing board to-day completed a canvass of the returns of the vote cast for state officers and congressman-at-large at the recent election. The total vote cast for each candidate follows:

- Chief Justice—Doster (fusion), 167,920; Garver (Rep.), 159,428; Silver (Prohib.), 802; Doster's plurality, 8,492.
Governor—Leedy (fusion), 168,041; Morrill (Rep.), 169,330; Hurley (Prohib.), 2,347; Douthart (Nat. Prohib.), 753; Kefford (Ind. Prohib.), 703; Leedy's plurality, 7,511.
Lieutenant governor—Harvey (fusion), 167,136; Richter (Rep.), 159,793; Hollingberry (Prohib.), 2,073; Clark (Nat. Prohib.), 704; Harvey's plurality 7,343.
Secretary of state—Bush (fusion), 167,082; Ed ward (Rep.), 160,008; Guyer (Prohib.), 1,826; Walter (Nat. Prohib.), 708; Bush's plurality, 7,074.
State treasurer—Heflebower (fusion), 166,875; Atherton (Rep.), 159,885; Bradison (Prohib.), 1,847; Murray (Nat. Prohib.), 764; Heflebower's plurality, 7,240.
State auditor—Morris (fusion), 166,861; Cole (Rep.), 159,914; Talmage (Prohib.), 1,872; Bellknop (Not. Prohib.), 676; Morris' plurality, 6,967.
Attorney general—Boyle (fusion), 167,782; Dawes (Rep.), 157,922; Merry (Prohib.), 1,826; Vance (Ind. Prohib.), 495; Boyle's plurality, 9,860.
State superintendent of schools—Stryker (fusion), 166,326; Stanley (Rep.), 159,459; Mrs Greaver (Prohib.), 1,956; Stryker's plurality 6,867.
Congressman-at-large—Botkin (fusion), 168,400; Blue (Rep.), 158,140; Williams (Prohib.), 1,947; Bokins plurality, 9,260.

Most Appropriate.

"Emily," said old Mr. Tibbetts, sternly, "who was that young man I found kissing you at the door last night?" "It was Mr.—Mr. Lippincott," stammered Emily in a faint voice.

Old Mr. Tibbetts glared at his daughter fixedly for a moment, and then a softer light shone in his eye. In both eyes, in fact.

"B'George!" he cried, slapping his knees, "he's well named, too!"—N. Y. World.

A Stayee.

"You remind me so strongly of a lady's watch," Miss De Smith concluded when young Mr. Featherby had forgotten for ever and ever so long how late it had got to be.

"Because—" he hesitatingly began. "It never is going," explained Miss De Smith, in clear, incisive accents.

But that wound him up again.—N. Y. Recorder.

Various Methods.

How strangely do life's prizes go, Awarded by the crowd; Some triumph by the things they know, And some by talking loud.

—Washington Star

BOSTWICK & ACERS

Call the attention of Homeseekers and Investors to a few of the...

Hundreds of Bargains they Have to Offer.

They invite correspondence and personal visit.

No. A. For sale—80 acre farm, all fenced, good soil, 50 acres in cultivation, all can be tilled except 4 acres. House 3 rooms, barn 16x34, 150 bearing apple tree, peaches and other fruit, good well, creek for stock water. 8 miles from Iola. Price \$1,000, \$300 cash, balance on time payments.

When you want to sell city property improved or unimproved call on Bostwick & Acers.

Farms to exchange for improved city property. Bostwick & Acers. No. B. For sale or exchange for Iola city property: 80 acres good soil, 4 miles from Iola. House, stable, orchard and 50 acres in cultivation, all fenced. Price \$1,200, incumbrance \$750.

No. C. For sale—80 acres nice and smooth, unbroken, good soil, 2 1/2 miles from Iola. Price \$1,100.

Remember if you want to buy any kind of city property, cheap lots or good residences call on Bostwick & Acers.

No. D. For sale or rent. 80 acres all tillable, 60 acres in cultivation, balance grass, no house. Price \$1000, \$400 cash, balance long time.

Bostwick & Acers are prepared to make good farm loans, call and get rates and leave your application. If you want prices and terms of Mobile and Ohio railroad lands write us. Bostwick & Acers.

NOTICE TO FARMERS. Bostwick & Acers have added a brokerage department and are now prepared to find a sale for horses, mules, cattle, hogs and farm products generally.

Farmers having any such for sale should leave with us a list or description of the same, and we will undertake to find purchasers. Call and see us or write.

FRUIT LANDS. If you are tired of farming, or if you or your family are in poor health come and get prices of fruit lands in the great Bear River Valley, Utah. These are the finest fruit lands in the Union and are supplied with water for irrigation by the best irrigating system in the World. Come in and see us.

BOSTWICK & ACERS, Agents.

Correspondents inquiring concerning any of the above, will please refer to this paper.

MARKET REPORTS.

Kansas City Live Stock.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 9,582 calves, 209, shipped yesterday, 4,973 cattle, 142 calves. The cattle market was steady on best natives and slow to 1c lower on medium natives, Texas and westerns. The following are representative sales:

Table with columns: No., Ave Price No., Ave Price. Includes rows for SHIPPING AND DRESSING BEEF STEER, TEXAS AND INDIAN STEERS, NATIVE HEIFERS, NATIVE COWS, NATIVE PORKERS, NATIVE WOODRUMS.

Hogs—Receipts, 17,621; shipped yesterday, none. The market was 10 to 15c lower. The following are representative sales:

Table with columns: No., Ave Price No., Ave Price. Includes rows for 100 lbs. live, 100 lbs. dressed, 100 lbs. live, 100 lbs. dressed.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,862; shipped yesterday, 4,227. The market was steady. The following are representative sales:

Table with columns: No., Ave Price No., Ave Price. Includes rows for 100 lbs. live, 100 lbs. dressed.

THE WORLD AT LARGE.

Summary of the Daily News.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

A DISPATCH from Washington stated that the maintenance of the gold reserve was considered secure for many months in view of the enormous balance of trade in favor of the United States. The accumulation of gold in the treasury on the 25th was over \$128,000,000, an increase of \$13,000,000 since November 5.

The state department at Washington has been informed that Nicaragua has suspended for six months, beginning November 30, the duty on hog lard imported into that country and our consular there is of the opinion that it will open a market for American lard.

The joint congressional library committee has decided not to investigate the accounts of Librarian Spofford. The discrepancy in his accounts was \$30,000, but it was thought to be an error of bookkeeping only.

The secretary of war made public on the 26th his annual report on the army. The secretary records his high appreciation of the ability of the officers and the patriotism of the privates. The army consists of 25,430 officers and men, the effective field strength on October 31 being 23,382. The aggregate expenditures for 1896 were \$51,803,298.

A DISPATCH from Washington stated that ex-President Harrison may be ambassador to Great Britain, as Mr. McKinley understood about Mr. Harrison feeling disinclined to enter the cabinet and will hold open the British mission and gladly bestow it upon the ex-president if he will accept it.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has purchased a residence in Princeton, N. J., and will make that his permanent home soon after the expiration of his term as president. SECRETARY CARLISLE has dismissed William R. Morley, engineer of the public building at Denver, Col., for collecting political assessments from government employes in violation of the civil service law.

The president has appointed John H. Rogers, of Arkansas, United States district judge for the western district of Arkansas.

The annual report of Daniel N. Morgan, treasurer of the United States, shows the net ordinary revenues of the government during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, to have been \$326,976,200, and the expenditures \$352,173,446, leaving a deficiency for the year of \$25,200,246.

The register of the treasury, in his annual report, gives a condensed history of all the loans of the United States from 1776 to 1895.

A TELEGRAM received at the war department stated that the quarters of the post chaplain at Fort Ringgold, Tex., were burned on the night of the 23rd, and Post Chaplain M. C. Haine and his daughter were burned to death. The chaplain missed his daughter and entered the building to rescue her and perished with the child.

GENERAL NEWS.

Two brothers named Shoenfeldt, aged 15 and 17 years, shot a farmer in the back of the neck near Silver Creek, Neb., and then ransacked his house, finding about \$30. The boys were afterward captured.

An ice gorge formed at the mouth of the Chippewa river and caused the water to back up so rapidly on the lowlands near Durand, Wis., that many families had to flee in their night clothes, leaving everything else behind. The suffering among the women and children was said to have been intense, many getting frozen limbs.

TOM TRACEY, the clever Australian weatherweight, and Jimmy Ryan, of Cincinnati, fought ten rounds to a draw on the 30th under the direction of the Golden West Athletic club, at San Francisco, in the presence of 2,500 people. Both men did good work in fair open fighting, with a notable absence of clinches.

The final returns from California give McKinley eight electors and Bryan one.

The chief of police of Springfield, O., is hunting for an old colored man, named James Wesley Dorsey, who has been left a large fortune by his old master, a planter of Maryland.

A STATEMENT has been issued which shows that Iowa has \$450,000 outstanding in warrants for which there is no cash in the treasury. The situation is due to the slowness of tax payments and too low a levy to meet expenditures.

HENRY POWERS, a farmer near Marion, O., blew the top of his wife's head off with an old musket and then committed suicide. He had recently escaped from a lunatic asylum.

The guests at a wedding anniversary party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Angus R. Stuart in Franklin county, Pa., were poisoned by eating ham sandwiches. All the physicians in the neighborhood were called in. No fatalities were reported.

Nearly the entire business portion of the town of Leavenworth, Wash., headquarters of the Cascade division of the Great Northern railroad, was burned on the 25th. The fire originated in the office of the Jork's hotel and lodgers had a narrow escape from cremation.

MANY thousand dollars' worth of timber, logs, houses and fences have been consumed by forest fires around Middleboro, Ky.

It was reported that a destructive cyclone recently struck Ralston, a town 50 miles northeast of Perry, Ok., and came near destroying the place. No lives were lost.

J. C. WATTS, cashier of the state bank of Neola, Ia., was said to be a defaulter in the sum of \$10,000. He lost money speculating in grain. His bondsmen have made it good.

SPECIALS to the Pioneer Press from various points in northwestern Minnesota and the Dakotas reported the worst blizzard for many years on the 26th. Roads were impassable and it was difficult for ranchmen to get feed to their stock.

SHORTLY after nine o'clock on the 26th fire was discovered on the third floor of the Peoria house, the oldest hotel in Peoria, Ill. The firemen, after a fight of nearly three hours, were forced to turn in a general alarm when the fire commenced spreading. No fatalities occurred, though there were a number of narrow escapes. Many of the guests lost their baggage.

The steamer City of Kalamazoo was burned at her dock at South Haven, Mich., early on the morning of the 30th. Robert Van O'brand and Joe Lanz, firemen, were burned to death and the stewardess was missing and it was believed she was dead. The loss on the steamer was \$40,000; the insurance on her had expired.

WILLIAM STEINWAY, the noted piano manufacturer, died at his home in New York of typhoid fever on the 30th.

SAM HENDERSON's house and his five children were burned at Conway, Ark., on the 30th. When the fire was discovered it was too late to effect a rescue.

THREE girls, going home from school at Lyons, Mich., in their buggy, were struck by a train and two were instantly killed and one dangerously injured. At Altus, Greer county, Ok., Claude Kimball and William Dallas, young business men, quarreled over a small account. Dallas drew a knife and Kimball shot him dead.

REV. M. B. HILL was stricken with paralysis while delivering a sermon at the Southern Methodist church at Bentonville, Ark., on the 29th.

PRESIDENT PATTERSON, of the Princeton university, has denied the report that President Cleveland was to become dean of the Princeton law school.

The national council of administration of the G. A. R., with Commander-in-Chief T. S. Clarkson in the chair, met at Buffalo, N. Y., on the 30th and it was decided to have the encampment in Buffalo the last week in August, beginning August 33.

The First national bank of Tyler, Tex., failed on the 30th.

A FEET organized at Baroda, India, in honor of the visit of the viceroy of India, has had a terrible outcome in the killing of 29 persons and the injuring of many others by a panic which occurred in the course of the fête.

A TRAMP was released from a lumber car at Plainfield, N. J., on the 28th who had been standing up for seven days without food or water. The man was unconscious, but will recover. The car was locked at Ottawa, Can.

At a ball of a militia regiment at Newark, N. J., a Spanish flag was torn down and the Cuban banner raised in its place. The incident has been reported to the Spanish embassy.

SALES of No. 3 red wheat for May delivery were made on the Toledo, O., produce exchange on the 28th at \$1 per bushel amid loud cheering.

THE Indians of Red River and Eagle counties, Choctaw nation, L. T., who were playing a game of baseball, quarreled and used the butt end of their bats on one another, 20 or 30 being injured. Two have died and several more were in a serious condition.

P. J. KELLEY, a jeweler at San Jose, Cal., and his wife were fatally wounded and one of his children got a bullet in her arm, caused by Kelley's attempt to murder his family through jealousy.

TOM SHARPE, the town marshal of Sadleville, Ky., got drunk on Thanksgiving night and went to a dance and, because there were not enough women present to suit him, demanded his money back. On being refused by the proprietor, Sharpe shot him through the head.

A NUMBER of drunken Poles at Duryea, Pa., who were celebrating Thanksgiving, got into a fight and began shooting at one another. Three men were fatally wounded.

A CONSTANTINOPLE dispatch to the London Daily News on the 27th said that a fresh massacre with 500 victims was rumored to have occurred near Diarbekir.

FAILURES for the week ended the 27th (Dun's report) were 390 in the United States, against 279 last year, and 38 in Canada, against 47 last year.

At Athens, Greece, terrible storms and floods have occurred and many persons have been drowned.

A DISPATCH from Breslau said that 39 persons were killed in a colliery explosion at Zengers, Russian Poland.

SMITH's planing mill and lumber yard at Washington was destroyed by fire, Loss, \$30,000.

As the result of some of the football games played on the 26th by the universities of Missouri, Kansas, Iowa and Nebraska, the pennant of the Western Intercollegiate league, embracing the states named, goes to Iowa. The pennant reverses to the team against which the fewest points have been scored. Iowa's games this season resulted: With Missouri, 12 to 0; with Kansas, 6 to 0; with Nebraska, 0 to 0. Kansas will finish second.

CAPT. GEN. WATKIN, has issued orders to the farmers in the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Havana and Matanzas to carry their corn to the garrisons of towns and sell it to the commanders of the Spanish columns, who will use it for military purposes. After December 20 all corn found stored on the farms or elsewhere without the knowledge and consent of the military commanders will be considered contraband of war.

J. W. BURNEY was shot and killed by his 17-year-old son at Stratton, Neb. The deed was provoked by the elder Burney, who threatened the life of the youth and his mother.

GEN. WATKIN, replying to a memorial addressed to him by a committee of Cuban farmers, informed the memorialists that he could not authorize the farmers to grow crops in any part of the island.

The fertilizing plant at Blissville, L. I., was destroyed by fire. About \$200,000 worth of machinery was ruined.

A REPORT was going the rounds at Tuscoogee, Ala., that a negro named Henry Dawson, who had been hanged for murder by the sheriff and his body delivered to his friends after he had been pronounced dead by the doctors, was taken out of the coffin afterwards and revived and is now alive. The negroes who had the remains in charge cannot be found and there was no corpse at the grave where Dawson was to have been buried.

HEAVY losses of cattle on the ranges were feared in the section around Bismarck, N. D., as snow was two feet on the level on the 25th and it was still snowing.