

BAXTER SPRINGS NEWS

CHARLES L. SMITH, Ed. and Prop.
BAXTER SPRINGS, - - KANSAS.

Allegheny with her bank scandal is now entitled to claim to rank with Louisville or Cleveland.

Arizona preachers want Arizona admitted as a state under a constitution making prohibition perpetual.

The Russian state sceptre is of solid gold three feet long and contains among its ornaments 260 rubles and 35 emeralds.

There were 1,800 guests at a marriage feast at Sevignac, near Morlaix, Brittany, and 300 servants waited on them in an open field.

Among the elephants, both the sexes of the African species have ivory tusks, while in Asia these are generally restricted to the male.

Nome will produce \$10,000,000 of gold in 1905, a gain of \$2,000,000 over 1904, which was that district's best year in gold yield. The entire gold production of Alaska will be \$15,000,000 for 1905.

An ingenious man has recommended a new remedy to thin people who wish to get fat. He advises them to fall off the roof of the Flatiron building, and assures them they will come down plump.

Flowers and trees, blossoms and greenery, all over Paris—some of it is municipal gardening, some private taste, but no spot is too small, too obscure, too mean, to escape the universal greenery and flowers.

A striking instance of hereditary is afforded in Francis Kossuth, the Hungarian statesman, who has been striving to enlarge his country's liberties, as his father, the famous patriot, strove for its independence. With him largely rests the peace of Austro-Hungary.

An interesting relic of the war of 1812 was recently hauled from the depths of Curtis bay in a fish seine by E. R. Stull, of Baltimore. The relic is a shell which is supposed to have been dropped overboard from one of the British warships which assailed Baltimore.

In the "planet incline" is another deadly invention. In a big globular car men and women are placed as passengers. The great ball rolls down an incline, shoots up a second incline, rolls down a third toboggan and is brought to a stop. But the slightest variation in the course would precipitate the occupants to the ground 100 feet below.

Few persons have any conception of how generously England has rewarded her naval and military heroes and their often unworthy descendants. For his military victories the duke of Marlborough was granted a perpetual pension of \$20,000. The taxpayers built him a grand palace and purchased an estate for him at a cost of over \$1,240,000, in addition to which he drew emoluments of \$320,000 a year. The family has been paid over \$5,000,000 for battles gained by their ancestors more than 200 years ago.

Mr. Prentiss Ingraham, the American author, long before his death a year ago, succeeded in breaking the record attributed to Dumas. In the course of 40 years' authorship Mr. Ingraham turned out the amazing number of 1,000 novels, aggregating some 60,000,000 words—25 novels a year for 40 years! His most successful novel, which went into many large editions, was written with a pen within a fortnight at an average rate of 10,000 words a day. In later years, by dictating to shorthand writers, Mr. Ingraham found he could easily increase his immense output of work.

How quickly the inhabitants of our Asiatic islands may become animated with the progressive spirit of American ways and institutions is proved in the case of Jose Burgos, a Filipino lad who is one of the brightest students at the Cincinnati university technical school. Burgos, who is 17 years old, and stands at the head of his classes, is being educated at the expense of the Filipino government. He is said to be the only Filipino football player in the United States, and is making an enviable record on the class team by quick, decisive plays.

Besides creating Lord Nelson's brother, the clergyman, a peer, and purchasing a \$500,000 estate for him in Wiltshire, a grateful country conferred a perpetual pension of \$25,000 a year on the earl. For deeds wrought by his great-uncle 100 years ago, the present earl, an old man of 62, who has never been conspicuous for anything but straight-laced piety, has drawn from the national treasury \$1,750,000. He possesses an estate of over 7,000 acres and a rent roll of nearly \$30,000 a year. The Nelson pension was the last perpetual one.

Principal George H. Linsley, who is the best-known educator in New Jersey, holds a remarkable record. He has been a teacher for 65 years, and for 54 years was principal of Public School No. 1, in Jersey City. He established the first normal school in the state, and was its principal for 3 years. His friends and associates paid a remarkable tribute to his worth when they gathered together on the day that marked the completion of his active work. By an act of the legislature, he will now enjoy a yearly pension of \$1,200.

FIND BURTON GUILTY

The Jury Convicts the Kansan Senator on Six Counts.

Will Receive Sentence on Monday and Motion Will Be Made for New Trial—If Overruled Will Take an Appeal.

St. Louis, Nov. 27.—Joseph R. Burton, senior senator from Kansas, was found guilty by a jury in the United States court of violating section 1782 of the revised statutes. Senator Burton was found guilty on counts 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8, counts 4 and 5 having been dismissed by the government's attorneys.

Senator Burton was not taken into custody by the marshal on request of his counsel, who promised to produce him in court at 10 o'clock Monday morning.

The marshal was notified at 12:45 o'clock that the jury had reached an agreement. Senator Burton was in the court room at the time. With him were Thomas T. Kelly, the state treasurer of Kansas; William P. Hackney of Winfield, Col. W. W. Smith, Burton's secretary. Mr. Lehmann and Mr. Haynes, attorneys for Burton, were called in from the corridors and Col. Dyer and Gen. Robb from the United States marshal's office. It was a solemn and oppressive occasion when the clerk called the roll of the jurors. The deathlike silence in the courtroom was broken only by the voice of the clerk and the response of the juror.

When the verdict had been read and each of the jurors had responded that it was their verdict Judge Vandeventer thanked them for their careful attention to the very important case.

Senator Burton will be called before Judge Vandeventer at ten o'clock Monday morning to receive sentence. The maximum penalty for the offense is imprisonment for two years and a fine of \$10,000 on each of the six counts on which Senator Burton was found guilty.

Senator Burton's attorneys stated Sunday night that they would immediately ask for a new trial. It is practically certain that Judge Vandeventer will overrule the motion, and then a notice of appeal will be filed.

PLANNED BY AMERICANS.

Executive Committee of Inter-Parliamentary Conference Adopts Congressman Barthold's Ideas.

Paris, Nov. 27.—Hain Davis secretary of the American delegation to the inter-parliamentary congress recently held at Brussels, is here attending a meeting of the executive committee of the congress which is considering the proposition of Congressman Richard Barthold of Missouri for an international parliament.

The report of the committee recommends that "the Hague tribunal be transformed into a permanent international body, sitting periodically instead of spasmodically, the chief purpose being the development of a definite code of international law. The tribunal it is pointed out will thus serve as an international senate and the committee recommends that the inter-parliamentary union be reorganized in the form of a popular branch or international house of representatives, acting in conjunction with this international senate at The Hague. Mr. Davis says that this plan is practically drawn from Mr. Barthold's proposition for an international parliament. The action of the committee, he says, is gratifying as it will have the indirect effect of accomplishing all that the American delegation at Brussels proposed.

Manitoba to Own Public Utilities.
Winnipeg, Manitoba, Nov. 25.—In opening the new conservative club at Norwood, a Winnipeg suburb Thursday night, Premier Robin made several important announcements regarding the government policy on which it will appeal to the electorate. Manitoba is to have a state owned system of telephones, as well as other government ownership of public utilities, he announced. There is also to be increased taxation on railroads. These matters will likely receive consideration at the forthcoming session of the legislature.

Anybody's Affidavit Good.
Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 23.—The supreme court Tuesday reversed the case of Leo Spivey who was convicted of murder and sentenced to be executed in Emiscount county. The court holds that trial judges have no right to inquire into the characters of witnesses to affidavits but must grant a change of venue when the application is in proper form, and therefore granted Spivey a new trial.

King Haakon in Norway.
Christiania, Nov. 26.—The state entry of King Haakon VII and Queen Maud into Christiania took place Saturday afternoon. The new sovereigns were welcomed with every demonstration of good will.

Peasants Demand Provisions.
Vladimir, Russia, Nov. 23.—In the Jurieff and Alexandrovsk districts of this government peasant mobs are demanding the surrender of the stocks of provisions and are threatening to set the torch to the whole locality.

Republic Iron and Steel Dividend.
New York, Nov. 23.—The Republic Iron and Steel company Wednesday declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1% per cent on its preferred stock and ordered an additional payment of 1% per cent on deferred dividends.

MRS. CHADWICK WOULD TELL.

Says a Number of Financiers Profited by Her Transactions Who Are as Guilty as She.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 28.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick has expressed the desire to go on the witness stand again in connection with the bankruptcy proceedings against her, and Monday wrote a letter to Referee Remington of the federal bankruptcy court, requesting him to set a date for reopening the case. Mrs. Chadwick declares that if an opportunity is again given her to go on the stand she will tell without reservation all the facts concerning her financial dealings.

Continuing, Mrs. Chadwick said: "If the supreme court at Washington decides against me and I am compelled to go to the penitentiary, I shall, before leaving Cleveland, give out some additional information that will doubtless prove of interest. There are a number of financiers who benefited very largely through their dealings with me. If I am to be punished it is no more than right that some of these men should suffer with me, for if there was any violation of the law, they are surely as guilty as I am."

Getting Guns for Penitentiary.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 28.—After a long conference Monday between Gov. Folk and Warden Hall concerning the outbreak at the penitentiary Friday, an order was placed by wire for a supply of getting guns which will be placed so as to sweep all of the approaches to the prison, and in accordance with Gov. Folk's expressed determination they will be manned by officers who will use them. It is believed that the presence of the guns will have a deterring effect on future attempts at riot and escape.

Young Field Is Dead.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Marshall Field, Jr., died at five o'clock Monday night at Mercy hospital. Mr. Field, who was the only son of Marshall Field, the multi-millionaire of this city, was accidentally shot on the afternoon of Wednesday, November 22. He was examining a new revolver he had purchased when it was discharged, the bullet striking him in the right side, perforating the liver and spleen and injuring the spinal cord.

Touch of Winter in Northwest.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—The first blizzard of the season struck St. Paul late Monday afternoon and Monday night was raging with unabated fury. High northwest winds sent the snow in such terrific gusts that pedestrians were all but blinded and traveling greatly impeded. From all parts of Minnesota, North and South Dakota came reports of heavy snow and wind with consequent partial demoralization of railway traffic.

St. Joseph Council Courts Trouble.

St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 27.—The "lid" was lifted here Monday night by the city council, passing an ordinance providing that saloons may remain open Sundays except between the hours of 8:30 a. m. and 12:30 p. m. The mayor had vetoed the ordinance because they are in defiance of the state laws, but they were passed over his veto. It is believed the governor will endeavor to keep the saloons closed Sundays.

Russian Paper Suppressed.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 28.—A new pictorial, satirical paper, the Poulemt (machine gun) was confiscated Monday and the editor was arrested. On the front page was a cartoon representing the imperial manifesto suppressed by the bloody hand of Gen. Treppoff.

Arizona Gets Heavy Rains.

El Paso, Col. Nov. 28.—A special to the Herald from Safford, Arizona, says: This town is entirely cut off by high water. The Globe (a valley railroad) was washed out on both sides of the town. Heavy rains have fallen all over southern Arizona.

Killed by a Blast.

Kansas City, Nov. 28.—One person was killed and 12 were injured, none seriously, as the result of blasting rock at Ninth street and Grand avenue, in the center of the business district, where an excavation is being made for an office building. The dead, Andrew Knight, aged 30, a laborer, was crushed beneath a 200 pound rock that was hurled into the air by a blast, and instantly killed.

"Brutal and Abominable Game."

New York, Nov. 28.—Francis S. Bangs, chairman of the Columbia university committee on athletics, Monday pronounced football, as played under the present rules and methods, to be "a brutal and abominable game" and said that if he had his way it should be prohibited.

Yellow Fever at Havana.

Havana, Nov. 28.—Two suspected cases of fever were confirmed Monday as being yellow fever and two were discharged. There are now nine cases under treatment. There was one case of yellow fever confirmed Monday at Matanzas.

Power Seize Custom House.

London, Nov. 28.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Mitylene, dated November 27: "Eight warships of the combined fleet arrived here at eight o'clock Monday morning. Admiral Ritten von Jedina, accompanied by the Austrian consul, proceeded to the government house at 10:30 o'clock and handed an ultimatum to the governor. At one o'clock Monday afternoon 500 sailors landed and seized the customs and telegraph office. Everything is quiet."

MUTINY AT THE PEN.

Prisoners at Missouri Prison Make Dash for Liberty.

Shot Two Officials—Blew up Gate and Four Reached the Streets—Captured in Running Fight.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 28.—A desperate attempt to escape from the state penitentiary was made by four convicts at 3:15 o'clock Friday afternoon, resulting in a terrific battle with weapons and nitro-glycerine at the prison gate, a running fight through the streets of Jefferson City and the final capture of the four convicts, two of whom were shot and wounded one. Charles Blake having since died. Two prison officers were shot dead and a third seriously wounded.

There was not the slightest premonition of any trouble within the prison walls. Suddenly convicts Harry Vaughn, Charles Raymond, Hiram Blake, George Ryan and Eli Zeigler, who were working in close proximity to the prison gate, inside the enclosure, as if by given signal, made a rush for the gate. From their pockets they drew pistols and it is presumed that at least one of them carried a bottle of nitro-glycerine. Where these weapons and the explosive were obtained has not yet been discovered. Rushing past the gate they entered Deputy Warden See's office and shot him as he sat in his chair. He sank back and was unable to resist them. Instantly they returned to the gate and met Gateman John Clay, who had been alarmed by the shots. Before he could raise his weapon he was shot dead. Then, as if to signal the convicts generally that the attempt to escape had been started, the convicts seized the bell rope hanging by the gate and momentarily rang the bell.

Gateman Clay had left the wagon gate ajar when he appeared and was shot dead. The convicts rushed through, dragging his body with them, slammed the gate shut and fastened it on the inside. They were then in the wagon entrance to the penitentiary this entrance being about 40 feet long by 15 feet wide, and leading to the public street through another double gate of steel. This outside gate was locked, but the desperate convicts were deterred but for a moment. Placing their nitro-glycerine under the outside gate, they blew an opening through the massive steel doors and before the smoke had cleared, the opening they had dashed through past a number of "trusty" convicts working in the street and ran madly for 12 blocks. Zeigler, it was found, had failed to leave the penitentiary walls.

Almost before the four escaping convicts had covered the distance of one block, the prison officials, heavily armed, were in pursuit, shooting as they ran.

Washing an Island Away.

New York, Nov. 27.—Following the sudden submersion Saturday of a portion of Barren island, on which stood several buildings of the rendering plant of the New York Sanitary Utilization company, another section of the island crumbled and was engulfed Sunday, about 20,000 square feet disappearing beneath the water. It is feared that the gradual washing of the sand will continue and efforts are being made to counteract the effect of the tidal currents.

Rejects Proposal of Powers.

Vienna, Nov. 23.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that the reply of the porte, which was handed Baron von Calice, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, Wednesday evening, rejects the proposals of the powers on all points, and declares that the public opinion of Turkey would not countenance their acceptance. The porte agrees to extend to two years the terms of the civil agents of the powers in Macedonia.

Strike Spreading at Moscow.

Moscow, Nov. 27.—The strike here is spreading. Crowds of strikers are plundering factories, private houses and state liquor shops. The military is working the telephones. The governing committee of the bourse met Sunday and passed a resolution urging the government to take energetic measures to stop pillaging.

W. E. Thomas Has Recovered.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 27.—Physicians stated Saturday that W. E. Thomas had entirely recovered from the effects of the carbolic acid which he drank recently by mistake for medicine. Arrangements are being made to take Mr. Thomas to Hot Springs in a few days to recuperate.

Topeka Will Celebrate.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 27.—The fiftieth anniversary of Topeka will be celebrated by a banquet on December 5, given by the Commercial club. The guest of honor will be Gov. Hoch. Dr. D. M. Fisk, Maj. T. J. Anderson, of Topeka, and Ed P. Sample, of Osborne, will be the other speakers.

The Guard a Martyr to Duty.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 27.—Gov. Joseph W. Folk paid a high tribute Sunday to the moral stamina and courage of John Clay, a guard at the state penitentiary who was killed while trying to prevent the escape of prisoners during the riot last Friday. Nearly 3,000 persons attended the funeral and accompanied the body to the grave.

The home of E. B. Weaver in a Topeka suburb was struck by lightning Friday night and considerably damaged.

CUBANS WILL ACT.

If Americans on Isle of Pines Cause Trouble United States Will Not Be Asked for Help.

Havana, Nov. 27.—The Associated press has been informed in the most positive terms that whatever develops in the Isle of Pines dispute, Cuba under no circumstances will ask the United States to intervene not even to the extent of sending a gunboat to preserve order among the American citizens there. This statement was clearly and emphatically made by Gen. Freyre Andrade, secretary of the interior after a conference Sunday afternoon with President Palma at which Gen. Rodriguez, commander of the rural guards, was present.

A special messenger of the government left Batabano Sunday for the Isle of Pines in the gunboat Arana with instructions to return and report as soon as possible.

All that is known here is that a meeting of Americans on the island was held Saturday to confirm what had previously been done, this meeting being considered necessary owing to insufficient notice having been given of the intentions of the Americans to nominate territorial officers.

A report seems to have spread among the Cubans at Nueva Gerona that this meeting will be prolific of trouble which will culminate Monday when the Americans assume the offices in defiance of Cuban authority. This report, however, lacks confirmation.

REPORT DEVLIN RECEIVERS.

Appears in Pamphlet Form of 340 Pages—Shows Total Assets \$4,956,948 with Liabilities \$4,502,205.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 23.—The report of the C. J. Devlin receivers appointed by the United States district court in the bankruptcy proceedings viz: Cyrus Leland, Jr., J. E. Hurley and Walter Reeves, made its appearance Wednesday in pamphlet form consisting of 340 pages. The report gives a thorough detailed statement of all the assets and liabilities. A schedule of the drafts, notes, etc., is shown. The property of the mines and stores is given to the slightest detail.

The report shows the total assets to be \$4,956,948 and the total liabilities \$4,502,205. The contingent liabilities were estimated at \$674,639.07, but their value has not yet been fully determined.

Autopsy Will Reveal Facts.

Annapolis, Nov. 27.—The body of Midshipman James R. Branch, Jr., who died November 7 after a fist fight with Midshipman Minor Merriwether, whose trial by court-martial on charges that include manslaughter, will be continued Monday, was disinterred Sunday and an autopsy was held by a board of naval medical officers pursuant to orders of the secretary of the navy. The condition of the body was found to be such that those who made the autopsy will be able to answer questions that have arisen during the Merriwether trial as to the condition of Midshipman Branch's heart and other organs prior to the fight.

Grangers Object to Short Hours.

Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 24.—Before adjourning sine die Thursday evening the National Grange Patrons of Husbandry adopted a resolution declaring "that we, as American citizens, believe it is every man's privilege to work as many hours as he will for pay; that energy, thrift and activity are entitled to encouragement and should command rightful compensation for services rendered." This is taken as a direct aim at labor unions, which fix on eight hours for a working day, and may mean a contest between the farmers and organized labor.

Prisoners Had Money.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 27.—The work of formally entering the 71 prisoners brought from Jefferson City to the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth began Saturday. When searched the prisoners seemed well provided with money, one man having \$70 sewed in his underwear. Over \$700 in all was taken from the gang Bigelow, the Milwaukee banker, who acts as clerk for Record Clerk Will McClaughray, is making out the record slips containing the measurements, descriptions and finger prints of the men. The work will take five days.

New Internal Revenue Order.

Washington, Nov. 25.—A circular letter was issued Friday to collectors of internal revenue by Commissioner General Yerkes of the internal revenue service postponing until January 1, next, the order requiring internal revenue taxes to be paid on certain preparations sold as remedies, but containing a preponderance of alcohol. The circular states that the chemical bureau of the service has completed the analysis of eleven such remedies which come within the scope of the order on the subject of September 12.

Two Killed by Interurban Car.

Canton, O., Nov. 25.—John V. Everheart, a prominent real estate dealer of Akron, O., and Fred Baskerville, were run down and killed by an interurban car Friday afternoon, while crossing the car tracks in an automobile.

Jewish Relief Fund \$978,511.

New York, Nov. 27.—The fund for the relief of the suffering Hebrews in Russia was increased Sunday by \$50,332, making a total of \$978,511 collected to date.

OIL PRICES DIFFER.

Testimony Taken at Joplin, Mo., Shows That the State Line Affects Oil Values.

Joplin, Mo., Nov. 25.—Attorney General Hadley renewed the taking of testimony in the ouster proceedings against the Standard Oil company at Joplin Friday. About 15 witnesses were subpoenaed most of them local consumers. Three or four were from surrounding counties. The first and one of the best witnesses for the state was T. R. Hopkins who was agent for the Waters-Pierce Oil company in the district composed of Jasper, Newton and McDonald counties for 15 years he said at that time the Waters-Pierce company distributed in Texas. He was discharged by letter and re-employed by the next mail. He said that he received instructions not to sell in Standard Oil territory and gave instances when he was called to task for trying to do so. He was asked about the checks which he received. "They were dated New York," he replied. "During the entire period between 1890 to 1900." It developed that W. J. Moore of Cameron, Texas, a representative of the attorney general of Texas is here listening to the testimony. "As soon as I finish hearing witnesses here," said Attorney General Hadley I shall cease taking testimony in Missouri until December 4, I expect to have John D. Rockefeller on the stand in New York as well as H. Clay Pierce and others, high up in Standard Oil. I think they either will testify or stand on their constitutional rights.

The train load of prisoners was accompanied by Warden Hall and five penitentiary officers, United States Marshal Durham of Kansas City, and 33 of his deputies. The prisoners were dressed in citizens clothes. The train consisted of two passenger coaches and a baggage car.

ROCKEFELLER MUST TESTIFY.

Standard Oil Magnates Must Tell What They Know Regarding Alleged Oil Trust in Missouri.

New York, Nov. 25.—Subpoenas were issued Thursday for John D. Rockefeller, Henry H. Rogers, Henry M. Flagler and other financiers to appear as witnesses in the two suits pending in Missouri to oust the Standard Oil company and two other oil companies from doing business in that state. The subpoena directed the witnesses to appear on December 4 before Frederick H. Sandborn, of this city, who was appointed by Gov. Folk to act as commissioner for the state of Missouri.

The suits were filed in Missouri on March 29, 1905, and include, besides the Standard Oil company, the Republic Oil company and the Waters-Pierce Oil company.

Adams Took More Gold Dust.
Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25.—Late developments in the arrest of George Edward Adams, cashier in the United States assay office here, for embezzlement, indicate that instead of stealing \$35,000 in gold dust to which he has confessed, his peculations may amount close to \$100,000, and that instead of covering a period of six months they will run farther back than 1903. Adams' bondsmen Friday withdrew from the \$30,000 bond given Thursday night and Adams was remanded to jail to await the preliminary hearing.

Takaha Going Home.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The following statement was made Friday night at the Japanese legation: "Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, expecting to leave for Japan early in December and to be absent from Washington for the coming season, will give a small stag party on the evening of December 7, to say goodbye to his friends. It is possible that he may return here next spring, but it is not at all certain that he will do so."

Japanese Agitation Gaining Strength.

Tokio, Nov. 25.—The agitation against the government for its non-abrogation of martial-law, and its suppression of the liberties of the press is gaining strength. Many sympathizers with the opposition party can be found, even among members of the house of peers.

Report from Exploring Expedition.

Dundee, Scotland, Nov. 25.—George Cleveland of Massachusetts, returned to Dundee Thursday from a whaling expedition in Davis strait, bringing news from Esquimo sources that Capt. Amundsen's Arctic expedition ship Gjøa had been crushed in the ice at Boothia Felix (the northern most part of the mainland of North America) and that the explorers escaped and have been living with the natives. The Dundee whalers who were appointed to meet Capt. Amundsen with stores have not been able to trace him.