

PEOPLE'S SCHOOL TICKET--W. J. SEWELL, J. CHAS. WHITELEY

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DUNN SCORES FIRST IN CONTEST

TESTIMONY IN MORRISSEY INQUEST PROVES BULLETIN'S CONTENTIONS

ANOTHER IDLE GENT TO SEEK NORTH POLE

(Special United Press Wire.)
London, April 1.—Capt. Robert Bartlett of New York, plans to fly to the north pole in June, starting from Cape Colombia, it is announced.

EVIDENCE BEING INTRODUCED THIS AFTERNOON TO PROVE FRAUD CLAIM

Miss Ethel Bailey, Eyewitness, Swears to Facts as Published in the Bulletin. Other Eyewitnesses' Testimony Is Available. Doctors Make Some Damaging Admissions.

Set the Hounds on His Wife Then Dragged Her by the Hair

Here is a portion of the sworn testimony of Miss Ethel Bailey in the Morrissey inquest; it is submitted to the public without comment:

Enter, Mr. Ed Morrissey, with your hounds, and be properly and legally introduced to your fellow townsmen:

EXAMINATION BY CORONER.

Miss Ethel Bailey, a witness, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

Q. What time did you last see the deceased prior to the time she met with her death?
A. Well, a week ago last Sunday I was eating breakfast at the breakfast table and looking out the window I saw her lying on her back on the back porch. Mr. Morrissey pulled her in the house by her feet. We heard her again the same day. I looked out the window and she was lying again on her back. She was dragged in again by her feet.

Q. On the same day?

A. A week ago last Sunday, yes. Then she fell out there three times and the third time he went to the dog house and turned two dogs loose and the two dogs mauled her all over the back porch, and he brought the dogs back to the dog house, and she was brought in the house, and I couldn't say by her feet or how she was taken in the last time. Thursday afternoon I was upstairs and my landlady she was downstairs, and she called me down. I looked out the window and Mrs. Morrissey was hitting for our back porch and in her nightgown and bare feet. Mr. Morrissey in his nightgown, on the back porch, pulled her to the foot of the stairs by the hair of her head and I couldn't say—she fell by the foot of the stairs on the back porch.

Q. At what time of the day was that?

A. Well, after I came home from work. It was about half-past three, and I couldn't say how she got up the stairs at all. That is the last I saw of her. Friday night she was dead.

Judge Lamb Overrules Motion to Quash by Attorney Meyer, in Behalf of Wm. Cutts. Honesty of the Ballot Must Be Protected, and Evidence Presented Shall Decide, Says the Judge.

In the election contest, begun this morning in Judge Lamb's court, Attorney Myers for Mr. Cutts, made a motion to quash, on the grounds that the contest was not lawfully initiated. The motion was argued for nearly two hours. Attorney Myers made a sincere and wordy attempt, lasting some 60 minutes, to prove that section 7234 and section 7238, relating to the contest of elections, passed by the Montana legislature in pre-historic times, was not repealed by the primary law of 1912.

Wearied at last by the incessant chatter, Attorney Donovan, for Mr. Dunn, arose and informed the court that Mr. Dunn made no contention and would make no contention that the old sections were repealed by the newer statute.

Somewhat disconcerted by this kindly information, Attorney Myers nevertheless made a determined effort to gather himself together and charge the windmill again.

Attorney Myers maintained that, since those old statutes provided certain methods for contesting elections and since Attorney Donovan admitted that those statutes were still in force, then the contestant, Mr. Dunn, should have instituted his contest under those methods, one feature of which was an allowance of anywhere from 20 to 60 days in which to determine the contest.

Attorney Donovan was again obliged to call Mr. Myers' attention to the fact that the present case was a contest of the award in an election for nomination at the primaries, and hence could be determined by the laws pertaining to primaries, namely, the statute of 1912. In stating this fact Mr. Donovan took occasion to call attention to the absurdity of taking anything less than a very few days to determine the contention for a nomination at primaries, where the election itself followed the primary by only two weeks.

Mr. Myers dwelt for some little time on the meaning of the word "intent." His own intention was obvious. It was to get the contest thrown out on a technicality, if possible, and failing that, to stall for time.

Judge Lamb made a fair and proper ruling. He said, in effect:

The court is not infallible. This matter comes now for the first time before it. This court has not the facility to study long upon the matter. But charges have been made of fraud in the primary election, of sufficient extent to effect the choice of the voters. The court holds that the honesty of elections is very important, that the integrity of the ballot must be protected. The court thinks the contest should proceed and be decided upon the merit of the testimony presented.

The court overruled the motion to quash and ordered that the taking of testimony should commence. But upon the request of Attorney Myers for a little more time, the case was continued until 2 this afternoon.

DETECTIVE MORRISSEY COLLAPSES

The inquest into the death of Mrs. Ed Morrissey was continued until 2 o'clock tomorrow, Wednesday, at the request of County Attorney Jackson, who gave as a reason, the serious illness of Detective Morrissey.

Coroner Holland did not wish to proceed further with the investigation with Mr. Morrissey absent, hence the continuance.

It is thought that the evidence furnished by witnesses, whose names were given the coroner by members of the Bulletin staff, proving the statements made in this paper, is the cause of the collapse of Detective Morrissey.

Continuing the examination of witnesses in the coroner's inquest, into the death of Mrs. Ed Morrissey, following a terrific beating administered the previous night, Drs. J. F. Lhotka, D. J. Donohue, Fat Kane and P. J. McCarthy admitted on the witness stand that the AUTOPSY WAS INCOMPLETE.

Dr. F. J. McCarthy also admitted that the beating the late Mrs. Ed Morrissey received in the back yard could have caused death.

If any further testimony was needed to sustain the charges, made in the columns of the Bulletin, that Mrs. Ed Morrissey died following a beating, administered by her husband, the testimony of Miss Ethel Bailey, under oath, yesterday afternoon should dispell any lingering doubt in the minds of the people of Butte as to the genuineness of the statements published in the Bulletin.

The testimony of Miss Bailey was dramatic in the extreme, and during her recital so intense was the situation and so horrifying the scenes which she had witnessed, those in the little jury room seemed to cease to breathe, and a pin's fall to the floor could have been heard.

When the young woman told of Morrissey releasing his two A red dog and setting them on his prostrate wife; when she told of how the chief of detectives on the previous Sunday, dragged the unfortunate woman by the legs up the little back stairs; when, on the day previous to her death, the witness, under oath, testified that she saw Morrissey drag his wife up the little back stairs by the hair of her head, and throw her into the house, one of the jurors, evidently not previously believing such a man's conduct possible, with bulging eyes glanced from the witness to the chief of detectives, who stood glaring at the witness with venom in his glance. Morrissey was palpably nervous and shuffled from one foot to the other under the strain.

The tense situation produced by Miss Bailey's testimony was finally relieved when County Attorney Jackson suggested to the witness that a blood-stained tablecloth, which she saw, was really saturated with red paint.

The Bulletin is of the belief that Chief of Detectives Ed Morrissey should have been placed under lock and key following the testimony of Miss Bailey; there is plenty of testimony of a similar and corroborative nature which can yet be introduced.

In the meantime, here is the sworn testimony of Miss Bailey in full, that the public may judge for themselves—and this testimony will be corroborated:

Miss Ethel Bailey, a witness having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

Examination by Coroner.

Q. State your full name to the stenographer, Miss Bailey.

A. Ethel Bailey.

Q. Where do you live, Miss Bailey?

A. 218 North Idaho.

Q. What is your profession, trade or occupation?

A. Why, baker down at Miss Strunk's.

Q. Were you personally acquainted with the deceased, Mrs. E. Morrissey?

A. Yes, I was.

(Continued on Page Four.)

DAMNING ADMISSIONS BY PHYSICIANS

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DENY DEBS FURTHER RELIEF

Rehearing Is Refused and He Must Serve Sentence Unless Pardoned. A General Strike Is Talked.

Washington, April 1.—Eugene V. Debs' application for a rehearing of his appeal from conviction and sentence to 10 years' imprisonment for violating the espionage act, was denied yesterday in the supreme court.

In filing his motion for a rehearing, Debs claimed the court's opinion amounted to the trial of a person for an undisclosed "state of mind," that he had been denied the privilege of showing his motive in making the speech for which he was convicted and that the court had failed to decide all of the questions presented to it for review.

Unless executive clemency is obtained, Debs must now serve his sentence. He is at liberty on bail.

NO IMMEDIATE ACTION.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 1.—No action will be taken in the case of Eugene V. Debs until the receipt of the supreme court decision, which will take about 30 days, federal court officials said today.

Debs, who was confined to bed here yesterday with an attack of lumbago, was in Akron, today, according to socialist headquarters here.

THREATENS STRIKE.

Akron, Ohio, April 1.—Eugene V. Debs, socialist leader, yesterday threatened to call a general strike of his party throughout the country unless he is granted a rehearing in the courts on charges upon which he was convicted.

(Continued on Page Three)

STRIKE MAY SHAKE FOUNDATION OF GOVERNMENT

GERMANS TO RESIST POLES

Von Hindenburg Preparing to Oppose Landing of Polish Troops at the Port of Danzig.

WAB REPORTS BRANDED FALSE

London, April 1.—Foreign Minister Bela Kun, in a wireless dispatch from Budapest, characterized reports that Hungary had declared war on Serbia and Rumania as a "lie."

The statement added that within three days all Hungarian lands would be nationalized and all debts annulled.

Washington, April 1.—Espionage conducted by private individuals or organizations is entirely at variance with any theory of government and its operation in any community constitutes a grave menace to that feeling of public confidence which is the chief force making for the maintenance of good order.

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Soviets Again to Match Their Strength Against Government. E. Downing, Radical Leader, Arrested.

JAPANESE IN LOWER CALIF.

Reported Land Concessions to Japan Constitutes Serious Danger, Is the View of Some Diplomats.

Washington, April 1.—While waiting for official word from Mexico regarding the reported land concessions in Lower California to Japanese interests, diplomats, officials and members of congress discussed the situation at length. The Japanese diplomats continue to minimize the importance of the alleged movement of Japanese interests while members of congress see in the action serious danger. Some of the latter who are opposed to the proposed league of nations say the situation proves conclusively the necessity of adhering to the Monroe doctrine in whatever league may be formed. Mexican Ambassador Bonillas, in an interview with the United Press labelled "Jingo" attempts to create ill feeling between the United States and Mexico through Japanese baraboo groundless and malicious. He said: "The Mexican embassy has received no confirmation of the Mexico city announcement of negotiations of Japanese corporations for agricultural concessions in Lower California."

Meaning the senate league of nations opponents declared that if from present meager reports sales of concessions actually materialize, the facts can be used as one of the main arguments against the league of nations' covenant as submitted by President Wilson.

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