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# REVOLUTIONISTS IN HONDURAS CAPTURE PORTS

Rebels Within Few Miles of Honduran Capital. President Bertrand Forced to Flee.

Washington, Sept. 11.—La Ceiba, on the north coast of Honduras, has been captured by the revolutionists opposing President Bertrand, who has placed the presidential powers in the hands of a cabinet. The rebels are reported with a few miles of Tegucigalpa, the Honduran capital, and there is talk in the city.

The principal ports on the north coast, La Ceiba, Tela and Orzua, and probably Puerto Cortez, have fallen into the hands of the rebels, resistance having been formal. Americans at La Ceiba have appealed for protection and the U. S. S. Cleveland has been ordered to that port.

Bartrand took passage for Amagua, Sept. 8, under the protection of American naval officers and members of the foreign diplomatic corps.

# STRIKE OF TACOMA

(Continued From Page One.)

The Tacoma Times has taken advantage of this special concession and has resumed publication. The union offered conciliation after correspondence with the real owner of the Tacoma Times, Mr. Scripps of the Scripps syndicate. Mr. Scripps stated that after 40 years of harmonious relations with the typographical union he did not wish to permit anything to disturb those relations. He therefore accepted the offer for conciliation and his paper resumed publication. The Tacoma Times, as we understand it, is not a member of the association.

# Member of Association.

"On the other hand, Frank S. Baker, owner of the Tacoma Ledger and Tribune, is a member of the American Newspaper Association and is attempting to make the Tacoma union live up to an arbitration agreement the association has with the U. S. C. when both the Tacoma and Seattle local unions have repeatedly rejected such agreement and are not bound by it. Baker has threatened the Tacoma printers with force, to be applied by international union officials, whom he declares are sending union printers from Chicago to take the places of the Tacoma printers who are on strike.

"While we do not believe this, as it would be an entirely new precedent on the part of international union officials, at the same time it is true, it will be necessary to send members of all other allied printing trades to Tacoma, as the presence, stereotypes and mailers there will refuse to work with the whitewash rats sent out by the international. We have positive assurance from Tacoma stereotypes, pressmen and mailers that they will refuse to go to work with any strike-breakers.

# Conspiracy Charged.

"Further we have positive information from a publisher who was present at a secret meeting of publishers held in the Tacoma hotel last Friday, at which the publishers outlined a policy to centralize the fight against the allied trades in the Tacoma Ledger-Tribune matter, the wage scales of these two papers being the first to expire. This move was taken, says our informant, in order to direct any move on the part of employers on any northwest paper for a change in wage scales.

"The move by the Tacoma printers to accept conciliation with the Times of that city is not a show of weakness in any respect. It is an effort to continue pleasant relations with an employer who has expressed willingness to do so.

"As to Baker's announcement that union printers any of the way from Chicago, sent by international union to break the Tacoma strike, we hesitate to believe that officials of an international union would stoop to such tactics. Telegrams from all allied printing trades crafts in the northwest are being sent to the various international officials protesting against the threatened invasion of 'organized scabs' into this territory."

# SEATTLE STRIKE CONTINUES.

The strike of job printing trades which started in Seattle one week ago continues to keep approximately 110 shops in the city closed down, while 18 which have agreed to the demands are doing business for the entire city. The pressmen and assistants have received strike sanction from their international union. Bookbinders are standing solidly with the other trades in demanding a uniform wage scale for all crafts. The Typographical union is paying benefits to its locked-out members.

# HOLD SOCIAL MEETING.

Butte Woman's Christian Temperance union will hold its regular semi-monthly social meeting in the Good Templars' hall, 215 North Main street, Friday afternoon, Sept. 12, at 2:30 o'clock.

A cordial invitation is extended to the public and every member is requested to be present. Refreshments will be served.

The hostesses will be Mrs. H. T. Swenson, Mrs. Charles Cook, Mrs. Mae Taylor and Mrs. Joe Norris.

Mrs. and Mrs. S. R. Robertson of Bozeman are in Butte.

Mrs. Emma Leslie of Stanford is in Butte.

# PRESIDENT'S ANSWER

(Continued From Page One.)

at virtually all union organizers have been active for weeks and still are working to obtain recruits for the unions.

This campaign of organization, union officials say, has been opposed vigorously by the mill owners, who were said to have adopted every possible method to defeat it. Claims were made that at least 100,000 men in the Pittsburgh district, 100,000 in the Chicago district, and 50,000 in scattered areas, employed by "independents" as well as by the steel corporation, had been brought into the union and would answer the call by dropping their tools. In addition, union officials said, the strike would work wide ramifications by its effect on other industries.

Evidence of bitterness existing between the unions and the steel mills was seen in allegations made in the statement by the union heads announcing the strike. Seven union members and organizers, the statement said, had been killed recently by the "armed guards and thugs" employed by the companies.

# Union Statement.

The statement issued by the union heads said:

"The 24 international unions in the steel industry and affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, having exhausted every honorable and possible means of securing a conference with the United States Steel corporation for the purpose of discussing the intolerable and brutal conditions under which the men are compelled to work, and having failed in these efforts, have decided by unanimous vote to cease work on Monday, Sept. 22.

"The representatives of these international unions for the past four months tried every conceivable means to secure a conference with Judge Gary, representing the United States Steel corporation. A personal letter from President Gompers to Judge Gary was totally ignored. Later on, a committee awaited upon Judge Gary in New York and was refused an audience. Subsequently, Gary sent a message, through a letter signed by Judge Gary, that he would not deal with union labor representatives, which is an absolute denial to his employees of the right of collective bargaining.

"The executive council of the American Federation of Labor brought the situation to the attention of the chief executive of this nation, President Wilson, for the purpose of securing his cooperation in arranging a conference. Up until the present time, the committee has not been advised that the efforts of the president have been any more successful than the efforts of President Gompers and the committee representing the employees.

# Unlawful Tactics.

"While we were engaged in these efforts, the most un-American, unscrupulous and unlawful tactics were employed to destroy our unions. In western Pennsylvania we were denied rights of free speech and free assembly. Owners of many places were prevented from permitting our gatherings in their halls, Mass and street meetings were broken up, with the pretext we did not have permits for the same, in spite of the fact that it was impossible to secure such permits from the steel mill town officials, who are owned body and soul by the steel interests. Our organizations have been jailed and fined for attempting to speak to our members. Our meetings have been picketed by hundreds of gunmen, thugs and company officials, in an effort to browbeat and intimidate the workers from meeting to discuss their grievances. Thousands of our members have been discharged for no other reason than having become members of our union.

"All of this, with the cold-blooded and brutal murder of seven of our organizers and members by steel mill guards and professional gunmen during the past few days, have made it impossible to restrain ourselves any longer. In view of the stubborn and uncompromising attitude of steel trust officials, there is no alternative left to the committee except to comply with the demands of the steel workers for relief and to declare a strike to become effective Monday, Sept. 22."

# President Asks Postponement.

President Wilson, through Secretary Crampton, telegraphed Louis Brownlow, president of the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia, asking him to postpone action against the police of Washington, D. C. who recently joined a union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and who were ordered to give up their affiliation by today, under pain of dismissal until after the forthcoming conference in Washington.

At the same time Secretary Tammany sent another telegram to Samuel Gompers, urging the steel men likewise to postpone their threatened action until the industrial conference is held. The two telegrams follow:

"Hon. Louis Brownlow, commissioner of the District of Columbia, Washington, D. C.: The president suggests the great advisability of postponing any issue regarding the police situation until after the forthcoming industrial conference at Washington, and hopes that the postponement can be effected."

"Hon. Sam Gompers, president American Federation of Labor, Washington, D. C.: In view of the difficulty of arranging any present satisfactory mediation with regard to the steel situation, the president desires to urge upon the steel men through you the wisdom and desirability of postponing action of any kind until after the forthcoming industrial conference at Washington."

# INJURY PROVES FATAL

TO YOUNG BUTTE MINER

As the result of injuries received in a rock fall in the Tropic mine on the 1,000 foot level, Vincent Luchetti, 26, died last night. Luchetti is survived by his brother, who resides at 2202 Cottonwood street. An inquest will be held.

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 You Can Save From \$10 to \$15  
 On an uncalled for tailor-made suit or on a MADE TO YOUR MEASURE suit. We have also made a big cut on all of our gent's furnishings. Everything goes.  
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SAY YOU SAW IT IN THE BULLETIN.

# BUTTE BRIEFS

Helena was represented among the arrivals in Butte yesterday by Margaret Grant, Arthur Chase, Miss C. A. O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Padbury Jr., George Denning, H. P. Bossler and W. E. McIntyre.

Go to Woody-Donell Drug company for all your drugs. Remember Woodruff's "Eucalypti Spirit" and Home-made Liver Pills, 29 South Main.—Adv.

A party of Belton people who arrived in Butte yesterday included Mrs. W. W. Payne, Ralph and Edith Payne. They are accompanied by Mrs. A. Geil of Washington, D. C.

\$100 reward will be paid to anyone proving we do not put in the best main spring for \$1. Mayer, 37 North Main street.—Adv.

Walter V. Grimes, former assistant postmaster at Dillon, was in Butte last night on his way to Spokane.

Dr. Frank Williams has re-opened his office at 217 Daly Bank Building. Telephone, office, 1734, residence, 1853.—Adv.

Among the Great Falls people who arrived in Butte yesterday are L. G. Benedict and John E. Dawson.

Missoula arrivals in Butte yesterday included Emil Johnson, A. Steiner and Joe Larson.

Dr. C. M. Eddy, dentist, 204-205 Pennsylvania block. Phone 4035-W.—Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Neale of Big Timber are visitors in Butte.

# DEMOCRATS URGE

(Continued From Page One.)

the world's only hope of preventing international chaos. The reservations, it says, are the work of senators who are determined to destroy the league and defeat the treaty.

"We deplore," said the report, "the long and unnecessary delay to which the treaty has been subjected while locked up in the committee, whose majority decisions and recommendations were from the start a foregone conclusion. The industrial world is in a ferment, commerce halts while this great delay in the peace settlement has been caused by a majority of the committee known to be out of harmony with the majority of the senate and a majority of the people. This is a government by obstruction, as well as a minority.

"So far as the proposed textual amendments are concerned, they have no merit," said the report. "None of them could be by any possibility accepted even by the great nations associated with the United States in the war, and none of them could by any possibility be dictated to Germany. To adopt any one of them, therefore, is equivalent to rejecting the treaty."

The suggestion that amendments to the treaty would not necessitate the reassembling of the peace conference because it is still in session, has no force, the minority report said, because the conference has acted finally on the treaty. Nor could the German delegates be recalled to Paris and be forced to accept the amendments. The United States must sacrifice all benefits to be derived from the treaty if it is amended or rejected, the report asserted.

**WHY? EATING AT THE SPOKANE CAFE.**  
 SAY! HOW DID JA GET THAT WAY?  
 FULL DINNER PAID.  
 STEAM HEATED ROOMS IN CONNECTION.

# STATE TROOPS

(Continued from Page One.)

At noon Mayor Peters assumed control of what was left of the police department and called upon the commander of the Tenth regiment of the state guard to assist him in preserving order. At the same time he asked Governor Coolidge for additional troops from outside the city. The governor immediately called on the Fourth brigade and ordered on the Fourteenth infantry and the Twentieth infantry. A motor transport corps, a troop of cavalry and an ambulance company also were called out. Governor Coolidge sent word to the mayor tonight that he stood ready to supplement the state guard by an appeal to the president for regulars.

Though not technically under martial law, the city council tonight was in complete control of state troops under the direction of the mayor. Brig. Gen. Samuel Parker established headquarters at the south armory. General Parker after a conference with Mayor Peters, coordinated the military, the few faithful policemen and the volunteer forces, numbering about 700. He placed guards throughout the city and held in the armories units that could be rushed to threatened points in motor cars.

A wave of public indignation against the city and state troops followed the excesses of last night, when the city virtually was abandoned to hoodlums. From the governor's office came an implied rebuke in the statement that the governor had been ready for two days to meet a request for assistance from the mayor. Mayor Peters in a statement accused the governor of trying to place upon him a responsibility that rested with Police Commissioner Curtis, an appointee of the governor. For some reason not explained, the volunteer policemen were not called out until Wednesday morning, with the result that throughout the night the city was virtually at the mercy of mobs. Exact figures of the damage done could not be had because of the absence of the usual police reports. Superintendent of Police Crowley estimated the monetary loss roughly at \$300,000.

Scarcely a district in the city failed this morning to show evidence of lawlessness. In some instances trucks were backed up to stores whose windows had been smashed and loiteringly loaded with loot. Numerous persons were robbed. Dice games for varying stakes were boldly opened in the streets and on Boston common. One man on the common had just pocketed gains of \$200 when he was knocked on the head and his roll taken. Other victims of a revolting nature were committed. Unprovoked women were brutally assaulted.

Daylight brought a cessation of the loiter attempts on life and property, but petty thefts in great numbers continued and in some cases thieves made a rich haul. A truck containing 39 cases of shoes valued at \$10,000, the property of the McElwain Shoe company, was driven away by a thief. In Scollay square a truck was relieved of its load of coal by men and boys.

Criticism of the police and of the city officials, who were accused of not acting promptly and firmly, led to frequent fist fights in which many joined. The nerves of the people seemed to be on edge and it did not take much provocation to start a row. The municipal courts had all the business to which they could attend. Many persons were given sentences of six months for rioting or because loot was found on them.

# Insurance Jumps.

Burglary insurance jumped during the day from 25 to 75 cents on contracts covering "riot and civil commotion." All companies writing such insurance reported abnormal business. It was estimated by underwriters that burglary insurance written today had run well into tens of millions of dollars.

# GUARDSMAN SHOTS SAILOR.

(Special United Press Wire.) Boston, Sept. 11.—Rioting was renewed here when state troops attempted to break up the throngs of gamblers on Boston common. Raymond Barnes, a sailor, was shot when he led an attack on the guardsmen. The soldiers were marching more than a score of gamblers along the street when attacked by the crowd which attempted to release the prisoners.

# Shots fired into the air by the guardsmen failed to stop the attacks. Bayonet charges finally dispersed the crowd.

Governor Coolidge dispatched the following telegram to the secretaries of war and the navy:

"The entire state guard of Massachusetts has been called out. At present the city of Boston is orderly. There are rumors of a very general strike. Wish you would hold yourself in readiness to render assistance from the forces under your command immediately on an appeal which I may be forced to make to the president."

There are no indications of an early settlement of the strike. Mayor Peters declared restoration of order in the city is the first object to be attained, and that the question of the strike will be taken when the city is under control.

Leaders of the striking police declared the men are as determined as ever to hold out for recognition of the union.

# Sympathy Strike Threatened.

Greenfield, Mass., Sept. 10.—The state branch of the American Federation of Labor at its convention here today voted to order all labor unions in Boston affiliated with the federation to vote tomorrow night on the question of striking in sympathy with the striking police.

# Jack Meagher of Alder is a visitor in Butte.

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