

HANNA AND COLBY HAVE 'LOVELY' CONFERENCE

Banned Federated Press Writer Writes Humorous-ly of His Visit to Shrine of "Diplomacy."

Washington, Nov. 10.—All of a sudden the door opened and I walked. Who do you suppose? Go it was awful!

Hanna swayed on his feet like a persimmon tree under the axe. Colby flushed both ways from his collar, and let go of a lot of delicate foreign relations which clattered to the floor and rolled away under the divans and tables.

The Afro-American leader at the door had his fling and mockery was chasing dignity through the state department with a pig's bladder.

It came about in this way. When Secretary of State Colby told the world that Laurence Todd and Paul Hanna, Washington correspondents of the Federated Press, must never again enter his presence he put a hob on it.

When the British authorities deported E. J. Costello, managing editor of the P. P., a few more eggs were added to the setting.

The eggs began to hatch when Costello, in company with Attorneys Shepard and Recht, visited Colby last week to get an explanation of the mysterious deportation.

In his capacity as reporter, Hanna trailed over to the state department at high noon to meet Costello and the lawyers when the conference should be over.

Admirably disguised as head doorkeeper, one of the fresh-born chicks met the reporter in the corridor.

"Is the conference still on between the secretary and Mr. Costello?" asked the scribe.

"The first doorkeeper consulted with an associate."

"Yes, sir, they are in conference and waiting for Mr. Hanna," said the second chick.

"I am Mr. Hanna," said the surprised reporter.

"Well, they're waiting for you to come," said the doorman.

It sounded queer, but who could say; perhaps the conference had raked up the expulsion incident and wanted to thrust it out with one of the parties of the first part.

With bow and flourish, the doorman swung wide the portal and Paul Hanna found himself standing in a room of wainscot and brass.

"This is Mr. Hanna," a hollow voice from somewhere murmured.

Mr. Colby crooks his neck to peer over his specs.

"Mr. Paul Hanna!"

"Paul Hanna," repeats the reporter, and the low-down actually smiles as he says it. And though he hadn't ought to, Mr. Colby smiles, too, and goes on smiling as he says to the others:

"Mr. Hanna and I have had serious differences."

"I recall these differences," the reporter responds; "that is why I was so surprised to hear that I was wanted here."

"You see how impersonally I noted," the foreign minister remarks; "I did not even know Mr. Hanna." The gracious smile drips up.

FAMED LEAFLETS HELPING TO WIN MEX JAILS

'Brother Soldier' Pamphlet Cause of Many Arrests by Mexican Military; De la Huerta Frees Victims.

By LINN A. E. GALE. Mexico City, Nov. 10.—Jacinto Huiteron, Mexico City's leading anarchist and head of the group of "libertarian communists," was arrested recently charged with circulating the famous leaflets, "Brother Soldier," that created such a stir in army camps not long ago.

Huiteron mailed quantities of the leaflets to friends in Queretare, accompanied by a signed letter. The letter fell into the hands of the police and caused his arrest. Others who circulated the leaflets were wiser and mailed them out in plain envelopes without enclosing any writing.

A month ago Linn A. E. Gale, Magdalena E. Gale, and C. F. Tabler were arrested in Mexico City, accused of circulating the same leaflets, and strenuous efforts were made by capitalist newspapers and the American embassy to have them deported.

The police also raided the office of "Gale's" magazine, the I. W. W., and the communist party, taking away a quantity of literature. De la Huerta ordered the papers to be dropped and the papers restored.

About the same time Ciro Esquivel, a former army colonel, was arrested in Vera Cruz with a general and several other soldiers, on a charge of having placed the leaflets under pillows in camps.

Local officials ordered Esquivel and his associate court-martialed, but Secretary of War Calles interferred and the charges were dismissed.

Since then Esquivel has been elected general secretary-treasurer of the I. W. W.

OKLAHOMA MINERS QUIT JOBS OVER HATED CLAUSE

(By the Federated Press.) McAlester, Okla., Nov. 10.—As a protest against the enforcement of the automatic penalty clause in their contracts, 350 miners at Krebs left their jobs Nov. 1. They were not taking a "vacation," but quitting their jobs, they said.

The automatic penalty clause was inserted into the miners' contract last April against their protest. The miners' chiefs declared that it was unjust, and that they would never be satisfied with the contract with the clause in it.

Other mines in this district are still working, but it is feared that the example of the men here will be followed in other mines.

CAST-OFF BRITISH SUITS SHIPPED TO UNITED STATES

(By the Federated Press.) Milwaukee, Nov. 10.—That the British Empire Clothing corporation from which the Harvester company purchased large stocks of standardized suits of inferior quality and sold them to its employees after English soldiers refused to buy them, is reported in the Textile World Journal.

The standardized suits were made up by the British government for demobilized soldiers, according to the Textile World. The service men were offered the choice between one of these suits and a small sum of money or a large sum of money without the suit.

The Journal continues that the government then sold the suits to the clothing corporation and no attempt was made to sell them to the English public, the suits being sent directly to this country. It is understood that over 400,000 suits were disposed of in this way and that, in fact, the entire lot was sold.

FRANCE RECOVERS FROM WAR IN TWO YEARS

Readjustment and Reconstruction Two Outstanding Features of Post-Conflict Developments.

(By the Federated Press.) (United Press Staff Correspondent.) Paris, Nov. 10.—Within two years after the signing of the armistice, France has worked two veritable miracles—reconstruction and readjustment.

As a result of this miracle of readjustment, although France was the one allied country that suffered most from the war, and the one country in which the increase in the cost of living was the greatest, she is the only one of the big allied powers, who today is entirely free from any strike or social unrest of an economic nature.

Furthermore, she is the only one of the big allied powers who in the same period of time has been able to free herself fully and definitely from the menace of Bolshevism. The death knell of the latter was sounded a month ago when in national convention at Orleans the French Federation of Labor almost unanimously condemned the leaders who up until eight months ago ordered and supported political strikes amongst the French workmen.

Instead of waiting, as much of the rest of the world has done, for economic life to re-establish itself, the French government saw to it that this would never happen and immediately readjusted herself to the new economic life imposed by the war.

The official statistics of the allied countries place the increase in the cost of living in France as a result of the war at 300 per cent. Yet, despite this astounding handicap, official figures of the French ministry of public instruction, show that salaries generally throughout France have now been increased from 200 to 300 per cent.

It is this quick readjustment of the whole economic basis of French life to the new standard of living created by the war, that has left France entirely free from industrial strikes for the past nine months and has wiped out completely the menace of Bolshevism.

All France is hard at work today on a fairly contented basis to repair the havoc and damages wrought by the war.

Like all other allied nations in Europe, one of the greatest damages to France from the war was the increase in her importations and the decrease in her exportations resulting in the frightful decrease in the value of French money in foreign countries.

Yet the most astounding progress is being made by restoring the increase in French production and consequently increased exportation and decreased importation.

During the first seven months of 1919 France exported only 4,776,402,000 francs worth of merchandise and produce. For the first seven months of 1934, these exports were increased to 13,006,650,000 francs, a gain of over 7,000,000,000 francs.

France's total imports for the first seven months of 1934 were 29,778,000,000 francs against only 8,713,000,000 francs of exportations.

For all of 1920 it is estimated that her importations will only be 37,300,000 francs and her exports 29,520,000 francs, showing a steady progress towards the re-establishment of equal importations and exportations necessary to overcome the present ruinous rate of French exchange.

As regards commercial relations with the United States, France's importations for July from America, which totaled \$2,961,553, were reduced for the month of August to \$2,321,956, showing how fast French industries are getting back on a basis where they can supply the needs of France without recourse to foreign countries.

France has kept equal pace in the reconstruction of her devastated regions.

Of the 2,712,000 French citizens who were driven from their homes by the German invasion, 1,533,000 are now back on the job.

Of the 5,570 kilometers of railway destroyed during the war, 4,970 kilometers are back in operation.

SOCIALISTS GET GREAT VOTE TUESDAY

More Than Double Number of Ballots Cast for Party in 1918 Are Shown in the Last Election.

(By the Federated Press.) Milwaukee, Nov. 10.—That the vote given the socialist congressional candidates in the 4th and 5th congressional districts in Tuesday's election represents an increase proportionately greater than that accorded the republican candidates and that it is nearly twice as great as the socialist vote in the 1918 ballot, is indicated by the latest returns.

The vote (incomplete) of Victor L. Berger, socialist, was 32,596, which is greater than 14,654 than the vote he received in the November, 1918, election in which he defeated W. H. Stafford, republican, and then congressman, and Joseph P. Carney, democrat.

In that three-cornered contest, Stafford polled 19,539 votes and Carney 12,228, so that the total anti-socialist vote in the 4th district in 1918 was 31,767, compared with 17,822, the socialist vote.

The latest figures disclose that Berger scored his vote from 17,822 in 1918 to 32,596, an increase of 14,684, while Stafford, succeeded in jumping the combined anti-socialist vote from its figure of 34,239 years ago—22,767—to 37,530, an increase practically the same as Berger's 14,763—but a much smaller percentage in proportion. Berger gained 84 per cent, while the combined non-socialist vote of Stafford gained only 65 per cent.

OKLAHOMA PUBLISHER IS LATE ARRIVAL BELOW LINE

(By LINN A. E. GALE. Mexico City, Nov. 10.—Albert Fodor, publisher of the "Arizona Labor Review," of Tucson, Ariz., is one of the latest arrivals in Mexico City, coming here to escape the persecution of capitalistic interests in the northern part of the Rio Grande.

Fodor started for Mexico with a passport but was held up in Eagle Pass, Tex., by an immigration guard on the international bridge, who took the passport away from him.

Then he took another route and entered Mexico without the passport. Fodor's magazine had incurred the enmity of the officials because of his defense of Soviet Russia, denunciation of intervention in Mexico, exposure of the crimes of the Texas Rangers against Mexicans in the United States, and exposure of the defalcations of the county treasurer of \$166,000 from a road fund of \$250,000.

He had been publishing the Arizona Labor Review several months. Previous to that, when editor of the "Oval Yards" County Herald, he was accused of being a German spy and to vindicate himself voluntarily surrendered to the military authorities and demanded an investigation. He was subsequently released with a letter of vindication.

Fodor was particularly active in fighting the American Federation of Labor and declares that inclusion with the Palmer-Hurston regime tried to "get him" and had him arrested on various charges.

DISTINGUISHED IRISHMEN TO ATTEND INVESTIGATION

(By the Federated Press.) Washington, Nov. 10.—In addition to a delegation of bishops already invited to come from Ireland to testify, the American commission on Ireland has voted to ask the mayors of Belfast and of Londonderry, the widow of former Lord Mayor McMurrian of Cork, Lord Mayor Donald O'Gallagher of Cork, the sister of the late Police Inspector Swaney, who was killed in Lisburn, and several officials of Malville, Balbriggan and Thurles, to give testimony here as to atrocities committed in the Irish war.

Miss Jane Adams of the commission has received an offer from Manchester, England, from the Women's International League branch there to send a delegation to report on their recent inquiry into the Irish situation. The offer has been accepted. The British Society of Friends, which made a similar inquiry in Ireland, will be invited to submit its findings to the American commission. Hearings will begin in Washington on Nov. 17.

CANADA LOSES BIG ORDER FOR RAILS FOR BELGIUM

(By the Federated Press.) Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 10.—Canada has lost an order for 2,400 steel railroad cars which the Belgian government had ordered from the Canadian trade commission, planned to place with manufacturers in this country. Instead of "Made in Canada" cars the Belgians will ride in coaches of the "Made in Germany" variety, when the order is filled.

Advices to the trade commission are to the effect that Belgium has placed the order with Germany and that the order for the railroad material with foodstuffs, which are to be supplied to Germany.

MARKET REVIEW

CHICAGO MARKETS

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Cash quotations: Wheat—No. 2 hard, \$1.91; No. 2 hard, \$1.88 1/2. Corn—No. 2 mixed, \$0.89 1/2; No. 2 yellow, \$0.91 1/2. Oats—No. 2 white, \$0.54 1/2; No. 3 white, \$0.54 1/2. Rye—No. 2, \$1.68 1/2 @ 1.69. Barley—\$2 @ 97c. Timothy seed, \$5.50 @ 7.50. Clover seed, \$12 @ 25. Pork—Nominal. Lard—\$18.75. Eggs—\$13 @ 14.75. Butter—Firm. Creamery, 49 @ 62c. Eggs—Unchanged. Receipts, 6,829 cases.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000, including 4,000 west-coast, all killing classes, steady to 25c lower; supply mostly grassers and short bids; quality average low; few beef steers above \$14.50; bulk natives, \$10 @ 14; westerns largely \$9 @ 10.50; butcher cows and heifers mostly \$5.50 @ 9; canners and cullers, \$3.50 @ 4.50; pigs, \$12.75 @ 13.50; pigs 75c lower; bulk desirable 150 to 190-pound pigs, \$13.25 @ 15.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 18,000. Mostly 50c lower than yesterday's average; some lights off more; top, early, \$13.75; few above \$13.65; bulk, \$12.75 @ 13.50; pigs 75c lower; bulk desirable 150 to 190-pound pigs, \$13.25 @ 15.00.

Stocks—Receipts, 18,000. Mostly 50c lower than yesterday's average; some lights off more; top, early, \$13.75; few above \$13.65; bulk, \$12.75 @ 13.50; pigs 75c lower; bulk desirable 150 to 190-pound pigs, \$13.25 @ 15.00.

Spokane, Nov. 9.—Hogs—Receipts, 273. Market steady to stronger; prime mixed, \$14.25 @ 15; medium mixed, \$13.50 @ 14; rough heavies, \$11.50 @ 13; pigs, \$12 @ 13; stockers and feeders, \$10 @ 13.

Cattle—Receipts, 8. Market steady; prime steers, \$8.50 @ 9; good to choice, \$7.50 @ 8.50; medium to good, \$6.50 @ 7.50; fair to culls, \$5.75 @ 6.50; common to fair, \$5 @ 5.50; choice cows and heifers, \$6.50 @ 7.50; good to choice, \$6 @ 6.50; medium to good, \$5 @ 6; \$4 @ 5; \$3 @ 4; \$2 @ 3; \$1 @ 2; \$0 @ 1; \$0 @ 0.50; \$0 @ 0.25; \$0 @ 0.10; \$0 @ 0.05; \$0 @ 0.025; \$0 @ 0.0125.

Omaha, Nov. 9.—Hogs—Receipts, 4,300. Market 25c to 35c lower; quality good; bulk, \$12.50 @ 12.75; top, \$13.00.

Cattle—Receipts, 14,000. Best steers and best stock slow steady to strong; bulls and yearlings steady; stockers and feeders 10c to 25c lower; top ranges cows, \$8.75; bulk western steers, \$6 @ 10.20.

Sheep—Receipts, 16,500. Fully steady on all classes; lambs, \$12; yearlings, \$10; wethers, \$8.25; ewes, \$8.25; feeding lambs, \$11.75.

South St. Paul, Nov. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,500. Market slow; generally weak to 25c lower; no good or choice beef steers here; few sales at \$9 @ 10.50; bulk of sales, \$6.50 @ 8.50; bulk butcher cows and heifers, \$4.25 @ 6.50; few up to \$5.50; heavy hogs, \$12 @ 13; light hogs, \$11 @ 12; veal calves 50c higher; top, \$13; stockers and feeders slow and weak to 25c lower.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,000. Market 35c to 40c lower; range, \$11.50 @ 12.75; bulk, \$12.50 @ 12.65; pigs firm, top, \$13.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,000. Steady to strong; bulk good native lambs, \$16.75 @ 17; few at \$11.25; native ewes, mostly \$5.25 @ 5.50; native Montana feeding lambs late Monday, \$12.

SUGAR PRICES. New York, Nov. 10.—Raw sugar tender at 7.27c for centrifugal; refined, 16.50 @ 17c for fine granulated.

METAL MARKET. New York, Nov. 9.—Copper, steady; electrolytic, spot and fourth quarter, 14 1/2 @ 15c.

NEW YORK MONEY. New York, Nov. 9.—Prime mercantile paper, unchanged. Exchange—Strong. Sterling—Demand, \$3.37 1/2; cables, \$3.38 1/2.

Belgian francs—Demand, 5.87; cables, 5.89. Guilders—Demand, 29.60; cables, 29.60.

ARMY TAKES FUNDS. (By the Federated Press.) Milwaukee, Nov. 10.—Recommendations that the army of occupation be withdrawn from Germany and the money used for the upkeep diverted to the relief of the starving inhabitants were the answer of the Federated Trades Council to a plea of Judge A. C. Backus for relief funds, when the organization concurred in a recommendation of its executive committee.

IF YOU WANT WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU WANT IT USE Bulletin Want Ads 1 CENT A WORD IN ADVANCE NO AD LESS THAN 15 CENTS

MALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Two partners to go to Colorado to prospect near Famous Basic mine that produced 200 millions. Must have \$400 cash for an equal interest. This is a chance where you may make a fortune. Call at 203 W. Park st., Butte.

MEN WANTED—To have their suits cleaned and pressed. 75c. Nifty Cleaners and Hatters, 86 1/2 E. Park St., phone 382. We call. Joe McLaugh, Prop.

WANTED—Ambitious men to prepare for promotion. Apply International Correspondence School, basement, No. 1 West Broadway.

RUBBER footwear resoled and repaired by the vulcanizing process. Write for price list. The Rubber Shop, 224 E. Park St.

TRADES. AUTO AND TRACTOR men wanted at big salaries. Ideal living and working conditions. No previous experience necessary. Men of any age can qualify in few weeks for permanent, well-paid positions. Write NOW for FREE particulars. National Automobile School, 845 S. Figueroa, Los Angeles, Calif.

WANTED TO BUY—Used furniture; will pay the highest prices. Union Furniture Exchange, 248 E. Park St. Phone 2783-J.

WANTED—Five hundred second hand stoves in passing the highest prices. 11 S. Wyoming. Phone 4382-J mornings.

FURNISHED HOUSES. ANSONIA hotel, under new management; steam-heated rooms; modern.

UNDERTAKERS. DEATHS AND FUNERALS. Leachy—The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary Leach, aged 75 years, will take place tomorrow (Thursday) morning at 9 o'clock, at the family residence, 27 West Pacific street, proceeding to St. Lawrence church, where mass will be celebrated at 9:30 o'clock. Interment in the Catholic cemetery.

Harrington—The funeral of the late John (Dewey) Harrington, aged 45 years, will take place at the residence of his cousin, Eugene Sullivan, 719 North Main street, Friday morning at 9 o'clock, proceeding to St. Mary's church where mass will be celebrated at 9:30 o'clock. Interment in the Holy Cross cemetery.

O'Donnell—The remains of the late Denis O'Donnell, aged 31 years, are at Duggan's undertaking parlors. Funeral announcement later.

LARRY DUGGAN. Reliable Undertaker and Embalmer. 322 North Main Street. Phone 770.

CASSIDY & BILBOA. 125 East Park St., Butte. Phone 528. Undertakers and Embalmers. Residence Phone 2404. Auto Equipment.

VITAL STATISTICS. BIRTHS. Saunders—To Mr. and Mrs. W. J. E. Saunders, 213 Delaware, Nov. 6, a daughter.

Deaths. Swanson—Harry Swanson, 21, died at 329 South Arizona, Nov. 6. Smith—Kenneth I. Smith, 1 year, died at 415 Maloney, Nov. 6.

Thornton—Garrett Thornton, 26, died at the County hospital, Nov. 6. Simons—Adelle S. Simons, 3 months, died at 228 Pine, Nov. 6.

Wash—James Wash, 35, died at 314 Wharton, Nov. 6. Hiley—William F. Hiley, 25, died at 326 East Granite, Nov. 6.

PLEADS FOR MORE SCHOOLS FOR VOCATIONAL TEACHING. (By the Federated Press.) Milwaukee, Nov. 10.—It is an economic waste to send untrained children into the world to grapple with its problems, said Professor Edna B. Barhardt, professor of elementary education, University of Nebraska, speaking before the State Teachers' association, which opened its 67th annual convention here.

She said: "The school children today are sent out of school untrained and it is because of this that we have the great army of unemployed. We need more vocational schools where pupils may be sent to ascertain what they are best fitted for instead of having them go from one job to another and end up usually as failures."

Our own children must be taught to take care of themselves before we can say that we have succeeded in our Americanization work. We have talked too much of training the foreigners and not enough of our own."

FURNISHED ROOMS

FURNISHED ROOMS—Steam heat; hot and cold water in rooms; under new management. Butte Annex, 37 E. Broadway.

FOR RENT, for sale and other placards at The Bulletin office.

FURNITURE FOR SALE. THREE ROOMS of furniture for sale. 1274 E. Second St.

MISCELLANEOUS. CURTAINS washed and stretched. Phone 4850-M.

CHIROPRACTOR. JOHN D. LONG, doctor of chiropractic. Removes the cause of disease. Office hours, 1 to 4 afternoons, 7 to 8 evenings, 126 Pennsylvania blk., Butte, Mont.

PERSONAL. CLAIRVOYANT readings. 144 W. Mercury St., phone 5124-J.

FISH. ADRIATIC FISH CO., 117 East Park street.

Cleaning and Repairing. PEOPLE'S HAT CLEANING CO., 38 E. Park St. Satisfaction guaranteed.

LOST. LOST—A black French female bulldog; white chest, screw tail, weight about 20 pounds; from Northern Pacific depot, Sunday, Oct. 31. Reward, Phone 1778.

Hemstitching and Picotting. METAL hemstitching, knits and cordial plaiting, raised braiding, buttons covered, M. E. Beaudet, 101 Penn block.

CARPENTERS. UNION CARPENTER, day work done; day or job work. Call 2578.

ELECTRICIANS. FOR UNION ELECTRICIANS phone 1659 or 659-J.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY ADVANCED on Liberty bonds, diamonds, watches, jewelry and other articles of value. Square deal. People's Loan Office, 23 1/2 East Park St.

WE HAVE money to loan in large and small amounts on real estate and chattels. No delay. Van Falkenstein & Co., 310 Phoenix Bldg.

Painters and Paperhangers. PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING. UNION painters and paperhangers furnished. Call phone 1658, between hours of 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1 and 5 to 6 p. m.

DINING ROOM. FOR service try the Sunnyside cafe, 251 E. Park. 80 cents for lunch buckets.

POPCORN STAND. THE LITTLE PLACE—You don't know good popcorn until you reach The Little Place, No. 1 W. Park St.

BIRDS FOR SALE. SINGERS from \$5.00 upwards. Bird seeds of all kinds. Holiday china and glassware. Stand and swing picnic frames. Full line of Edison Mazda electric light globes. Edison Picture Framing Co., 221 East Park.

FINANCIAL. FIVE THOUSAND WORKERS wanted to buy \$5 worth of stock in The Bulletin Publishing Co.

SCAVENGERS. PERRY & PATON, 1037 Maryland avenue. Phone 4076-W.

STAGE LINE. ANACONDA AND PHILIPSBURG stage leaves Anaconda on arrival of 4:45 p. o'clock train from Butte and arrives in Philipsburg 7:30 in afternoon. William Bellum Prop.

CLEANERS AND DYERS. AMERICAN Dyeing & Cleaning Wks., 1341 Harrison Ave. Phone 131.

Phonograph Records. VICTOR, COLUMBIA and Edison cylinder records. Exchange for 5 cents. 250 E. Mercury.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE WANTED. SECOND-HAND FURNITURE AND ranges. City Furniture Exchange, 1306 E. Park street. Phone 6459-W.

TORONTO BUILDING TRADES SIGN BLANKET CONTRACT

(By the Federated Press.) Toronto, Ont., Nov. 10.—Toronto building trades of the American Federation of Labor will sign a blanket agreement covering all affiliated unions and making a uniform wage scale, all the locals so far voting on the proposal carrying by overwhelming majorities.

The innovation will be a popular one. John Cottam, secretary of the Carpenters' District Council, said, "and it will be carried by large majorities in all the carpenters' unions."

The blanket form of agreement, although used in Great Britain and Canada, has not been generally adopted throughout Canada.

DEPORTATION WARRANT AGAINST O'BRIEN STOPPED

(By the Federated Press.) Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 10.—The warrant of deportation issued against Charles A. O'Brien, the alleged member of the Communist Party of America, has been cancelled, according to a report sent here by Antony Caminotti, commissioner general of immigration.

O'Brien helped form the Communist party as a delegate from the Rochester local, but opposed the adoption of the Communist manifesto and program, and thereafter he and the Rochester local withdrew from the Communist party and had no charter was ever given to the Rochester local.

O'Brien was arrested, a hearing held before a commissioner of immigration, and a warrant for his deportation to Canada issued. The warrant of deportation was cancelled on the ground that O'Brien was not a member of the Communist party.

BELGIAN TAILORS APPEAL TO AMERICANS FOR AID

(By the Federated Press.) New York, Nov. 10.—An appeal to American clothing workers to send financial aid to the 1,000 striking Belgian tailors has been issued by Secretary Van der Hoeve of the International Clothing Workers' federation.

The first congress of clothing workers of Belgium was held early in November at Liege to confirm amalgamation with the clothing workers. The beginning of a strong organization of all clothing workers of Belgium was made. A campaign to be launched for the establishment of 100,000 hours, wages and working conditions.