

DUNN AND DEMOCRACY ENTER THE RACE FOR MAYOR

While the War Profiteers, Trench Dodgers and Black Flag of the A. C. M. Industrial Pirates Prepare to Launch Campaign of Abuse

NATION-WIDE CAMPAIGN AGAINST WILSON'S LEAGUE OF NATIONS BEGINS

Spartacans of Germany Still Held In Check By Government

By FRANK J. TAYLOR
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Berlin, March 4.—Despite spasmodic attempts of the Spartacans to revive the new revolution, the government appears to have the situation well in hand tonight. Sections of the city where the revolution centered have been isolated by barbed wire entanglements erected under direction of officers specially trained in this method of defense during the war.

Government troops have extended their control until the revolutionists are forced to limit their activities to shipping. Plundering continued in some parts of the city, however. The casualties have been extremely light. Employees of many factories refused to join the general strike, which was to have been the signal for a nation-wide revolution. The telephone system is working as usual and railway service has not been seriously impaired.

The bourgeois are threatening to start a counter strike in sympathy with the government. General opinion is the radicals are overconfident and "went off half-cocked." Some of their leaders, including Hugo Haase, are already disclaiming any connection with the strike.

The government, so far, has not been seriously endangered. The cabinet is planning to hurry the socialization of certain industries, though its program is far short of that the radicals have demanded. All government work will be directed from Weimar until order is completely restored in Berlin.

Unconfirmed reports have been received that heavily armed bands are advancing on Weimar for the purpose of looting the town. As far as is learned the bands apparently have no political affiliation.

PORK PRICE IS GOING SKYWARD

Grain and Meat Prices to Reach Record Height Is Prediction of Those in a Position to Know.

(Special United Press Wire.)

Chicago, March 6.—"The balloon has been cut loose," according to experts commenting on the unfixed price of hogs. Packing house officials said they expect an immediate advance in live hog prices to set marks far above the \$20 record of last winter.

"Prices will be up for two or three years," said F. W. Waddell, head of the Armour company's pork department.

"Lifting the embargo on pork exports opens much new territory. There isn't enough pork on hand to meet this demand, and the live hog supply of this country is almost exhausted.

"The farmer rushed his hogs to market while the food administration had fixed the price for his animals."

Some startling high prices are unofficially named as possible records for both grains and meats.

THOUGHT CONTROLLER MAY PRECIPITATE STRIKE

(Special United Press Wire.)

San Francisco, March 6.—Electrical workers and girl telephone operators are ready to strike at a moment's notice, according to advices received here. A secret strike vote was taken a fortnight ago, and the result was announced today. The walkout will be called if Burleson does not meet the demands of the coast electrical workers and girls, numbering 18,000, who want better working conditions and increased wages.

(Special United Press Wire.)

Boston, March 6.—Fifteen thousand employees of New England and Providence telephone companies will strike March 11 unless Postmaster Burleson agrees to the wage demands of the telephone workers or President Wilson intervenes, it is learned here today.

MRS. DOUG. FAIRBANKS OBTAINS FINAL DECREE

White Plains, N. Y., March 5.—A final decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Douglas Fairbanks, wife of the motion picture actor, was signed today by State Supreme Court Justice Young. The papers mentioned an unknown woman as co-defendant. Under the terms of the decree the custody of a child, Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., is given to the mother with the provision that the father shall be allowed to see him at frequent intervals.

AMERICAN JEWS NOT IN FAVOR OF NEW STATE

Philadelphia, March 6.—A statement signed by 300 prominent American Jews setting forth their objections to the organization of a Jewish state in Palestine as proposed by the Zionist societies in this country and Europe, to be presented to the peace conference in Paris, was made public here last night. Objections to the segregation of the Jews as a nationalistic unit in any country is also made in the statement, which will be presented to the peace conference by Representative Julius Kahn of California.

RELEASING THE POLITICAL PRISONERS

Department of Justice Reviews 52 Cases Convicted Under Espionage Act; Fredk. Krafft Pardoned.

Washington, March 6.—Sentences imposed on a number of persons convicted during the war of violating the espionage act will be corrected from time to time through executive clemency by President Wilson, it was announced yesterday, simultaneously with the commutation of sentences in 52 cases and complete pardon in one. As fast as the department of justice can review the cases still awaiting examination, recommendations for the shortening of sentences will be sent to the president.

In many of the cases acted on yesterday department of justice officials said prisoners had been victims of wartime passion or prejudice and had been given long sentences not commensurate with their offense. To eliminate any possible injustice, the reviews were undertaken. Officials explained, however, they would take care not to recommend clemency for the scores of persons against whom there was strong evidence of disloyalty, whose sentences were not extreme.

Frederick Krafft of Newark, N. J., secretary of the socialist party in New Jersey, was given the only full pardon. He was convicted for utterances in a speech in Newark, but in pardoning him consideration was given to the fact that in the socialist convention at St. Louis early in the war he was one of the pro-war leaders.

Those granted clemency today included a number of socialists, I. W. W. agitators and religious pacifists.

RAINBOW DIVISION'S RETURN IS DELAYED

(Special United Press Wire.)

Washington, March 6.—Secretary Baker has advised Secretary Glass that it will be impossible to advance the home-coming date of the 42nd division. Glass wanted the return hastened so the division could participate in the Victory loan campaign.



"THE TRUTH HURTS?"

FRENCH GOVERNMENT OFFENSIVE ON AGAINST THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

GERMANY'S RESOLUTION IS UPPERMOST SUBJECT

(Special United Press Wire.)

Paris, March 6.—Conditions of the separate peace treaty are said to have been worked out to an extent where the formal approval of President Wilson, Lloyd George and Premier Orlando would be obtained within a remarkable short time after they had undertaken a discussion of terms.

President Wilson will find an entirely new atmosphere when he arrives here. Concern over what is going on in Germany will be topmost among the anxieties rather than individual desires, and designs of various nationalities. Possible arrangements admitting 270,000 tons of fats into Germany will be completed before the president has reached Paris.

MONTANA WEATHER.
Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday; probably light local snows; not much change in temperature.

BUTTE WEATHER.
Unsettled today and tomorrow, with light snow; colder.

Hope to Reduce Prices in Paris 40 Per Cent Within Fortnight. A Tip for Woodrow Wilson.

(Special United Press Wire.)

Paris, March 6.—The French government has started an offensive against profiteering with the exception of lowering the cost of living in Paris 40 per cent within a fortnight.

Fifteen large sheds, located in various public squares, have been opened for the sale of government controlled provisions. More will be opened as soon as possible. These supplies consist principally of food bought from inter-allied commissions already in existence.

The state will transport them from ports to selling places by special trains. The government expects price reductions on other commodities through indirect compression.

The model scientific ration for the average man, as worked out by the interallied commission, now costs 65 cents a day in Paris. Under new government sales system, the cost will be only 39 cents a day. If the Paris experiment is successful food will be sent to other towns to be re-tailed subject to state control.

The ministry of food supplies is also arranging a system of workmen's restaurants in Paris capable of serving 400,000 meals a day. Charges will be reduced 30 per cent by obtaining the principal supplies directly from the government. Three hundred thousand tons of provisions have been brought to Paris within the last five days.

BERLIN RIOTS ARE BECOMING VIOLENT

(Special United Press Wire.)

Basle, March 6.—The present Berlin riots have become as violent as those which marked the Spartacan revolt that Karl Liebknecht led, according to dispatches.

The radicals appear to be concentrating their efforts in capturing police stations, 32 precinct stations having been attacked. The central station has been assaulted three times. Several policemen, captured by mobs, are reported to have been lynched. Arms depots, jewelry shops and food stores have been pillaged.

"We are trying to render the situation more tolerable than that in Russia," said Herr Schumacher, one of the Spartacan leaders. "When factories are demolished and people are starving we will rebuild the state on the ruins."

W. F. DUNN HAS FILED FOR MAYOR AND FIGHT FOR DEMOCRACY IS ON; PEOPLE AGAINST THE PROFITEERS

W. F. Dunn, editor of the Butte Daily Bulletin, member of the Electricians' union and the only representative from Silver Bow county sent to Helena by the democrats whose seat was not contested, has filed for mayor of Butte on the democratic ticket and the efforts of the decent people of Butte to secure a real mayor and real democracy are now about to begin.

In an interview with one of Butte's leading merchants this morning, a man who has ever had the welfare of the city at heart, when asked for an expression of opinion he began by bringing up the recent meeting of the republican central committee at St. John's parish house, and said:

"At the meeting of the republican central committee held at the parish house Monday evening, camouflage members sat on the platform, but the leaders stood on the floor of the house and circulated around among the 'central committee' and delivered the word when certain members were to jump through the hoop."

"John Corrette stood at the entrance door of the meeting room of the parish house, never seating himself once during the performance. Malcolm Gillis took up his station at the rear of the hall. Not one of the black flags wrote up the meeting correctly, for reasons best known to themselves. W. D. Fenner presided, and I will say that I believe the 'central committee' got the best of him, as he was one of the few republican square dealers present."

"Charles Jackson was able to get in a few words edgewise as the tail

Opponents of Wilson's League To Present Their Objections

(Special United Press Wire to The Bulletin.)

Washington, March 6.—A nation-wide campaign against the league of nations constitution begins in New York tonight, when Senator Borah of Idaho speaks. Every senator who joins in the campaign, extending to every state, with the exception of Borah, plans to tell his audience it is not the league of nations he is opposing, but a league as outlined in the tentative constitution. There is no disposition to attack President Wilson except as pointing out that he stated just before leaving for France that the constitution does not need an amendment.

Republicans say their whole campaign will be based on that point and the following: That sponsors for the league have no more authority for declaring the league will not interfere with the Monroe doctrine and American rights than their opponents have for asserting they will interfere; that the president said there was reason for every provision of the league's constitution, but in his two speeches in this country and his talk with the congressmen he did not reveal one of the reasons; that the proposed league will fail because it tries to do more than the world is ready for now and that Europe is counting on America bearing the burden financially, militarily and economically of making the league a success.

ROBERT EMMET DAY OBSERVED AT ANACONDA

Anaconda, March 6.—The Phil Sheridan club will observe the one hundred and forty-first anniversary of the birth of the Irish patriot, Robert Emmet, at Hibernia hall tomorrow evening. A committee has been appointed to make all necessary arrangements for an interesting musical and literary program.

The committee, consisting of John Durkin, Michael Connors and James Strappe has taken charge of the evening's program and assures the members of the club that everything conducive to a most enjoyable time on that occasion has been prepared.

ELECTRICAL MEN TO STRIKE

Will Call Out 12,000 Workers in Four Western States Unless Burleson Grants Wage Demand.

San Francisco, March 6.—A strike of 9,000 telephone operators and 3,000 linemen in California, Washington, Oregon and Nevada has been ordered by the executive committee of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers in the event that Postmaster General Burleson does not speedily grant wage demands of the brotherhood, it was announced here yesterday by T. C. Robbins, personal representative of L. C. Grasser, vice president of the organization.

Robbins received a telegram from Charles P. Ford, secretary of the brotherhood, indicating that a recent referendum of the workers in the four states mentioned favored a strike.

Robbins announced receipt of another telegram from Grasser authorizing him to advise electrical workers' organizations in coast states to "pay no attention to wage increases offered by Burleson through the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph company."

The respective unions were cautioned in the telegram from Ford to take no strike action on their own account "or they would be properly disciplined."

The male workers demand an increase of from \$4.75 to \$5.40 a day and the girls from basic wages of \$9 and \$14 a week to a flat wage of \$2 and \$4 a day.

Recognition of the brotherhood of any of its subsidiary organizations persistently has been refused by Burleson, brotherhood officials contended, and this concession also is sought. The increases offered by Burleson through the telephone company ranged from \$5 to \$5.50. No mention was made of the operators in this offer.

Robbins said he understood the strike order would apply to all portions of the United States where recent referendum votes followed demands made on Burleson unless the federal administration of wire utilities granted the demands in full.

The recent wage increases granted on the coast by Burleson affected California and Washington.

CANADIANS WERE SACRIFICED IN BATTLE

Sir Sam Hughes Charges Men Needlessly Slaughtered That Officers Might Get Advancement.

Toronto, March 6.—All Canada has been stirred by charges made in the house of commons by Sir Sam Hughes, former minister of militia, that officers commanding the dominion forces in France had needlessly sacrificed the lives of their men in order to advance themselves. Although his allegations were assumed to refer to Sir Arthur Currie, commander-in-chief of the Canadian forces, there is apparent a strong inclination in many quarters to disagree with him. Soldiers who served overseas already have taken up the cudgels in support of General Currie.

Sir Sam opened his attack with the announcement that he had protested several times to Premier Borden against the waste of Canadian boys' lives in unnecessary stunts on the battlefield. He then read a letter he had sent to Sir Robert Borden protesting against what he termed needless slaughter at Cambrai and stating that he had drawn attention of the prime minister on previous occasions to the "massacres at Lens, Passchendaele, etc., where the only apparent object was to glorify the general in command and make it impossible through butchery to have a fifth and sixth division and two army corps."

He declared that any general who would undertake the attack at Cambrai by suburban or street fighting, should be court-martialed. The same was true, he said, of the officer who had ordered the storming of Mons four hours before the signing of the armistice. This, he characterized as a bit of theatrical display which had cost the lives of many fine Canadian boys who could ill be spared.

Some of the newspapers hint Sir Sam's attack was inspired by chagrin at the failure of his son, Gen. Garnet Hughes, to get to France as the commander of a fifth brigade of Canadians, but all were unanimous in their assertion that the charges call for

FORD PERFECTING PLANS FOR CHEAPER AUTOMOBILE

Los Angeles, Cal., March 6.—Henry Ford left for his home in Detroit today after announcing he soon would perfect plans for the manufacture, by a new corporation, of a cheaper automobile, to sell for a lower price than any now extensively marketed. Mr. Ford said he had designed the car while "resting" at Alhambra, near here.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

(Continued on Page Three.)