Daily Appeal.

MEMPHIS.

THURSDAY : : : JANUARY 13, 1859.

Largest Circulation in the City.

Reading Matter on Every Page.

The Official Journal of the City.

THE FRENCH SPOLIATIONS.

The telegraph announces the passage in the Senate of the United States, on Monday last, of the French Spoliation Bill. This bill has been before Congress for nearly fifty years. It has passed either one house or the other several times, and has on two occasions received the assent of both houses, but has each time been vetoed by the Executive. In 1846, President Polk returned the bill without his approval, on the grounds, mainly, first, that the bill had been before Congress for forty years, and that twice during that time there was a surplus in the treasury, yet government had not paid the claims; and, secondly, because a section had been introduced into it (for the first time) making interest payable in public lands instead of money; and lastly, that the claimants consented to accept an indemnity of five millions of dollars, whereas it was well known that their claims, if they had any, amounted to a much larger sum.

The bill was again passed by both houses in 1854, and again vetoed by President Pierce. Nor is it at all unlikely that should it pass the House of Representatives during the present session, President Buchanan, in view of the depleted state of the public treasury, will also withhold his sanction from the bill.

Previous to the year 1826, fifteen different Spoliation Bills had been presented to Congress, all of which were approved by the committees to whom they were referred. The first memorial of the claimants was made to Congress as far back as 1802; but until the year 1826, that document with the evidence supporting the claims, lay in the State Department unnoticed, and its existence almost unknown. So much for the history of the bill; now as to the nature and origin of the claims it is intended to satisfy.

The demand upon our government for indemnity, by certain American merchants, for the seizure of their ships and cargoes by the French Government, during the war between France and England, prior to the Convention of September 30, 1800, originated in the action taken by the United States Government with France, of all the claims arising out of the spoliation of our vessels on the high seas, decreed by Napoleon to countervail the British Orders in Council, which declared our ships trading with France open to seizure by vessels of war and cruisers, even when not entering blockaded ports—a declaration on the part of both nations clearly in violation of all neutral rights. By the French decrees nearly two thousand American vessels were captured. When the United States made the Convention of 1800, our government agreed to forego the claims of the merchants for their loss, in return for certain concessions on the part of France, which were held to give large advantage to this country, in the maintenance of peace and increased prosperity; and it is contended that by so doing the government took upon itself the responsibility of indemnifying those individuals whose claims it had sacrificed for the public benefit. It is not denied that many advantages accrued to this country by the concessions granted in lieu of those claims, and the claims themselves have been shown to be just by our own commissioners, and admitted to be so by France.

TELEGRAPH NEWS REPORTS.

Among the other telegraph news items received at our office on Tuesday night, too late for examination by the editors, and inserted in our paper of yesterday, was a dispatch from St. Louis, containing an unintelligible synopsis of news, received by the overland California mail. In view of the fact that this same mail arrived in Memphis on the same day on which it reached St. Louis, and some five hours sooner than it arrived at St. Louis, and that copious details of the California news appeared in the press of this city contemporaneously with the publication of the news-reporter's synopsis; and review of the additional fact, that for these dispatches the press is required to pay, we beg leave to protest most earnestly, once more, against such impositions. We have no objection to this systematic attempt to magnify a molehill into a mountain for the benefit of St. Louis at our expense, provided it is done at our own expense. But to tax us with the cost of puffing St. Louis, at the expense of Memphis, goes a step beyond the point of patient endurance.

We have had occasion heretofore to complain of bad treatment at the hands of the telegraph news reporter at Louisville. It is only a day or two since this same individual forwarded to the associated press of this city, telegraphic information of the re-election of Mr. Dickinson to the United States Senate, from Illinois—an item of news which we obtained through the kindness of a friend, and published in the APPEAL of the 7th instant, and which we might have republished from our New York, Charleston, Mobile, or New Orleans exchanges before we received it through the telegraph. Nor are we alone in our complaints. The press of the South is nearly unanimous in the expression of its conviction of the entire incapacity and worthlessness of this Louisville reporter. We do not believe this opinion is influenced by the Black Republican tinge with which he delights to color his dispatches, but is simply the result of a settled conviction, that for want of proper judgment or suitable energy, he sometimes fails to transmit intelligence of interest to the public, and frequently selects matters of no interest at all to Southern readers. How much longer shall we have to submit to this? Will the telegraph lessees force the press to pay the salary of an incompetent person, and one who is in no way acceptable or useful to them? Hitherto complaints have been unavailing, but we are not without hope that a proper regard for their own interests, if not a sense of justice, will influence those who have control of the lines at present, to remove the present incumbent and appoint some one in his stead who is competent and willing to discharge the duties of reporter for the associated press.

TENNESSEE AND NEW ORLEANS.—The *New Orleans Crescent* of January 8th, says:

—The commercial relations from time immemorial existing between the great century—between the State of Tennessee and New Orleans have been closely identified. Many of our old and long established houses date their commerce and business from that date. Though many have in the course of events been forced to succumb to the vicissitudes of commerce, yet the existing connections between our city and the State of Tennessee are large and increasing; and though during the panic of 1857 the most prudent institutions of that State felt the jog by the board, some for an indefinite time and others temporarily, yet it is gratifying to us that we can say that the old banking institutions exhibit at this time a bold front, a strong and sound position, as appears by the statement of the Planters' Bank of Tennessee. It is hardly necessary for us to allude to the very large and extensive transactions in exchange in New Orleans, and we believe that we have no better customers in that line, nor no greater liberality of interests than in our relations with Tennessee; not to it necessary for us to qualify our remarks, that the connection and business are mutually advantageous.

☞ It is said that Dan Rice has sold out his interest in the establishment known as "Dan Rice's Great Show," of which he owned two-thirds. We see it stated that he received $70,000 in cash, and a tract of land in Texas, containing 17,744 acres, on which he intends to settle many poor families.

COBNITH CROSS CITY.—Mr. J. Y. Keith has taken the entire charge of the financial and publishing department of this paper. The *Cross City* is one of the handsomest papers received at this office.

THE HIGH COURT OF ERRORS AND APPEALS. The High Court resumed its labors on Monday last, when the Docket for the Northern District was taken up. We notice the following members of the Bar in attendance from that District: Messrs. Cushman and Barr, of Lafayette; Messrs. Clayton, Watson, Clopp, Featherston, and Walker, of Marshall; Messrs. Arnold and Reynolds, Tishomingo; Messrs. Dickinson, Isham Harrison and J. P. Harrison, of Lowndes; R. H. Galloway, Esq., of Yallobusha; Messrs. George (Reporter) and Helm, of Carroll; and D. W. Sadler, Esq., of Monroe.—*Mississippian, January 7.*

☞ It is said that the Legislature intends to consolidate the Memphis, Little Rock and Fort Smith branches of the Cairo and Fulton Railroad. We hope it may be done. In fact, the scalpel have fallen before the eyes of a great many of the people of this State, intending to go to the 35th parallel for the Pacific Railroad. Let the Legislature take hold of this matter, and change the direction so as to make the work on the road ahead. Now is the time to do something, and we do not wish to see the Legislature adjourn until there is provision made for building the Little Rock and Fort Smith road.—*Fort Smith Times.*

THE DERBY AND CHESTER CUP OF 1859. The liabilities of the English Race Course have already begun their operations on the great spring events of 1859. For the Derby, Fromelead Lord is the favorite, at ten to one, with Marionette also on the book, at fifteen to one. For the Chester Cup, Rosendale stood first, at thirty to one; Wrestle second, at fifty to one; while Arsenal, Prince and Eclipse, at the last betting in which they were mentioned, stood at one thousand to fifteen, or sixty to one. These figures will, however, meet with many changes between now and next August. We are glad to see that Eclipse is in the field again, and stands so well as to rank with Arsenal and Eclipse. *Porter's Spirit.*

From our own correspondent.]

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

The Pacific Railroad—Business before Congress—Territories—The Memphis Branch of the Overland Mail—The Reception of Douglas, &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 8, 1859.

The Senate is still engaged in the discussion of the Pacific Railroad bill, and will not dispose of it until the last of next week. Various amendments are now pending, and the result cannot be foretold, as no vote has yet been taken, and there is considerable uncertainty as to the result. When the question was first taken up by the Senate, it was thought that, on account of the sectional turn the measure would be forced to take, that it could not possibly pass that body this session, but after several days' discussion, as there appeared a disposition to discard sectional plans and unite on a central route between the 32th and 42d parallels, strong hopes were entertained that it would pass in a form acceptable to all sections. But now again sectionalism has risen, and an amendment is pending to locate the route between the 37th and 42d parallel, the northern men contending that this is the central route that should be adopted, thus entirely excluding, as it were, the South from any participation in the road. As I said, no votes have been taken on the amendments, but the discussion for the last few days has been mostly of a sectional turn. I should also mention that Mr. Iverson, of Ga., has moved to refer the bill back to the committee, with instructions to report in favor of two routes—a Northern and a Southern—which Mr. Doolittle proposes to amend by instructing the committee to report three routes. The House committee are still engaged in preparing a report that will shortly be offered. Some of the Black Republican Senators are opposed to the bill as it now stands, because it gives the President too much power in allowing him to determine which bill is entitled to the contract. Such and numerous other reasons may prove fatal to the bill in the Senate, although, as the aspect of the question is changing every few days, as the discussion progresses, its fate at this time cannot be foretold.

The French Spoliation Bill was taken up in the Senate on yesterday, by a decided vote—30 to 22—and was opposed at some length by Mr. Davis, who was compelled to defer his remarks for a future time, owing to sudden illness. With but forty-three working days of the session remaining, the general appropriation bills to pass, and the various subjects now before it, Congress cannot be able to dispose of them all, and in case the appropriation bills should fail, and no provision is made to meet the expenses of the government, an extra session will be a necessity.

The House Committee on Territories has agreed to report bills for the organization of the Territories of Arizona and Dacotah, but is opposed to the formation of the Territory of Colona, and Mr. Stephens has given notice that the bill for the admission of Oregon will be reported from that committee as soon as it is reached in the list of committees, which it is supposed will be about Tuesday.

Gov. Brown's amendment to the overland mail route will place the Memphis branch in as eligible condition as the St. Louis branch, and that, too, at an early day. If they do not do so, he will break up the contract, and of this they are aware. So you may rest assured the mail from your city will shortly be making proper connections. When this is done it will be the best route, as there is far less staging by it than the St. Louis branch.

The reception of Judge Douglas night before last, on his arrival here, was a rather dull affair; his speech on the occasion had no reference to the political questions of the day, but merely thanked the crowd for the honor conferred in welcoming him on his return. He has not taken his seat in the Senate yet, but will do so on next Monday, at which time the death of Hon. Thos. J. Harris will be announced. Mr. Iverson, of Georgia, the other day, in his speech on the Pacific Railroad bill, attacked Douglas' position on squatter sovereignty, which it is presumed the latter will define from his seat in a short time. But the great point of interest felt here just at this time, relative to Douglas, is of a personal nature, and relates to his course in the matter between himself and Senators Slidell and Jones, of Iowa, whom you will remember have made publications relative to him—especially Jones—of a personal character.

This being the 8th of January, the Senate is not in session, but the House did not recognize the day and adjourn over, and is in session.

The comments of the European press on the President's message, received by the last steamer, are being discussed by public men of all parties, with interest. J.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

Mr. Buchanan's Policy in Europe—French desires on Central America—Difficulties with England and Spain—Probable our acquisition of Cuba—Preparations for the future, &c.

WASHINGTON, January 7, 1859.

The exposition made by the President, in his message at the opening of the session, of his policy in regard to Cuba, Mexico, and Central America, is accepted in Europe as the policy of this country. We notice the following comments of the Bar in attendance from that District: Messrs. Cushman and Barr, of Lafayette; Messrs. Clayton, Watson, Clopp, Featherston, and Walker, of Marshall; Messrs. Arnold and Reynolds, Tishomingo; Messrs. Dickinson, Isham Harrison and J. P. Harrison, of Lowndes; R. H. Galloway, Esq., of Yalloboucha; Messrs. George (Reporter) and Helm, of Carroll; and D. W. Sadler, Esq., of Monroe.—*Mississippian, January 7.*

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THE EUROPEAN COTTON TRADE.

On the 10th of November last, the New Orleans *Picayune* had an article upon the subject of the Liverpool cotton trade, in which it spoke of the Liverpool market being in a disgraceful position, from the want of capital on the part of dealers there compelling them to realize even under the most unfavorable circumstances. "No matter what the state of the market may be—however promising the future—however secure the responsibility—the receivers must sell for want of money." To this the Liverpool *Times*, of December 11, replied, and the "Pineyaw, of Wednesday week, responded. The following extracts from these articles are interesting, as throwing light upon the manner of doing business by the exporters and their correspondents:

The Liverpool *Times* says:

The remarks respecting what the writer is pleased to term "the disgraceful position of the Cotton Trade in Liverpool," may be well considered, when we consider that for some years past a system has been pursued by the speculators and factors in the cotton trade at the American ports, when the markets appear have gone adverse to their interests, of shipping their cotton to Liverpool on consignment, and then obtain renewed credit (not otherwise obtainable) and the chances of a rise in the market during the period which their drafts of 60 days to the United States will not be tolerated, even with the consent of Spain, therefore.

Resolved, That the President be requested, if not incompatible with the public interests, to communicate to this House the correspondence between the Governments of France and England with our own, relative to the cession of Cuba to the United States.

The House then resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union on the Indian Appropriation bill.

Mr. Blair, of Missouri, offered an amendment requiring that no part of the appropriation for the removal of the Indians of Washington and Oregon Territories, and of California, shall be used for the purpose of arms and ammunition for them Indians.

Mr. Phelps, of Missouri, explained that the Indian Bureau did not give guns to hostile Indians. He suggested a proviso, that nothing herein shall interfere with the treaty stipulations, which we are bound to fulfil.

Mr. Blair's amendment as thus modified was adopted.

The bill was then laid aside to be reported to the House.

The committee then proceeded to the consideration of the President's annual message.

Mr. Nichols said, that according to his calculation, nearly $13,000,000 would be required annually to carry out the provisions of the bill. A pertinent inquiry was, where is the money to come from.

Mr. Anderson, of Missouri, said that the result of our policy had been to submit to outrages and insults until not only great but the smallest nations trample on the flag and impress our seamen and violate our rights. It is high time for us to assert our proper position and strongly maintain it. The treatment received from Spain has been of the most aggravated character. How can our Government expect to be respected unless it extends protection to our citizens. He did not know what instructions our Minister at Madrid had received, but he knew that it would be the desire of the American people that demand be made for all wrongs. If Spain refuses this he should demand his passports and return home, and the Government should send a squadron and take possession of Cuba as an indemnity for the past and security for the future. Our self respect demands such a course. He flattered himself that this would be the policy of the Executive. It was known that France and England opposed the extension of our territory. We want more action and less debate. There was an imperious and unalterable necessity for our acquisition of Cuba. Why longer delay? Let us offer Spain a fair, or an exorbitant price for the island. If she refuse, then we will be justified in the eyes of all nations for taking Forcible possession of it.

Mr. Anderson then alluded to affairs in Central America, advocating the recommendation in the President's Message, and was in favor of giving the Executive with ample power to obtain redress of our grievances. There being a failure to obtain indemnity from Mexico, we should take possession of her territory all along our Southern border. We should annul the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, and irrespective of foreign nations, freely assert and maintain the Monroe doctrine.

The Committee then rose and the Indian Appropriation bill, as amended in committee, was passed and the House adjourned.

TO EDITOR OF EVANGELIST:—"My age is sixty. One year ago, my hair was very gray, and had gradually fallen until it had become thin. I commenced using Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer, and also the Zylobalsamum; now my hair is RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR, and ceased to fall."

REV. M. THACHER,
Pitcher, Chenango Co., N. Y.

PEEP'S J. H. EATON, L. L. D., *Manufacturer*, *Tenn.*—"Notwithstanding irregular use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, the *falling off of hair ceased* and my gray locks were *restored to their original color.*"

REV. C. A. BUCKBEE, Tenth Am. Bible Union, N. Y.—"I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous other friends.

REV. H. V. EATON, Editor "Guide to Holiness," *Boston, Mass.*—"That Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum promotes the growth of the hair where baldness had commenced, we have the evidence of our own eyes."

REV. R. H. POLLOCK, Ed. "Presbyterian Witness," Cin. O.—"Have had opportunity, and become satisfied of the merits of Mrs. S. A. Allen's preparation for the hair."

REV. E. R. FAIRCHILD, D. D., Cor. Sec. Am. For'n Ch's Union, *N. Y.*—"I take pleasure in commending Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum."

REV. MRS. E. C. ANEBUS, late Missionary to Hayti, now of *Mertieburg, N. Y.*—"I have derived much benefit from the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum."

REV. S. B. MORLEY, *Williamstown, Mass.*—"The effect of Mrs. S. A. Allen's preparations has been to change the 'Crown of Glory' belonging to old men to the original hue of youth."

REV. WM. PORTEUS, *Keswick, Ct.*—"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, has met my most sanguine expectations."

REV. J. A. H. CORNELL, Cor. Sec. Bd Ed'n P. D. Ch. *N. Y.*—"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, I am happy to say, prevented the falling off of the hair, and restored it from being gray to its original color."

REV. J. A. WEST, *No. 6, Washington Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.*—"I thankfully acknowledge the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's preparations in curing my baldness and grayness.

REV. A. WEBSTER, Ed. Ch'n Era, *Boston, Mass.*—"I have used Mrs. S. A. Allen's preparations to my entire satisfaction—I any now neither bald nor gray."

We might add name after name of equal standing as foregoing from all parts of U. S., and even some from Europe, such as Rev. W. B. TAGGNELOE, Prescot, England; Rev. JAS. MCFARLANE, Glasgow, N. Y.; Rev. B. BUCK, Newmarket, Ill.; Rev. C. M. KLINCK, Lewistown, Pa.; Rev. J. F. GRIFWELD, Washington, N. H.; Rev. J. P. TUSTIN, Charleston, S. C.; Rev. WM. CUTTER, Ed. Mother's Mag., N. Y.; Rev. JAMES HOTCHKIN, Ed. Christian Intelligencer, N. Y.; Rev. GEO. M. SPRATT, Agent Penn. Bap. Pub. Soc., Lewisburg, Union County, Pa.; Rev. DANL. T. WOOD, Middletown, N. Y.; Rev. JOS. MCKEE, N. Y. City; Rev. B. C. SMITH, Prattsburg, N. Y.; Rev. AMOS BLANCHARD, Meriden, N. H.; Rev. D. MORRIS, Cross River, N. Y., &c., &c. Every reader must know one or more of the above, but for further information write to "Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer Depot, No. 355 Broome, corner of Elizabeth Street, N. Y." Some design to try to sell preparations instead of theirs, on which they realize more profit; insist on these, as they are sold by all the principal dealers in fancy goods, drugs, &c., throughout the U. S., Canadas and England. Dealers can purchase at the Depot, as above, or order from any of the larger Drug or Fancy Goods houses with which they may trade, as all keep it on hand. [ap26-12w2Dawaw.

Runaway.

FROM Memphis on the 8th instant, a BAY HORSE with nicked tail. He had a fine quilted saddle on, and was much frightened when last seen near Memphis.

A fair person delivering the horse and saddle, or either, at Dudon's Stables, on Second street, or information of the same, will be rewarded. jan11-1w

REWARD.

A LIBERAL REWARD will be paid for the recovery of my large MALE HORSE; white faced feet, trace marks on shoulder, fat and fine; about seven years old; was seen last night in company with a mare on the Hernando road, about Tiller road, near Mr. Littlejohn's.

H. G. MONTGOMERY,
Flooring Mill, Madison street, or Telegraph Office.
jan11 1t

New Advertisements.

All Advertisements for the Appeal must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

GRAND BALL.

THE SECOND ANNUAL BALL of the HEBREW GUM CLUB will take place at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 18th instant.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE.—J. C. Levy, W. S. Stein, M. L. Polack, J. Frazer.
FLOOR MANAGERS.—G. H. Polak.
ASSISTANTS.—Samuel Stone, M. Kahn.
jan13-2t

Cooks for Hire.

TWO COOKS, Home Servant and two Boys. Apply to DR. ROGERS.
South side Court Square.
jan13-2t

For Sale.

A LIKELY NEGRO GIRL, fourteen years old; a good house servant, and a tolerably good seamstress. Will govern for her age. Apply to
G. W. HANNA.
jan13-2t* Main street.

CREWS & SHRYOCK,

Grocers and Commission Merchants,
NO. 24 MADISON STREET.

HAVE just received on consignment:
300 barrels Flour;
100 barrels Pork Beef;
200 sacks Irish Potatoes;
Which we offer low to the Trade.
jan13-2w1w

New Arrangement.

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL ROUTE.

Through Tickets to all parts of Arkansas, Texas and California.

TICKETS from Memphis or Gaines' Landing may be had at Greenwood, of J. P. HORRAGE, agent of CHIKOSTER, RAPLEY & CO.

Time from Memphis to Little Rock, from 36 to 40 hours, by Packet Boat and Stage Coach. Time from Gaines' Landing across the Mississippi bottom, is good 12 miles. Time from Gaines' Landing, 36 hours; to Shreveport, 3 days; to Washington, 40 hours; to Camden, 24 hours.
jan13

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution in me directed from the Honorable United States Court, Eighth Circuit, for the Western District of Tennessee, in the case of Morris, Jones & Co. vs. G. McLean, October term of said Court, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on the SIXTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1859, at the Boiler Shop of G. McLean, on the corner of Winchester and Chickasaw streets, in North Memphis, the following property, to wit: One Steam Boiler, 24 feet long, 40 inches in diameter, double flues; two Greenhead Cooking Stoves, and one Force Pump. Levied on as the property of G. McLean, to satisfy said Execution. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock, A. M.

J. M. PROVINE,
Deputy Marshal.
jan13-4t by JAMES H. SWAN, Deputy Marshal.

Saddle Lost.

ON TUESDAY NIGHT last, a black American SADDLE was either lost or stolen from my premises, somewhere between the Gayoso House and the end of Vance street. The finder will much oblige the subscriber, by delivering the same to No. 12 Front Row, or any information respecting it will be thankfully received.

S. W. BOYER.

Wanted to Hire.

A GOOD COOK, WASHER and IRONER, for the year. Good wages given. Apply to
J. L. CASE & CO.
jan13-3t

For Sale.

TWO vacant LOTS on the southwest corner of Real and Shelby streets.

Several vacant lots fronting on Tennessee street, running to the river.

Two lots on Second street, between Union and Gayoso streets. Also, Two lots on Third and Vance street, between Washington and Lauderdale streets.

Four small tracts eligibly located near the State Penitentiary. Apply to
J. M. PROVINE.
jan13-1m

DR. WM. T. BAILEY,

OFFICE 194 MAIN STREET, over Winter & Co.
jan13-1y

CLOSING OUT.

NEGROES FOR SALE

—AND—

HOUSES FOR RENT.

THE Corporation of Memphis being more than I am able to pay for Negroes, having been totally robbed by about eight hundred dollars, including auction and brokers' commissions, I will sell my entire stock at the lowest cash business, so myself, as I have been told, but it is immaterial to me whether I sell or not, as I intend to close out, I for one, cannot pay it, therefore I wish to change my business, and will sell all the negroes on hand low for cash, viz:

John,	aged 24	years.	Catherine,	aged 19	years.
Ellen,	" 20	"	Fanny,	" 17	"
Phillip,	" 23	"	Harriett,	" 15	"
Mary,	" 27	"	Rilah,	" 14	"
			Caroline,	" 11	"

The above consists of 3184 hands, honest servants. Also I will also let out the honest Dutch cook, Louisa.

A. WALLACE.
jan12-40w1t South side Court Square.

A FEW MORE LEFT.

DIARIES

For 1859.

A FEW STILL ON HAND.

Call Soon, or You will be too Late.

For Sale by
Geo. Pattison & Co.
jan12

For Hire.

A SHREWD GIRL, aged sixteen years, and a Negro Boy aged twelve years. Apply to
D. M. DUNOR.
jan12-3t

Especial Notice.

A YOUNG LADY well qualified to give lessons on the Piano, Harp and Guitar, and thoroughly acquainted with the science of music, is desirous of obtaining a class at a Female College or elsewhere, for either or all of the above accomplishments. Also, a young Lady who has charge of an Organ at any Church in the city at a moderate salary. The best of city references given. Address Box 294.
jan12-1w*

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of PUTNAM & CROOK, will dissolved on the 1st instant by the withdrawal of the undersigned from the business in form. Putnam, who will pay all liabilities and receive all debts due the concern.

SAM PUTNAM,
GEO. W. L. CROOK.
Jan3-2m

Notice.

J. L. Case & Co., Before Hiram F. Hill, Justice of the
E. W. Dale, } Peace, on a Attachment against a non-resident.

THE defendant is hereby notified that we have taken a Attachment against his property, consisting of a trunk and its contents, returnable before Hiram F. Hill, Justice of the Shelby county, for trial on the 22d day of the month, the 12th day of January, 1859, and unless he shall appear before the Justice of the Peace, at his office in the city of Memphis, when and where the said defendant is required to appear and defend his cause.

J. L. CASE & CO.
Jan12-1w

EAGLE MILLS! EAGLE MILLS!!

Notice to Planters and Merchants.

HAVING leased the well known Eagle Flouring Mills, situated near the upper end of the Navy Yard, in this city, I respectfully solicit the patronage of my friends, for which I will at all times pay the highest cash price, for wheat, or exchange meal for wheat, if it be their interest to let me grind for them.

☞ Office at the Mills.

G. T. ELLIOTT.
Jan12-6m2M*

FOR SALE.

Bargains in very Valuable City Property.

THE subscriber, in offering for sale for the benefit of his sister, Benjamin Wright, deceased, and the heirs of Benjamin Wright, Jr., deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on the first Monday in February next, at 11 o'clock A. M., unless previously sold, THREE Valuable City Lots, two of which are located on the north side of Poplar street, on the bluffs, and known on the plan of the city as Lots Nos. 31 and 32, and the other one on the south side street, as designated on the map of the city as lot No. 27.

On the following day, at 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold the Household and Kitchen Furniture of Benjamin Wright, deceased. Terms then made known, or may previously be known, by applying to the subscriber, at the Mechanics' Bank, corner of Commerce and Main streets, Memphis, Tenn.

JOSEPH WRIGHT.
Jan12-1w

COAL! COAL! COAL!

BEST article of Troublesome and Pittsburgh Coal for sale, at W. Wood's People's Fuel Store. Also, a full supply of Hay, Corn, Oats, Rice, &c., on Railroad.

W. WARE, or
J. J. LOVING.
Jan12-3m

H. C. SLAUGHTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW—Office with Justice Horne, North Court street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Will attend to the business of Memphis, and Northern and Eastern cities. Jan12-6m

Old Type Metal.

A PLENTIFUL SUPPLY for Sale at the APPEAL OFFICE. jan11

To Dealers in Artificial Flowers, Ostrich Feathers, Fancy Goods, &c.

JOHN C. HENDERSON, SMYTH & CO.

HAVE removed their sales rooms to the 4th and Broadway, and are ready to exhibit their complete of FRENCH FLOWERS, which exceed in variety any importation ever made, and which they offer to dealers, the larger part just made to our instructions in Paris, and American goods.

We have also manufactured an extensive variety of Ostrich Feathers, and in this line we have every conceivable quality, style and price of manufactured goods, and the materials for manufacturing at home.

Our stock of Ostrich and Marabout Imperial Feathers is large and varied in quality and style; and to meet the wants of our trade, we have prepared and opened the entire buildings, No. 9 Broadway and Greenwich streets, into rooms for the manufacture of Feathers.

Artificial Flowers

under the management of our Mr. F. Y. Welch.

Feathers

under the management of Mr. T. BAUER.

LACE RUCHES, &C., &C.

under the management of Edward Jackson, of the late firm of Jackson & Co.

Our purpose being the development of the above branches of House trade to their fullest extent, we have secured the services of the most skilful and experienced Parisian operatives, with a staff of assistants which, with the well known energy of the managements, is a guaranty that the products of our factory will surpass in perfection and cheapness those made in America.

The sales department is confined to 141 Broadway, and to under the following firms:

The French Flower Department,
J. D. SMITH.
Ostrich and Fancy Feathers,
H. CREMONINI.
French Materials,
J. P. HALE.
Head Dresses, Ornaments, &c.,
H. WHITEHOUSE.
American Department in Flowers, Ruches and Fancy Goods,
Under the management of our Mr. E. D. Howell.
French Department under the Lace Ruches, *Paris*, under the management of our Mr. J. Knudsen and S. Lemperier, assisted by Mr. J. D. Davis and Mr. J. Gaudet.

THE IMPORTING—In this leading department of our business, we purchase from the manufacturers, and agents in the French market, and receive by every steamer, all the last styles appearing.

Our goods are entirely confined to the Wholesale Business, and we respectfully invite merchants to examine our goods.

J. C. HENDERSON, SMYTH & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway, New York.
JOHN C. HENDERSON & CO.,
No. 9 Broadway.
HENDERSON, SMYTH & CO.,
No. 102 Rue de Richelieu, Paris.
Jan11-3m*

Variety Works

ZENT & TRABUE,

Successors to J. L. Saffarans & Co.

MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Furniture, Blinds, Doors, Sash, Window and Door Facings, Moulding, Turning and Weatherboarding Wood, Iron and Brass Turning; Ornamental German Scroll Work, Main street, near the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, Memphis, Tenn. Also, Front street, between Washington and Adams, a few doors above the Washington House.
Jan11-1m

Linseys and Jeans.

50 BALES Linsey; 50 bales Jeans. For sale low by
E. H. APPERSON & CO.
jan11

Amusements.

CRISP'S GAIETY.

Lessee and Manager.....W. H. CRISP.
Acting Manager and Treasurer.....M. W. CANNING.

Thursday Evening, Jan. 13.

FOURTH night of M. Maurice Strakosch's Grand Italian Opera Company. The most brilliant and distinguished vocalists of the age will appear. Signora Cora De Wilhorst, Madlle Teresa Parodi, Mad. Amelia Patti Strakosch, Mr. Henry Squires, Signor Amodio, Signor Bartli, Signor Nerva and M. Maurice Strakosch.

☞ For full particulars, see programmes.

Dress Circle and Parquette.....$1 50
Family Circle.....50
Wing Gallery.....50
Colored Gallery.....25

☞ Box Office open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. Doors open at 7. Overture and curtain rises at 8 precisely. jan13

Odd Fellows' Hall,

FOR

SIX NIGHTS ONLY!

Commencing Tuesday, January 11th, 1859.

THE GRAND MOVING MIRROR OF THE

BUNYAN TABLEAUX!

Consisting of Sixty magnificent scenes illustrative of the world-renowned allegory of the

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS,

A TRIP paintings by the renowned Scottish painters Messrs. Hayes, Mac, Kyle, Dallas Taylor and Paul Dugan. The cost of this unique work was $10,000, and during its exhibition, it has been viewed by over 100,000 persons. Unequalled in beauty of execution and interest.

Costs of Admission 50 cents; Children and Servants, 25 cents. Doors open at half-past 7; Tableaux will move promptly at 8. Exhibitions will commence every evening at half-past 7 o'clock. Doors open at 2 o'clock. Doors open at 2. Descriptive books of Gospel American Painting for sale at the door; price 10 cents.

A. HART,
Manager and Proprietor.
jan9-2w

Royal Havana Lottery.

THE next Ordinary Drawing in the Royal Havana Lottery, conducted by the Spanish Government, under the supervision of the Captain-General of Cuba, will take place at Havana, on

Wednesday, January 26, 1859.

$324,000!

SON ED NUMERO 6ti ORDINARIO.

Capital Prize $100,000.

1 Prize of	$100,000	4 Prizes of	$7,000
1 Prize of	50,000	10 Prizes of	1,000
1 Prize of	25,000	67 Prizes of	500
1 Prize of	15,000	143 Prizes of	200
1 Prize of	10,000	99 Approximations	100

4 approximations to the $100,000 of $600 each; 4 of $400 to $50,000; 4 of $300 to $30,000; 4 of $200 to $15,000; 4 of $100 to $10,000.

☞ Whole Tickets $20; Halves $10; Quarters $5.

Prizes cashed at sight at 5 per cent. discount.

Orders for Tickets or shares taken at par.

A drawing will be forwarded as soon as the result becomes known.

Communications addressed to DON RODRIGUEZ, Banker of the City Pool, Charleston, S. C., until the 20th of January, will be attended to. janl1-1w1d

BULLETIN 1859.

REMOVAL!

IMPORTANT! NEW ENTERPRISE

Mammoth Wholesale Drug Store

In the City of Memphis, State of Tennessee, and *LARGEST STORE HOUSE IN THE CITY.*

S. MANSFIELD & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES,

HAVE REMOVED TO

Nos. 284 and 283 Main-st.,

A few Doors South of Madison street,

Brinkley's New Block,

BEING more in-and-out direct the especial attention of Merchants, Druggists, Doctors, Plantation Supplies, Traveling and Business, Families and Consumers, and all other persons, to their large WHOLESALE DRUG WAREHOUSE, No. 283 and 284 Main street, to their choice recently received.

All kinds, be they Drugs or small, will find their interest advanced by calling at the Mammoth Drug Store, for their supplies, as we are determined to make it worth to this trade at a very small advance on prime cost. Our object and aim being to furnish a home market to all cash or barter dealers.

The advantages of such a house in the city of Memphis, some of the other cities and towns, for the dealers, where their can be furnished constantly with goods of undoubted quality, and at prices which will enable them to offer inducements, we earnestly solicit a continuance of trade from all our friends and customers, and from all others, and proportionate increase from others, commensurate with our been expansion in all departments of our business.

☞ Our Stock in the Drug Department is now complete.

That we have fitted up an apartment in front expressly for their accommodation, where the choicest and best articles will be offered to our friends, by experienced hands.

Prescriptions so formerly, carefully and skillfully compounded in this department at all hours.

S. MANSFIELD & CO., Druggists.
Jan1-dawtf

LANDRETH'S WARRANTED GARDEN SEEDS

DIRECT from the D. Landreth, Philadelphia, and proprietors of Ohio, Illinois, Indiana and Kentucky.

S. MANSFIELD & CO., Druggists.
Jan1-dawtf

Arkansas Cotton Lands.

THE subscriber offers for sale 2 000 acres of cotton land, within ten miles of the Arkansas River, and 160 miles above Napoleon. A portion of this land was cleared in 1856, and a crop made and overflow; all of it will be reclaimed by levees now being built.

To any one wanting a homestead in the richest portion of the cotton-growing country, this is a most desirable tract. Terms liberal. Title good. Will be sold in one body or subdivided to suit purchasers; six hundred acres cleared (and several old barns or Indian Village, with no trees on them to be cut). The purchaser could make a good crop the first year.

I will sell this tract of land at a great bargain, for cash, third cash, balance, one and two