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THE END NOW IN SIGHT

President Wilson Will Remain in Paris Until "It Is All Over, Over There"

INVITATION IS SENT TO GERMANY

To Meet in Versailles April 25. Slav Situation Is Now Chief Point Under Discussion.

Paris, April 16.—President Wilson will remain in Paris until the German treaty is entirely disposed of, it is stated authoritatively. The statement resulted from the claims of the French newspapers that he would depart on April 26. The friends of the president reiterated the statement in his New York speech that he would remain until "it is all over, over there." They believe it is possible to clean up other treaties with the German treaty. If this cannot be done Wilson will see the German treaty through to actual signature and then leave Colonel House to attend to the others.

Paris, April 16.—A formal invitation was sent by the council of four to the German government to send representatives to Versailles for the meeting of the peace congress April 25. No reply had been received up to last night, but it is expected the German delegation will reach Versailles about April 24.

The complete German peace mission probably will number about 200.

The German delegates to the peace conference, while in Versailles, will reside in a wing of the Hotel des Reservoirs, adjoining the prefecture of police, according to arrangements announced today by Paul Duttasta, general secretary of the peace conference. French delegates or members of their staff will occupy the remainder of the hotel, which once was the home of Madame de Pompadour.

Most of the French delegates and those from other countries probably will go to Versailles daily to attend the meetings with the German delegates at the Trianon Palace hotel, where the supreme war council has had its headquarters. The meetings with the Germans, it seems probable, will continue for 10 or 15 days.

The treaty of peace will be signed in the famous hall of mirrors in the palace at Versailles.

Details of what is to be done on arrival of the German delegates are being worked out. Preliminary to their arrival a plenary session of the peace conference is to be held for determination of the final course to be pursued by the allies before entering into relations with the German plenipotentiaries. Whether the treaty and league of nations covenant will both be presented has not yet been decided.

The procedure with the enemy plenipotentiaries also is receiving attention. One plan is for the council of four to hold the first meeting with the Germans and deliver the document.

An alternate plan is for the entire entente membership of the peace conference to proceed to Versailles for a formal session at which the treaty will be delivered. President Wilson and others are working out these details.

Premier Clemenceau on Sunday and President Wilson last night gave out statements voicing their first official assurance that the end was in sight.

There is every reason to believe that the statement which the British prime minister, Lloyd George, is expected to give out today will be of

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MUNICH FALLS INTO THE HANDS OF SOVIETS

(Special United Press Wire.)

Berne, April 16.—According to latest reports from Munich, that city is again entirely in the hands of the soviets. The fighting lasted all night, it is reported. Communication is entirely broken.

Reinforcements for the loyal troops are being hurried to Munich from various parts of Bavaria.

The communist force consists of parts of the garrison, red guards and unemployed.

The government has declined to enforce a food blockade against Munich, owing to the distress it would cause in the city.

DELEGATION TOLD TO PROCEED

Germans Will Follow Route Which They Marched in 1914. Will Be Given 10 Days to Sign.

(Special United Press Wire.)

Paris, April 16.—The German peace delegation has been officially ordered to proceed to Versailles on April 25, it is learned. They will follow the route over which they marched to the gates of Paris in 1914. They will not enter Paris but will be forced to skirt the city, proceeding directly to their quarters in Versailles. The Germans to the number of 175 will arrive in Cologne where they will take a special train. They will be whirled toward Versailles, through scenes of devastation wrought by German hands, possibly under direction of some minor officials of the party. The strictest precautions will be taken to prevent the Germans from straying into Paris from Versailles lest some "unfortunate accident" might occur. They will be met in Trianon Palace hotel. There Clemenceau will read them the text of the treaty and will probably announce the time allowed for acceptance, bringing the actual crucial day down to about May 10.

(Special United Press Wire.)

Paris, April 16.—Echo de Paris says it understands that the German delegates will be given 8 to 10 days to sign the preliminaries and that in the meantime an emissary will be sent to Weimar.

PROBE ORDERED BY DEPARTMENT

Washington, April 16.—The state department has ordered an investigation of the shooting of two American citizens by Mexican bandits in the Tampico oil district and the robbing of a paymaster of the Huasteca Petroleum company of 15,000 pesos. The attack, which occurred April 10, was reported today to the department.

George De Hay, a pipe line superintendent, was shot through the neck, and Frank Willis, a construction engineer, received a wound in the shoulder. A Mexican who was a member of the party was killed. The dispatches describe the attack as having been made near Rivera, at which point the federal garrison for the Tampico district is stationed.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS IN BOTTROP, GERMANY

The bivouac of German government forces in front of the town hall in Bottrop, Germany, prepared to quell any revolutionist outbreak.

OVER 16,000 TO QUIT WORK

Efforts Being Made to Tie Up "Everything Afloat" to Enforce 8-Hour Day and Higher Wages.

(Special United Press Wire.)

New York, April 16.—Two strikes threaten New York. The marine workers' affiliation have called a general walkout for tomorrow morning which will completely tie up all shipping in New York harbor. This step was taken because union tug boats were called upon to tow barges owned by non-union firms. The other impending strike is a walkout by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit employes which would halt all of the elevated street car and much of the subway service in Brooklyn.

New York, April 16.—The marine workers' affiliation declared last night a renewal of the general harbor strike which will involve 16,000 workers. The new walkout will go into effect at 6 o'clock a. m. Thursday and efforts will be made to tie up "everything afloat," including ferryboats, coastwise and trans-Atlantic shipping.

Leaders of the organization declared there would be no exception to the strike order and that even hospital ships would be included. They asserted their determination to employ every means at their command to enforce their demands for a basic eight-hour day and higher wages.

BAKER GIVES VIEWS ON U. S. ARMY PLANS

(Special United Press Wire.)

Paris, April 16.—Secretary Baker, in an interview with correspondents, said he had not yet determined whether Americans will participate in the indefinite occupation of Rhineland. If American forces should, he said, they will be volunteers. He declared the army hopes to repatriate 275,000 in May and 300,000 in June.

TO CARRY OUT PLAN FOR HALF HOLIDAY

San Francisco, April 16.—Notification that all of the unions affiliated with the San Francisco Iron Trades council will begin taking a Saturday half holiday next Saturday was served on the employers and contract shops in the bay district today. About 10,000 men are affected, it was announced.

No opposition was looked for on the part of the employers, council officials said.

"IMPULSIVE INSANITY" SAYS ATTORNEY SULGROVE

Yet Martin Bray Had Previously Told His Wife He Would Kill Her. "And He Did."

In the Bray murder trial yesterday County Attorney Joe Jackson testified as a witness that Daisy Alston Bray, on her death bed, told him Bray had threatened to kill her. "And he did," Mrs. Bray had said.

After Jackson testified, the state rested, and Attorney Sulgrove for the defense, made the opening address. He made it plain that the killing in no particular would be disputed, that the defense would devote all its efforts to showing that Martin Bray had acted from "impulsive insanity," when he fatally shot his ex-wife and her escort on Park and Montana streets one evening last May.

Sulgrove said that Bray had been a very queer man ever since he was injured by a fall of ground in the Speculator four years ago, as a result of which he had been several months in the hospital. Sulgrove said that it was in consideration of that very serious injury while in the company service that the A. C. M. had given Bray an easy job ever since and had paid him $1,350 a year. This easy job was a billet as shift boss, where Bray would be expected only to look on while sane men worked.

The first witness for the defense was L. A. Odell. Odell said he had worked under Bray for a year and a half—up to within a short time before the killing. Odell said that Bray was often queer; had foolish, impracticable ideas about doing the work, was always proposing impossible, dangerous experiments; and when told by sensible men that the ideas were impossible, Bray would "fly off the handle."

The witness said that Bray often got drunk, but generally was more sensible then than when sober. Bray also had "falling fits," said Odell.

W. H. Peck testified that Bray was never in the habit of looking anyone in the eye. It was Mr. Peck who signed Bray's petition to the court for the right to carry a gun.

Mr. Hicklin, for the defense, this morning told of a familiarity with Martin Bray extending over several years. Bray had been in the past at different times a saloon keeper. Bray had always been a little queer, and the last two or three years clearly crazy, according to the witness. The witness had several times been told by Bray that "they were after him, that he would have to carry a gun to protect himself." Bray, once or twice, pointed out to him men—in one instance a street car man—as "one of the birds who are after me."

Hicklin said that Bray had all sorts of wild delusions about people pursuing him night and day, sometimes it seemed to be his wife he was afraid of and sometimes others.

Mr. Crowley, an official of the mine where Bray worked said that Bray, in his estimation was deranged, that when he was a shift boss he had always made foolish, trivial reports to the office—so trivial that Bray was finally dropped from their employ.

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Will Wait Until Peace Pact Is Signed

(Special United Press Wire.)

Paris, April 16.—President Wilson is not expected to consider the subject of wartime prohibition until after peace is signed and "something done regarding demobilization, it is learned. The question has not arisen at the White House, but it was pointed out that the law depends upon actual demobilization.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS WILL MEET

Tonight All Men Recently Discharged From Service Are Requested to Attend. Big Smoker Is Planned.

Important business will be transacted at the first evening meeting of the Army and Navy association to be held at Carpenters' hall at 8 o'clock this evening. Every soldier and sailor in Butte discharged from the service has been urgently requested to attend. Plans for the completion of the organization and national affiliation will be discussed.

All ex-service men who have not received membership cards are requested to obtain them immediately. These are being issued by the secretary at 115 Hamilton street. The office is open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. each day.

As a get-together affair a smoker is being planned for the near future and plans for this will be presented at the meeting this evening by the entertainment committee. All discharged soldiers and sailors in the city who are pugilistically inclined have been requested to enter their names for the contests to be staged at the smoker.

COMFORTABLE QUARTERS FOR PEACE CONFERENCE

(Special United Press Wire.)

Versailles, April 16.—The preliminary peace conference will be held on the first floor of the Tryanon palace, it is learned. All of the Hotel Vatel and all except 15 rooms of the Hotel Dureservoire have been requisitioned for use of the German delegates.

COMING EVENTS CAST THERE SHADOWS BEFORE

London, April 16.—There was an unusual scene in the house of commons last night. During a discussion of a labor motion on pensions, two women in the strangers' gallery began shouting:

"You are murderers. You have not settled the last war. You are leading the people and workers to another war."

They were immediately hustled out by attendants. Then a third woman, attired in a long white cloak, in the same gallery, slowly rose and exclaimed:

"We want the soviet."

This woman left quietly on the request of the attendants.

LIMERICK IS IN STATE OF SIEGE

British Troops in Full War Equipment. Military Passes Are Required to Leave the City.

(Special United Press Wire.)

Dublin, April 16.—The city of Limerick is virtually in a state of siege following the establishment of martial law in that district. British troops in full war equipment are in possession of the streets. Barbed wire entanglements have been erected at all bridges. Military passes are necessary to enter or leave the city. Machine guns have been placed at strategic points. Armored cars are used for patrol work. The city is cut off from all intercourse with the surrounding districts. A food shortage is feared.

ATTEMPTS TO KILL HIS WHOLE FAMILY

Chicago, April 16.—Brooding over the verdict of a physician who had told him that his wife had but 60 days to live, William Marwitz, assistant postmaster of Hinsdale, a suburb, yesterday shot and killed his wife, fatally wounded his 2-year-old son and 6-year-old daughter and then committed suicide. The children died in a hospital.

SALARIES OF TEACHERS INCREASED IN SPOKANE

Spokane, Wash., April 16.—Salaries of all teachers in the Spokane public schools were raised $150 a year by a vote of the school board at last night's session. Under the new schedule, salaries for grade school teachers will be $850 to $1,100 and for grade school principals, $1,400 to $2,100 per year.

SUBWAY OPENED WITHOUT CEREMONY

New York, April 16.—Without formal ceremonies the new Clark street tunnel under the East river, connecting the Seventh avenue subway with Brooklyn, was opened today. Construction of the tunnel, which cost $7,000,000, was begun in October, 1914.

INDEMNITY WILL NOT BE EASY

Says Lloyd George While Addressing Parliament. Not True That America and Europe at Variance.

(Special United Press Wire.)

London, April 16.—There is a complete understanding on fundamental questions of the peace settlement, Lloyd George declared, addressing parliament this afternoon. He said it is not true that America and Europe are at variance. Pointing out the difficulties of rejecting peace, the premier said that a complete breaking up is threatened in Russia, Austria and Turkey and said: "There is no authority throughout Russia that the question of the recognition of the soviet government has never been proposed. We do not despair of the Russian situation. Although the bolshevik forces are growing, bolshevism is waning. We are supplying the countries bordering Russia with means of resisting the invasion of bolshevism." The premier said that the allies had unanimously agreed not to publish the peace terms until they have been discussed.

He declared, amidst an outburst of cheering, that indemnity "will not be an easy one" and asked that delegates "who were trying to do their best be left in peace," because the work is not over and still holds perils for all.

"Internal conditions in Russia do not justify a gigantic military enterprise, said Lloyd George. "I had rather leave Russia to the bolsheviki until I see the way out than to have Britain bankrupt. It is my earnest conviction that intervention was the greatest act of stupidity." He said that Russia would be difficult to conquer and it would require huge armies for the task.

(Special United Press Wire.)

London, April 16.—Lloyd George is facing the greatest crisis in his political career. The conservative parliament fears the premier has permitted Wilson to overrule him regarding reparations. However, his address brought a reserved house around into a responsive, demonstrative mood. "Every one of my election pledges are incorporated in the allies' demands," he said. A majority of the members left after he had finished speaking, only a few remaining to hear William Adamson, labor leader, respond. "The speech was eloquent but not entirely satisfactory to all his friends," said Adamson. "We had wished for more details."

CALIFORNIA COMES OVER IN THE DRY LINE

(Special United Press Wire.)

Sacramento, April 16.—Governor Stephens signed the Harris dry bill, which provides for state enforcement of the Sheppard federal dry amendment which becomes effective on the same date.

WILL RECEIVE BIDS FOR PAVING WEST GRANITE

At the meeting of the city council tonight the principal business will be consideration of the bids for the paving of Granite street. The contract will be awarded after a careful consideration of all bids.

VICTIMS OF SHOOTING IN SERIOUS CONDITION

Mrs. Kate Plese and Mrs. Francis Mihelich, the two women who were shot, while picking up coal along the Northern Pacific railroad track, by F. N. Wagoner, a special watchman for the Northern Pacific Railroad company, have not recovered from the wounds inflicted at the time of the shooting, as was previously reported. The bullet which struck Mrs. Plese passed through the pleural cavity, and missed the heart by a hair's breadth; that she did not die is a miracle. Mrs. Mihelich, who is the mother of a large family of small children, was struck in the right leg, the bullet passing through the bone just below the knee. Blood poison has set in and her case appears to be a serious one. Neither woman was able to appear in Justice Buckley's court against Wagoner at his preliminary hearing set for last week.

COAST OPERATORS ARE NOW READY TO STRIKE

(Special United Press Wire.)

San Francisco, April 16.—Fifteen thousand Pacific coast telephone operators are ready to strike following the walkout of the New England operators. Union officials say the Pacific coast centrals voted to strike when the New England girls took their vote. International officials have been asked to say what action the coast operators shall take. A wage scale from $2 to $4 per day and better working conditions are asked by the coast centrals.

RUMANIANS IN GENERAL RETREAT

London, April 16.—Russian soviet troops, after heavy fighting, have compelled the Rumanians to begin a general retreat into Bessarabia from the line of Kamenetz-Mohilev along the Dneister in Podolia.