

AN AMERICAN GIRL

The Crown Prince of Germany Would Like to Have One

Paris, Aug. 12.—The Paris Matin which printed a story yesterday to the effect that the German crown prince had had a violent interview with his father, in which he expressed the desire to renounce his rank and give up his claim to the throne in order to marry for love, says today that Miss Gladys Deacon, daughter of the late Edward Parker Deacon, is the object of the young prince's affection.

The paper adds that Miss Deacon told Prince Frederick William that she would never consent to a morganatic alliance and if he desired to marry her a full religious and legal ceremony would be necessary. Three days after Miss Deacon's avowal the crown prince gave her a ring which he had sworn to give to nobody except his wife. It was a present he had received from his grandmother, the late Empress Frederick.

The Matin says that at the last meeting of father and son the emperor stamped and swore a Hohenzollern prince should never marry, morganatically or otherwise, a girl of common American clay, however beautifully molded.

The prince and Miss Deacon met at Blenheim palace on the occasion of the prince's visit to his granduncle, the king of England. Both prince and fair commoner are of the same age, and it was a case of reciprocal love at first sight. The emperor had asked the king to see that the prince got an insight into the rural life of the English aristocracy; and the king secured him an introduction to the Marlboroughs, with whom Gladys Deacon was visiting.

The young Hohenzollern unduly protracted his stay, led a cotillon every night with Miss Deacon, and returned only when ordered to do so by the emperor. Last spring the prince got permission to visit Lucerne for three days, which he extended to ten days because he met Miss Deacon there. Being chastised by the emperor for his disobedience, the prince threatened to do as did the Austrian archduke, who took the name of John Orth and renounce his rights to the throne for the sake of the woman he loved. The prince said he would rather have the heart and hand of the American girl than rank or purple, or even the throne of the German empire.

The Matin is regarded as conservative, for a Paris paper. It prints more telegraph news than any other French newspaper.

Miss Mary Gladys Deacon, who is credited with having won the affections of the young prince, is the oldest daughter of the late Edward Parker Deacon, who, February 21, 1892, at Cannes, France, shot and killed Emile Abelle, a wealthy French clubman, whom he suspected of being his wife's sweetheart. Deacon was imprisoned at the time, tried at Nice, committed and sentenced to one year's imprisonment. In September of the same year he was pardoned by President Carnot and released.

Mrs. Deacon is a daughter of the late Admiral Charles H. Baldwin, U. S. N., and was a New York belle at the time of her marriage to Deacon in 1870. Shortly after the marriage the Deacons moved to Paris, where they lived until the time of the scandal that broke up their family life. They moved in the best society and Mrs. Deacon was a favorite. Deacon himself was retiring by nature and of a somewhat eccentric mind, but the marriage seemed to be happy. Four children were born to them, all daughters and were named Marie Gladys, Ida Audrey, Dorothy Evelyn and Ida Audrey and Edith Florence. As soon as Deacon was released from prison he went to Paris to bring suit for divorce and custody of his children, who, till then had remained with the mother.

NOTHING IN IT, HE SAYS

No Basis For Story That Bristow Will Resign.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Joseph Bristow, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, will leave tomorrow for the Maine woods, where, with his two sons, he will spend a month hunting and fishing. Mr. Bristow's attention was called today to a report which has been circulated industriously here for several days, that he would take a vacation preliminary to relinquishing his position at the Postoffice department.

"There is not a word of truth in such reports," said Mr. Bristow this morning. "When Mr. Roosevelt became president there was more or less gossip concerning changes that it was said would be made at the department, and it was stated that my place would be given to some other Republican. There was no basis for the statement, and there is no basis for the statement that I am to leave the Postoffice department now."

FARMERS

The Haggood Disc gang plow will do the best work with less draft, and gives you better satisfaction than any plow that you ever used. I will exhibit this plow whenever desired.

E. J. CROWELL, Agent

STORM SWEPT

Almost a Tornado at Kansas City Last Sunday Morning

Kansas City, Mo., August 11.—A rain and wind storm of unusual severity broke over Kansas City at about 4 o'clock yesterday morning, and though it was of brief duration, many thousands of dollars' damage was done. Nearly everybody in town was awakened by the roaring of the wind and the fierce beating of the rain on the houses. Many thought a cyclone was about to ravage the city and in different parts of town the screams of frightened women and children could be heard above the din of the storm. When daylight came the damage done by the wind was visible in every corner of the town. Uprooted or broken trees littered the streets in the residence district, with here and there a house partly unroofed or a section of bill boards littering the sidewalks. In the business district the signs of the storm's ferocity were everywhere apparent. Advertising signs were all awry, plate glass windows had been shattered and in a few instances brick walls had been blown down, the bricks littering the walks and streets. The wind attained a velocity of more than fifty miles an hour. Over half an inch of rain fell.

IN KANSAS CITY, KANSAS.

The storm's damage in Kansas City, Kas., yesterday morning will reach into the thousands. Houses were uncovered, brick chimneys were torn down, plate glass windows were broken, trees were uprooted and in every part of the city there was evidence of the work of the wind and rain.

The new Masonic temple at Seventh and Ann avenue was almost unroofed. The roof was torn off at the north and south end of the building, and the water soaked through, damaging the interior furnishings considerably. A part of the roof of the old high school building on the diagonal corner was blown away. The Long school, north of the Quindaro boulevard near Seventh street was also unroofed.

TWO WOMEN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Mrs. Jones Parker and her daughter Emma, negroes, living at 918 Wyoming street, had a narrow escape with their lives by the falling of the old Metropolitan power house, which burned about a year ago. The two negro women were asleep in their bed when the force of the wind toppled over the south wall of the old ruins, crushing the little frame building in which they lived to the ground. They were pinned fast in their beds by timbers and masonry and it was an hour before the mother was released. No bones were broken and they were not seriously injured.

STORM GENERAL IN KANSAS.

Kansas City, Aug. 11.—Kansas was in the path of yesterday's storm. The most terrific storm of the summer swept over Geary county. Nearly two inches of rain fell, and it came down in sheets and was accompanied by a windstorm that came near being a tornado. Fruit and shade trees were broken down and corn fields damaged. Reports from Topeka, Atchison, Valley Falls, Manhattan, Reading and Florence, indicate that Kansas has been visited by one of the most terrific rain and wind storms in years. The damage to crops in the storm swept section is considerable.

GIGANTIC LEAD COMBINE

Corporation Capitalized at \$50,000,000 Plans Control Output.

St. Louis, Aug. 11.—The Lead and Zinc News says today:

"What will be the greatest lead combination in this country is now nearing its consummation. While its promoters are more than ordinarily reticent, it is definitely known that the scope of the merger will include most of the large white lead plants east of the Mississippi river, the principal pipe and sheet lead plants, a number of shot towers and companies manufacturing products in which lead forms one of the chief components. Included in the merger will be the Union Lead and Oil Company which was organized last year by the Ryan-Whitney coterie of capitalists with a capital of \$10,000,000 and which controls the Bailey process of manufacturing white lead. Overtures made to induce the National Lead Company to join the merger are said to be favorably looked upon by a portion of the directorate.

"Behind the merger are the Ryan-Whitney and American Smelting and Refining Company interests. Options have been secured on a number of corrodng plants of the country, notably the Chadwick Company of Boston, and the Raymond Company of Chicago. If the merger is completed successfully, it will control the lead manufacturing interests of the country and indirectly, through its alliances, the pig lead markets.

"The plans of the promoters favor a corporation with a capitalization of not less than \$50,000,000.

The lead producing properties in Missouri, Colorado and the Coeur d'Alenes will not be included in this merger, but will be the basis of a

second corporation with a capitalization of not less than \$25,000,000, to be consummated after the manufacturing merger has been effected.

TO SUPREME BENCH

Oliver Wendell Holmes is Made Associate Justice

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 11.—President Roosevelt late this afternoon announced that he had appointed Hon. Oliver Wendell Holmes, chief justice of the supreme court of Massachusetts, to be an associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, vice Mr. Justice Gray, resigned. The resignation of Justice Gray was due to ill health. Several months ago he suffered a stroke of apoplexy, which some time later was followed by another. He has not appeared on the bench since he was stricken the first time. His advanced age—74 years—told against his recovery with serious force. Realizing that he probably never would be able again to assume the place which he so long had filled with distinguished ability and honor, he decided a short time ago to tender his resignation to the president.

With the exception of Mr. Justice Harlan, he served on the bench of the United States supreme court longer than any of his present colleagues. He was appointed an associate justice by President Arthur on December 19, 1881, his service extending therefore through a period of nearly twenty-one years.

Judge Holmes, whom the president has selected as Mr. Justice Gray's successor, is one of the most distinguished lawyers and jurists of Massachusetts. His career on the bench, particularly as chief justice of the Massachusetts supreme court, has attracted wide attention. Like Justice Gray, he is a native of Massachusetts. He is a son and namesake of the late Dr. Holmes, the poet and essayist.

ELKS CHOOSE CRONK

Man From Omaha is Made Grand Exalted Ruler

Salt Lake City, Aug. 13.—The grand parade of the Elks occurred today. Prizes worth nearly two thousand dollars were offered for many different points of excellence.

Salt Lake, Utah, Aug. 12.—Probably 12,000 visiting Elks are in Salt Lake tonight, forming, according to Exalted Grand Ruler Pickett, one of the best and most representative gatherings of the fraternity he had ever seen.

At the meeting of the grand lodge held in Assembly hall this afternoon the election of grand officers for the ensuing year was taken up, and resulted as follows:

- Grand exalted ruler—George A. Cronk, Omaha.
- Grand leading knight—W. B. Brock, Lexington, Ky.
- Grand loyal knight—Judge A. H. Pickens, Denver.
- Grand lecturing knight—Joseph E. Henning, Anderson, Ind.
- Grand secretary—George Reynolds, Saginaw, Mich.
- Grand treasurer—E. S. Orris, Meadville, Pa.
- Grand tyler—Charles Kauffman, Hoboken, N. J.
- Grand trustee—J. D. O'Shea, Boston.

Most of the elections were by acclamation, there being contests for only one or two of the minor offices.

The report of the secretary showed the order to be in an exceedingly prosperous condition. An increase in membership of about 25,000 during the past year was shown, bringing the total up to about 125,000. The number of Elk lodges in the United States was 805, an increase of 85 per cent during the year.

CINCINNATI TO RESCUE

Cruiser has Left for Guanta, Port of Barcelona

Washington, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Commander McLean, of the cruiser Cincinnati, received today says he has left for Guanta, which is the port for Barcelona City sacked by the insurgents. As dispatches indicate that the American consulate has been pillaged, marines probably will be landed immediately.

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Aug. 12.—Details of the fighting at Barcelona, Venezuela, received here by boat show that a terrible fight started on Sunday, August 3, and that on the following Wednesday the revolutionists entered the city. They kept up a continuous firing day and night, destroying houses one by one to reach the center of the city. At midnight on Thursday two-thirds of the city was in the power of the revolutionists. On Friday the government strongholds were carried and the last survivors of the government officers tried to escape by the river to the sea, but, failing in this, they made one last stand, after which, at noon Friday, they surrendered to the revolutionist commanders.

The dead on both sides numbered 167. All houses in the city were sacked and in some instances inoffensive women and children were maltreated and killed. All stores were pillaged, especially those belonging to foreign-

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kline & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

ers, and the French cable office was robbed. The Americans, Italian and Dutch consulates were pillaged and the consuls have asked for men of war to protect life and property.

By Scripps-McLure Press Ass'n.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The government considers the revolution in Venezuela most serious. The insurgents captured Barcelona, and are snaking the town. Puerto Cabello is threatened. The Navy department, at the request of Minister Bowen, Caracas, has ordered the cruiser, Cincinnati, to Puerto Cabello where the warship Topoka already lies. Marines will be landed if necessary. Commander McCrea, of the gunboat Machias, reports the Venezuelan blockade ineffective and has given consuls notice that he will protect neutral shipping.

By Scripps-McLure Press Association.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Later—The Cincinnati has been ordered to repair from Puerto Cabello to Barcelona. The officials here believe the time has about come when President Castro must flee. A vessel with steam up is ready to take him to safety.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Minister Bowen has cabled the state department from Caracas, Venezuela, that the revolutionists have cut the cable at Barcelona.

Minister Bowen says the cable was cut immediately after the receipt of a message stating that the revolutionists were entering the city.

The trouble at Porto Cabello grows out of the uprising which has convulsed Venezuela for some time. It is directed against President Castro, and has kept the country in a state of ferment for many months.

TELEGRAPH NEWS NOTES

Manila, Aug. 13.—All business was suspended today in honor of the fourth anniversary of the capture of the city by Americans.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 13.—It is stated on highest authority that the President himself does not know yet whether he will call an extra session of the senate on account of reciprocity.

London, August 13.—The public was admitted to Westminster Abbey today to view the scene of the coronation. An admission fee was charged. Big crowds took advantage of the opportunity, including many Americans.

Parsons Kans. Aug. 13.—It is rumored here that the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway may remove its general offices here from St. Louis. The object is said to be economy in rent. The road had headquarters here several years ago.

Quebec, Aug. 13.—In the case of Gaynor and Greene, the American contractors whom the United States wants on charge of frauds in connection with Savannah harbor work, judgment was today rendered favorable to both prisoners. They will be given their freedom.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The provisional government of Hayti notified the United States legation that the government troops captured and destroyed the town of Petit Goave after a hard fight in which many lives were lost. This and three other towns were in open rebellion. Ten thousand people at Petit Goave are homeless.

New York, Aug. 13.—The boiler of the tug Jacob Kuper exploded in the bay opposite Staten Island today. Four of the crew were killed and two others were saved by the ferryboat Castleton. The dead are Captain Johnson, Fireman Purdy and Dee, and a cook known as Louis. Captain Larsen and four members of the crew of the lighter Stanley are badly scalded. The tug was blown to pieces. The Stanley sank in shallow water.

San Francisco, Aug. 13.—The main feature of the Pythian program today

was a grand parade of the uniform rank. Twenty-five brigades were in line headed by Kansas and Commander-in-chief Fathers reviewed the column at the city hall. General Cranhan reviewed the uniform rank this morning and competitive drills were held.

Cincinnati, Aug. 13.—The international typographical union had a stormy debate this morning on proposition to introduce piece work for time work in daily newspaper offices and time work for piece work in job office. The convention has gone on record as opposed to the bonus system for composition and today directed the law to eliminate it.

Washington Aug. 13.—A Manila cablegram says that a dozen Moros attacked the outpost of company G., 27th infantry, at camp Vicars, near Malabang, Mindanao. Henry Carr, and James Foley were killed and two other privates were wounded. The camp was named in honor of Lieut. Vicars, who with a detachment of soldiers was massacred a year ago.

New York, Aug. 12.—Mary McLane is here but she declines to give an opinion of the city saying she wants to write about it herself. Asked if she had found the devil whom she wrote about in her book she said she was very young when she wrote that, and her views were changed now. She said she thought it better never to know him.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The Democratic Congressional committee will make public within a week the Democratic text book for the guidance of political leaders and speakers. The book would have been out already had not the Republican book appeared first. The Democrats, after perusing the latter, decided to add chapters on Cuban reciprocity, tariff revision and subjects which the Republicans ignored.

Lexington, Mo., Aug. 12.—The bodies of Charles Salyers, white, and Harry Gates, colored, who were hanged by a hundred and fifty farmers to a tree in the cemetery, were cut down at daylight and brought to town. The coroner's jury meeting today undoubtedly will decide that the men met their death at the hands of unknown parties. There is no popular demand here for the prosecution of the lynchers. Salyers and Gates, confessed to the county attorney that they had killed George Johnson, a popular farmer, while attempting to raid his chicken coops. Gates reiterated the confession to the mob. Salyers denied being implicated. The farmers seized the jail at one thirty this morning and took both men out after half an hour's work.

HERE AND THERE

Miss Anna Bowers went to Neosho Falls.

Mrs. J. M. Burton went to Neosho Falls.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Rush, 613 south State street, a girl.

Adal Ewing left for Estes Park, Colo., where he will join his family.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Weller, of 217 south Elm street, Saturday August 9, a daughter.

Misses Grace Curran and Winnie Wells went to Moline, Kansas for a week's visit with friends.

Miss Ora Mose of Humboldt who has been here visiting Mrs. C. A. Fronk returned to her home.

Frank Horville returned last Monday from near Toronto where he has been putting in a week on the ranch.

Mrs. Crabb of Rich Hill who has been here visiting her son W. L. Crabb returned to her home in Rich Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Lee Cockerill left last Monday for Mackinac Lakes, Mich., where they will take a month's outing.

Miss Shields, a sister of the gentleman of that name here, has arrived from Chillicothe, Mo., and will assist in the book-keeping at the Iola laundry.

Do you know this town is so full that people coming here have a very great difficulty in finding places where to lay their heads? Several parties have recently hunted all over town before finding rooms.

Mr. James Wilson, who has been traveling for the past eight months in search of rest and recreation, is home for a few days. He reports his wife much benefited by the trip and himself stout and hearty.

C. A. Fronk, A. N. Mitchell and Al Abrams loaded up a dray with old ballots Wednesday and drove out on the creek where they made a fine bonfire of them and stirred the heap and watched it until all the ballots were consumed.

Uncle Johnny Gilkerson, who for the last half century has raised corn on his place about eight miles northwest of Iola was in town yesterday and brought a sample of his crop this year. The corn is a fine growth and promises to yield a record-breaking crop. He has seventy-four acres in corn this year and thinks the yield will not be less than fifty to sixty bushels to the acre.

Published Aug. 13, 1902

Ordinance No. 474

An ordinance providing for the building of certain portions of new sidewalks on Third, Kentucky, Bunnell streets and Broadway in the city of Iola, Kansas.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Iola, Allen county, Kansas:

Section 1. That a new sidewalk is hereby ordered to be built in the city of Iola, Kansas, as follows: Along the west side of Third street, along the east side of block three (3) in Delaplain's addition to said city, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Section 2. That new sidewalks are hereby ordered to be built in the city of Iola, Kansas, as follows: Along the east side of Kentucky street, along the west side of block four (4), Edward's East addition to said city, and block two (2) of Bunnell's Second addition to said city, and Bunnell's unplatted home place to the intersection of the south line of Bunnell street with the east line of Kentucky street. Along the south side of Bunnell's said unplatted home place from the intersection of the south line of Bunnell's street with the east line of Kentucky street to the east line of said tract, and block one (1) of Bunnell's 2nd addition to said city. Along the south side of Broadway, along the north side of blocks twelve (12), eleven (11) and ten (10), in Brooklyn Park an addition to said city, according to the recorded plats of said additions, and the recorded description of said home place.

Section 3. That the sidewalk ordered to be built by section 1 of this ordinance shall be built according to section 5 of ordinance 427. Except that number twelve (12) galvanized iron wire instead of number 9 be used as therein required; and the sidewalks ordered to be built by section 2 of this ordinance shall be built according to section 3 of ordinance No. 427; the same being an ordinance governing the construction of sidewalk, etc., and all of the width required by ordinance No. 423 when applicable by its terms, the same being an ordinance governing the width of sidewalks, etc. All of said sidewalks shall be constructed and completed within 30 days from the publication of this ordinance.

Section 4. That if the owner or owners of any of the lots or parts of lots or parcels of ground abutting upon the sidewalks hereby ordered to be built, shall neglect or fail to build the same as herein provided, then the city engineer shall proceed to make an estimate of the cost of the building thereof and file the same under oath with the clerk of said city, and the street commissioner of said city shall construct said sidewalk as herein provided along the lots or parts of lots or parcels where the owner or owners have failed or neglected to construct the same, and the cost of construction as specified in said estimate of the city engineer, shall be assessed against said lots or parts of lots respectively, and collected in the same manner as other taxes are collected.

Section 5. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication once in the IOLA DAILY REGISTER, the official paper of said city.

Adopted August 11, 1902.
Approved August 11, 1902.
[SEAL] A. H. CAMPBELL, Mayor.
[Attest] W. M. KNAPP, City Clerk.

A dispatch from Maryville, Mo., says that George Crouse, supposed to be the man who stole horses near Garnett, stood off a sheriff's posse near that town with a shot gun. Sheriff Moore of Anderson county has chased Crouse 700 miles and is pursuing him now with blood hounds.

Mrs. George A. Bowls left this week for Canon City, Colo., where she will remain indefinitely for her health. Miss Clara and Bruce and Lee accompanied her and will remain with her, Tom Bowls going with them to see that they get comfortably located.

As predicted in Tuesday's REGISTER, no time is to be lost in getting the factory which is to manufacture the Edgar Car Seat in operation. Monday the ground for the plant was surveyed and the ground was broken for the first building. It will be 25 by 125 feet in dimensions, one story high. Several kilns for burning the cement seals will also be erected and work on the plant is to be pushed right along.

Now there is a rivalry in "young grandmother" stories. Coffeyville boasted one aged 33 years. The Chanute Tribune says Rev. I. B. Pulliam, now of Chanute but formerly of Iola, has a better story. His grandmother was a grandmother at the age of 32 years. She was married at the age of 14, and her daughter, Rev. Pulliam's mother, was married at the age of 17 years. Rev. Pulliam was not the distinguished grandson, however, but was the third son.

A Worm Killer.

J. A. J. Montgomery, Paxico, Wayne Co., Mo., writes: "I have little twin girls, who have been bothered with worms all their lives. I tried everything to relieve them which failed until I used White's Cream Vermifuge; the first two doses brought four worms from one of them, the next two doses, twelve, one of them measuring twelve inches; the other child was only relieved of four worms. It is an excellent medicine." White's Cream Vermifuge is good for children. It not only destroys worms, it helps the child to perfect growth, wards off sickness. 25c at C. B. Spencer & Co.'s.