

The Proper Name.
The Daughter—No, mother, dear, I could not marry Mr. Smith; he squints.
The Mother—My dear girl, a man who has \$100,000 a year may be affected with a slight optical indisposition—but a squint, never.—London Tatler.

Faithful Friend.
Jobs—I stood by my friend Bill the last time he got in trouble.
Dobbs—Yes; I heard you were the best man.—Chicago Journal.

During the last fiscal year an addition of \$118,783,468 was made to the monetary stock of the country. Get your share all right!—Indianapolis News.

Only freaks make freak election bets.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

GAINS THIRTY POUNDS

MRS. WEBER TELLS HOW SHE WAS HELPED WHEN DOCTORS FAILED.

She Let Her Trouble Become Chronic Because She Hesitated to Consult Her Physician—Particulars of a Remarkable Case.

The natural reluctance which every woman feels to consult a physician regarding troubles peculiar to her sex caused Mrs. C. Weber, of No. 7085 South Front street, Columbus, Ohio, to let her illness run on until it became chronic, and even the excellent doctor whom she employed could give her no relief that was permanent. She gives the following details of an interesting case:

"I felt the trouble a long time before I went to my doctor, perhaps a year or more. When I did consult him he told me I had female trouble. I felt sharp pains through my stomach and could not walk across the room without suffering agonies which I cannot describe. My head ached so that it fairly thumped and at times it seemed that I would go crazy. My stomach became so weak that it would retain only the lightest food. Week after week I took the doctor's medicine, but I continued to feel worse and worse. On several occasions I was confined to my bed for a week at a time. My weight decreased to 103 pounds and I seemed a confirmed invalid.

"One day I read of a case similar to mine that had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and, although I did not have much confidence, I began taking the pills, having already discontinued my doctor's treatment. While I was taking the second box I began to feel a little better and the improvement continued until I was cured. In a few months I had recovered my health and strength and weighed 133 pounds. I owe everything to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

No discovery of modern times has proved such a blessing to women as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Acting directly on the blood and nerves, invigorating the body, regulating the functions, they restore the strength and health in the exhausted patient when every effort of the physician proves unavailing. These pills are sold in boxes at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had from all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

FREE

A beautiful Metal Match Safe, in 5 colors, showing "The Girl Who Can Tell the Best Lye," will be sent to any address, postpaid, for one of our Lye labels.

MERRY WAR POWDERED LYE

will make more and better soap than any other lye; will also prevent and cure Hog Cholera, kill lice and disease in the poultry yard. Necessary in your home and on the farm. Full directions on label. Sold everywhere.

E. Myers Lye Co.
471 South Third Street St. Louis, Mo.

Western Canada's Magnificent Crops for 1904

Western Canada's Wheat Crop this year will be 60,000,000 bushels, and wheat at present is worth \$1.00 a bushel. The oat and barley crop will also yield abundantly. Wholesale prices for all kinds of grain, cattle and other farm produce for the growing of which the climate is unsurpassed. About 150,000 Americans have settled in Western Canada during the past three years. Thousands of free Homesteads of 160 acres each are available in the best agricultural districts. It has been said that the United States will be forced to import wheat within a very few years, secure a farm in Canada and become one of those who will help produce it.

Apply for information to SUPERINTENDENT OF EMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada; or to J. S. CRAVENS, 125 West Fifth Street, Kansas City, Mo. Authorized Canadian Government Agent.

THE FISH BRAND SLICKER A VALUED FRIEND

"A good many years ago I bought a FISH BRAND Slicker, and it has proven a valued friend for many a stormy day, but now it is getting old and I must have another. Please send me a price-list."

(The name of this worthy doctor, obliged to be out in all sorts of weather, will be given on application.)

A. J. TOWER CO.
Boston, U. S. A.

TOWER CANADIAN COMPANY, Limited
Toronto, Canada

Wet Weather Clothing, Suits, and Hats for all kinds of wet work or sport

PISO'S CURE FOR
GOUT, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BLOOD.



ROOSTS FOR THE TURKEYS

They Should Be Located on the South Side of a Barn or Other Farm Building.

T. F. McGrew, writing in a bulletin of the United States department of agriculture, says: "Turkeys do best when they can rest in the open. If well fed they will thrive more in the shelter of trees than in a close confined house. The troubles that arise from allowing them to live in the trees are that they become wild and frequently are stolen. If housed, their quarters should be airy, roomy and perfectly clean. It is not



AN IDEAL TURKEY ROOST.

wise to have them roost with other poultry. If found necessary to confine them, all that is needed is a shed or house that will protect them from the elements and marauders of all kinds, and at the same time not be too confining for them. Place the roosts well up from the floor and keep the interior perfectly clean and free from vermin. In localities where it is not too cold during the winter months, it is better to allow the breeding stock to roost in the open, either in trees or upon roosts prepared for them by planting posts that project about eight feet above the ground. Upon these place long poles about two or 2½ inches in diameter for roosts. Roosting places of this kind are better sheltered when located on the south side of a barn or building, as in the illustration.

INTRODUCTION OF A QUEEN

How to Perform a Task Which is Considered One of the Hardest in Beekeeping.

Colonies having only young bees accept queens readily, so that when a swarm has issued and the parent stock has been removed to a new stand the time for queen introduction is propitious. During a great honey flow queens are accepted without much question, if any at all. They may at such times nearly always be safely run in just at dark by lifting one corner of the cover or quilt of a queenless hive and driving the bees back with smoke. The new queen, having been kept without food and away from all other bees for a half hour previously, is then slipped in and the hive left undisturbed for several days. As queens mate only once and workers and drones live but a few weeks or at most only a few months, if an Italian, a Carniolan or other choice queen mated to a drone of her own race is introduced into a colony the bees of this colony will soon be replaced by others of the same race as the queen. All of the colonies of an apiary may thus be changed. From a single breeding queen the apiary may be supplied with young queens pure in blood, and since these—even though mated to drones of another race—will produce drones of their own blood, the apiary will soon be stocked with males of the desired race.—Field and Farm.

THE GUATEMALAN TURKEY.

Enemy of Boll Weevil Which is to Be Given a Trial by Agricultural Department.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson announces that he has discovered a new foe to the cotton boll weevil. It is an especially interesting foe, since after it has eaten the weevil the cotton planter can eat the foe. Mr. Wilson's discovery is a species of turkey from Guatemala.

While not willing to commit himself to the statement that the new foe will make the boll weevils scarce in Texas, Secretary Wilson has hopes the turkey will not necessarily supersede the weevil-eating ant, but will be his ally. "Our agents in Guatemala," says the secretary, "in their study of the life habits of the ants and the boll weevil, have recently discovered that the turkey is a great enemy of the weevil and propose to give it a trial in the United States. The turkey of Guatemala is somewhat smaller than our own variety and it is very tame. It is also very good for food. In fighting the weevil the department will spare no expense and if the turkeys can be obtained and will do the work they will be distributed among all the plantations of the infested section. The study of the Guatemalan ant will, at the same time, be continued. "Those which have been imported are doing well and are meeting our expectations. Reports that we have been losing them are without foundation."

Keep the Farm Tools Clean.
In no other way can good, thorough work be done so quickly and easily as with tools kept in nice working order. And after you are through with them, store them away in a dry place. Have a place for every tool, and put it in its place. When you lay them away coat all steel parts with oil mixed with white lead or lard and kerosene; the latter to prevent the rats from eating off the grease. Then in the spring, when you draw out the tools, you will have no trouble in getting them to do good service.—E. L. Morris, in Epitomist.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR ROPE

Use Plenty of Soap Where There is Much Friction and Prevent It from Twisting.

Discussing the subject of how to prevent a hay rope from twisting, Mr. George Benbow in a recent issue of Wallace's Farmer says:

"What you want to do is to compel the hemp fiber to conform itself to the new position in the rope. The hemp, as it comes to the rope walk to be manufactured is straight. The fibers are joined and twisted to form a thread; the threads are doubled and twisted to form a strand, and the strands are twisted together to form a rope. With all this twisting is it a wonder the original fiber resists? Now to boil your rope, or soak it in water, or to lay it in the dew, deadens the twist, and this will be done at the expense of your rope. A rope maker will tell you never to wet a rope. After being wet it will never again be as strong as it was before. A good rope always twists more or less with damp or very dry weather.

"Now as to your new hay rope. I am supposing it is hung ready for work. As you look up the rope is twisted from right to left most likely in a new rope. Now use a little patience. Take the end where the horses are hitched and take two or three turns out of the rope. Then run it back and forth, and if you have not taken enough turns take two or three more until you get it right. Most likely when the rope gets older the twist will be from left to right as you look up. In this case put a few twists in it and it will be all right. Beware of a rope so old that it hangs dead in all kinds of weather. It is nearly gone for work and is dangerous.

"Instead of robbing your rope of its strength by boiling and wetting, feed it. Take a bar of good soap and run it along as the rope runs back and forth. The soap will soon find its way all over the rope and it will add to its strength and make it work more smoothly. I know this is work, but if you will take patience and soap you will be well repaid for the time spent. Use plenty of soap where there is much friction. Take care of your rope!"

FOR REMOVING BOWLDERS.

Simple Bit of Engineering That Does Away with a Lot of Laborious Digging.

Getting our bowlders from cultivated fields is a matter of no little labor, especially if the bowlder is deeply imbedded in the earth. A large stone can be handled readily when upon the surface, but much more laborious digging is required if the bowlder is to be hauled out by "main strength" by a team. A simple bit of engineering that will greatly help in this case is shown in the accompanying illustration. Two stout 2x4 scantlings are bolted at top and placed above bowlder as shown. Chains are fastened around bowlder and fastened to a scantling a third of the way from bottom. A long chain or rope from top of scantling to double tree of the team gives the connecting link. On starting up team the bowlder will be lifted out upon the ground very easily for reasons that anyone with a mechanical eye can readily see.—O. M. O'Hair, in Agricultural Epitomist.

SEASONABLE FARM NOTES.

Any kind of land that is underlaid with a quicksand subsoil is not to be relied on for the raising of crops.

About 20 pounds is the amount of alfalfa seed required per acre to give the best of results on fairly good land.

As a rule, a soil that is loamy on top and clayey underneath is good farming land, provided that the drainage is good.

Cross-breeding animals does not generally yield satisfactory results, nor will cross-breeding seed plants be likely to give us any better results in the main.

Corn that has been permitted to fully mature on the stalks gives the best results when used for seed. We might expect this, as it is in accordance with nature's plan.

Do not select the ears of corn intended for seed too early this fall. The corn is increasing in substance now, and this should be allowed to go on as long as possible. Until the substance is all in the kernels they will not have attained full vitality.

Wise Selection of Crops.

There is much time and money lost by farmers because they do not know those varieties of grains and grasses adapted to the climate. Plants with thick leaves are best suited to a dry climate, while those with thin leaves are most desirable for a damp air. For this reason those living in a dry climate should grow corn, grass, etc., with thick leaves. Seed corn should be selected carefully. Nibs one and one-half inches long on an ear of corn result from bad selection. On such an ear the silks from the kernels on the tip of the ear are so slow in maturing that there is no pollen to fertilize them. Select ears that show, by being well filled at the tip, that the silks mature close together, not more than three or four days apart.

Skim-Milk for the Fowls.

The more skim milk the fowls use the better. In spite of all that has been said in favor of this kind of food a good many farmers give all the skim milk they have to the pigs and let the fowls subsist on grain alone. Often the pigs have more than they can eat, and in such a case a large part of the milk is wasted. Fowls make such good use of milk as a partial ration that its feeding should not be neglected.—Farmers' Review.

Blot on California.

They were discussing the charms of the California climate. "I never knew but two persons who could resist the wiles of that delightful land," said the company said, "and they were a mother and daughter from the Hub. They came to Pasadena while we were there, and they stayed just two days. One of us chanced to express surprise at their brief sojourn, and the older woman explained: "It is beautiful here, of course. We realize that. But, after all, it is so far from Boston!" "And they went that very day."—N. Y. Sun.

Why It Hurt.

"Don't feel so cut up about it, Mr. Skermet," said Miss Roxley, after rejecting him. "I'm not the first girl you loved, nor, I venture to say, am I likely to be the last."

"No," he sighed, disconsolately, "but you're the richest."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Cured Her Rheumatism.

Deep Valley, Pa., Oct. 31 (Special).—There is deep interest in Green county over the cure of the little daughter of I. N. Whipkey of Rheumatism. She was a great sufferer for five or six years and nothing seemed to do her any good till she tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. She began to improve almost at once and now she is cured and can run and play as other children do. Mr. Whipkey says: "I am indeed thankful for what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for my daughter; they saved her from being a cripple perhaps for life. Dodd's Kidney Pills have proved that Rheumatism is one of the results of diseased Kidneys. Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid in the blood. If the Kidneys are right there can be no Uric Acid in the blood, and consequently no Rheumatism. Dodd's Kidney Pills make the Kidneys right.

Tenth Season of the California Limited.

Ten years ago this fall the Santa Fe started its California Limited train on the initial run across the continent. Many improvements have been made in that busy decade. To-day's engines and coaches are much heavier than those of 1894. Millions of dollars have been spent on the track alone—some of it for oil-burned (diesel) roaded and oil-burned (smokeless) engines. The time is faster, too.

Daily service of the California Limited will be resumed Sunday, November 13, for the tenth season, superseding the present semi-weekly schedule. This is now an all-the-year-round train between Chicago, Los Angeles and San Francisco, running through Southwest land of enchantment. The time, Chicago to Los Angeles, is about 68 hours, which is fast speed for the 2,285 miles traversed, considering that several mountain ranges are crossed.

The next legislature is expected to take cognizance that trains going in opposite directions on a single track are not to be passed lightly.—Kansas City Star.

Do not believe Pico's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

THE GENERAL MARKETS.

Kansas City, Nov. 1.	
CATTLE—Beef steers	33 50 @ 57 75
Western steers	25 @ 40
Western cows	17 @ 25
HOGS	43 @ 52 25
SHEEP	35 @ 45
WHEAT—No. 2 hard	1 08 @ 1 08
No. 2 red	1 08 @ 1 09
CORN—No. 2 mixed	48 1/2 @ 49
OATS—No. 2 mixed	29 @ 29 1/2
RYE	75 @ 76
HAY—Timothy	5 50 @ 9 00
Prairie	7 50 @ 8 00
POULTRY—Hens, per lb.	61 1/2 @ 7
Springs, per lb.	61 1/2 @ 7 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery	17 @ 18 1/2
EGGS	17 @ 19 1/2
POTATOES	40 @ 50

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Beef steers	25 @ 6 25
Texas steers	25 @ 4 00
HOGS—Packers	37 @ 4 25
Western	37 @ 4 25
WHEAT—No. 2 red	1 12 @ 1 12 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed	50 @ 51
OATS—No. 2	29 @ 30
FLOUR—Red winter pat.	5 35 @ 5 50
BUTTER—Creamery	17 @ 18 1/2
EGGS	17 @ 18 1/2
LARD	6 25 @ 6 85
BACON	8 25 @ 9 00

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Steers	5 80 @ 6 75
Mixed and butchers	4 80 @ 5 20
SHEEP—Western	1 80 @ 1 85
WHEAT—No. 2	1 16 @ 1 18
CORN—No. 2	55 1/2 @ 55 1/2
OATS—No. 2	30 @ 30 1/2
RYE—Dec.	75 @ 76 1/2
EGGS	16 1/2 @ 18 1/2
LARD—Dec.	6 50 @ 6 85
PORK—Dec.	10 85 @ 11 00

NEW YORK.	
CATTLE—Steers	3 75 @ 5 75
HOGS	5 35 @ 5 80
SHEEP	2 50 @ 4 00
WHEAT—No. 2	1 18 @ 1 17
CORN—No. 2	55 1/2 @ 59
OATS—No. 2	34 1/2 @ 35 1/2



The letters of Miss Merkley, whose picture is printed above, and Miss Claussen, prove beyond question that thousands of cases of inflammation of the ovaries and womb are annually cured by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gradual loss of strength and nerve force told me something was radically wrong with me. I had severe shooting pains through the pelvic organs, cramps and extreme irritation compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor said that I had ovarian trouble and ulceration, and advised an operation. I strongly objected to this and decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I soon found that my judgment was correct, and that all the good things said about this medicine were true, and day by day I felt less pain and increased appetite. The ulceration soon healed, and the other complications disappeared and in eleven weeks I was once more strong and vigorous and perfectly well.

"My heartiest thanks are sent to you for the great good you have done me."—Sincerely yours, Miss MARGARET MERKLEY, 275 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Miss Claussen Saved from a Surgical Operation.



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It seems to me that all the endorsements that I have read of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound do not express one-half of the virtue the great medicine really possesses. I know that it saved my life and I want to give the credit where it belongs. I suffered with ovarian trouble for five years, had three operations and spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and medicines but this did not cure me after all.

"However, what doctors and medicines failed to do, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did. Twenty bottles restored me to perfect health and I feel sure that had I known of its value before, and let the doctors alone, I would have been spared all the pain and expense that fruitless operations cost me. If the women who are suffering, and the doctors do not help them, will try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, they will not be disappointed with the results."—Miss CLARA M. CLAUSSEN, 1307 Penn St., Kansas City, Mo.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

WE WANT YOUR NAME and will send you prospectus and full particulars of **MINI SUCCESSFUL GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, ZINC AND QUICKSILVER Mining Companies**, if you will send us your name and address. **Standard Maps Free.** **ARBUCKLE-GOODS COMMISSION CO., 325 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.**

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BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

St. Jacobs Oil

Known the world over as the prompt, surest cure for **Rheumatism and Neuralgia**

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer, or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—New to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. **MONROE DRUG CO., Indianapolis, Ind.**

FOR Burns and Scalds use FOR Cuts and Bruises

Mexican Mustang Liniment

PISO'S TABLETS
The New Boon for Women's Ills.

SILENT suffering from any form of female disorder is no longer necessary. Many modest women would rather die by inches than consult anyone, even by letter, about their private troubles. PISO'S TABLETS attack the source of the disease and give relief from the start. Whatever form of illness afflicts you, our interesting treatise, Cause of Diseases in Women, will explain your trouble, and the method of cure. A copy will be mailed free with a Generous Sample of the Tablets, to any woman addressing

THE PISO COMPANY
Clark and Liberty Streets, WARREN, PA.

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A. N. E.—D 2090