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GREATEST WAR IN HISTORY ENDS

WILL FURNISH STARTER FOR NEW ORDER, SAYS WILSON

HOPES VANQUISHED

Germany was 40 years preparing for the war, and the treaty which ended their world dominion was signed in as many minutes.

CHINESE DELEGATES ONLY ONES WHO DID NOT SIGN TREATY

ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENSE ADDRESS JURY

THE ONCE PROUD AND LUSTFUL NATION SIGNS BILL OF INDEBTEDNESS

Wheeler and Donovan Make Strong Appeal for Defendant; Ask Jury to Forget Prejudices

GERMAN PEOPLE WILL USE EVERY EFFORT TO MEET TERMS OF ALLIES

(Special United Press Wire.)
Washington, June 28.—Nearly five years after Germany, the proud and lustful nation, started out to conquer the world, the beaten people affixed their signature to the allied bill of indebtedness. The word of the signing was flashed to America, and was followed by a proclamation from Wilson, which said: "The treaty of peace is signed, ratified and acted upon in full. Sincere execution of its terms will furnish a starter for a new order of affairs in the world. It is a severe treaty in duties and penalties which it imposes on Germany, but it is severe only because the great wrongs done by Germany, are to be righted and repaired. It imposes nothing on Germany that she cannot do. She can regain her rightful standing in the world, by a prompt and honorable fulfillment of its terms."

(Special to The Bulletin.)
Helena, June 28.—In a brilliant address to the jury late yesterday afternoon Atty. Louis P. Donovan of Butte reviewed the incidents leading up to the charge of sedition placed against R. B. Smith of the Bulletin staff by the council of defense and characterized the alleged offense as nothing more than "lese majeste" against a group of politicians" upon whose heads "halos had been placed."

In opening his argument Attorney Donovan feelingly referred to the war record of the defendant and declared that "nothing can be more heinous than to place a charge of sedition against a man who twice has offered his life in defense of his country—the United States." The attorney declared it was an "abnormal crime to attempt to impose the stigma of seditionism on the kind of a man the defendant had shown himself to be," especially on such flimsy evidence as had been introduced.

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ENLISTMENTS STOPPED FOR FOREIGN SERVICE

(Special United Press Wire.)
Washington, June 28.—The war department has stopped further acceptance of enlistments for service in France and Germany. The men so far accepted, will be sent to the overseas replacement depot at Camp Meade. They will be forwarded in detachments of thousands as rapidly as they are inducted and vaccinated. They will be given preliminary training.

Attorney Donovan followed Deputy Prosecutor Wine who made the main argument to the jury for the state. Previous to Wine's argument counsel for the defense had interposed objections to nearly every instruction to the jury presented by the prosecution. In all instances, as throughout the trial, District Judge R. Lee Wood promptly overruled the defense's objections. The judge, who throughout the trial has displayed a marked preference for the prosecution in his rulings while showing every hostility possible to the de-

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(Special United Press Wire.)
Versailles, June 28.—The greatest war in history has formally ended with the signing of the treaty. The ceremony in the historic palace at Versailles, proceeded with clock-like regularity. The German delegates, Mueller and Bell, were ushered into the Hall of Mirrors at eight minutes past three. Clemenceau immediately opened the meeting by assuring the German delegates that the text of the treaty was identical with the one which was presented to them.

"It is much more than a treaty of peace with Germany, it liberates great peoples who have never before been able to find a way to liberty. It ends, once for all, the old and intolerable order, under which small groups of selfish men could use the people of great empires, to serve their own ambition for dominion power. It associates the free governments of the world, in a permanent league, in which they are pledged to use their united power to maintain peace, by maintaining right and justice."

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WILSON MAY AGREE TO A COMPROMISE

Mueller placed his signature on the document at 3:12, followed immediately by Bell. President Wilson was the first of the allied delegates to sign, writing his name at 3:14. Lloyd George signed two minutes later; General Smuts, representing South Africa, signed under protest. Signing by the delegations were in the following order: Germans, Americans, British French, Italians, Japanese and the smaller nations. The Chinese delegates were not present. They reported that they had sent to Peking for instructions. "The conditions of peace are now an accomplished fact, the proceedings are closed," Clemenceau said. The allied delegates remained seated, as the Germans departed at 3:52. The entire ceremony lasted 41 minutes.

ENFORCEMENT OF ORDER IS FORMALLY REPORTED

Washington, June 28.—Enforcement of the order for wartime and constitutional prohibition, was formally reported to the house in a bill of two sections, by the house judiciary committee. As the bill now stands, more lenient laws are provided in one section for wartime prohibition than in the constitutional prohibition section.

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(Special United Press Wire.)
Washington, June 28.—It is rumored in congressional circles that Wilson might be willing to agree on a compromise on the league of nations to prevent its defeat in the senate. This is met by an energetic denial from administration leaders. Senator Hitchcock declared: "Wilson does not need to compromise on the league of nations, and to my knowledge has never entertained such a suggestion." In other quarters, however, the vague report is given some credence.

Foreign Minister Mueller and Colonial Minister Bell, signatories of the treaty, made the following exclusive statement to the United Press: "We are signing without mental reservation and what we are signing will be carried out. The German people will use every means to meet the terms. We believe the entente, will for its own interests find it necessary to change some of the terms, or they will see that the treaty is impossible of execution. We believe the entente will not insist on the delivery of the kaiser or other high officials. The central government will not assist in any attack on Poland and Germany will make every effort to prove herself worthy to enter the league of nations."

"It recognizes inalienable rights of nationalities, right of minorities, sanctity of religious beliefs, furnishes guarantees, such as never were given, or even contemplated before, for the fair treatment of all who labor at their daily tasks of the world. There is ground here for deep satisfaction and a universal reassurance of confidence and hope."

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SPARTACANS OCCUPY RAILROAD STATION

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BOTH HOUSES AGREE ON COMPENSATION REPORT

(Special United Press Wire.)
Washington, June 28.—A repeal of the daylight saving law is now certain, unless Wilson acts. Both houses of congress have agreed to the conference report on the agricultural appropriation bill which carries the repeal rider.

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(Special United Press Wire.)
Basle, June 28.—A truce has been declared between the government troops and the Spartacan forces in Hamburg. It is reported in a dispatch from that city. Cessation of hostilities came after many hours of street fighting. The Spartacans have occupied the railroad stations and have torn up the tracks in all directions, to prevent the arrival of more government troops.

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LEAVES PARIS TONIGHT

(Special United Press Wire.)
Washington, June 28.—President Wilson will land in New York and has agreed to a reception there. Tumulty announced. A personal message from the president stated he would leave Paris at 9:30 tonight.

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HOUSE DECIDES ON ARMY OF 300,000

Public hearing before the police commissioners of the charges recently filed against Edward Morrissey, chief of detectives, accusing him of being ungentlemanly, drunken, brutal, incompetent and a menace to the public, will begin next Monday at 10 a. m. in council chambers of city hall. Robert Clinton, David Wittonburg and other attorneys will look after the interests of the prosecution. A large number of witnesses have been summoned, and if Morrissey makes any defense, the hearing is likely to last several days.

ORDERS SALUTE FIRED

(Special United Press Wire.)
Washington, June 28.—Upon signing the treaty, Secretary Daniels flashed the order to every naval ship and shore station to fire a salute of 21 guns.

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(Special United Press Wire.)
Chicago, June 28.—A possibility that the strike of 15,000 city employes may become a Mooney protest strike is regarded likely by Secretary Nickels.

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WILL RATIFY TREATY

(Special United Press Wire.)
Washington, June 28.—The senate has passed Senator Johnson's resolution requesting the president to inform the senate, regarding the government's military policy in Siberia.

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PROTEST STRIKE POSSIBLE

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Another War Within 10 Years, Says Ex-Prince

(Special United Press Wire.)
London, June 28.—Frederick Wilhelm, former German crown prince, who was reported to have escaped to Germany from Holland, recently expressed to a Brussels correspondent of the Mirror his plan of living on his estate in Silesia, after peace was signed.

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THE CAUSE OF IT ALL

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"East Prussia and Silesia will never agree to Polish domination," the ex-prince was quoted as saying.

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President Wilson Gives Other Nations Warning

(Special United Press Wire.)
Paris, June 28.—President Wilson, speaking at the dinner given by President Poincare to the allied delegates, warned that any nation attempting to emulate Germany's efforts at world domination in the future, would suffer a like fate. "Merely to beat a nation that was wrong once, is not enough," he said. "There must follow a warning to all other nations, that would do like things, that they in turn would be

vanquished in shame if they attempt a dishonorable purpose."

The president said that while nations had signed contracts before, "they have never formed partnerships," and that "they have associated themselves temporarily, but have never before associated themselves permanently."